

Capstone Project

Airbnb booking analysis

By-

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Point of discussion

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- Problem Statement
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- Distribution of room types
- Distribution of room types in different neighbourhood groups
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- Price per room type
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INTRODUCTION

- In this project we are analyzing on airbnb data of 2008
- This dataset has around 49,000 observations in it with 16 columns and it is a mix between categorical and numeric values
- which describes information regarding the Airbnb property listings, host, location, property type, price, minimum nights, number of reviews, and availability.
- Our goal here is to perform an exploratory data analysis on the Airbnb NYC dataset, which could help in understanding the story the dataset entails.



PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Explore and analyze the data to discover key understandings (not limited to these) such as :
- What can we learn about different hosts and areas?
- What can we learn from predictions? (ex: locations, prices, reviews, etc)
- Which hosts are the busiest and why?
- Is there any noticeable difference of traffic among different areas and what could be the reason for it?



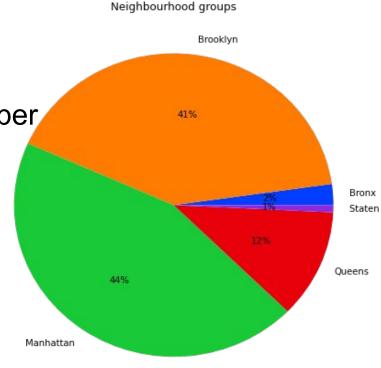
CLEANING OF DATA

We will start our exploratory data analysis by first taking a look at our data. Analyzing the provided variables and if there is any need of cleaning the dataset. Four of the sixteen variables have inconsistency in its value(name,host name,last reviews,reviews per month)name, host name and last review will not be useful to the analysis as they have more then 20 percent data missing so they can be droped.reviews per month column has nan values which must be replaced by zeros in order to make our data meaningful

NEIGHBOURHOOD GROUP AND ITS LISTING INSIGHTS

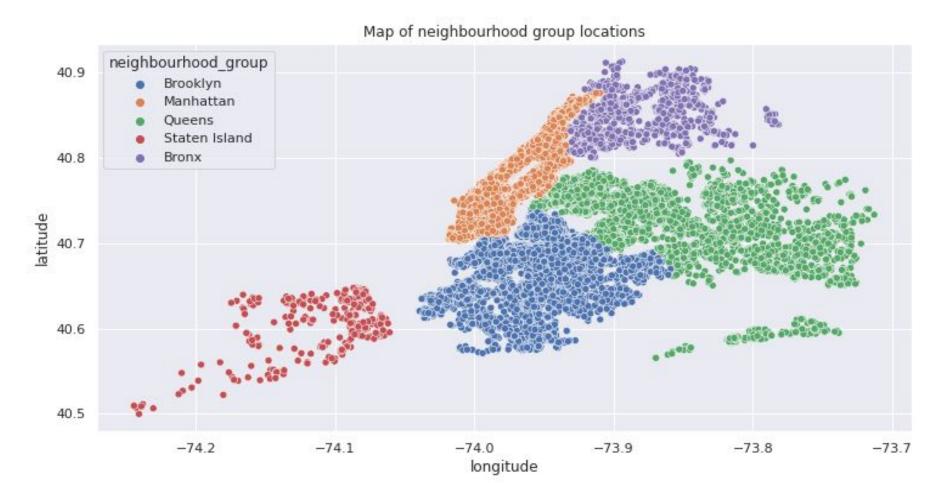
Al

Manhatten has highest number of listing About 44.3% followed by brooklyn
Of 41 percent, state island has least number
Of listing less than 1 percent



