glucose binding-	•		binding	
positive regulation of glycoprotein biosynthetic process-				
hyaluronan metabolic process- glucose 6-phosphate metabolic process- deoxyribonucleotide biosynthetic process-		•	carbohydrate derivative metabolic process	
positive regulation of glycogen biosynthetic process- negative regulation of glycogen biosynthetic process-	•		carbohydrate metabolic process	
sulfide:quinone oxidoreductase activity- oxidoreductase activity, acting on the CH–CH group of donors- oxidoreductase activity, acting on a sulfur group of donors, disulfide as acceptor- oxidoreductase activity- glutamate–5–semialdehyde dehydrogenase activity- glutamate 5–kinase activity-			catalytic activity	
carbonate dehydratase activity- proline catabolic process- ornithine biosynthetic process- methionyl–tRNA aminoacylation- methionine catabolic process- citrulline biosynthetic process- 4-hydroxyproline catabolic process-			cellular amino acid metabolic process	
amide biosynthetic process			cellular nitrogen compound	
negative regulation of cytoplasmic translational initiation in response to stress- RNA polymerase II intronic transcription regulatory region sequence–specific DNA binding- RNA polymerase II cis–regulatory region sequence–specific DNA binding-			cytoplasmic translation DNA binding	
RNA-dependent DNA biosynthetic process-			DNA biosynthetic process	
single-stranded 3'-5' DNA helicase activity-			DNA helicase activity	
DNA recombination-			DNA metabolic process	
negative regulation of double-strand break repair via nonhomologous end joining- DNA synthesis during double-strand break repair via homologous recombination- DNA double-strand break processing involved in repair via single-strand annealing-	•		DNA repair	
regulation of DNA endoreduplication - negative regulation of DNA endoreduplication - mitotic DNA replication - DNA unwinding involved in DNA replication -		•	DNA replication	
positive regulation of transcription of nucleolar large rRNA by RNA polymerase I-positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to heat stress-	•		DNA-templated transcription	Adjusted by value
Hsp90 protein binding- Hsp70 protein binding-	•		heat shock protein binding	Adjusted p-value
regulation of mast cell activation - leukocyte migration involved in inflammatory response complement activation, classical pathway -	•		immune system process	0.03 0.02 0.01
regulation of protein localization by the Cvt pathway		•	intracellular protein transport	Number of Genes
protein transport along microtubule-			microtubule-based movement	100
spermine acetylation- spermidine acetylation- regulation of protein metabolic process- putrescine acetylation- positive regulation of RNA biosynthetic process- nor-spermidine metabolic process-	•		nitrogen compound metabolic process	200 300 400 500
DNA binding-			nucleic acid binding	
DNA metabolic process- DNA integration-			nucleic acid metabolic process	
negative regulation of chaperone-mediated protein folding-			protein folding	
regulation of myosin-light-chain-phosphatase activity- protein adenylylation- peptidyl-tyrosine phosphorylation- peptidyl-lysine hydroxylation- negative regulation of protein kinase activity by protein phosphorylation- histone acetylation-	•	•	protein modification process	
regulation of hydrogen peroxide metabolic process positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to calcium ion-	•		regulation of reactive oxygen regulation of transcription, DNA-templated	
response to melanocyte-stimulating hormone- cellular response to histidine- cellular response to gonadotropin-releasing hormone- cellular response to diamide- cellular response to cGMP- cellular response to benomyl-	•		response to nitrogen compound	
response to food- positive regulation of cellular response to amino acid starvation- negative regulation of appetite- chemotaxis to folate-	•		response to nutrient levels	
response to hypoxia- response to hypoxia- response to heat- positive regulation of transcription from RNA polymerase II promoter in response to heat stress- cellular stress response to acidic pH-		•	response to stress	
innate immune response–activating signal transduction-glutathione biosynthetic process-RNA–directed DNA polymerase activity-			signaling sulfur compound metabolic process transferase activity	
DNA-directed DNA polymerase activity- glucose transmembrane transport-	•		transmembrane transport	
carbohydrate transmembrane transport- lipoprotein transport-				
D-glucose transmembrane transporter activity bicarbonate transmembrane transporter activity			transport transporter activity	
	•	O.terns	transport	

Method