

# A Quantitative Analysis of Errors in Linux

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# About Me

- Elvis Flesborg
- Master thesis at IT University of Copenhagen
- Specialization in scalable computing
- Claus Brabrand as supervisor
- Jean Melo as co-supervisor

# Objective

- Quantify errors in Linux

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- In contrast to [42bugs], which is a qualitative analysis
  - Linux has 14,172 different features
    - `grep -r "^\ *config " | grep Kconfig | awk -F':' '{print $ 2}' | sort |  
uniq | wc`
  - That is  $2^{14,172}$  different configurations minus invalid configurations.
  - More than estimated number of atoms in the known universe.

# Research Questions

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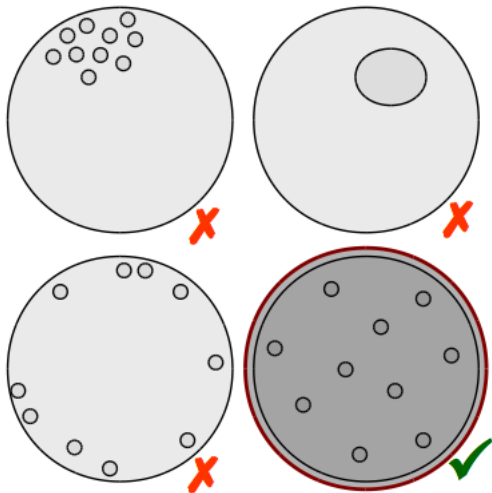
- How many bugs? (percentage)
- What are the most common types of bugs?
- Where are most bugs located?



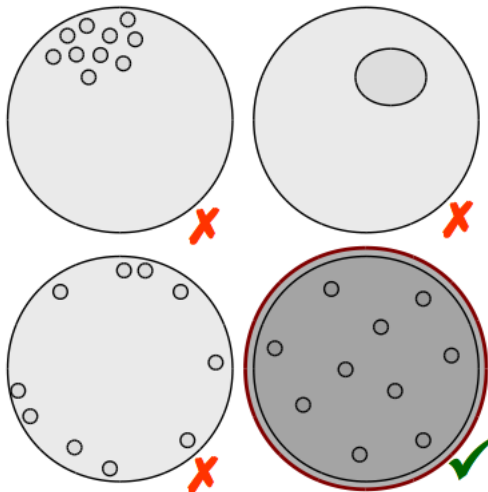
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- How many bugs? (percentage)
- What are the most common types of bugs?
- Where are most bugs located?
- Which features are error-prone?

- A representative sample of configurations

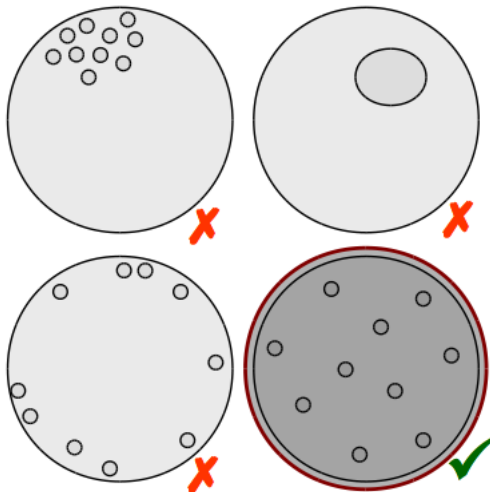


- A representative sample of configurations



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- **A representative sample of configurations**



- If it is representative, I can generalize
- Need a method of generating very random configurations from the feature model

# Research Questions - Revisited

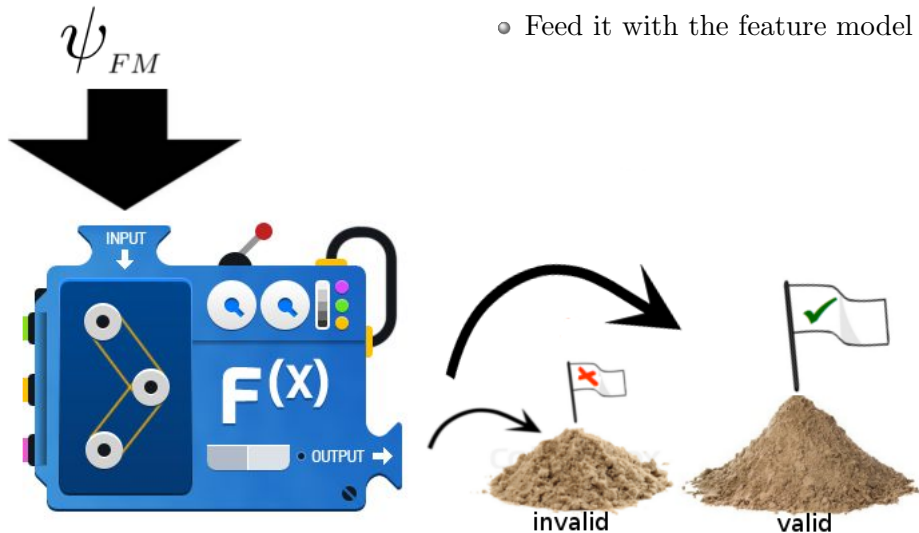
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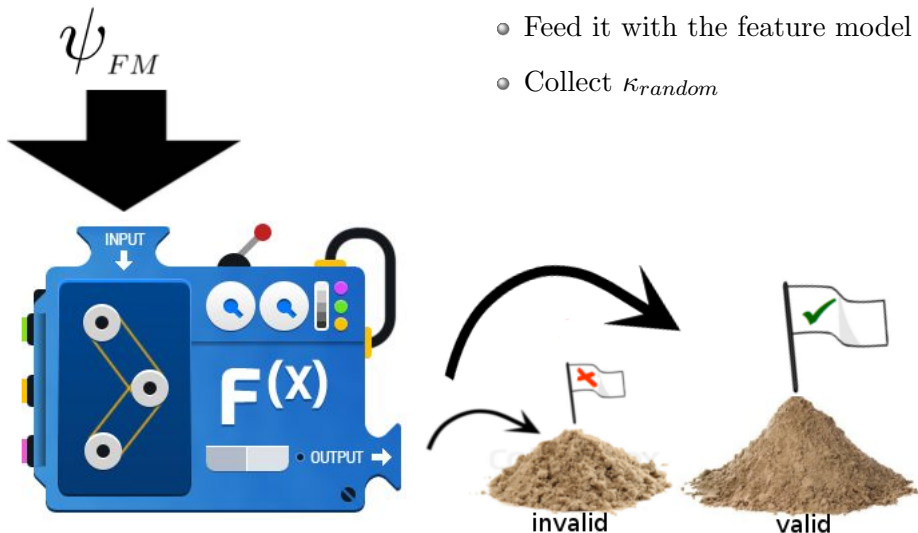
- How many bugs?
- What are the most common types of bugs?
- Where are most bugs?
- Which features are error-prone?
- ... Additional questions?
- ... Prioritization?
- ... Take a few minutes to brainstorm about it
- (One-disabled vs. randconfig)

