



جامعة الإمام عبد الرحمن بن فضيل

IMAM ABDULRAHMAN BIN FAISAL UNIVERSITY

كلية علوم الحاسوب وتقنية المعلومات

College of Computer Science and Information Technology

Git, GitHub, and Terminal

An Introduction

*Imam Abdulrahman Bin Faisal University
College of Computer Science and Information Technology
Teaching Assistant in Computer Engineering Department*

- *Ms. Rema Alnssiry*
- *Ms. Somiah Aljaafary*
- *Ms. Hind Alzahrani*

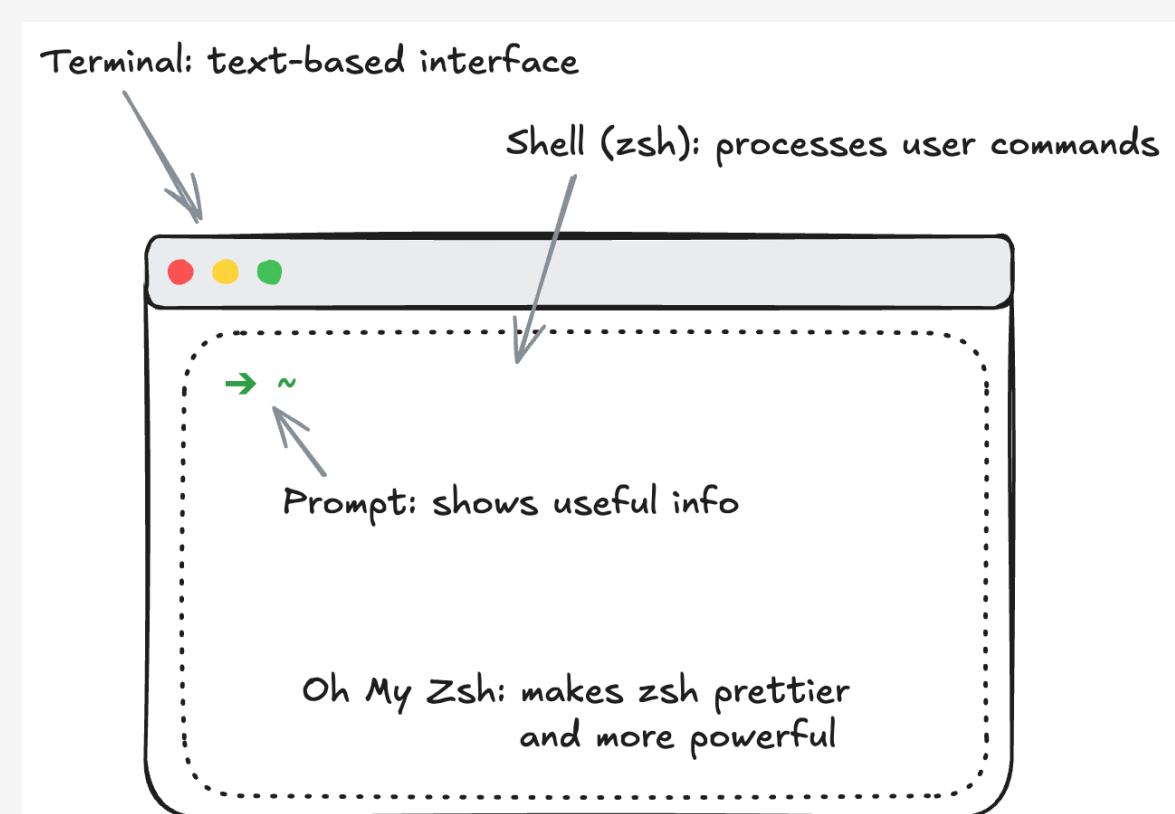
V1



Terminal

Surviving in the terminal:

- pwd
- ls -l
- mkdir <directory>
- cd <path>
- touch <file>
- rm <file> # rm -r <directory>
- mv <from> <to>





Python

pyenv

We used `pyenv` to install and manage multiple Python versions.

