

Project 5 Report

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Initialization

```
clear all; close all; clc;

% load the CIE observer and illuminant data
cie = loadCIEdata;
```

Step 3

```
cam_RGBs = [83, 196, 86, 68, 125, 109, 199, 31, 196, 50, 166, 222, 6, 58, ...
            166, 237, 186, 11, 219, 188, 152, 102, 44, 5; ...
            47,146,112, 87,125,189,104, 55, 68, 13,196,163, 4,126, 20, 204, ...
            64,113,218,188,151,102, 46, 8; 28,119,156, 36,177,165, 27, 151, ...
            79, 65, 41, 45,113, 43, 29, 47,139,154,213,185,149, 99, 47, 16];

cam_rgbs = cam_RGBs / 255;

cam_gray_rgbs = cam_rgbs(:, 19:24);
```

Step 4

```
% Load the data
data = load('munki_CC_XYZs_Labs.txt');
```

```
% Separate into XYZ and Lab arrays
munki_XYZs = data(:, 2:4)'; % Columns 2-4 for XYZ values, transpose to make it 3x24
munki_Labs = data(:, 5:7)'; % Columns 5-7 for Lab values, transpose to make it 3x24

% Extract Y values for gray patches #19-24
gray_Y_values = munki_XYZs(2, 19:24);

% Normalize the Y values by dividing by 100
normalized_gray_Ys = gray_Y_values / 100;

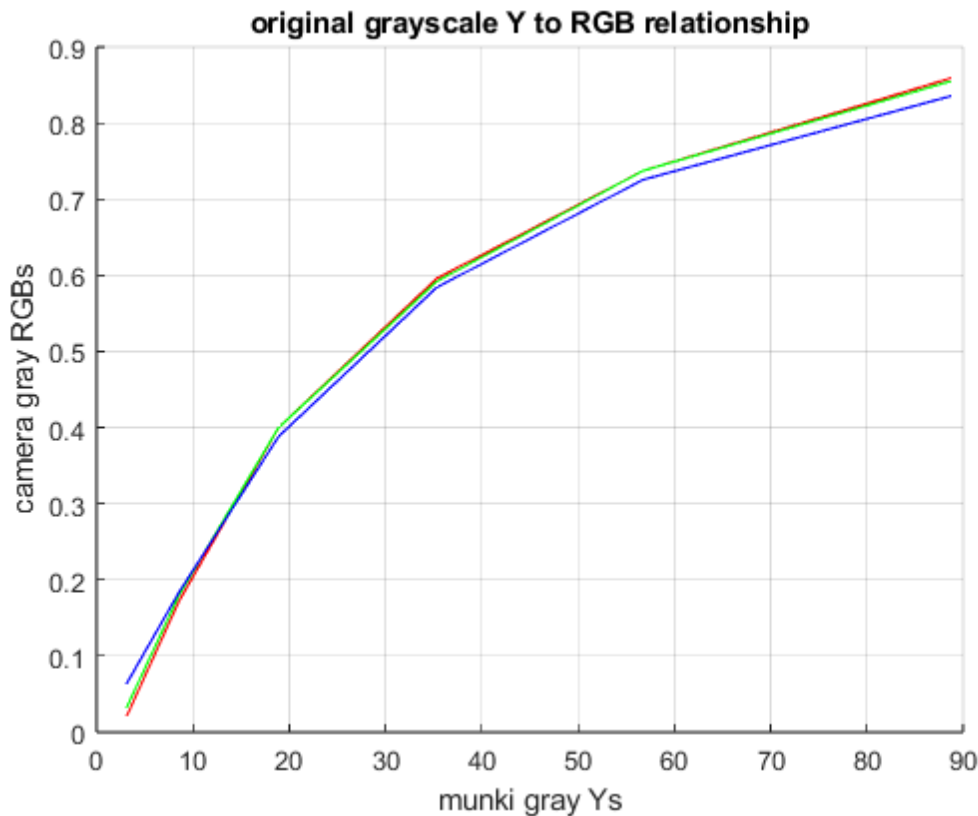
% Flip the vector so it runs from low (black) to high (white)
munki_gray_Ys = fliplr(normalized_gray_Ys);
```

