



## Cybersecurity, Law, and Ethics

CSE 487 / ICE 453

Section: 03

### Mini Project-1

**"Securing a networked system with Public Key Infrastructure"**

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**Recorded Presentation**  
**(Google Drive Link, student mail address) :**

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1z3QS4yJOz7nmwkCIYUflsY3omIx-JOcl/view?usp=sharing>

## Table of Contents

- **Problem Statement**
- **Requirements**
- **NetworkSetup**
- **Necessary Elements**
- **Create VMs: (In Windows 11)**
- **Web Server Configuration: (Web Server VM)**
- **Creating CA, Sub-CA and Generating SSL Certificates: (Ubuntu VM)**
- **Installing the SSL Certificate**
- **Certificate Showcasing**
- **Conclusion**

## **Problem Statement**

We have to secure a networked system with Public Key Infrastructure by implementing Transport Layer Security on HTTP for the https:// connection.

### **Requirements :**

- ❖ Configuration of Certification Authority AcmeCA with AcmeRootCA as the RootCA.
- ❖ Configuration of the Web Server with Apache2 on a Linux Host.
- ❖ DNS configuration for [www.verysecureserver.com](http://www.verysecureserver.com)
- ❖ Firewall configuration to allow necessary ports (53, 80, 443) only
- ❖ CSR Configuration and Generation for the [www.verysecureserver.com](http://www.verysecureserver.com)
- ❖ Transferring the CSR to AcmeCA
- ❖ Certification process (Verification and Certificate Generation from CSR)
- ❖ Transferring the certificate from AcmeCA to [www.verysecureserver.com](http://www.verysecureserver.com)
- ❖ Installation of the signed SSL certificate in the server of [www.verysecureserver.com](http://www.verysecureserver.com)
- ❖ Making the system trust Acme-RootCA
- ❖ Implementation of a simple file-uploading page in the server.
- ❖ Verifying the security of the connection by inspection (the padlock icon)

### **Necessary Elements :**

- Oracle VM Virtualbox
- Linux Ubuntu 18.04
- Firefox version 59.0.2 (64-bit)
- XAMPP

### **Create Virtual Machines In Windows 11**

We need to create a virtual machine to work with our project.

- Download linux ubuntu-18.04-desktop-amd64  
<https://releases.ubuntu.com/18.04/>
- Download and install VMware Workstation 16 Player
- Extract ubuntu-18.04-desktop-amd64 from zip file
- In the VM, click on new => Give the VM a name, Folder Directory and insert the necessary iso file
- Start the VM and give Username = ubuntu, Password=ubuntu, Hostname = ubuntu
- Open the terminal and go to root user Su -  
Password: ubuntu

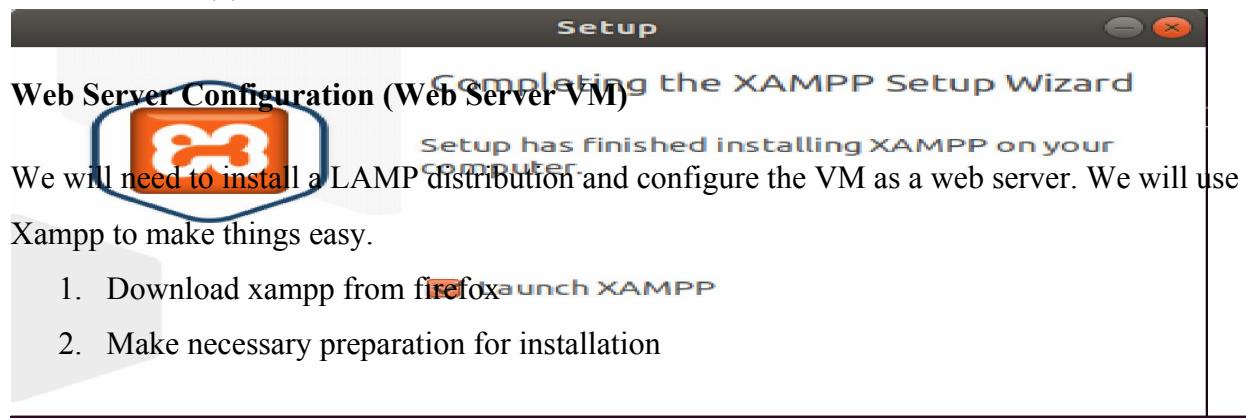
and check if sudo is in the sudoers file, and fix the situation if it is not then, add it there

