



Deep Learning with Keras and TensorFlow

Course-End Project

Lending Club Loan Data Analysis

Objective: Create a model that predicts whether or not a loan will be default using historical data.

Problem Statement:

For companies like Lending Club correctly predicting whether or not a loan will be a default is very important. In this project, using historical data from 2007 to 2015, you have to build a deep learning model to predict the chance of default for future loans. As you will see later, this dataset is highly imbalanced and includes a lot of features that make this problem more challenging.


Domain: Finance

Analysis to be done: Perform data preprocessing and build a deep learning prediction model.

Content:

Dataset columns and definition:

- **credit.policy:** 1 if the customer meets the credit underwriting criteria of LendingClub.com, and 0 otherwise.
- **purpose:** The purpose of the loan (takes values "credit_card", "debt_consolidation", "educational", "major_purchase", "small_business", and "all_other").
- **int.rate:** The interest rate of the loan, as a proportion (a rate of 11% would be stored as 0.11). Borrowers judged by LendingClub.com to be more risky are assigned higher interest rates.
- **installment:** The monthly installments owed by the borrower if the loan is funded.
- **log.annual.inc:** The natural log of the self-reported annual income of the borrower.


- 
- **dti**: The debt-to-income ratio of the borrower (the amount of debt divided by annual income).
 - **fico**: The FICO credit score of the borrower.
 - **days.with.cr.line**: The number of days the borrower has had a credit line.
 - **revol.bal**: The borrower's revolving balance (the amount unpaid at the end of the credit card billing cycle).
 - **revol.util**: The borrower's revolving line utilization rate (the amount of the credit line used relative to total credit available).
 - **inq.last.6mths**: The borrower's number of inquiries by creditors in the last 6 months.
 - **delinq.2yrs**: The number of times the borrower has been 30+ days past due on a payment in the past 2 years.
 - **pub.rec**: The borrower's number of derogatory public records (bankruptcy filings, tax liens, or judgments).

Steps to perform:

Perform exploratory data analysis and feature engineering and then apply feature engineering. Follow up with a deep learning model to predict whether or not the loan will be default using the historical data.

Tasks:

1. Feature Transformation
 - Transform categorical values into numerical values (discrete)
2. Exploratory data analysis of different factors in the dataset.
3. Additional Feature Engineering

- 
- You will check the correlation between features and drop those features that have a strong correlation.
 - This will help reduce the number of features and leave you with the most relevant features.

4. Modeling

- After applying EDA and feature engineering, you are now ready to build the predictive models.
- In this part, you will create a deep learning model using Keras with Tensorflow backend.