

Carnegie Mellon University

Tepper School of Business

46-886: Machine Learning Fundamentals

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#### Recommender Systems: Model-Based Collaborative Filtering

Much of this slide deck is derived/borrowed from course material I've co-taught at MIT



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### Collaborative Filtering

	i	tem	<i>i</i> Items	
user u		?	C	
Users		С	user-item ratings	user information (e.g. demographics)
			item meta-data (e.g. genre)	

• For user *u* and item *i*, we want to predict how user *u* will rate item *i* 

#### Collaborative Filtering Systems

- Two broad types of CF methods:
  - Neighborhood CF
    - User-User
    - Item-Item
  - Model-based CF

### Model-Based Collaborative Filtering

#### Notation

													N	lov	⁄ie												
User	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	ı	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	•••
John				5					1				3			4											•••
Isabel														4				4					1		2		•••
Charles			3				2				2				5												•••
•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

- Index users by u = 1, ..., 6040 and movies by m = 1, ..., 3900
- OBS: collection of the **observed** user-movie pairs (u, m)
  - (John, D), (John, I), (John, M), (John, P), (Isabel, N), ...
- $OBSR_{u,m}$ : observed rating of the user-movie pair (u,m)
  - For example  $OBSR_{John,D} = 5$

#### Some Intuition

• More generally, how can we estimate missing user ratings?

													N	lov	vie 💮												
User	Α	В	С	D	Ε	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	•••
John	5		3		1		2		4																		•••
Isabel	5		3		1		2		?																		•••
Charles											2		1		2		1		1								•••
Paul											3		3		2		3		?								•••
Rahul											4		5		2		5		3								•••
Jose																					1	5	2	2	4		•••
Caroline																					5	1	4	4	?		•••
0 0 0	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••

#### Where's the structure?

													N	Aovi	e												
User	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	0	P	Q	
John				5					1				3			4											
Isabel														4				4					1		2		•••
Charles			3				2				2				5												
Paul					1				1										4		5						•••
Rahul												2												4			
Jose		5				3											2			2						1	•••
Caroline								4							1							4					
Stephanie	3				2					2	2							3						5			•••
•••																											

The previous slides were artificial of course: there were visibly obvious ways to impute the missing ratings using particular users or movies. But even so:

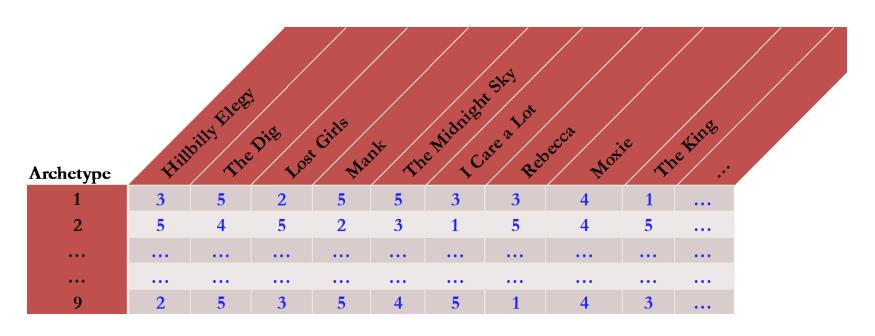
- How could we extrapolate to other movies not viewed by any users in a cluster?
- How do we pool information across users and movies in a more systematic way?

### New Concept: Archetype Users

#### Concept of Archetypal Users

- "Archetypal user": idealized stereotype of movie-watchers:
  - Archetype 1: ("Culture Gourmand") Enjoys movies on topics that allow for introspection and adventure or nostalgic trips of childlike awe and wonderment.
  - Archetype 2: ("Artistic Activist") Sees movies as both reflective of society and implements for social change. Also is a visual aesthete.
  - O ...
  - Archetype 9: ("Emotional Escapist") Prefers movies that engage in the emotional side of life, via tears, laughter, etc., giving the STEM side of the brain a few hours of rest.
- We will create a set of k archetypal users (we will use k = 9)

## Archetype Users are characterized by their ratings of all of the movies



- Index archetypes by a = 1, ..., 9 and movies by m = 1, ..., 3900
- $S_{a,m}$ : supposed rating of movie m by archetype a
  - For example, in the above table:  $S_{2,Mank} = 2$  and  $S_{9,Mank} = 5$

#### Concept of Archetypal Users, cont.

- We could specify the archetypes, in which case they might be described as in the previous slide, and we could then model each user as a weighted linear combination of the archetypes
- Or we could leave it up to the model to determine the archetypes. This will yield a
  more accurate model, but the model might not necessarily be so interpretable
  - Kind of like in clustering where the model determines the clusters and we then have to try to interpret the cluster means afterwards
- We will presume that there are k archetypal users, where k is a small number (we will use k=9 )

### Archetypes Ratings of Movies

Suppose the archetype ratings of movies are:

													N	lov	⁄ie												
Archetype	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	
1																	3										
2		•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••				•••	•••			2				•••	•••	•••	•••			•••
3	•••	• • •	• • •		•••	•••	• • •		•••					•••			4					• • •	• • •	•••			
4	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••					•••			5				•••	•••	•••	•••			•••
5	•••	• • •	• • •		•••	•••	• • •							•••			3					• • •	•••	•••			
6		•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••					•••			2				•••	•••	•••	•••			•••
7																	1										
8	•••	• • •	• • •		• • •	• • •	• • •		• • •					• • •			4			• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•••	•••		
9	•••																3		•••						• • •		

