positive regulation of muscle cell differentiation positive regulation of dendrite morphogenesis negative regulation of dauer entry-larval feeding behavior-zinc ion binding-	•			anatomical structure development behavior	
organic cyclic compound binding- nucleic acid binding- heterocyclic compound binding- binding-			•	binding	
biological process involved in intraspecies interaction between organisms- hyaluronan metabolic process-	•			biological process involved in intraspecies interaction between organisms	
deoxyribonucleotide biosynthetic process				carbohydrate derivative metabolic process	
glycolate catabolic process- scavenger receptor activity-				carboxylic acid metabolic process cargo receptor activity	
transferase activity- hydrolase activity- catalytic activity, acting on a nucleic acid- catalytic activity-			•	catalytic activity	
metal ion binding-				cation binding	
synaptic membrane adhesion- regulation of platelet aggregation- homophilic cell adhesion via plasma membrane adhesion molecules-				cell adhesion	
G1 to G0 transition- regulation of mesenchymal stem cell differentiation-				cell cycle process cell differentiation	
positive regulation of endothelial cell chemotaxis to fibroblast growth factor- positive regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration- leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response-	•			cell motility	
platelet alpha granule organization- endoplasmic reticulum body organization-				cellular component organization	
ketone catabolic process- amide biosynthetic process-	•			cellular metabolic process cellular nitrogen compound	
negative regulation of cytoplasmic translational initiation in response to stress-				cytoplasmic translation	
IRES-dependent translational initiation of linear mRNA- RNA-dependent DNA biosynthetic process-				DNA biosynthetic process	
DNA recombination- negative regulation of DNA endoreduplication-				DNA metabolic process	
mitotic DNA replication- DNA unwinding involved in DNA replication- ketone body catabolic process-				DNA replication generation of precursor metabolites	
cellular cation homeostasis-				homeostatic process	
host cell part- host cell nucleus-		•		host cellular component	
type II site-specific deoxyribonuclease activity- single-stranded 3'-5' DNA helicase activity- phosphatidylinositol trisphosphate phosphatase activity- phosphatidylinositol phosphate 5-phosphatase activity- nuclease activity- inositol trisphosphate phosphatase activity- helicase activity- chitin deacetylase activity- aspartic-type endopeptidase activity- 5'-3' exodeoxyribonuclease activity- 3-hydroxyisobutyryl-CoA hydrolase activity-				hydrolase activity	
innate immune response-activating signal transduction-				immune response	
Rpd3L complex- region of cytosol-		•		intracellular	Number of Genes 100
nucleus- regulation of protein localization by the Cvt pathway-	•			intracellular protein transport	300
D-alanine-D-alanine ligase activity				ligase activity	400500Adjusted p-value
positive regulation of retinoic acid biosynthetic process- fatty acid derivative biosynthetic process-				lipid metabolic process	
membrane tubulation- mitotic cell cycle process-	•			membrane organization mitotic cell cycle	0.04 0.03
regulation of muscle system process-				muscle system process nucleic acid binding	0.02 0.01
nucleic acid phosphodiester bond hydrolysis- nucleic acid metabolic process- DNA metabolic process- DNA integration-				nucleic acid metabolic process	
regulation of photosynthesis- positive regulation of Golgi lumen acidification-				photosynthesis positive regulation of cellular pH	
positive regulation of vascular endothelial cell proliferation- positive regulation of translational termination- positive regulation of translational fidelity-	•			positive regulation of translation	
positive regulation of translational elongation- insulin processing-				protein maturation	
peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation- peptidyl-lysine hydroxylation-				protein modification process	
negative regulation of protein kinase activity by protein phosphorylation- negative regulation of transferase activity-				regulation of catalytic activity	
regulation of translation involved in cellular response to UV-				regulation of gene expression	
positive regulation of phospholipase C activity positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to calcium ion	•			regulation of phospholipase activity regulation of transcription, DNA-templated transcription	
sperm entry- regulation of reciprocal meiotic recombination- prostate gland growth- negative regulation of meiotic joint molecule formation- gene conversion at mating-type locus- female mating behavior-				reproductive process	
cellular response to histidine- cellular response to benomyl-	•			response to nitrogen compound	
positive regulation of cellular response to amino acid starvation positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to heat stress				response to nutrient levels	
cellular stress response to acidic pH-				response to stress	
detection of virus- translation elongation factor activity-				response to virus RNA binding	
positive regulation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling- peptide hormone secretion- negative regulation of ATF6-mediated unfolded protein response-				signaling	
innate immune response–activating signal transduction- receptor–receptor interaction-	•			signaling receptor binding	
RNA-directed DNA polymerase activity-				Signaling receptor binding	
nucleotidyltransferase activity- DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity-				transferase activity	
inorganic anion transmembrane transport-	•			transmembrane transport	
fluid transport- borate transport-	•			transport	
water transmembrane transporter activity- sodium channel activity-			•		
proton channel activity - NAADP-sensitive calcium-release channel activity -			•	transporter activity	
intracellular ligand–gated ion channel activity-bicarbonate transmembrane transporter activity-active borate transmembrane transporter activity-			•		
reverse transcription involved in RNA-mediated transposition-				transposition; RNA mediated	
viral process	8R	S. C.	nk atomo	viral process	
	.11010	yy C	atego	' <i>y</i>	