# UML Use-case Diagrams EECS 348 Lab 5 — 2/27/2025

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#### What are use-cases for?

- A method of modeling interactions with the system at a high level
- Document functional requirements of software
  - Focus on the broad picture of what people will do with the software, not how it will be implemented
  - In other words, the "what", not "how"
- Visualization to communicate the purpose of a software to non-programmers



#### **Definitions**

- Actors take on roles and use the system to fulfill use-cases
  - ► An *actor* is someone who uses the system, typically in some *role* depending on who the system is being marketed to
  - The system then provides services to fulfill use-cases
  - For example, an actor in the Student role might use our system to fulfill the use-case Enroll in a Class
- Relations in the diagram are represented as lines
  - Contextualize how a role or a use-case relates to other roles/use-cases
  - A solid line with no arrowhead is an association
  - A solid line with a solid arrowhead is a generalization
  - A dashed line represents either an extends or includes relation
- Use-cases are placed inside a System



#### Relations

- An association relation between an actor and a use-case implies that the actor has some goal that is fulfilled by that use-case
- A generalization takes an existing actor or use case and derives a more specific version from it
  - The thing being generalized has the arrowhead pointing to it
  - ► For example, a *Grad Student* is a more specific version of a *Student*
- An include relation means that one use-case includes the functionality of another
  - The use-case being included has the arrowhead pointing to it
  - To achieve one use-case, the use-case being included must also happen
- An extends relation means that one use-case adds functionality to another
  - The use-case having functionality added to it has the arrowhead pointing to it

## Identifying use-cases

- Think from the perspective of the user—what do they want to get done?
- Think from a high-level—what should the system offer?
- Think about what other entities the system interacts with—payment processors, etc.



## Assignment 3

Assignment 3 asks you to write informal and formal requirements. One good informal requirement would be a user story of the form:

## User story

```
As a ...,
I want to ...,
So that ...
```

For example, if we had a blog with a newsletter, two user stories could be:

As a blog visitor, I want to subscribe to the newsletter, so that I can receive email updates when new content is published on the blog.

As the blog author, I want to send an email to all my subscribers, So that I can notify them when new content is published.

Source: Zero to Production in Rust by Luca Palmieri

### Lost? See...

- https://geeksforgeeks.org/use-case-diagram/
- https://online.visual-paradigm.com/