## Concept of each User as a weighted combination of archetypes

- Idea: each user can be approximated as some linear weighted combination of archetypes, perhaps:
  - John ~ 0.7 x (Arch.1) + 0.1 x (Arch.2) + ... + 0.2 x (Arch.9)
  - Isabel  $\sim 0.8 \times (Arch.1) + 1.6 \times (Arch.2) + ... 0.3 \times (Arch.9)$
  - Charles ~ 0.2 x (Arch.1) 0.6 x (Arch.2) + ... + 1.1 x (Arch.9)
- Each user is characterized by k = 9 weights, one for each archetype
  - User  $u \sim w_{u,1} \times (Arch.1) + w_{u,2} \times (Arch.2) + ... + w_{u,9} \times (Arch.9)$
  - e.g.,  $w_{Charles,1} = 0.2$ ,  $w_{Charles,2} = -0.6$ , ...,  $w_{Charles,9} = 1.1$
- $\rightarrow$  There are 9 x 6,040 = 54,360 weights one for each user-archetype pair. We will determine/compute the weights that best fit the training data (just like in our other prediction models).

# Users' composition weights of Archetypes are to be determined by the model fitting procedure

Let us now suppose that the user weights of archetypes are to be determined by the model:

				A	rchety	pe			
User	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
John			•••		•••		•••	•••	•••
Isabel									
Charles									
Paul									
Rahul									
Jose	$w_{Jose,1}$	$w_{Jose,2}$	$w_{Jose,3}$	w <sub>Jose,4</sub>	$w_{Jose,5}$	w <sub>Jose,6</sub>	w <sub>Jose,7</sub>	w <sub>Jose,8</sub>	$w_{Jose,9}$
Caroline									
Stephanie									
•••							•••		•••

# Archetype Ratings of Movies are to be determined by the model fitting procedure

Let us also suppose the archetype ratings of movies are to be solved by the model:

													N	lov	vie	:											
Archetype	A	В	C	D	$\mathbf{E}$	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	•••
1																	$S_{1,Q}$										
2																	$S_{2,Q}$										•••
3																	$S_{3,Q}$										•••
4																	$S_{4,Q}$										•••
5																	$S_{5,Q}$	•••									•••
6																	<b>S</b> <sub>6,<b>Q</b></sub>										•••
7																	<b>S</b> <sub>7,<b>Q</b></sub>										•••
8																	<b>S</b> <sub>8,Q</sub>										•••
9	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	<b>S</b> 9, <b>Q</b>				•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••

#### Formula for Jose's predicted rating of movie Q

				A	rchety	pe															M	lovi	e										
User	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Archetype	A	В	<b>D</b>	E	F	G I	I I	J	K	L	. M	N	P	Q	]	R S	T	U	V	W Z	XY	Z	
John										1														$S_{1,Q}$	·								•••
Isabel										2														$S_{2,Q}$									•••
Charles										3														$S_{3,Q}$									
Paul										4														$S_{4,Q}$									•••
										5														$S_{5,Q}$		••							•••
Rahul				•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	6														$S_{6,Q}$	·								
Jose	$w_{Jose,1}$	$w_{Jose,2}$	$w_{Jose,3}$	$w_{Jose,4}$	$w_{Jose,5}$	$w_{Jose,6}$	$w_{Jose,7}$	$w_{Jose,8}$	$w_{Jose,9}$	7														$S_{7,Q}$	·								
Caroline										8														$S_{8,Q}$	·								
Stephanie										9														$S_{9,Q}$	·								

$$R_{\text{Jose,Q}} = w_{\text{Jose,1}} \cdot S_{1,Q} + w_{\text{Jose,2}} \cdot S_{2,Q} + \cdots + w_{\text{Jose,9}} \cdot S_{9,Q}$$

# Illustration of model computation: prediction of Jose's rating of movie Q

• Let us illustrate how we compute Jose's rating of movie Q using the illustrative data numbers shown...

#### Users' composition weights of Archetypes

Suppose the user composition weights of archetypes are:

				Arc	chety	pe			
User	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
John	•••		•••	•••	•••		•••		
Isabel									
Charles									
Paul									
Rahul									
Jose	.2	.3	.1	.9	3	4	.8	8	.7
Caroline									
Stephanie									
	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	

### **Archetype Ratings of Movies**

Suppose the archetype ratings of movies are:

													N	lov	vie												
Archetype	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	•••
1																	3										
2																	2										•••
3																	4										•••
4																•••	5										•••
5																•••	3										
6																•••	2										•••
7																•••	1										•••
8																	4										•••
9					•••	•••	•••										3					•••					

#### Jose's <u>predicted</u> rating of movie Q

				Arc	chety	ype			
User	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
John									
Isabel									
Charles									
Paul									
Rahul									
Jose	.2	.3	.1	.9	3	4	.8	8	.7
Caroline									
Stephanie									

													N	lov	rie												
Archetype	A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	Ι	J	K	L	M	N	o	P	Q	R	s	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	
1																	3										
2																	2										
3																	4										
4																	5										
5																	3										
6																	2										
7																	1										
8																	4										
9																	3										

$$R_{\text{Jose, Q}} = .2 \times 3 + .3 \times 2 + .1 \times 4 + .9 \times 5 - .3 \times 3 - .4 \times 2 + .8 \times 1 - .8 \times 4 + .7 \times 3 = 4.1$$

### Jose's observed rating of movie Q

		Movie																									
User	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Η	Ι	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	•••
John				5					1				3			4											
Isabel														4				4					1		2		
Charles			3				2				2				5												
Paul					1				1										4		5						
Rahul												2												4			
Jose		5				3											2			2						1	
Caroline								4							1							4					
Stephanie	3				2					2	2							3						5			
														•••	•••											•••	