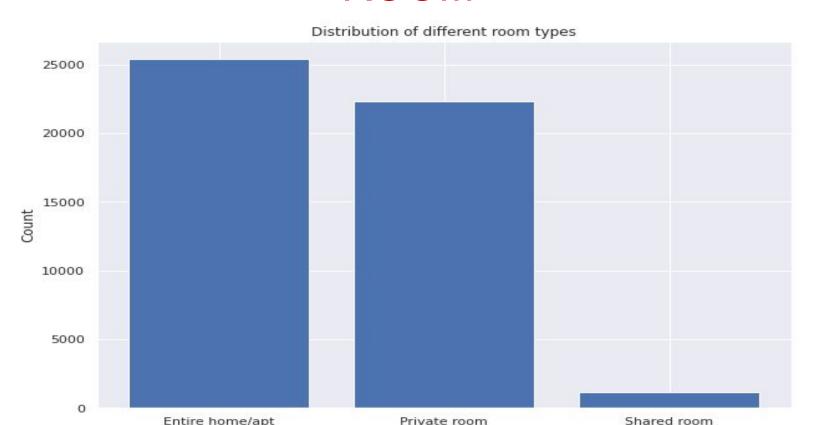
MAP OF NEIGHBOURHOOD GROUP







DISTRIBUTION OF DIFFERENT TYPE OF ROOM

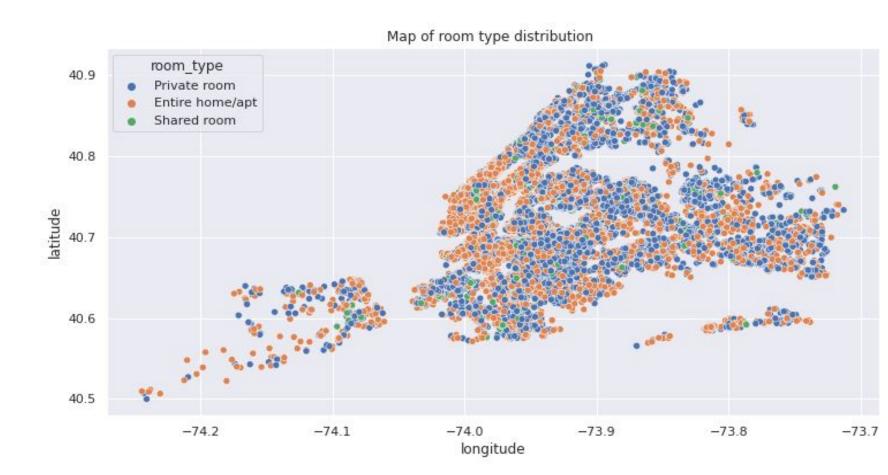


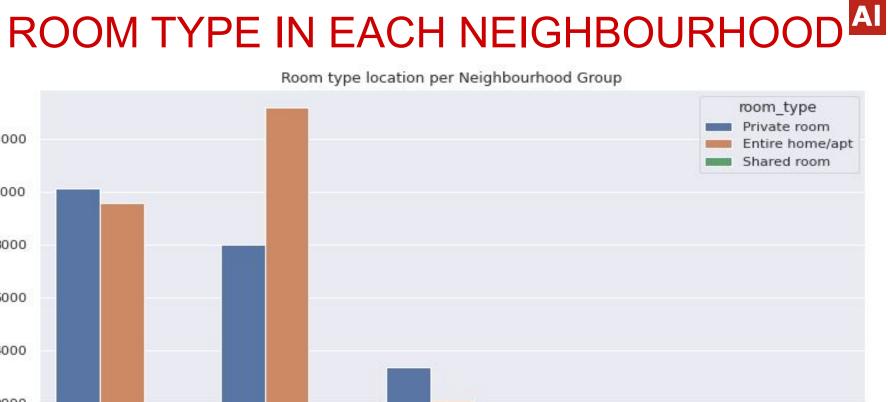


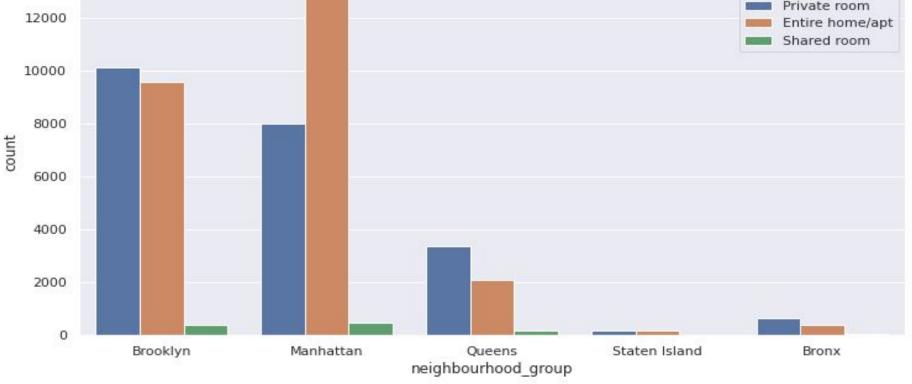
Listing of entire home/appartment is the highest followed by private rooms and at last comes shared rooms.

