All Unifying Equations

Sir Hrishi Mukherjee III

15 October 2024

1 Equations

$$\theta = F(\rho) - b(L) + d(L) - ds^2(L) - r(\phi(L)) - \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t}(L) + \nabla^2 \Psi(L) - V(x,y) + |\Psi(x,y)|^2$$

$$\mathrm{ds}^4(L) = \left(F(\rho) - \theta - b(L) + d(L) - r(\phi(L)) - \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t}(L) + \nabla^2 \Psi(L) - V(x,y) + |\Psi(x,y)|^2\right)^2$$

$$\theta_{iso} = F_{iso}(\rho) - b_{iso}(L) + d_{iso}(L) - ds^2_{iso}(L) - r_{iso}(\|\phi(L)\|) - \frac{\partial \Psi_{iso}}{\partial t} + \nabla^2_{iso} \Psi_{iso}(L) - V_{iso}(r) + |\Psi_{iso}(r)|^2$$

$$\theta_{aniso} = F_{aniso}(\rho, \theta, \phi) - b_{aniso}(L, \theta, \phi) + d_{aniso}(L, \theta, \phi) - ds^2_{aniso}(L, \theta, \phi) - r_{aniso}(\|\phi(L)\|, \theta, \phi) - \frac{\partial \Psi_{aniso}}{\partial t} + \nabla^2_{aniso} \Psi(L) - V_{aniso}(r, \theta, \phi) + |\Psi_{aniso}(r, \theta, \phi)|^2$$

$$\mathrm{ds}^4(L) = \left(F(\rho) - \theta - b(L) + d(L) - r(\phi(L)) - \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t}(L) + \nabla^2 \Psi(L) - V(x,y) + |\Psi(x,y)|^2\right)^2$$

$$\mathrm{dE}(\lambda) \overline{d\lambda = -\alpha E(\lambda), \quad \frac{dS(\lambda)}{d\lambda} = \gamma S(\lambda)(1 - S(\lambda)), \quad B(\lambda) = \frac{I(\lambda)}{I(\lambda) + E(\lambda)}}$$

$$\mathrm{ds}^4_{256}(L) = \left(F_{256}(\rho)^2 - 2F_{256}(\rho) V_{256}(r) - 2F_{256}(\rho) b_{256}(L) + 2F_{256}(\rho) d_{256}(L)\right)^2$$

$$\mathrm{I}(\mathrm{t} + \Delta t) = f\left((G_{\mu\nu} + \Lambda g_{\mu\nu}), \left(i\hbar \frac{\partial \Psi}{\partial t} = H\Psi\right), (\Psi = 0), (F = -\nabla V), \Delta t\right)$$