

Dutch National Flag Algorithm

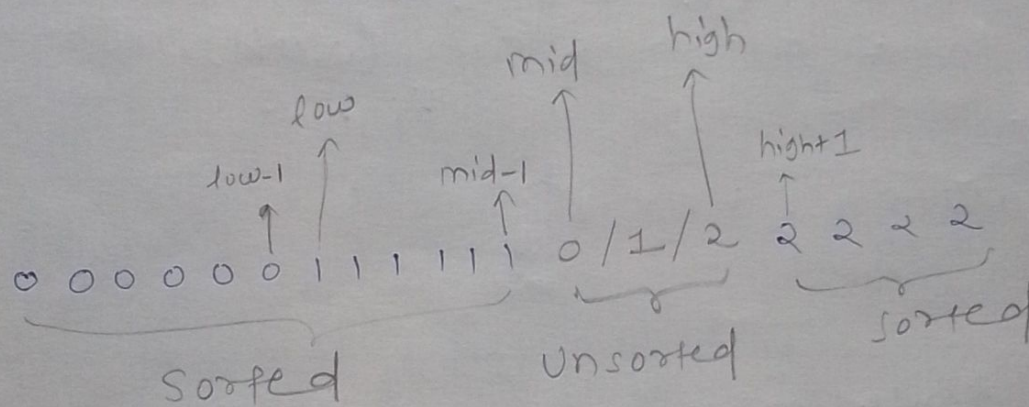
Used to segregate three different objects or numbers.

Assumption

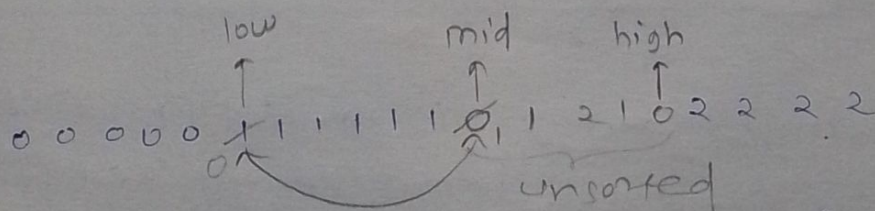
0 to low-1 \Rightarrow 0

low to mid-1 \Rightarrow 1

high+1 to n-1 \Rightarrow 2

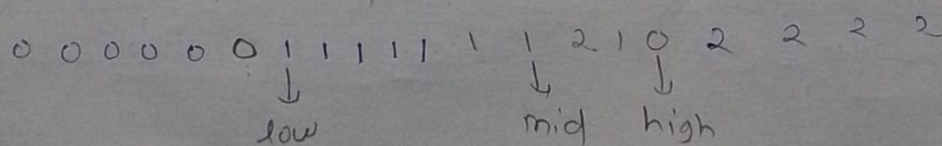


Everything betⁿ mid to high is unsorted
at first everything is unsorted in given array
so initially we'll keep mid at 0th index and
high at n-1th index



if ($a[mid] == 0$) swap($a[mid]$, $a[low]$)

Since 0 to l-1 \Rightarrow 0 and 1 to m-1 \Rightarrow 1 so low++, mid++



if (a[mid] == 1)

Since 1 is supposed to be between
low to mid-1 simply mid++
1 to m-1 \Rightarrow 1

0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 0 2 2 2 2
 ↓ ↓ ↓
 low mid high

if (a[mid] == 2)

at high there could be 0/1/2. No matter
what is there at high swap(a[mid], a[high])
high+1 to n-1 \Rightarrow 2 so high--

0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2
 ↓ ↓ ↓
 low mid high

But don't move mid, as it may not
be sorted index

Now by first if condition

0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2
 ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
 low mid high sorted

when mid == high array is sorted so stop

→ on each iteration at least one
mid ← high element gets to its correct position

when they meet we stop as array is sorted

Time Complexity - $O(N)$ Space Complexity - $O(1)$