Step 5

```
% Plot the Tone Transfer Functions (TTFs)
figure;
hold on;

% Plot each channel (Red, Green, and Blue)
plot(gray_Y_values, cam_gray_rgbs(1, :), '-r'); % Red channel
plot(gray_Y_values, cam_gray_rgbs(2, :), '-g'); % Green channel
plot(gray_Y_values, cam_gray_rgbs(3, :), '-b'); % Blue channel

% Labeling the plot
xlabel('munki gray Ys');
ylabel('camera gray RGBs');
title('original grayscale Y to RGB relationship');
grid on;
hold off;
```



Step 6

```
% Define indices for color channels
r = 1; g = 2; b = 3;
% a) fit low-order polynomial functions between normalized
% camera-captured gray RGBs and the munki-measured gray Ys
cam_polys(r,:) = polyfit(cam_gray_rgbs(r,:), normalized_gray_Ys, 3);
cam_polys(g,:) = polyfit(cam_gray_rgbs(g,:), normalized_gray_Ys, 3);
cam_polys(b,:) = polyfit(cam_gray_rgbs(b,:), normalized_gray_Ys, 3);
% b) use the functions to linearize the camera data
cam_RSs(r,:) = polyval(cam_polys(r,:), cam_rgbs(r,:));
cam_RSs(g,:) = polyval(cam_polys(g,:), cam_rgbs(g,:));
cam_RSs(b,:) = polyval(cam_polys(b,:), cam_rgbs(b,:));
% c) clip out of range values
cam_RSs(cam_RSs < 0) = 0;
cam_RSs(cam_RSs > 1) = 1;
```

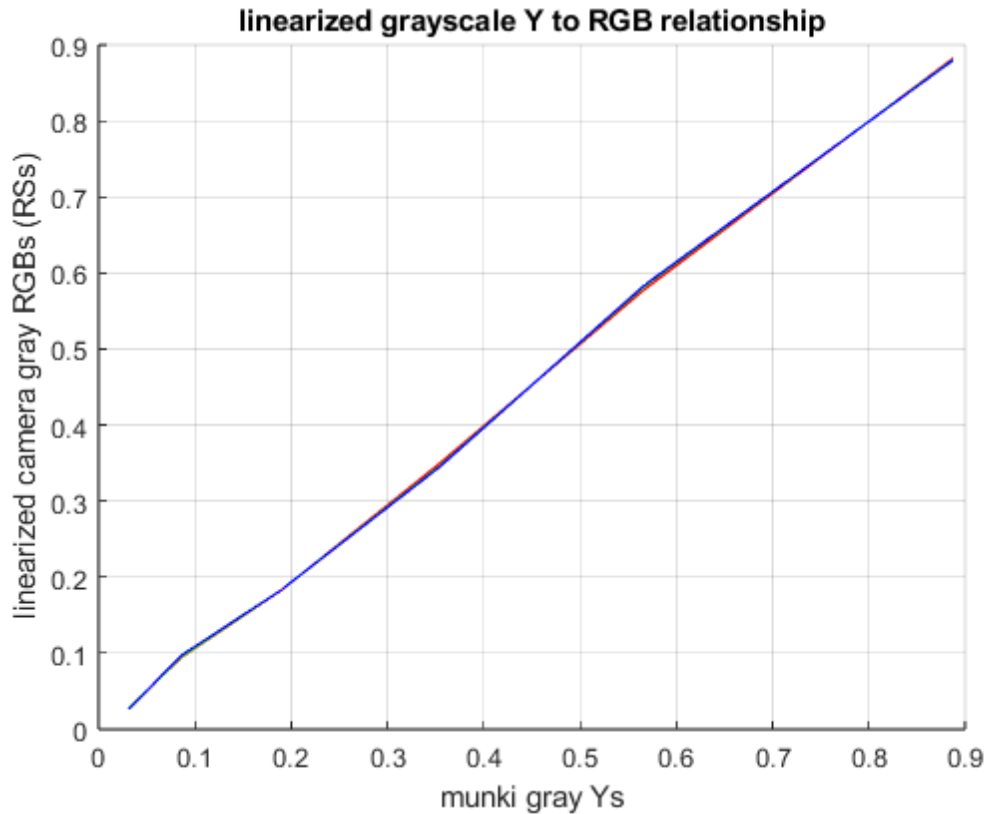
Step 7

```
% Extract radiometric scalars for gray patches (#19-24)
gray_RSs = cam_RSs(:, 19:24);

% Plot the TTFs using the radiometric scalars for verification
figure;
hold on;

% Plot each channel's radiometric scalars for gray patches
plot(normalized_gray_Ys, gray_RSs(1, :), '-r'); % Red channel
plot(normalized_gray_Ys, gray_RSs(2, :), '-g'); % Green channel
plot(normalized_gray_Ys, gray_RSs(3, :), '-b'); % Blue channel
```