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ visudo
```

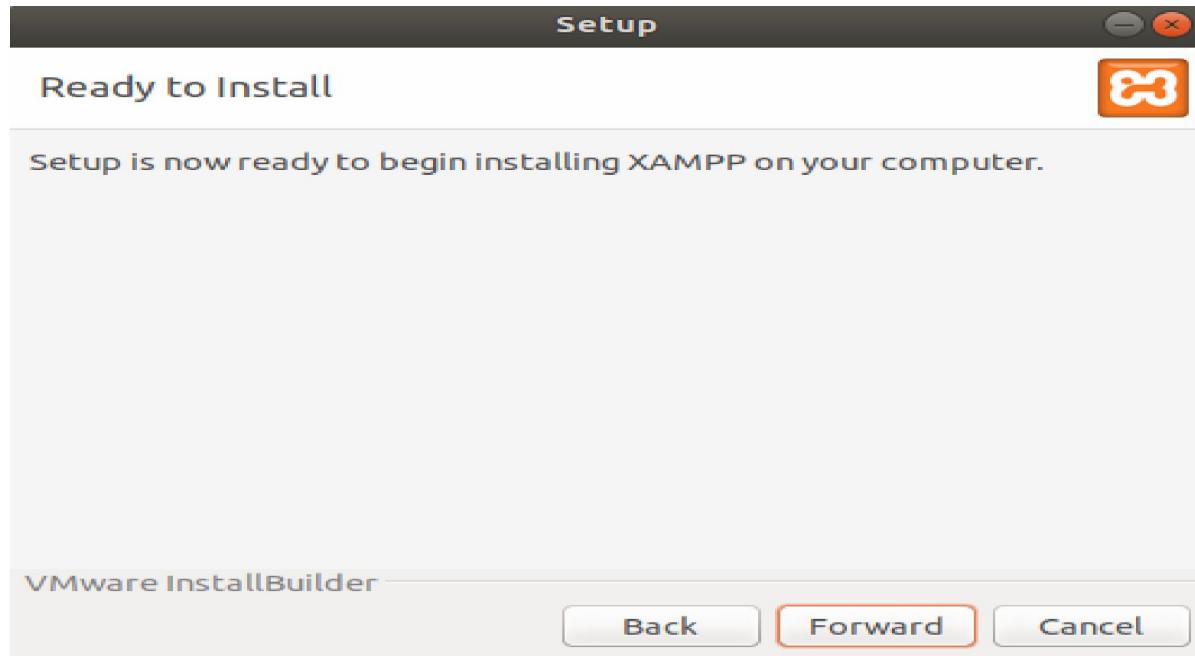
```
Defaults          secure_path="/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:  
  
# Host alias specification  
  
# User alias specification  
  
# Cnnd alias specification  
  
3 User privilege specification  
root ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL  
ubuntu ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL  
# Members of the admin group may gain root privileges  
@iadmin ALL=(ALL) ALL
```

```
# Allow members of group sudo to execute any command  
@Gsudo ALL=(ALL:ALL) ALL
```

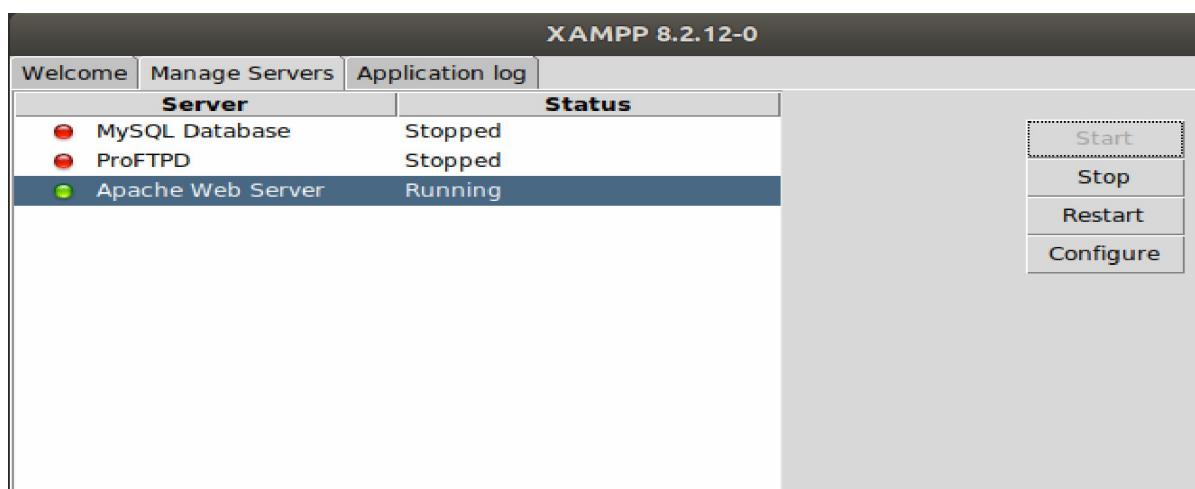
```
# See sudoers(5) for more information on "Sinclude" directives:
```



