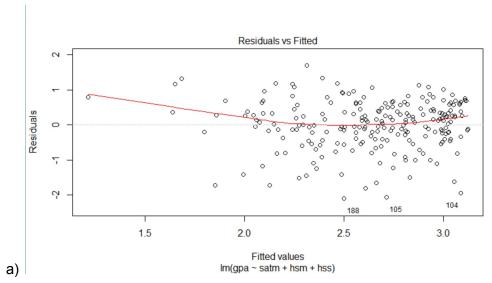
"I pledge my honor that I have abided by the Stevens Honor System" - Himanshu Rana
1)



Based on this plot, the regression model seems adequate for the data

```
b)
call:
lm(formula = gpa \sim satm + hsm + hss, data = csgpa)
Residuals:
     Min
               10
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
-2.10954 -0.37657
                   0.08842 0.45121
                                      1.68691
Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.4843393
                       0.3601535
                                    1.345
                                             0.180
            0.0006383
                                             0.296
satm
                       0.0006092
                                    1.048
                                    4.190 4.05e-05 ***
            0.1597422
                       0.0381288
hsm
hss
            0.0545926
                       0.0337547
                                    1.617
                                             0.107
Signif. codes:
0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 0.7003 on 220 degrees of freedom
                               Adjusted R-squared: 0.1928
Multiple R-squared: 0.2036,
F-statistic: 18.75 on 3 and 220 DF, p-value: 7.222e-11
       Beta1 = 0.0006383 and std. Error 1 = 0.0006902
       Beta2 = 0.1597422 and std. Error 2 = 0.0381288
       Beta3 = 0.0545926 and std. Error 3 = 0.0337547
```

```
> anova(regression)
   Analysis of Variance Table
   Response: gpa
              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                            Pr(>F)
              1 8.583 8.5829 17.5036 4.144e-05 ***
   satm
   hsm
               1 17.720 17.7198 36.1368 7.566e-09 ***
                          1.2826
                                  2.6158
   hss
               1
                  1.283
                                            0.1072
   Residuals 220 107.877
                          0.4904
   Signif. codes:
   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
c) | _ [
```

At alpha level = 5% = 0.05, the null hypothesis of the covariates satm and hsm should be rejected. While the hss should not because its p value is not less than alpha.

d) Hss has a better correlation to the first year gpa than SAT math and high school math scores.

2)

```
a)
    SSM = 256.68
    SSE = 91.14
    SST = 347.82
    > wear1 <- c(9.1, 17.1, 20.8, 11.8)
    > wear2 <- c(13.4, 20.3, 28.3, 16)
    > wear1 <- c(9.1, 13.4, 15.6)
    > wear2 <- c(17.1, 20.3, 24.6)
> wear3 <- c(20.8, 28.3, 23.7)
    > wear4 <- c(11.8, 16, 16.2)
    > combined <- data.frame(cbind(wear1, wear2, wear3, wear4))</pre>
    > stacked <- stack(combined)</pre>
b) > stacked
    > anova_results <- aov(values ~ ind, data = stacked)</pre>
    > summary(anova_results)
                  Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
                   3 256.68 85.56
                                         7.51 0.0103 *
    ind
    Residuals
                   8 91.14
                               11.39
    Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

F = 7.51

P value = 0.0103

Since the p value is less than alpha we reject the null hypothesis. There is a significant difference of wear between the four different types.