- `pyenv versions`
- `pyenv install <version>`
- `pyenv global <version>`

virtualenv

- `pyenv virtualenvs`

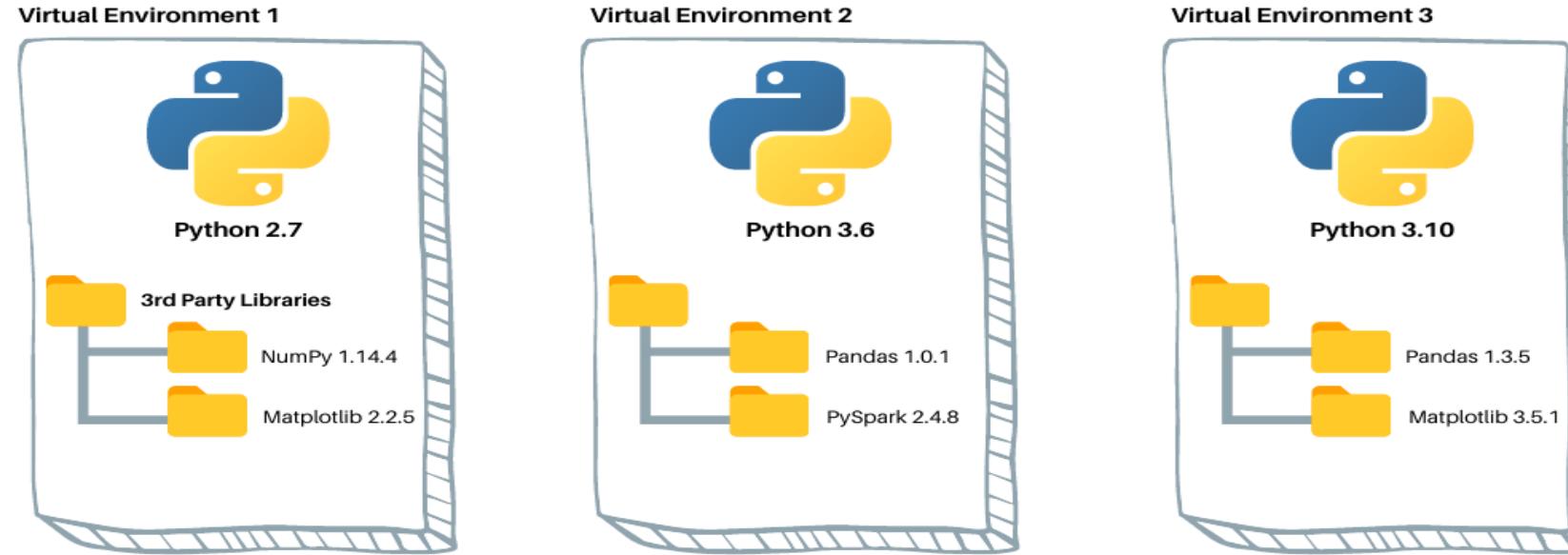
A safe place to `pip install <package>` without interfering with other tools.

Real situation:

Suppose you have Project A depending on `pandas==1.4.4` and Project B on `pandas==2.2.3`, what can we do?

You can isolate those dependencies in two different `virtualenvs`.