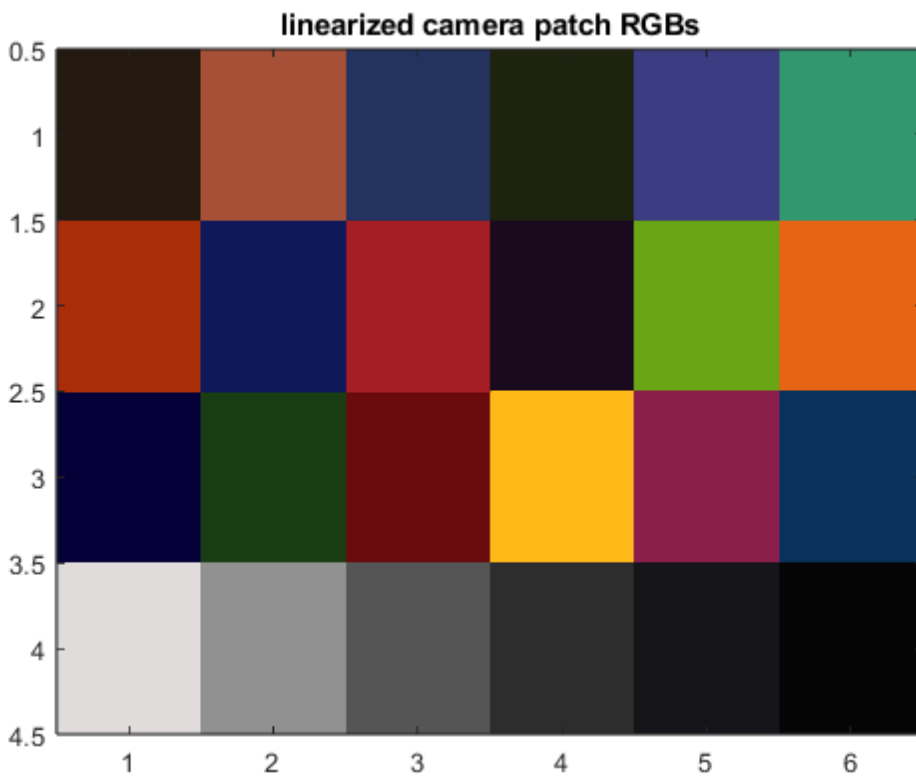
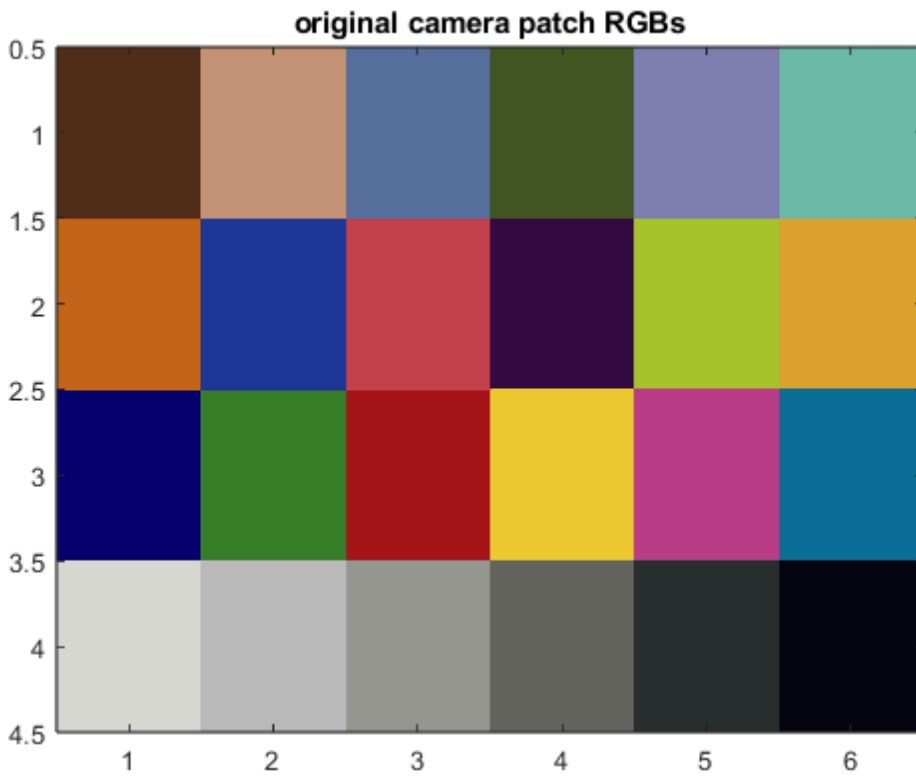
```
% Label the plot for clarity
xlabel('munki gray Ys');
ylabel('linearized camera gray RGBs (RSs)');
title('linearized grayscale Y to RGB relationship');
grid on;
hold off;
```



