Assignment - 02 TOPIC: FILE SYSTEM COMMANDS

- 1. Create two C files to print "Hello World!" in two different ways:
 - a. Program containing normal statement terminator → HelloWorld1.c.
 - b. Program without any statement terminator → HelloWorld2.c.

Ans:

```
ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55$ ls
Unix_File_System
ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55$ mkdir Assignment1
ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55$ ls
Assignment1 Unix_File_System
ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55$ cd Assignment1
a)
```

```
ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55/Assignment1$ vim HelloWorld1.c ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55/Assignment1$ gcc HelloWorld1.c -o HelloWorld1 ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55/Assignment1$ ./HelloWorld1 Hello World!
```

b)

```
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha 8 55/Assignment1$ vim Helloworld2.c
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha 8 55/Assignment1$ gcc Helloworld2.c -o Helloworld2
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha 8 55/Assignment1$ ./Helloworld2
Hello World!
```

2. Display the contents of the files.

```
Ans:
```

3. Concatenate the two files to a third file.

```
Ans:
```

4. Show the above file types.

Ans:

```
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Assignment1$ file HelloWorld1.c
HelloWorld1.c: C source. ASCTI text
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Assignment1$ file HelloWorld2.c
HelloWorld2.c: C source. ASCII text
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Assignment1$ file Program.txt
Program.txt: C source, ASCII text
```

5. Copy all the files to the home directory in an interactive manner.

Ans:

ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha B 55/Assignment1\$ cp -i HelloWorld1.c HelloWorld2.c Program.txt ~

```
ntlis cd -
  buntughrisha:-/
buntu@hrisha: 5 1s
Helloworldl.c NAN Test8
CAALPHA Helloworld2.c hrusna.txt TestC
                                                                                                                                                 first palindrome.sh
hello_world.py palindrome2.sh
loggedin.sh palindromeNum.sh
monalisa.txt prime.sh
                                                                                         classTEST3.sh classwork3.sh classwork7.sh
                                                                                                                                                                                                            who sh
                                                                      assignment
                                                                                                           classwork4.sh command.sh
classwork5.sh data
                                                                                                                                                                                             sorting.sh
users.sh
                                                                                       classwork
classworkl.sh
                                                                     classTEST1.sh
                             Program.txt Unix_File_System
                                                                                        classwork2.sh classwork6.sh fileType.sh
Cprog.sh Monalisa.txt
                                               abc.txt
                                                                      classTEST2 sh
```

6. Create a copy of the C file in TestA-1.

Ans:

```
ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha_B_55/Assignment1$ cp Helloworld1.c ~/MCA2023/Monalisa_B_02/Unix_File_System/TestA/TestA-1/
ubuntu@hrtsha:-/MCA2023/Hrtsha_B_55/Assignment1$ ls ~/MCA2023/Monalisa_B_02/Unix_File_System/TestA/TestA-1/
Helloworld1.c
```

7. Copy the file to the home directory in an interactive manner.

Ans:

8. Remove the directories TestC & TestC-1.

Ans:

```
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Unix_File_System/TestC lubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Unix_File_System/TestC$ ls

TestC-1

ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Unix_File_System/TestC$ rmdir TestC-1

ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Unix_File_System/TestC$ cd ...
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Unix_File_System$ rmdir TestC

ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Unix_File_System$ ls

TestA TestB
```

9. Delete the file C file from TestA-1.

Ans:

```
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCAZO23/Hrisha & ss/Unix_File_System$ cd TestA/TestA-1
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCAZO23/Hrisha & 55/Unix_File_System/TestA/TestA-1$ ls
Helloworld1.c
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCAZO23/Hrisha & 55/Unix_File_System/TestA/TestA-1$ rm Helloworld1.c
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCAZO23/Hrisha & 55/Unix_File_System/TestA/TestA-1$ ls
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCAZO23/Hrisha & 55/Unix_File_System/TestA/TestA-1$
```

Rename the text file in the home directory.

Ans:

11. Create a C file for a menu driven calculator.

```
Ans .
```

12. Show the C file in the paged manner using more and less commands.

Ans:

```
include<stdio.h>
printf("Multiplication : %d", num1"num2;
break;
case 4: printf("Enter number1 and number2 : ");
scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);
printf("Division : %d", num1/num2);
break;
case 5: printf("Enter number1 and number2 : ");
scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);
printf("Modulo : %d", num1%num2);
break;
case 6:
                                      case 6:
                                                   exit(0);
                                      default
                                                   :
printf("Invalid choice.\n");
break;
              }
return 0;
  Calculator.c (END)
```

13. Count the number of lines, words and characters separately. Ans:

```
MCA2023/Hrisha B 55/Assignment1$ wc Calculator.c
41 123 1167 Calculator.c
```

14. Compare the two C files.

Ans:

```
Helloworld1.c Helloworld2.c differ: byte 32, line 3
```

15. Find what is common in two C files.

Ans:

```
wbuntu@hrtsha:~/MCA2023/Hrtsha
#include<stdio.h>
    int main() {
        if(printf("Hello World!\n"))
        printf("Hello World!\n");
        return 0;
                                                                       tsha 8 55/Assignment1$ comm HelloWorld1.c HelloWorld2.c
```

Find the difference in two C files.

Ans:

```
ubuntu@hrisha:-/MCA2023/Hrisha
3c3
       printf("Hello World!\n");
       if(printf("Hello World!\n"))
```