Python



dataquest.io

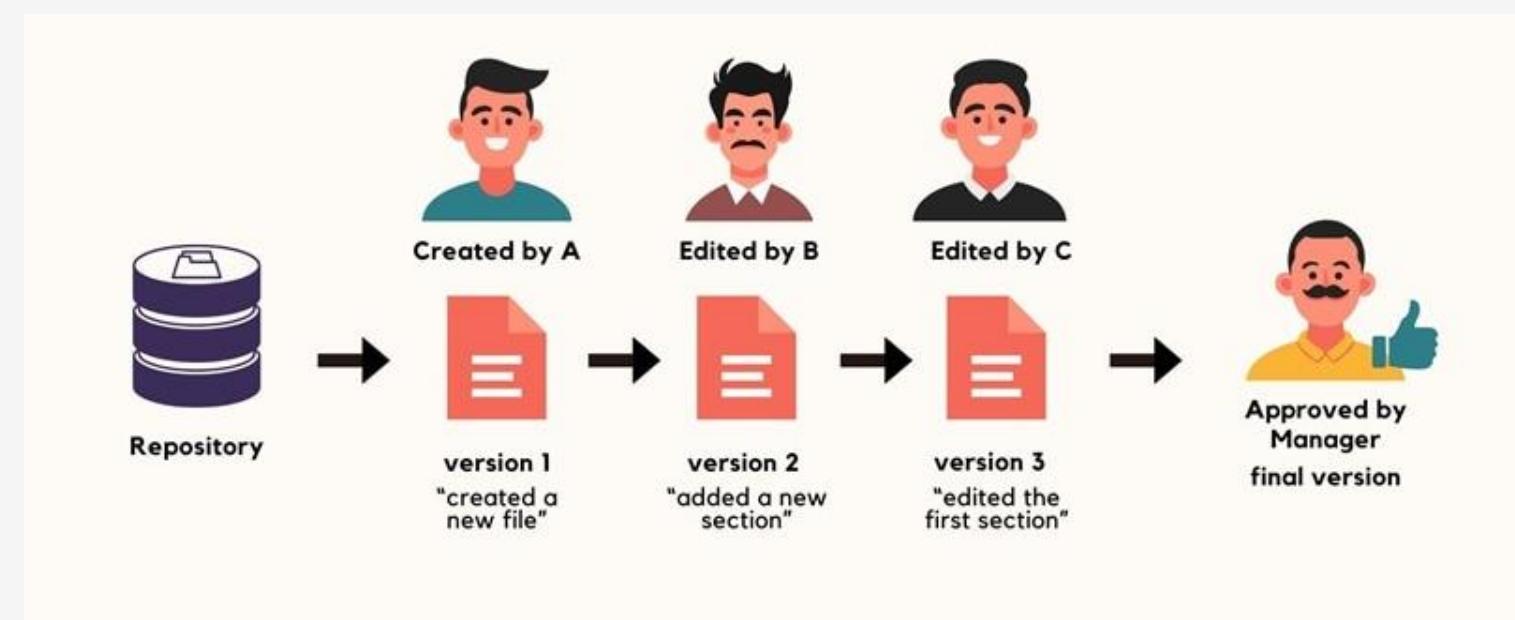
- In the first weeks we'll use only one virtual environment called ai.
- It will be set by default when starting a new shell.

What Is Version Control?

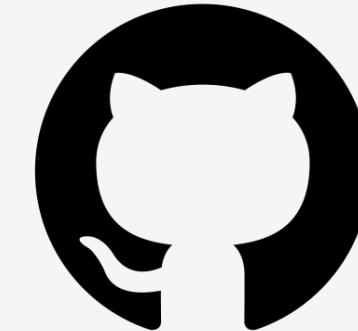
- **Version Control** is a system that tracks changes to files over time.
- It's like a smart tool that helps people work together on projects, especially on computer programs.

- **Why it is important:**

- Keeps history of changes
- Allows reverting to previous versions
- Supports collaboration
- Prevents accidental data loss





 **git** != 
GitHub



What Is Git?