Step 8

```
% visualize the original camera RGBs
pix = reshape(cam_rgbs', [6 4 3]);
pix = uint8(pix*255);
pix = imrotate(pix, -90);
pix = flipdim(pix,2);
figure;
image(pix);
title('original camera patch RGBs');

% visualize the linearized camera RGBs
pix = reshape(cam_RSs', [6 4 3]);
pix = uint8(pix*255);
pix = imrotate(pix, -90);
pix = flipdim(pix,2);
figure;
image(pix);
title('linearized camera patch RGBs');
```



Step 9

```
% use the munki-measured ColorChecker XYZs and camera-captured RGB RSs to
% derive a 3x3 matrix that can be used to estimate XYZs from camera RGBs
cam_matrix3x3 = munki_XYZs * pinv(cam_RSs)
```

```
cam_matrix3x3 =
```

```
42.1733    25.5418    22.5755
20.8446    56.9833    16.4482
-1.4126     3.9189    77.4845
```

Step 10

```
% estimate the ColorChecker XYZs from the linearized camera rgbs using
% the 3x3 camera matrix
cam_XYZs = cam_matrix3x3 * cam_RSs
```

```
cam_XYZs =
```

```
Columns 1 through 7
```

```
9.9881    40.6913    20.2649    10.9455    28.1071    33.2503    34.4405
9.5310    35.6141    21.1540    12.6487    27.3932    44.9620    25.6034
4.6532    18.1834    30.0899     6.3029    40.8227    35.6976     4.0742
```

```
Columns 8 through 14
```

```
13.9377    33.8050     8.1306    36.5103    51.2355     6.5105    13.0420
13.5392    23.0515     6.3807    47.4240    43.9657     5.0990    17.8175
27.7568    11.0148     9.7830     8.6113     7.5458    16.6086     7.7552
```

```
Columns 15 through 21
```

```
20.6221    62.9629    33.5519    15.3683    79.5116    52.4961    31.3031
12.8482    63.9356    23.4835    18.7891    82.9864    54.9025    32.6103
4.2740     8.9579    22.8486    29.4141    70.3343    46.7538    27.5271
```

```
Columns 22 through 24
```

```
16.4578     8.5953     2.4104
17.1957     8.9872     2.5133
14.6003     7.7570     2.0393
```

Step 11

```
% convert XYZ to Lab
XYZ_D50 = ref2XYZ(cie.PRD, cie.cmf2deg, cie.illD50);
lab_D50_Cam = XYZ2Lab(cam_XYZs, XYZ_D50);

% Calculate deltaEab
DEab_D50 = deltaEab(lab_D50_Cam, munki_Labs);

% print table
print_camera_model_error(munki_Labs, lab_D50_Cam, DEab_D50)
```

