## Intensity Normalization

Kristin Linn

2017-03-30

### Intensity normalization

- Conventional MRI intensites (T1-w, T2-w, PD, FLAIR) are acquired in arbitrary units, making the images not comparable across scanners and visits.
- Intensity normalization brings the intensities to a common scale.

#### Goals of this tutorial

- Visualize the intensities using boxplots and densities
- ► Apply the WhiteStripe intensity normalization (Shinohara et al. 2014)

#### Reading in the images

- ▶ For the moment, we will work with the T1-w images from the training data.
- vals below is restricting to T1-w voxels that are within the brain mask.

```
library(ms.lesion)
library(neurobase)
library(WhiteStripe)
fnames = get image filenames list by subject(
  group = "training",
  type = "coregistered")
t1s = lapply(fnames, function(x) readnii(x["MPRAGE"]))
tissues = lapply(fnames, function(x) readnii(x["Tissue_Class
masks = lapply(fnames, function(x) readnii(x["Brain_Mask"])
vals = mapply(function(t1, mask){
  mask vals(t1, mask)
}, t1s, masks, SIMPLIFY = FALSE)
```

## Code for plotting the data

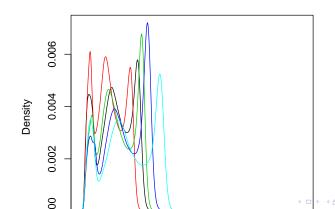
```
plot_densities = function(dens, xlab = "Raw Intensities",
                          main = "Whole Brain") {
  range_x = sapply(dens, function(d) range(d$x))
  range_x = range(range_x)
  range_y = sapply(dens, function(d) range(d$y))
  range_y = range(range_y)
  plot(dens[[1]], xlim = range_x, ylim = range_y,
       xlab = xlab, main = main)
  for (idens in 2:length(dens)) {
    lines(dens[[idens]], col = idens)
plot boxplots = function(vals,
                          main = "Whole Brain") {
  boxplots <- lapply(vals, boxplot, outline = FALSE, plot :
  boxplots = lapply(boxplots, function(x) x$stats)
  boxplots <- do.call(cbind, boxplots)</pre>
  boxplot(boxplots, main = main)
```

### Visualizing the intensities

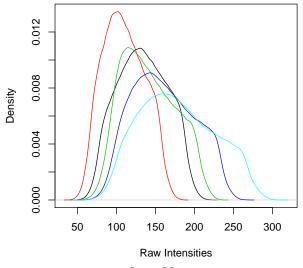
▶ We see that whole brain densities are mixture distributions of the three tissue classes.

```
dens = lapply(vals, density)
plot_densities(dens)
```

#### Whole Brain



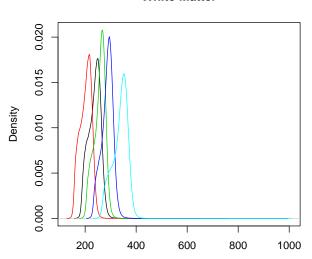
#### Visualizing the intensities by tissue class Gray Matter



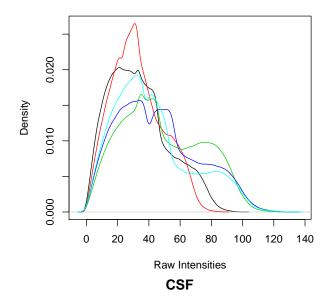
### Visualizing the intensities by tissue class

▶ Notice again the complete non-overlap between some subjects' white matter.

#### White Matter



# Visualizing the intensities by tissue class CSF

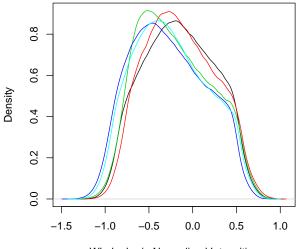


#### Whole-brain normalization

▶ Let's Z-score each voxel using mean and standard deviation computed from all voxels in the brain mask.

```
t1_norm = mapply(function(img, mask){
  zscore_img(img = img, mask = mask, margin = NULL)
}, t1s, masks, SIMPLIFY = FALSE)
```

# Whole-brain normalized intensities Gray Matter

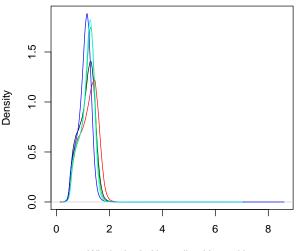


Whole-brain Normalized Intensities

**Gray Matter** 



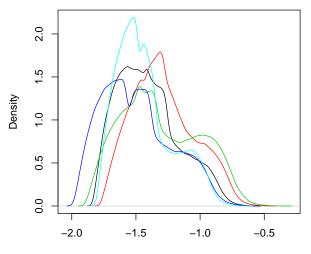
# Whole-brain normalized intensities White Matter



Whole-brain Normalized Intensities

**White Matter** 

# Whole-brain normalized intensities CSF



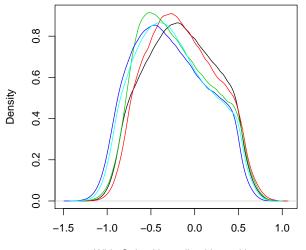
Whole-brain Normalized Intensities

CSF

### White Stripe normalization

- Normalize each voxel using mean and standard deviation computed from normal appearing white matter voxels.
- Normal appearing white matter will have a standard normal distribution.
- Units will correspond to variability (standard deviation) of normal appearing white matter.

# WhiteStripe normalized intensities Gray Matter

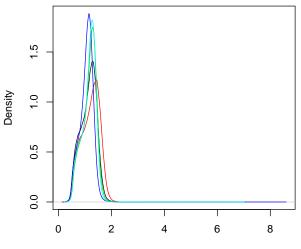


WhiteStripe Normalized Intensities

**Gray Matter** 



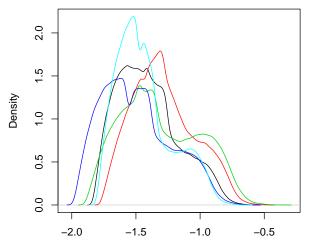
# WhiteStripe normalized intensities White Matter



WhiteStripe Normalized Intensities

**White Matter** 

# WhiteStripe normalized intensities CSF



WhiteStripe Normalized Intensities

CSF