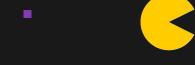
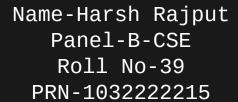




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# PACMAN















## Introduction

- We delve into the creation of a Python-based implementation of the classic arcade game, Pacman.
- Originating in the 1980s, Pacman has remained a beloved icon in gaming history, captivating players with its simple yet addictive gameplay.
- I will also discuss the significance of creating Pacman in Python, both as an educational endeavor and as a demonstration of Python's versatility in game development.



## Tools Used

- **Python:** Chosen for its simplicity, versatility, and extensive game development library support.
- Pygame: Primary framework for graphics rendering, input handling, and audio playback.
- Visual Studio Code (VS Code):

  Main IDE for code editing,
  debugging, and version control
  integration.
- Object-Oriented Programming (OOP): Structured game code for organization, modularity, and ease of maintenance.



## Libraries used

- Math Module: Offers various mathematical functions and constants for efficient calculations within the Pacman game.
  - **Copy Module:** Supports creating copies of objects, useful for maintaining immutability
  - and preventing unintended side effects.
  - Pygame: Popular library for game development, providing graphics rendering, event handling, and sound playback functionalities.
  - **Board Module:** Custom module for game board-related operations such as maze generation and layout.
  - **Ghost Images:** Visual representations of iconic Pacman ghosts, enhancing the game's graphical presentation and character.



## Game Architecture

### • Components:

- Pacman, ghosts, pellets, and maze elements.

### • Game Loop:

- Controls game flow, updating and rendering the game state.

### • Input Handling:

-Captures user input and translates it into actions.

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### • Rendering:

- Draws graphics and visual elements on the screen.

### State Management:

- Tracks game state and manages transitions.

### • Event Handling:

-Manages events such as collisions and power-up activations.

## Implementation Highlights

### • Player Movement:

- -Controls Pacman's navigation through the maze.
- Translates user input into movement commands.
- Handles collisions with maze walls and game elements.

#### Collision Detection:

- Detects when Pac Man collides with maze walls, pellets, power-ups, and ghosts.
- Triggers appropriate actions based on collisions, such as stopping Pacman's movement or removing pellets.

### • Game State Management:

- Tracks Pacman's position, score, lives, and maze state.
- Manages transitions between different game states, ensuring smooth gameplay progression.

## Gameplay Mechanics

Gameplay mechanics entail the rules and interactions governing Pacman:

#### • Pacman Movement:

- Player control of Pacman's navigation.
- Movement restricted by maze walls.

### • Pellets and Power-ups:

- Pacman collects pellets scattered in the maze.
- Power-ups grant temporary invincibility.

### • Ghost Behavior:

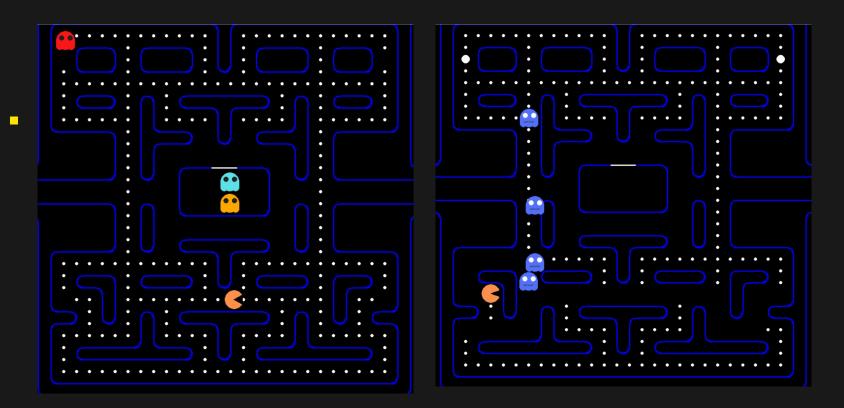
- Ghosts roam with specific patterns and behaviors.
- Collision results in Pacman losing a life.

### Lives:

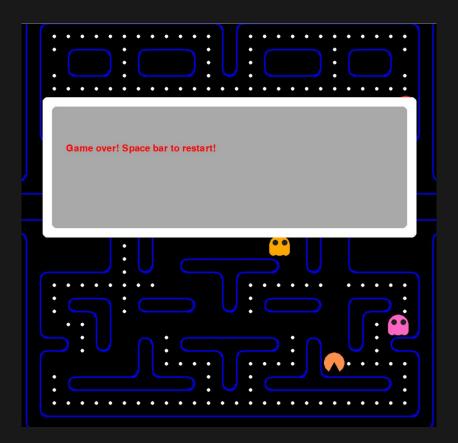
- Pacman loses a life when colliding with a ghost or hazard.
- Game concludes when all lives are lost.



## Demonstration



## Demonstration



### Conclusion

- Exciting journey: Developed Python-based Pacman game using Pygame and Python's flexibility.
- Capturing essence: Meticulously designed game with iconic maze layout and ghost movement patterns.
  - Engaging gameplay: Crafted game to deliver enjoyable experience through thoughtful implementation.
  - Sharing excitement: Looking forward to sharing game with others and exploring more game development projects.