Camera model color error

camera->camera_RGBs->camera_model->estimated_XYZs

colormunki measured vs. camera estimated ColorChecker Lab values							
patch #	measured			estimated			
	L	a	b	L	a	b	dEab
1	37.1865	14.9985	15.2592	36.9872	6.4315	14.6656	8.5899
2	65.8188	16.8695	18.0267	66.2240	20.6309	20.9691	4.7927
3	49.9949	-3.1841	-23.5159	53.1176	-0.6419	-23.7110	4.0314
4	42.6411	-15.3251	20.0423	42.2291	-8.8877	15.5403	7.8662
5	54.6852	9.6978	-26.7126	59.3365	6.8026	-28.2816	5.6990
6	71.2441	-33.1391	-0.5010	72.8668	-32.4177	1.9639	3.0380
7	62.2558	34.1094	57.7774	57.6587	37.2695	53.6289	6.9520
8	39.5890	9.9980	-43.6388	43.5647	5.6655	-36.3890	9.3346
9	51.8424	48.1403	16.0636	55.1254	45.9931	20.4212	5.8632
10	29.4495	22.4255	-21.7661	30.3533	19.4600	-18.3278	4.6296
11	71.6264	-24.3441	57.6850	74.4602	-28.1819	61.8088	6.3059
12	72.2288	20.6039	69.0149	72.2056	24.7893	61.9773	8.1882
13	28.6402	18.5907	-51.4092	27.0150	18.1945	-43.0396	8.5352
14	54.6309	-39.5493	32.8341	49.2740	-24.6900	21.6141	19.3748
15	42.5988	54.6049	25.7315	42.5336	46.7154	26.3712	7.9157
16	82.4265	3.8689	78.8570	83.9322	3.0457	76.8934	2.6078
17	51.5476	49.5154	-14.3758	55.5669	43.2078	-6.9601	10.5324
18	49.3892	-26.5473	-28.6645	50.4395	-15.2803	-27.2507	11.4039
19	95.4458	-0.4414	0.0244	93.0085	-0.9866	-1.6748	3.0207
20	80.0339	0.1309	-0.9345	78.9851	-1.1380	-1.7214	1.8247
21	66.0107	-0.0004	-1.1463	63.8441	-0.5092	-1.0398	2.2281
22	50.5546	-0.6207	-0.9616	48.5057	-0.6845	-1.0584	2.0522
23	35.1532	-0.0632	-0.9708	35.9597	-0.6051	-1.3487	1.0425
24	20.3224	-0.2858	-0.5603	17.9787	-0.2613	0.3301	2.5073
min							1.0425
max							19.3748
mean							6.1807

Step 12

```
% split the radiometric scalars (cam_RSs) into r,g,b vectors
RSrgbs = cam_RSs;
RSrs = RSrgbs(1,:);
RSgs = RSrgbs(2,:);
RSbs = RSrgbs(3,:);

% create vectors of these RSs with multiplicative terms to
% represent interactions and square terms to represent non-linearities in
% the RGB-to-XYZ relationship
RSrgbs_extd = [RSrgbs; RSrs.*RSgs; RSrs.*RSbs; RSgs.*RSbs; RSrs.*RSgs.*RSbs; ...
RSrs.^2; RSgs.^2; RSbs.^2; ones(1,size(RSrgbs,2))];

% find the extended (3x11) matrix that relates the RS and XYZ datasets
cam_matrix3x11 = munki_XYZs * pinv(RSrgbs_extd)
```

cam_matrix3x11 =

Columns 1 through 7

64.7600	19.3070	20.6893	39.5074	-48.1134	53.4091	42.5711
28.6057	71.3533	15.1166	25.8634	-38.4367	45.8319	59.4179
3.4950	-10.7304	115.1717	1.4706	-16.0630	22.1297	67.3254

Columns 8 through 11

-32.3731	-34.3686	-23.8248	-0.3033
-14.6694	-53.9021	-32.5543	-0.3189
-7.0171	8.9373	-95.1470	-1.1015

Step 13

```
% estimate XYZs from the RSs using the extended matrix and RS representation
cam_XYZs_estimated = cam_matrix3x11 * RSrgbs_extd
```

cam_XYZs_estimated =

Columns 1 through 7

11.6832	41.2536	18.8800	11.9038	24.7386	31.4972	36.1428
11.0826	37.0964	20.0062	14.4769	23.2169	43.0466	27.1929
4.7149	19.9469	29.1456	6.2052	34.3058	36.0678	2.7490

Columns 8 through 14

11.6244	32.5605	8.7029	34.1370	49.9654	5.1494	12.7912
11.1912	21.6540	6.3410	43.5957	45.1202	3.3893	19.5657
27.5455	11.7475	11.7421	7.7742	5.6170	19.0951	7.2059