# Methodology

- Feed it with the feature model

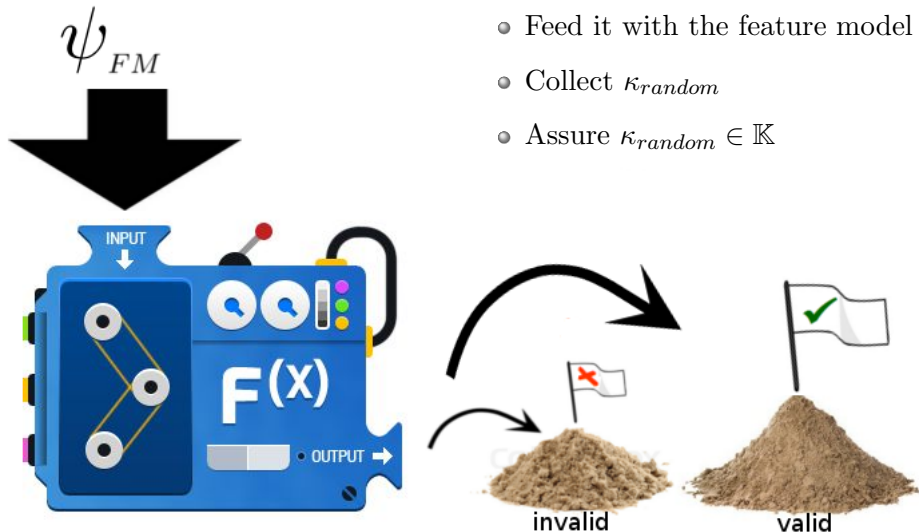


# Methodology





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**Exploit existing  
randconfig**

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- Concatenate  
Kconfig files
- Permute the order
- Flatten the  
structure

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Kconfig example

# randconfig bias

config A  
    bool

config B  
    bool  
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  - () **50%**
  - (A) **25%**
  - (A,B) **25%**



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- Possible configurations with *randconfig*'s probabilities are:
  - () **50%**
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- This is biased, and not representative.

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- We would prefer a totally equal probability:
  - () *33%*
  - (A) *33%*
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- We would prefer a totally equal probability:
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- And so maybe we could invent something

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- Same idea as *randconfig*

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  - SAT checker

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- Uniform distribution
- May take much time

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**Other ideas? Best solution?**

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- Analyse one random configuration (with **gcc**)
- Save all kinds of information
  - Configuration.
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  - Program versions (Linux / gcc)
  - Make a bug reproducible
- Do it over and over again (with a new random configuration)

- The language of the feature model in Linux (Busybox and others)

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  - Grammar
  - Data types
  - Transformation

# Kconfig - Grammar

```
K ->      "config" ID TYPE OPT*  
        | "if" ID K "endif"  
        | "choice" K+ "endchoice"
```

```
TYPE ->    "bool" | "tristate" | "string" | "int"
```

```
OPT  ->    "default" STRING  
        | "range" INT  
        | "depends on" ID  
        | "select" ID
```



# Kconfig - Data types

config A	y (ENABLED), n (DISABLED)
<b>bool</b>	
config B	y, n, module
<b>tristate</b>	
config C	integers
<b>int</b>	
range 5 15	
config D	hexadecimals
<b>hex</b>	
default "c0000000"	
config E	string
<b>string</b>	
default "FOO"	

# Kconfig - Transformation

```
config A
    bool
```

```
if A
    config B
        bool

    config C
        bool
endif
```



```
config A
    bool
```

```
config B
    bool
    depends on A

config C
    bool
    depends on A
```

# Threats to validity

- Sample not being representative
- Not getting enough bugs

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- Sample not being representative
- Not getting enough bugs
- Can you think of more?

# Bye

Thank you for your time.