positive regulation of muscle cell differentiation					
positive regulation of muscle cell differentiations positive regulation of dendrite morphogenesis- negative regulation of dauer entry-				anatomical structure development	
larval feeding behavior	•			behavior	
zinc ion binding- organic cyclic compound binding- nucleic acid binding-				binding	
heterocyclic compound binding- binding-					
biological process involved in intraspecies interaction between organisms-	•			biological process involved in intraspecies interaction between organisms	
hyaluronan metabolic process- deoxyribonucleotide biosynthetic process-	•			carbohydrate derivative metabolic process	
glycolate catabolic process- scavenger receptor activity-				carboxylic acid metabolic process cargo receptor activity	
transferase activity-					
SAM-dependent methyltransferase activity- S-adenosylmethionine-dependent methyltransferase activity- hydrolase activity-				catalytic activity	
cell-cell adherens junction- catalytic activity, acting on a nucleic acid-			•		
catalytic activity-				cation binding	
synaptic membrane adhesion-					
regulation of platelet aggregation- homophilic cell adhesion via plasma membrane adhesion molecules-	•			cell adhesion	
G1 to G0 transition- regulation of mesenchymal stem cell differentiation-				cell cycle process cell differentiation	
positive regulation of endothelial cell chemotaxis to fibroblast growth factor- positive regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell migration-	•			cell motility	
leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response- platelet alpha granule organization-					
ER body organization-	•			cellular component organization	
methionine metabolic process- ketone catabolic process-	•			cellular metabolic process	
amide biosynthetic process- negative regulation of cytoplasmic translational initiation in response to stress-	•			cellular nitrogen compound	
IRES-dependent translational initiation of linear mRNA-RNA-dependent DNA biosynthetic process-	_			DNA biosynthetic process	
single-stranded 3'-5' DNA helicase activity				DNA helicase activity	
DNA recombination- DNA synthesis during double-strand break repair via homologous recombination-				DNA metabolic process DNA repair	
negative regulation of DNA endoreduplication mitotic DNA replication-	•			DNA replication	
DNA unwinding involved in DNA replication-					
ketone body catabolic process- cellular cation homeostasis-	•			generation of precursor metabolites homeostatic process	
host cell part- host cell nucleus-		•		host cellular component	
type II site-specific deoxyribonuclease activity-phosphatidylinositol trisphosphate phosphatase activity-			•		
phosphatidylinositol phosphate 5-phosphatase activity- nuclease activity-					
inositol trisphosphate phosphatase activity- helicase activity-			•	hydrolase activity	
chitin deacetylase activity- aspartic-type endopeptidase activity-			•		
5'-3' exodeoxyribonuclease activity - 3-hydroxyisobutyryl-CoA hydrolase activity -			•		Number of Genes 500
Rpd3L complex- region of cytosol- nucleus-				intracellular	1000 1500
regulation of protein localization by the Cvt pathway-	•			intracellular protein transport	2000
D-alanine-D-alanine ligase activity- positive regulation of retinoic acid biosynthetic process-				ligase activity	Adjusted p-value 0.04
fatty acid derivative biosynthetic process- membrane tubulation-	•			lipid metabolic process membrane organization	0.03 0.02 0.01
mitotic cell cycle process-	•			mitotic cell cycle	
regulation of muscle system process- DNA binding-				muscle system process nucleic acid binding	
nucleic acid phosphodiester bond hydrolysis- nucleic acid metabolic process-	•			nucleic acid metabolic process	
DNA metabolic process- DNA integration-					
regulation of photosynthesis- positive regulation of Golgi lumen acidification-				photosynthesis positive regulation of cellular pH	
positive regulation of vascular endothelial cell proliferation- positive regulation of translational termination-					
positive regulation of translational fidelity- positive regulation of translational elongation-				positive regulation of translation	
insulin processing				protein maturation	
peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation- peptidyl-lysine hydroxylation- negative regulation of protein kinase activity by protein phosphorylation-	•			protein modification process	
negative regulation of transferase activity				regulation of catalytic activity	
regulation of translation involved in cellular response to UV- positive regulation of phospholipase C activity-				regulation of gene expression regulation of phospholipase activity	
positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to calcium ion-				regulation of transcription, DNA-templated transcription	
sperm entry- regulation of reciprocal meiotic recombination-					
prostate gland growth- gene conversion at mating-type locus- female mating behavior-	•			reproductive process	
cellular response to histidine-				response to nitrogen compound	
cellular response to benomyl- positive regulation of cellular response to amino acid starvation-	•			response to nutrient levels	
positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to heat stress-cellular stress response to acidic pH-	•			response to stress	
detection of virus				response to virus	
translation elongation factor activity positive regulation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase signaling				RNA binding	
peptide hormone secretion- negative regulation of ATF6-mediated unfolded protein response- innate immune response-activating signal transduction-	•			signaling	
receptor-receptor interaction-			•	signaling receptor binding	
RNA-directed DNA polymerase activity-			•		
nucleotidyltransferase activity				transferase activity	
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity-			•		
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity- inorganic anion transmembrane transport-				transmembrane transport	
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity- inorganic anion transmembrane transport- methionine transport- fluid transport-	•				
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity- inorganic anion transmembrane transport- methionine transport- fluid transport- borate transport- water transmembrane transporter activity-				transmembrane transport	
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity- inorganic anion transmembrane transport- methionine transport- fluid transport- borate transport- water transmembrane transporter activity- sodium channel activity- proton channel activity-	•			transmembrane transport transport	
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity- inorganic anion transmembrane transport- methionine transport- fluid transport- borate transport- water transmembrane transporter activity- sodium channel activity-	•			transmembrane transport	
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity- inorganic anion transmembrane transport- fluid transport- borate transport- water transmembrane transporter activity- sodium channel activity- proton channel activity- NAADP-sensitive calcium-release channel activity- intracellular ligand-gated ion channel activity-				transmembrane transport transport transport	
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- CoA-transferase activity- 3-oxoacid CoA-transferase activity- inorganic anion transmembrane transport- methionine transport- fluid transport- borate transport- borate transporter activity- sodium channel activity- proton channel activity- intracellular ligand-gated ion channel activity- bicarbonate transmembrane transporter activity- active borate transmembrane transporter activity-				transmembrane transport transport	