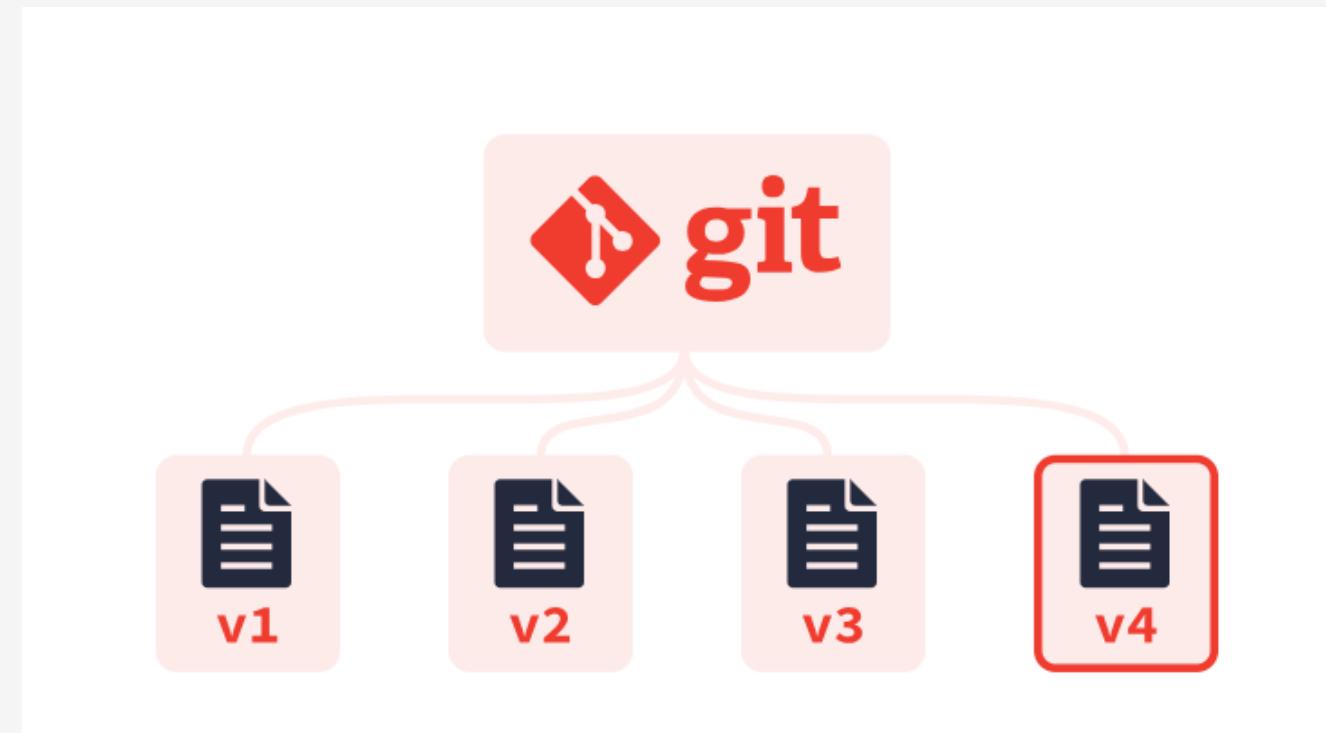
Git is a distributed version control system.

