

KyronMAX™S-9230

PRODUCT TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

Product Benefits

- High temperature
- Chemical resistance
- Hydrolysis resistance
- Excellent fatigue resistance
- Low moisture absorption

Industries/Application Examples

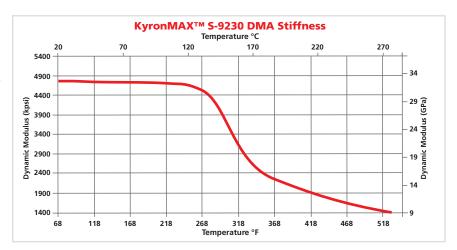
- Automotive bushings, washers, pistons, brackets, handles
- Aerospace latches, rings, hinges, spacers, seals, adapters
- Electrical pins, fasteners, end effectors, connectors, panels
- Medical clamps, vanes, housings, bushings, gears, valves
- Energy seals, bearings, plugs, umbilicals, back-up rings
- Industrial valve plates, column packing, gears, valve seats

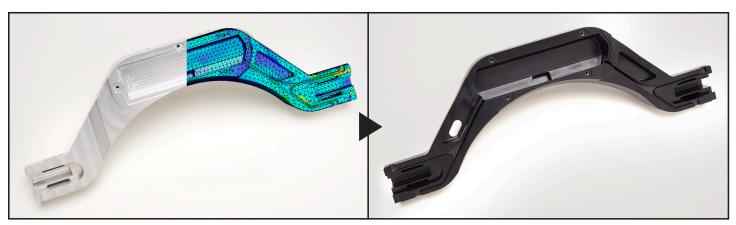
		English		Metric	
Mechanical	Test Method	Typical Value	Unit	Typical Value	Unit
Specific Density	ASTM D792	1.41	g/cm³	1.41	g/cm³
Tensile Strength	ASTM D638	48,700	psi	336	MPa
Tensile Modulus of Elasticity	ASTM D638	5,420	ksi	37	GPa
Tensile Elongation	ASTM D638	1.80	%	1.80	%
Flexural Strength	ASTM D790	73,000	psi	503	MPa
Flexural Modulus of Elasticity	ASTM D790	4,850	ksi	33	GPa
Shear Strength	ASTM D732	18,312	psi	126	MPa
Compressive Strength	ASTM D695	49,000	psi	338	MPa
Compressive Modulus of Elasticity	ASTM D695	1,100	ksi	8	GPa
Hardness, Shore D	ASTM D2240	93		93	
Notched Izod Impact	ASTM D256	2.0	ft-lb/in	106.0	J/m
Unnotched Izod Impact	ASTM D4812	18.0	ft-lb/in	954.0	J/m
Thermal	Test Method	Typical Value	Unit	Typical Value	Unit
Glass Transition (Tg)	ASTM D3418	307	°F	153	°C
Melting Point	ASTM D3418	653	°F	345	°C
Deflection Temperature at 1.8 MPa (264 psi)	ASTM D648	637.7	°F	336.5	°C
Electrical	Test Method	Typical Value	Unit	Typical Value	Unit
Surface Resistivity	ASTM D257	<105	ohm/sq	<105	ohm/sq
Flammability	UL 941	V-0		V-0	
Chemical	Test Method	Typical Value	Unit	Typical Value	Unit
Moisture, 24 hours	ASTM D570	0.45	% by wt	0.45	% by wt



KyronMAX[™] materials are lightweight and, when molded, parts are 75% lighter than steel and almost 40% lighter than aluminum. By utilizing the lower density of KyronMAX, customers can simultaneously realize lower costs and lighter parts, while also taking advantage of unmatched tensile and toughness properties.

The better "practical toughness" values are achieved with lower filler loading, which increases the material's elongation at yield. KyronMAX molded parts are more likely to yield, rather than fracture under high-stress loads. KyronMAX stronger fibers and lower filler loadings further elevate molded product performance with significantly better knit line strength compared to other filled polymers.





Aluminum bracket with half FEA analysis (left) and KyronMAX final molded part (right). The FEA analysis is used to translate a metal part into a lightweight plastic molded part, while matching or exceeding the strength and stiffness of the original metal part.

Mitsubishi Chemical Advanced Materials (MCAM) can take your metal parts and use our proprietary Finite-Element Analysis (FEA) to engineer a high-performance product with KyronMAX materials. MCAM's unique FEA data offers a solution to accurately predict the mechanical performance of a part in real world applications with key features including mechanical stress, plastic injection molding flow, fatigue, and motion.

USA - Arizona

257 East Alamo Drive Chandler, AZ 85225 USA Tel: 480.926.8100 Fax: 480.497.1530 KyronMAX@mcam.com

USA - Illinois

1840 Enterprise Court Libertyville, IL 60048 USA Tel: 847.367.0110 Fax: 847.367.0566

Asia - Thailand/Singapore

Eastern Seaboard Industrial Estate Rayong 64/103, Moo 4, T. Pluakdaeng A. Pluakdaeng, Rayong 21140 Thailand Tel: +66 33 659 141

Fax: +66 33 659 141

https://mcam.com

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¹Estimated rating based on available data. The UL 94 Test is a laboratory test and does not relate to actual fire hazard.