MAP OF ROOM TYPE DISTRIBUTION











Listing of entire home/apartment is highest in Manhattan while Brooklyn has private room listing at the highest though entire home/apt listing is not too far behind. It can be observed that shared rooms have very less listing in each of the neighbourhood groups



PRICE PER NEIGHBOURHOOD GROUP





From the above boxplot it can be observed that most of the listings in various neighbourhood groups are in lower range. For the proper analysis of the price attribute in various neighbourhood groups we have to divide our data set. One group can be of listing having higher value and a second group having lower values. Now the question is on what value the price variable must be divided? At first my thinking was to take median of the price attribute as the pivot but it would not have given a good analysis since the box plot seems skewed. Therefore we are taking highest median of price of Airbnb listing amoung the neighbourhood groups.

MEDIAN PRICE PER NEIGHBOURHOOD



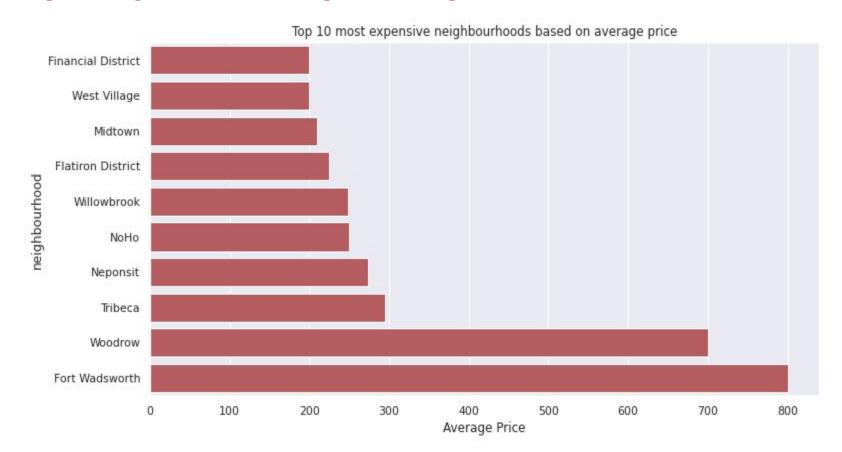




Manhattan have some really expensive proprties. Median price range in Manhattan is around 175-180. Pivot point for this analysis will be 175 dollars.