Tracks changes in files

Fast and Reliable

Works Offline

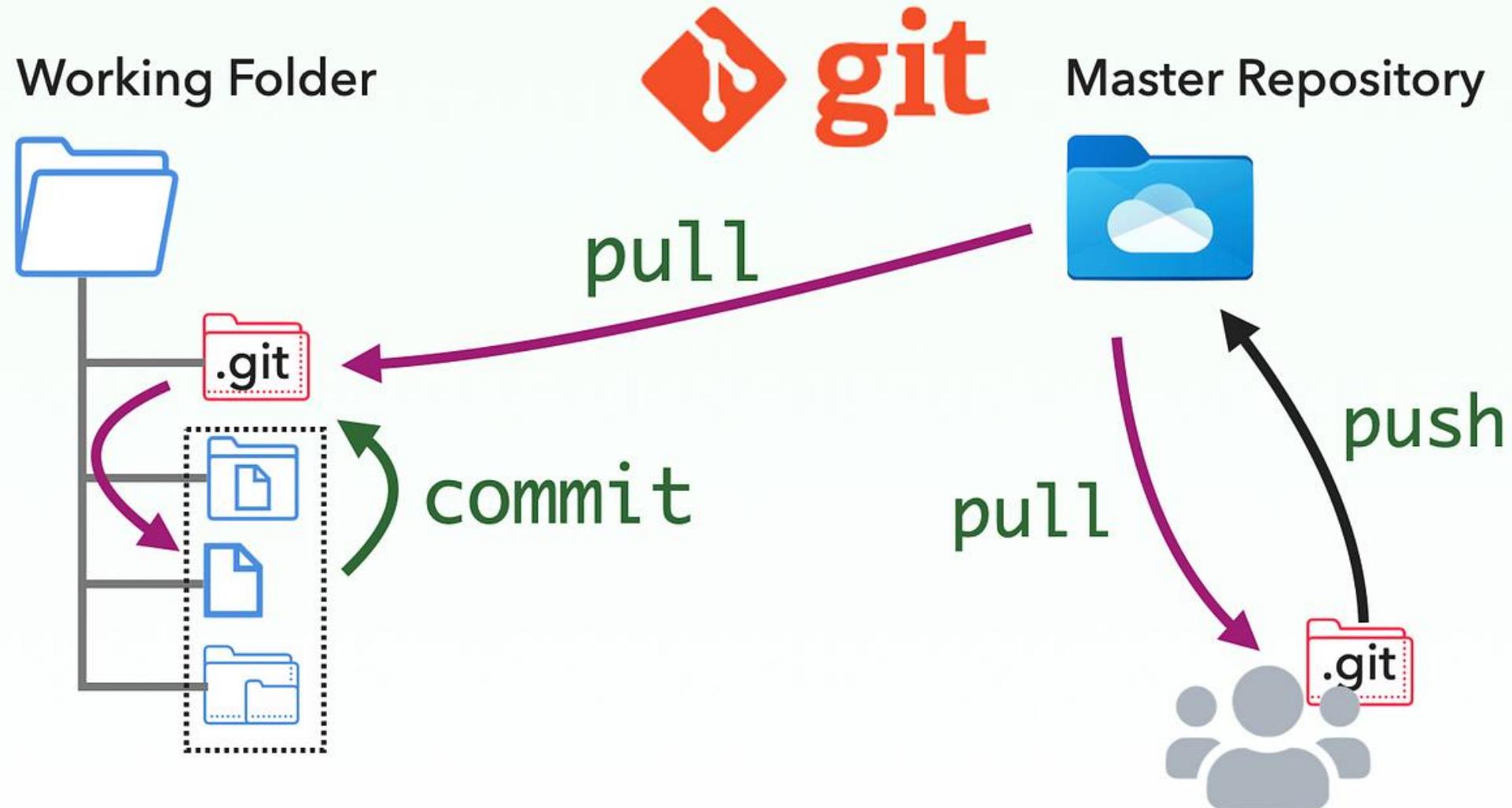
Used Via Command Line or
tools like GitHub Desktop





