

# 11. Python Data Types

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12:32 PM

## Basic Data Types

- Below is the basic building blocks when constructing larger pieces of code.

Name	Type	Description
Integers	int	Whole numbers, such as: <b>3 300 200</b>
Floating point	float	Numbers with a decimal point: <b>2.3 4.6 100.0</b> <i>Note : 100.0 is still counts as floating point due it have decimal and no longer integer</i>
Strings	str	Ordered sequence of characters: <b>"hello" 'Sammy' "2000" "楽しい"</b> <i>Note : It is like word, but it must contain double quotes or single quotes.</i>
Lists	list	Ordered sequence of objects: <b>[10,"hello",200.3]</b> <i>Note : It hold data objects in some sort of sequence or in some sort of mapping, where it uses brackets.</i>
Dictionaries	dict	Unordered Key:Value pairs: <b>{"mykey" : "value" , "name" : "Frankie"}</b> <i>Note : It have unordered key equal value pair inside the curly braces bracket.</i>
Tuples	tup	Ordered immutable sequence of objects: <b>(10,"hello",200.3)</b> <i>Note : It is look like list, cannot be changed after creation and comes in parentheses.</i>
Sets	set	Unordered collection of unique objects: <b>{"a","b"}</b> <i>Note : It is similar to dictionary without value pairs and just unique objects in unordered collection.</i>
Booleans	bool	Logical value indicating <b>True</b> or <b>False</b> <i>Note : It have capital T and capital F, which indicate logical value in True or False.</i>