10 MOST EXPENSIVE NEIGHBOURHOOD BASED ON AVERAGE PRICE

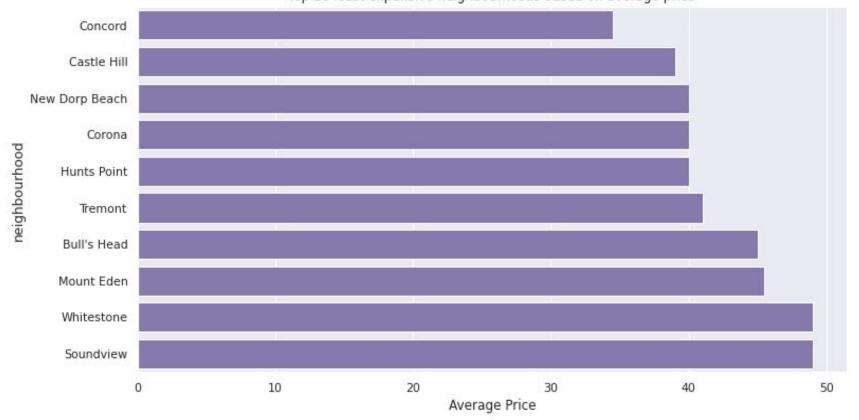




10 LEAST EXPENSIVE NEIGHBOURHOOD BASED ON AVERAGE PRICE



Top 10 least expensive neighbourhoods based on average price





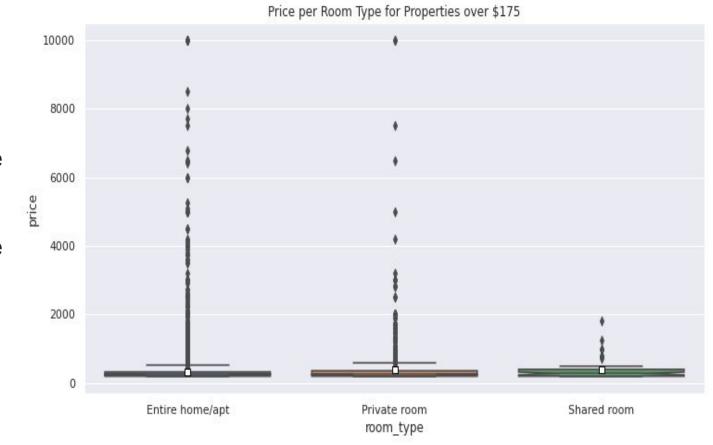
PRICE WITH TYPE OF ROOMS



room type

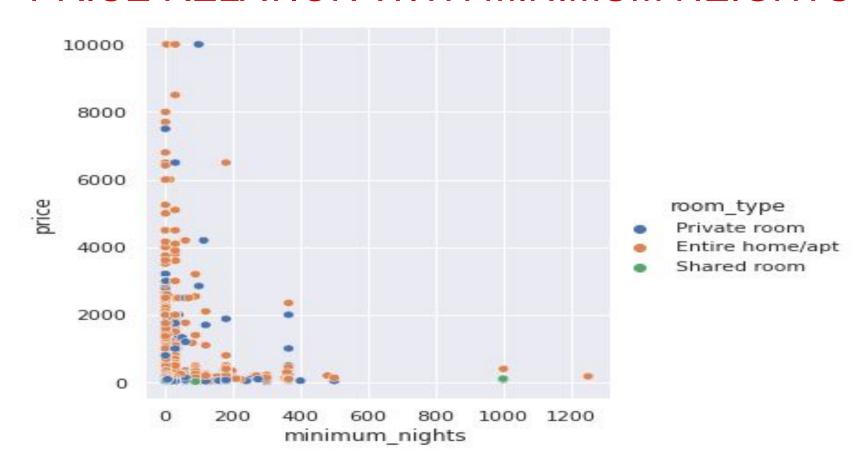


Most expensive listing are of entire home/apartment, then comes private rooms and shared rooms are the cheapest.