```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~/Downloads$ sudo su  
[sudo] password for ubuntu:  
root@ubuntu:/home/ubuntu/Downloads# ls  
groupS.zip-20240329T194436Z-001      xampp-linux-x64- 8.2.12-0-installer.run  
root@ubuntu:/home/ubuntu/Downloads# chmod a+rwx xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-installer  
root@ubuntu:/home/ubuntu/Downloads# ./xampp-linux-x64-8.2.12-0-installer.run
```



❖ Then start the server



- ❖ This is to check whether the Xampp server is working or not

### **Creating CA, Sub-CA, and Generating SSL Certificates**

- Preparing environment su –

The password: ubuntu

Then, I prepared all the directories

- Changing the root of the ca and sub-ca private folder

chmod -v 700 ca/{root-ca,sub-ca,server}/private

- Creating a file index in both root ca and sub ca

touch ca/{root-ca,sub-ca}/index

- Writing serial number of the root ca

openssl rand -hex 16 > ca/root-ca/serial

- writing serial number of sub ca

openssl rand -hex 16 > ca/sub-ca/serial

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ su -
Password:
root@ubuntu:# ls
vboxpostinstall.sh
root@ubuntu:# mkdir -p ca/{root-ca,sub-ca,server}/{private,certs,newcerts,crl,csr}
root@ubuntu:# chmod -v 700 ca/{root-ca,sub-ca,server}/private
mode of 'ca/root-ca/private' changed from 0755 (rwxr-xr-x) to 0700 (rwx-----)
mode of 'ca/sub-ca/private' changed      from 0755 (rwxr-xr-x) to 0700 (rwx-----)
mode of 'ca/server/private' changed      from 0755 (rwxr-xr-x) to 0700 (rwx-----)
root@ubuntu:# touch ca/{root-ca,sub-ca}/index
root@ubuntu:~# openssl rand -hex 16 > ca/root-ca/serial
root@ubuntu:~# openssl rand -hex 16 > ca/sub-ca/serial
root@ubuntu:# ls
ca vboxpostinstall.sh
```

root@ubuntu:~#

```
ubuntu@ubuntu:~$ su -
Password:
root@ubuntu:-# ls
vboxpostinstall.sh
root@ubuntu:# mkdir -p ca/{root-ca,sub-ca,server}/{private,certs,newcerts,crl,csr}
root@ubuntu:# chmod -v 700 ca/{root-ca,sub-ca,server}/private
mode of 'ca/root-ca/private' changed from 0755 (rwxr-xr-x) to 0700 (rwx-----)
mode of 'ca/sub-ca/private' changed      from 0755 (rwxr-xr-x)  to 0700 (rwx-----)
mode of 'ca/server/private' changed      from 0755 (rwxr-xr-x)  to 0700 (rwx-----)
root@ubuntu:# touch ca/{root-ca,sub-ca}/index
root@ubuntu:~# openssl rand -hex 16 > ca/root-ca/serial
root@ubuntu:~# openssl rand -hex 16 > ca/sub-ca/serial
root@ubuntu:# is
ca vboxpostinstall.sh
root@ubuntu:#
```

```
root@ubuntu:~# tree ca
ca
|-- root-ca
|   |-- certs
|   |-- crl
|   |-- csr
|   |-- index
|   |-- newcerts
|   |-- private
|       '-- serial
|-- server
|   |-- certs
|   |-- crl
|   |-- csr
|   |-- newcerts
|       '-- private
|-- sub-ca
    |-- certs
    |-- crl
    |-- csr
    |-- index
    |-- newcerts
    |-- private
    '-- serial
```

Generating private key for root CA, sub CA, and server Public key for rootCA  
Public key for rootCA

