Intermolecular Forces

Your Tasks (Mark these off as you go)
□ Define key vocabulary
Measure the polarity of different molecules
Determine the boiling point of different molecules
Determine the type of intermolecular forces of attraction between moleculesInterpret your results
Receive credit for this lab
□ Define key vocabulary
Bond dipole
Polar molecule
Nonpolar molecule
Intermolecular force
Dipole-dipole force of attraction
London Dispersion force of attraction
Underson band
Hydrogen bond

☐ Measure the polarity of different molecules

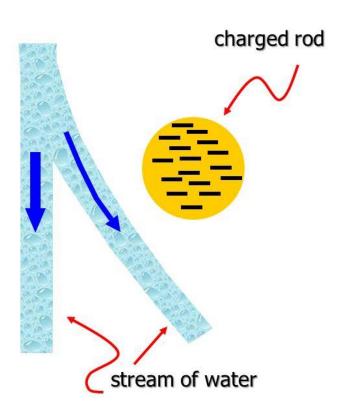
In this portion of the lab you will measure the polarity of different molecules. We will do this be observing the degree that different substances are deflected when they are approached by a charged rod. This process is illustrated below,

You can bend water with charge!

Each water molecule has a positive end and a negative end.

When a negative rod is brought near the stream of water, all the positive ends of the water molecules turn to the right and are attracted to the negative rod.





Procedure

Assemble the buret. Make sure it is in the closed position.





Position a flask below the buret, then transfer ~10 mL of the first liquid to the buret	
Charge a plastic rod by rubbing it with a cloth or your hair. This removes electrons and causes the rod to develop a positive charge.	rod Cloth
Open the buret. If you do not see a steady stream of liquid, the buret is clogged. Unclog the buret before you continue.	TOOK OCT

Once you have a steady stream of liquid leaving the buret, without letting the rod touch the liquid, bring the charged rod close to the stream and observe what happens. Record the degree of deflection on a scale of 0 to 2. (0=no deflection; 1=some deflection; 2=strong deflection).



- DO NOT discard the liquid. Let it drain back into the container from which you retrieved it.
- Repeat the above with the remaining liquids.

Data Table 1. Indicate the name of each liquid you have been provided

	Water			
Deflection				
0 = none				
1 = some				
2 = strong				

□ Determine the boiling point of different molecules

Look up the boiling point for each of the liquids you tested. Record the boiling points in the table below.

Data Table 1. Indicate the name of each liquid you have been provided

	Water			
Boiling				
Point				

□ Determine the type of intermolecular forces of attraction between molecules

Look up the Lewis structures for each of the molecules you tested. Draw the Lewis Structures. For each molecule, indicate whether it is polar or nonpolar, then indicate the type of intermolecular forces of attraction it undergoes.

Molecule tested	Lewis structure	Polar/nonpolar	Intermolecular Forces
Water			

□ Interpret your results
Summarize the purpose of this experiment
In your own words, summarize what you did in order to accomplish the purpose.
In your own words, summarize what you did in order to accomplish the purpose.
Look at the Lewis structures you drew. Discuss the correlation between the structural properties of the molecules and the extent they were deflected.
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Discuss the correlation between the degree that the molecules deflected and their boiling point.

□ Receive Credit for this lab

Submit your completed lab to receive credit.