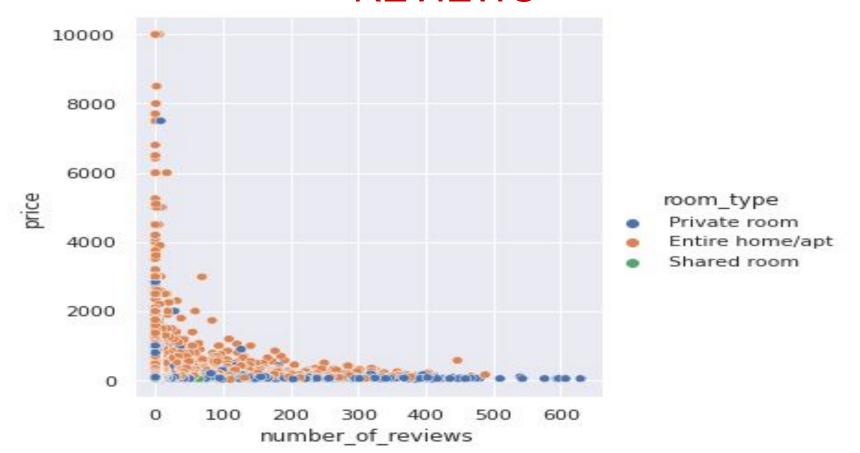


PRICE RELATION WITH MINIMUM NEIGHTS



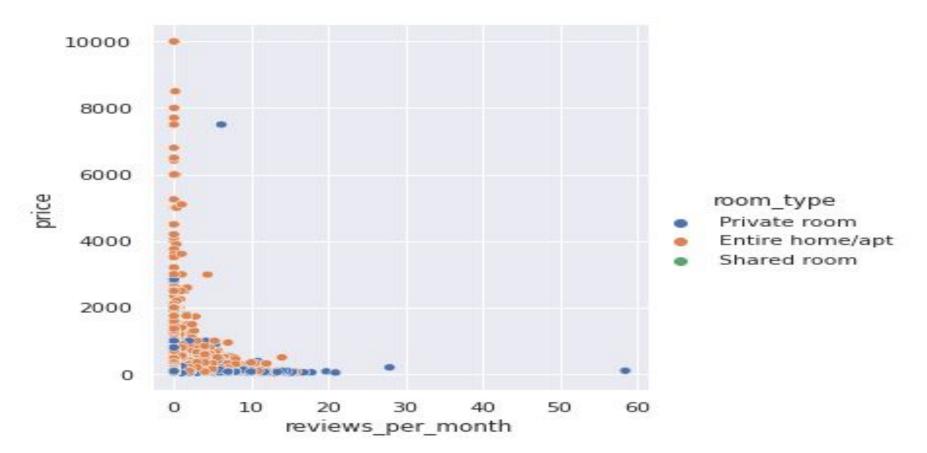
PRICE RELATION WITH NUMBER OF REVIEWS





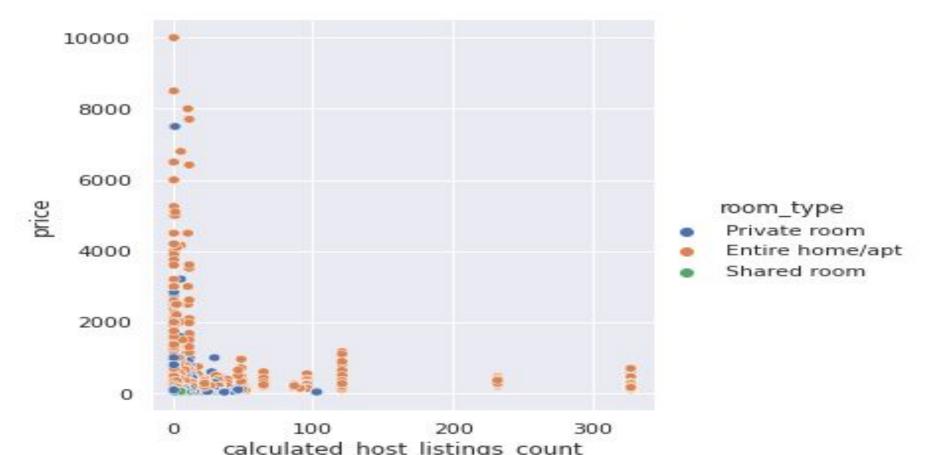
PRICE RELATION WITH REVIEWS PER MONTH





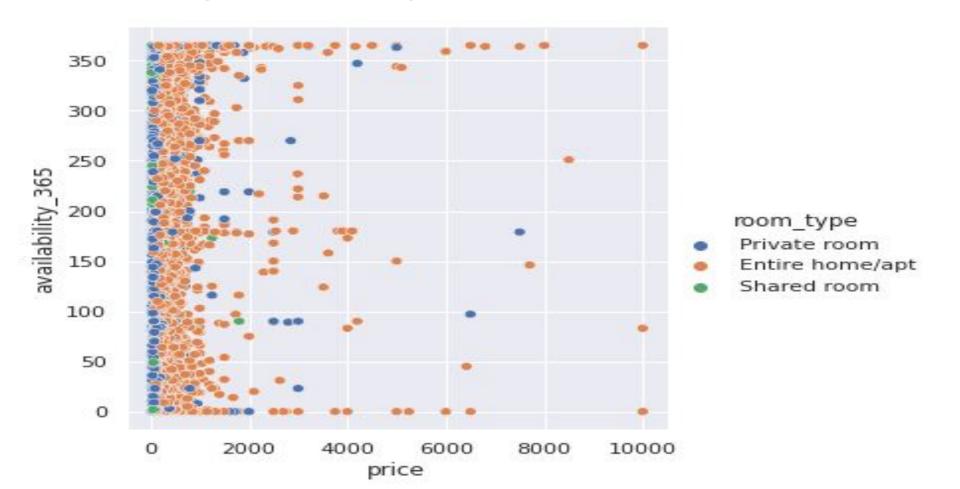
PRICE VS CALCULATED HOST LISTING COUNT





PRICE RELATION WITH AVAILABILITY







CONCLUSION

That's it! We reached the end of our study. Throughout the analysis, our goal was to investigate each variable and uncover as many hidden facts about the data as possible. Though it is also true that we spent the most time on the price variable and its relationship with other variables since most of the important information regarding traffic density and customer preference is correlated with price



Q/A