Columns 15 through 21

23.3274	60.5831	29.1095	13.0382	85.4983	53.5147	32.3123
13.4087	60.6942	18.6406	17.8275	88.9393	55.3804	33.8454
4.9519	8.4111	22.9666	28.4469	73.4523	46.0468	28.6614

Columns 22 through 24

17.5236	9.2647	2.4774
18.7723	10.0695	2.7110
16.1532	8.6313	1.5852

Step 14

```
% Calculate XYZ values for cam_XYZs
XYZ_D50 = ref2XYZ(cie.PRd, cie.cmf2deg, cie.illD50);
lab_D50_Cam_estimated = XYZ2Lab(cam_XYZs_estimated, XYZ_D50);

% Calculate deltaEab
DEab = deltaEab(lab_D50_Cam_estimated, munki_Labs);
```



```
% Print table
print_extended_camera_model_error(munki_Labs, lab_D50_Cam_estimated, DEab)
```

Extended camera model color error

camera->camera_RGBs->extended_camera_model->estimated_XYZs

colormunki measured vs. camera estimated ColorChecker Lab values							
patch #	measured			estimated			dEab
	L	a	b	L	a	b	
1	37.1865	14.9985	15.2592	39.7192	7.2522	19.0389	8.9836
2	65.8188	16.8695	18.0267	67.3493	17.5005	19.1239	1.9861
3	49.9949	-3.1841	-23.5159	51.8442	-2.0851	-24.3962	2.3243
4	42.6411	-15.3251	20.0423	44.9092	-13.5707	20.6017	2.9214
5	54.6852	9.6978	-26.7126	55.2951	10.4110	-26.3405	1.0095
6	71.2441	-33.1391	-0.5010	71.5866	-33.1732	-0.7645	0.4334
7	62.2558	34.1094	57.7774	59.1524	36.5820	65.2221	8.4361
8	39.5890	9.9980	-43.6388	39.9006	6.0541	-42.3526	4.1601
9	51.8424	48.1403	16.0636	53.6580	47.9374	15.6732	1.8681
10	29.4495	22.4255	-21.7661	30.2570	24.9032	-24.6571	3.8921
11	71.6264	-24.3441	57.6850	71.9574	-25.4083	60.6494	3.1669
12	72.2288	20.6039	69.0149	72.9710	18.1156	71.7403	3.7643
13	28.6402	18.5907	-51.4092	21.5402	26.4820	-58.0582	12.5257
14	54.6309	-39.5493	32.8341	51.3426	-35.2623	27.3801	7.6772
15	42.5988	54.6049	25.7315	43.3727	55.6408	24.0684	2.1066
16	82.4265	3.8689	78.8570	82.2141	4.9158	75.9130	3.1318
17	51.5476	49.5154	-14.3758	50.2641	49.8029	-16.3270	2.3532
18	49.3892	-26.5473	-28.6645	49.2863	-24.7680	-27.6675	2.0422
19	95.4458	-0.4414	0.0244	95.5550	-0.4788	-0.0458	0.1352
20	80.0339	0.1309	-0.9345	79.2599	0.3011	-0.4091	0.9508
21	66.0107	-0.0004	-1.1463	64.8396	-1.1463	-1.2030	1.6394
22	50.5546	-0.6207	-0.9616	50.4198	-3.0722	-1.6055	2.5383
23	35.1532	-0.0632	-0.9708	37.9670	-3.6036	-1.1832	4.5274
24	20.3224	-0.2858	-0.5603	18.8471	-2.6603	6.5196	7.6118
						min	0.1352
						max	12.5257
						mean	3.7577

Step 15

```
% save the (extended) camera model for use in later projects
save('cam_model.mat', 'cam_polys', 'cam_matrix3x11');
```

