glucose binding-	•	binding	
positive regulation of glycoprotein biosynthetic process	•		
hyaluronan metabolic process- glucose 6-phosphate metabolic process- deoxyribonucleotide biosynthetic process-		carbohydrate derivative metabolic process	
positive regulation of glycogen biosynthetic process	•	carbohydrate metabolic process	
glutamate 5-kinase activity		catalytic activity	
proline catabolic process- ornithine biosynthetic process- methionyl–tRNA aminoacylation- methionine catabolic process- citrulline biosynthetic process-		cellular amino acid metabolic process	
amide biosynthetic process		cellular nitrogen compound	
e regulation of cytoplasmic translational initiation in response to stress- ntronic transcription regulatory region sequence-specific DNA binding- A polymerase II cis-regulatory region sequence-specific DNA binding-	•	cytoplasmic translation  DNA binding	
RNA-dependent DNA biosynthetic process-		DNA biosynthetic process	
single-stranded 3'-5' DNA helicase activity		DNA helicase activity	
DNA recombination-		DNA metabolic process	
esis during double-strand break repair via homologous recombination	•	DNA repair	
regulation of DNA endoreduplication - negative regulation of DNA endoreduplication - mitotic DNA replication - DNA unwinding involved in DNA replication -		DNA replication	
	•	DNA-templated transcription	Adjusted by value
Hsp90 protein binding- Hsp70 protein binding-		heat shock protein binding	Adjusted p-value
leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response		immune system process	0.03 0.02 0.01
regulation of protein localization by the Cvt pathway-	•	intracellular protein transport	Number of Genes
protein transport along microtubule		microtubule-based movement	100
spermidine acetylation- regulation of protein metabolic process- putrescine acetylation- positive regulation of RNA biosynthetic process- nor–spermidine metabolic process-		nitrogen compound metabolic process	200 300 400 500
DNA binding-		nucleic acid binding	
DNA metabolic process- DNA integration-		nucleic acid metabolic process	
negative regulation of chaperone-mediated protein folding	•	protein folding	
protein adenylylation - peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation - peptidyl-lysine hydroxylation - egative regulation of protein kinase activity by protein phosphorylation -		protein modification process	
		regulation of reactive oxygen regulation of transcription, DNA-templated	
response to melanocyte-stimulating hormone- cellular response to histidine- cellular response to gonadotropin-releasing hormone- cellular response to diamide-	•	response to nitrogen compound	
positive regulation of cellular response to amino acid starvation negative regulation of appetite	•	response to nutrient levels	
response to hypoxia- response to heat- scription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to heat stress- cellular stress response to acidic pH-		response to stress	
RNA-directed DNA polymerase activity-		signaling sulfur compound metabolic process transferase activity	
		transmembrane transport	
		transport	
D–glucose transmembrane transporter activity- bicarbonate transmembrane transporter activity-	•	transporter activity	
D–glucose transmembrane transporter activity- bicarbonate transmembrane transporter activity-		-	

Method