

1.
What is the time complexity of the following loop:

```
for( int i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++ )  
{  
    for( int j = 0 ; j <= n ; j++ )  
    {  
        //O(1) statement/s  
    }  
}
```

- A. $O(n/2)$
- B. $O(2n)$
- C. $O(n^2)$
- D. None of the above

Answer: C

2.
Measures of analysis of an algorithm are

- A. Time & Space
- B. Variables and Functions
- C. Both A & B
- D. None of the above

Answer: A

3.
_____ is a mathematical way to calculate space and time complexity of an algorithm without implementing it in any programming language.

- A. Mathematical Analysis
- B. Asymptotic Analysis
- C. Algorithm Analysis
- D. All of the above

Answer: B

4.
What is the time complexity of the following loop:

```
//whereas "n" is any constant  
for( int i = 1 ; i <= n ; i++ )  
{  
    //O(1) statement/s  
}
```

- A. $O(n)$
- B. $O(1)$
- C. $O(\log n)$
- D. $O(2*n)$

Answer: B

5.
To represent worst case time complexity following asymptotic notation is used _____.

- A. Big Omega
- B. Big Theta
- C. Big Oh
- D. None of the above

Answer: C

6.
When the running time of an algorithm is neither minimum nor maximum it is referred as _____.

- A. Average case time complexity
- B. Moderate case time complexity
- C. Best case time complexity
- D. Worst case time complexity

Answer: A

7. _____ notation is used to represent asymptotic lower bound.

- A. Big Omega
- B. Big Theta
- C. Big Oh
- D. None of the above

Answer: A

8. _____ notation is used to represent asymptotic upper bound.

- A. Big Omega
- B. Big Theta
- C. Big Oh
- D. None of the above

Answer: C

9. _____ notation is used to represent asymptotic tight bound.

- A. Big Omega
- B. Big Theta
- C. Big Oh
- D. None of the above

Answer: B

10. What is the time complexity of the following loop:

```
for( int i = 1 ; i <= n ; i *= 2 )  
{  
    //O(1) statement/s  
}
```

Time Complexity

- A. $O(n/2)$
- B. $O(2*n)$
- C. $O(\log n)$
- D. None of the above

Answer: C

SunBeam