

UML Use-case Diagrams

EECS 348 Lab 5 — 2/27/2025

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What are use-cases for?

- A method of modeling interactions with the system at a high level
- Document *functional* requirements of software
 - ▶ Focus on the broad picture of what people will do with the software, not how it will be implemented
 - ▶ In other words, the “what”, not “how”
- Visualization to communicate the purpose of a software to non-programmers



Definitions

- **Actors** take on **roles** and use the system to fulfill **use-cases**
 - ▶ An *actor* is someone who uses the system, typically in some *role* depending on who the system is being marketed to
 - ▶ The system then provides services to fulfill *use-cases*
 - ▶ For example, an actor in the *Student* role might use our system to fulfill the use-case *Enroll in a Class*
- **Relations** in the diagram are represented as lines
 - ▶ Contextualize how a role or a use-case relates to other roles/use-cases
 - ▶ A solid line with no arrowhead is an **association**
 - ▶ A solid line with a solid arrowhead is a **generalization**
 - ▶ A dashed line represents either an **extends** or **includes** relation
- Use-cases are placed inside a **System**



Relations

- An *association* relation between an actor and a use-case implies that the actor has some goal that is fulfilled by that use-case
- A *generalization* takes an existing actor or use case and derives a more specific version from it
 - ▶ The thing being generalized has the arrowhead pointing to it
 - ▶ For example, a *Grad Student* is a more specific version of a *Student*
- An *include* relation means that one use-case includes the functionality of another
 - ▶ The use-case being included has the arrowhead pointing to it
 - ▶ To achieve one use-case, the use-case being included must also happen
- An *extends* relation means that one use-case adds functionality to another
 - ▶ The use-case having functionality added to it has the arrowhead pointing to it



Identifying use-cases

- Think from the perspective of the user—what do they want to get done?
- Think from a high-level—what should the system offer?
- Think about what other entities the system interacts with—payment processors, *etc.*



Lost? See...

- <https://geeksforgeeks.org/use-case-diagram/>
- <https://online.visual-paradigm.com/>