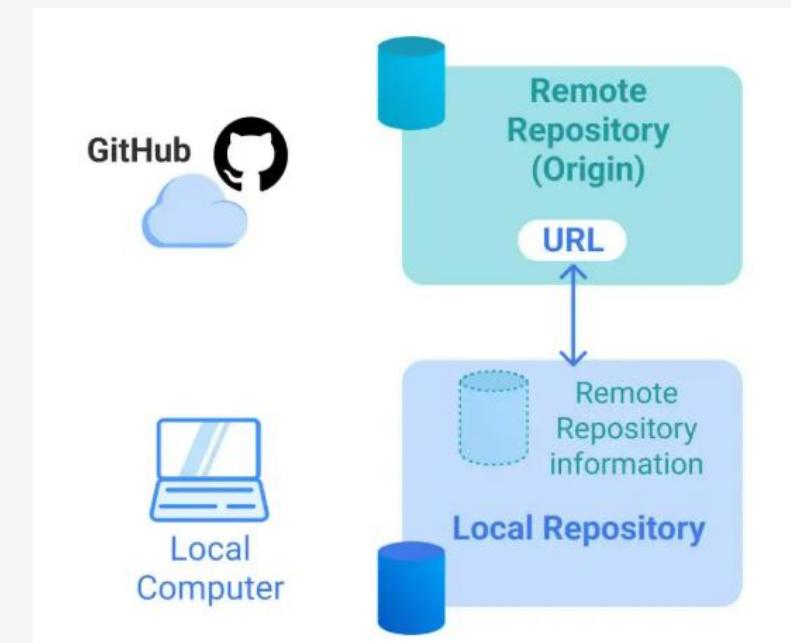
Key Git Concepts

- **Repository (Repo):** Project folder
- **Commit:** Saved snapshot of changes
- **Branch:** Separate line of development
- **Merge:** Combine branches
- **Clone:** Copy a repository
- **Push:** Upload changes
- **Pull:** Download changes



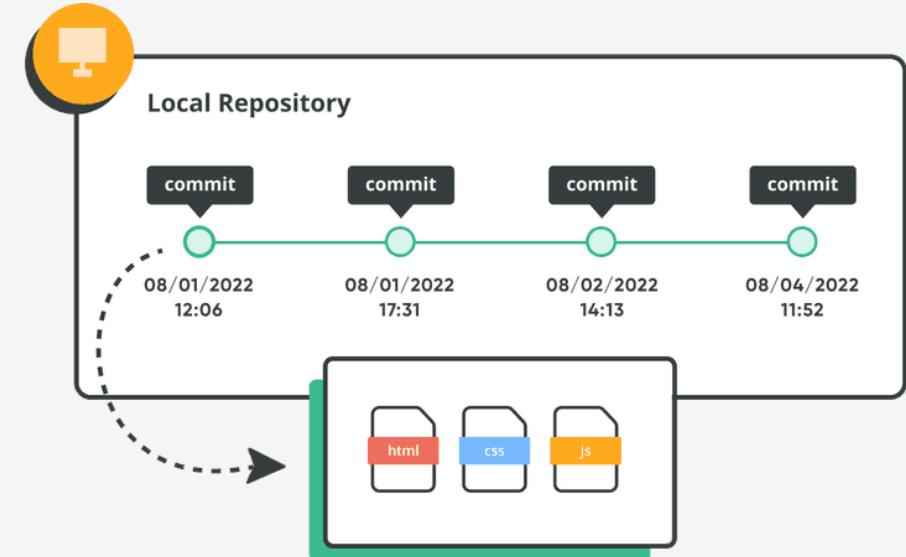
Repository (Repo)

- **A repository** is a central project folder where all files, folders, and their complete change history are stored.
- Contains source code, documents, and configuration files
- **Local Repository:** on your computer
- **Remote Repository:** on GitHub



Commit

- A **commit** is a saved snapshot of changes made to files in the repository at a specific point in time.
- Records what was changed, when, and by whom
- Includes a commit message describing the changes
- Helps restore previous versions if needed



