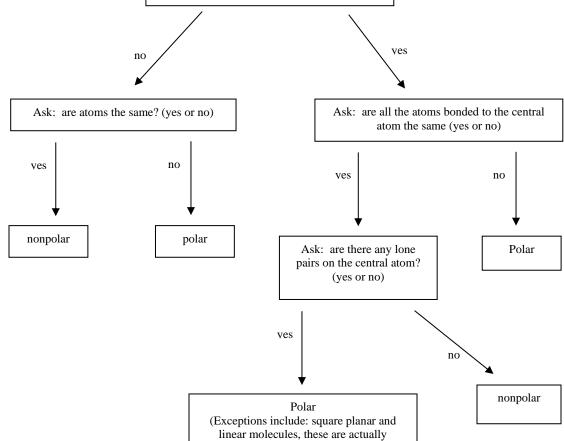
Skill 25.01 Problem 1

Arrange the following molecules from low to high with respect to dipole moment

HF, HCl, HI, N2

Ask: does the molecule have a central atom



© Pluska

nonpolar)

Name	Period
Skill 25.02 Problem 1	
Draw the Lewis structures for the follow	wing molecules, then using the flow chart above, determine
whether or not each molecule is polar o	
(a) $SO_2$	(b) ClF <sub>3</sub>
(c) CH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub>	(d) I <sub>3</sub> -
Ask: is the mo	olecule polar or nonpolar
polar	nonpolar
sk: is there hydrogen attached to oxygen nitrogen, or fluorine? (yes or no)	n, London dispersion
yes no	
Hydrogen Dipole-	

Name Period

Skill 25.03 Problem 1

Draw the Lewis structures for the following molecules, then using the flow charts above, determine whether or not each molecule is polar or nonpolar along with the types of intermolecular forces of attraction it would be expected to experience.

(a) BF<sub>3</sub>
(b) CH<sub>3</sub>COCH<sub>3</sub>
(c) CH<sub>3</sub>OH
(d) XeF<sub>2</sub>

Name \_\_\_\_\_\_Period \_\_\_\_

## Skill 25.04 Problem 1

The structures and normal boiling points of dimethyl ether and ethanol are given in the table below.

Compound	Molecular Structure	Normal Boiling Point
Dimethyl ether	H-C O C-H	250 K
Ethanol	H H H-C-C-C-O H H H	351 K

Which of the following diagrams best helps to explain the difference in boiling point of the two compounds? Justify your reasoning.

## Skill 25.04 Problem 2

Arrange the following from low to high with respect to boiling point:

CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub>, I<sub>2</sub>

Name \_\_\_\_\_\_Period \_\_\_\_

## Skill 25.04 Problem 3

Rank the following compounds from low to high with respect to boiling point. Justify your reasoning.

Compound	Formula
Propane	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>3</sub>
Propanone	CH <sub>3</sub> COCH <sub>3</sub>
1-propanol	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH

## Skill 25.04 Problem 4

If the pressure of each gas is increased at constant temperature until condensation occurs, which gas will condense at the lowest pressure? In each case, justify your answer.

- (A) Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>)
- (B) Ethane (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)
- (C) Butane (CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)
- (D) All the gases will condense at the same pressure.