Step 16

Include a listing of the camRGB2XYZ function

```
function cam_XYZs = camRGB2XYZ(cam_model, cam_RGBs)

% Load cam_polys and cam_matrix3x11 from the cam_model file
load(cam_model, 'cam_polys', 'cam_matrix3x11');

% Normalize cam_RGBs to the range 0-1
cam_rgbs = cam_RGBs / 255;
```

```

% Define indices for color channels
r = 1; g = 2; b = 3;

% linearize the camera data
cam_RSs(r,:) = polyval(cam_polys(r,:), cam_rgbs(r,:));
cam_RSs(g,:) = polyval(cam_polys(g,:), cam_rgbs(g,:));
cam_RSs(b,:) = polyval(cam_polys(b,:), cam_rgbs(b,:));

% clip out of range values
cam_RSs(cam_RSs<0) = 0;
cam_RSs(cam_RSs>1) = 1;

% split the radiometric scalars (cam_RSs) into r,g,b vectors
RSrgbs = cam_RSs;
RSrs = RSrgbs(1,:);
RSgs = RSrgbs(2,:);
RSbs = RSrgbs(3,:);

% create vectors of these RSs with multiplicative terms to
% represent interactions and square terms to represent non-linearities in
% the RGB-to-XYZ relationship
RSrgbs_extd = [RSrgbs; RSrs.*RSgs; RSrs.*RSbs; RSgs.*RSbs; RSrs.*RSgs.*RSbs; ...
RSrs.^2; RSgs.^2; RSbs.^2; ones(1,size(RSrgbs,2))];

% Return estimated XYZ values
cam_XYZs = cam_matrix3x11 * RSrgbs_extd;

end

```

```

% test that the camRGB2XYZ function works correctly
cam_XYZs = camRGB2XYZ('cam_model.mat', cam_RGBs)

```

cam_XYZs =

Columns 1 through 7

11.6832	41.2536	18.8800	11.9038	24.7386	31.4972	36.1428
11.0826	37.0964	20.0062	14.4769	23.2169	43.0466	27.1929
4.7149	19.9469	29.1456	6.2052	34.3058	36.0678	2.7490

Columns 8 through 14

11.6244	32.5605	8.7029	34.1370	49.9654	5.1494	12.7912
11.1912	21.6540	6.3410	43.5957	45.1202	3.3893	19.5657
27.5455	11.7475	11.7421	7.7742	5.6170	19.0951	7.2059

Columns 15 through 21

23.3274	60.5831	29.1095	13.0382	85.4983	53.5147	32.3123
13.4087	60.6942	18.6406	17.8275	88.9393	55.3804	33.8454
4.9519	8.4111	22.9666	28.4469	73.4523	46.0468	28.6614