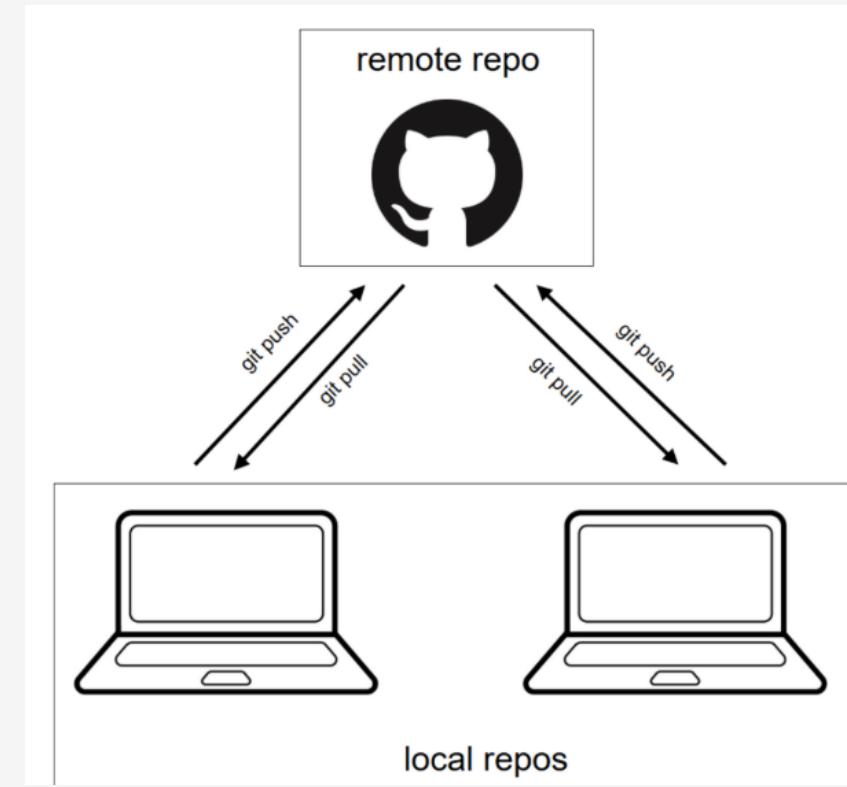


Clone

- A **clone** creates a local copy of a remote repository on your computer.
- Downloads all files and version history
- Allows offline work
- Keeps connection to the remote repository for updates

Push

- A **push** uploads committed changes from a local repository to a remote repository.
- A **pull** downloads and integrates changes from a remote repository into your local repository.





What Is GitHub?

- **GitHub is a cloud-based platform for hosting Git repositories.**
- Stores code online
- Enables collaboration
- Provides issue tracking
- Supports project management
- Widely used in open-source projects





Git vs GitHub

Git	GitHub
Version control tool	Hosting platform
Runs locally	Runs online
Tracks file changes	Shares and manages repos
Command-line based	Web interface



GitHub Features

- **Repositories**
- **Pull Requests**
- **Issues**
- **Actions (CI/CD)**
- **Forking**
- **Collaboration tools**

Forking



- **Forking** is the process of creating a personal copy of someone else's repository under your own GitHub account.
- It allows you to freely experiment with changes without affecting the original project.

Forking	Cloning
Creates a copy on GitHub	Creates a copy on your computer
Used for contributing to others' projects	Used for local development
Independent repository	Linked to a remote repository



Basic Git Workflow





Surviving with git:

- `cd ~/code/<YOUR_GITHUB_NICKNAME>`
- `git clone <ssh_url> # From GitHub, e.g. github.com/rfalsari/git`
- `cd <repo>`

Working on master:

- `git status # Should be clean before you start working`
- `code . # Working in VS Code on those files`
- `git status # What files were added/removed/changed since last commit?`
- `git diff # What lines were added/removed since last commit?`
- `# Creating a new commit (2-step process)`
- `git add <file1> <file2>`
- `git commit -m "A MEANINGFUL MESSAGE"`
- `# Pushing commit to GitHub`
- `git push origin master`



Advanced Git Topics

The following Git concepts will be introduced later in the course, during the project weeks, when you will be working in teams:

- Pull
- Merge
- Branches & GitHub Flow
- Resolving merge conflicts

Set Up Your Device:

macOS: https://www.notion.so/Setup-instructions-for-mac-2e75ea763bc88012a4c9f59b5bd92739?source=copy_link

Windows: https://www.notion.so/Setup-instructions-for-Windows-2f15ea763bc880228a34c81ea20380bc?source=copy_link



Resources

[GitHub Docs](#)

[GitHub Skills](#)

[GitHub Desktop](#)

[Markdown Language](#)