Columns 22 through 24

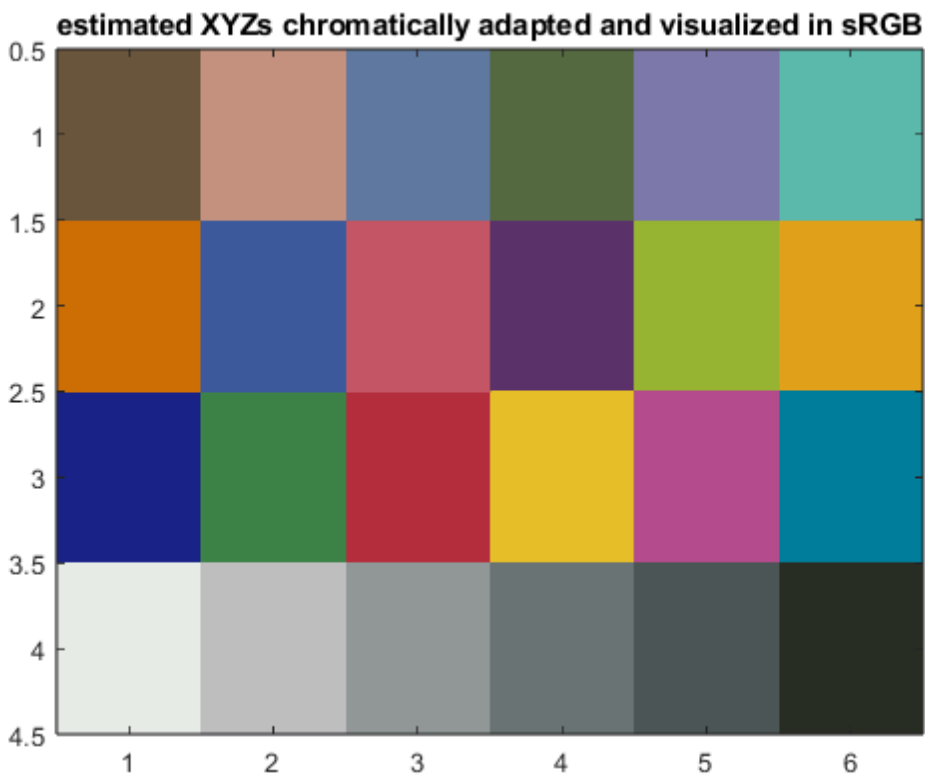
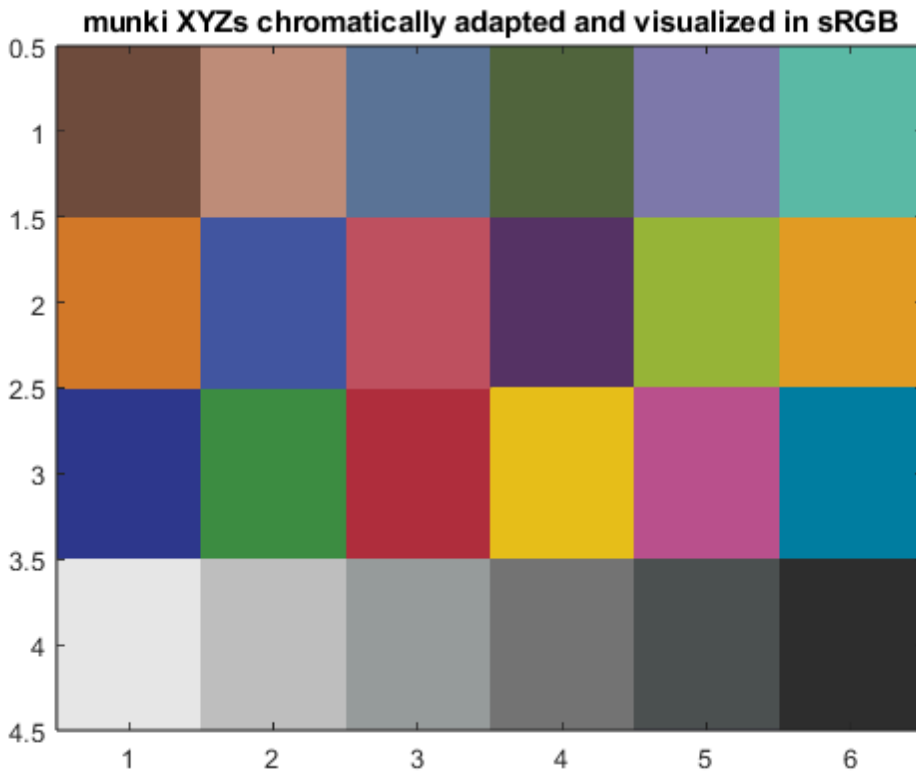
17.5236	9.2647	2.4774
18.7723	10.0695	2.7110
16.1532	8.6313	1.5852

Step 17

```
XYZ_D65 = ref2XYZ(cie.PRD, cie.cmf2deg, cie.illD65);

% visualize the munki-measured XYZs as an sRGB image
munki_XYZs_D65 = catBradford(munki_XYZs, XYZ_D50, XYZ_D65);
munki_XYZs_sRGBs = XYZ2sRGB(munki_XYZs_D65);
pix = reshape(munki_XYZs_sRGBs', [6 4 3]);
pix = uint8(pix*255);
pix = imrotate(pix, -90);
pix = flipdim(pix,2);
figure;
image(pix);
title('munki XYZs chromatically adapted and visualized in sRGB');

% visualize the camera-estimated XYZs as an sRGB image
cam_XYZs_D65 = catBradford(cam_XYZs, XYZ_D50, XYZ_D65);
cam_XYZs_sRGBs = XYZ2sRGB(cam_XYZs_D65);
pix = reshape(cam_XYZs_sRGBs', [6 4 3]);
pix = uint8(pix*255);
pix = imrotate(pix, -90);
pix = flipdim(pix,2);
figure;
image(pix);
title('estimated XYZs chromatically adapted and visualized in sRGB');
```



Feedback

i. Who did which parts

Shakira - parts 2 - 10

Hridiza - parts 1, 11 - 18

ii. Problems

- No issues with this project

iii. Valuable parts

- Learning how to compare estimated and measured XYZ values in practice
- Practically seeing how the estimation models work

iv. Improvements

- Perhaps there were slightly too many hints for the code for this project

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