---

```
openssl genrsa -aes256 -out root-ca/private/ca.key 4096
```

Public key for subCA

---

```
openssl genrsa -aes256 -out sub-ca/private/sub-ca.key 4096
```

Public key for server

---

```
openssl genrsa -out server/private/server.key 2048
```

```

root@ubuntu:~# cd ca
root@ubuntu:~/ca# ls
root-ca server sub-ca
root@ubuntu:~/ca# openssl genrsa -aes256 -out root-ca/private/ca.key 4096
Generating RSA private key, 4096 bit long modulus
e is 65537 (0x10001)
Enter pass phrase for root-ca/private/ca.key:
Verifying - Enter pass phrase for root-ca/private/ca.key:
root@ubuntu:~/ca# openssl genrsa -aes256 -out sub-ca/private/sub-ca.key 4096
Generating RSA private key, 4096 bit long modulus
e is 65537 (0x10001)
Enter pass phrase for sub-ca/private/sub-ca.key:
Verifying - Enter pass phrase for sub-ca/private/sub-ca.key:
root@ubuntu:~/ca# openssl genrsa -out server/private/server.key 2048
Generating RSA private key, 2048 bit long modulus
e is 65537 (0x10001)

```

### Verifying the changes via the directories:

```

root@ubuntu:~# tree ca
ca

```

```

|-- root-ca
    |-- certs
    | I I' crL
    |
    I csr
        |-- index
        |-- neucerts
        |-- private
            *-- ca.key
            sertal

```

```

|-- server
    |-- certs
    | I- crL

```

```

I      csr
|      |-- neucerts
|      '-- private
|          '-- server.key

```

```

'-- sub-ca
    |-- certs
    |-- crL
    |-- csr
    |-- index

```

```
|-- neucerts  
|-- private  
|    '-- sub-ca.key  
'-- sertal
```

**Create a file named root-ca.conf and paste the following code:**

[ca]

#/root/ca/root-ca/root-ca.conf

#see man ca

default\_ca = CA\_default

[CA\_default]

dir =/root/ca/root-ca

certs = \$dir/certs

crl\_dir = \$dir/crl

new\_certs\_dir = \$dir/newcerts

database = \$dir/index

serial = \$dir/serial

RANDFILE = \$dir/private/.rand

private\_key = \$dir/private/ca.key

certificate = \$dir/certs/ca.crt

crlnumber = \$dir/crlnumber

crl = \$dir/crl/ca.crl

crl\_extensions = crl\_ext

```
default_crl_days = 30
default_md = sha256
name_opt = ca_default
cert_opt = ca_default
default_days = 365
preserve = no
policy = policy_strict
[ policy_strict ]
countryName = supplied
stateOrProvinceName = supplied
organizationName = match
organizationalUnitName = optional
commonName = supplied
emailAddress = optional
[ policy_loose ]
countryName = optional
stateOrProvinceName = optional
localityName = optional
organizationName = optional
organizationalUnitName = optional
commonName = supplied
emailAddress = optional

[ req ]
```

# Options for the req tool, man req.

default\_bits = 2048

distinguished\_name = req\_distinguished\_name

string\_mask = utf8only

default\_md = sha256

# Extension to add when the -x509 option is used.

x509\_extensions = v3\_ca

[ req\_distinguished\_name ]

Country name = Country Name (2 letter code)

stateOrProvinceName = State or Province Name

localityName = Locality Name

O.organizationName = Organization Name

organizationalUnitName = Organizational Unit Name

commonName = cyberproject

emailAddress = [cybergroup@gmail.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmail.com)

countryName\_default = BD

stateOrProvinceName\_default = Dhaka

O.organizationName\_default = ATMS

[ v3\_ca]

# Extensions to apply when creating root ca

# Extensions for a typical CA, man x509v3\_config

subjectKeyIdentifier = hash

authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid: always, issuer

basicConstraints = critical, CA: true

keyUsage = critical, digitalSignature, cRLSign, keyCertSign

[ v3\_intermediate\_ca ]

# Extensions to apply when creating intermediate or sub-ca

# Extensions for a typical intermediate CA, same man as above

subjectKeyIdentifier = hash

authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid: always, issuer

# pathlen:0 ensures no more sub-ca can be created below an intermedia

basicConstraints = critical, CA: true, pathlen:0

keyUsage = critical, digitalSignature, cRLSign, keyCertSign

[ server\_cert ]

# Extensions for server certificates

basicConstraints = CA:FALSE

nsCertType = server

nsComment = "OpenSSL Generated Server Certificate"

subjectKeyIdentifier = hash

authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid,issuer:always

keyUsage = critical, digitalSignature, keyEncipherment

extendedKeyUsage = serverAuth

- Generating root CA certificate
- Ensuring that the certificate has been created properly

Moving inside root-ca

—  
cd root-ca

Generating root CA certificate

—  
openssl req -config root-ca.conf -key private/ca.key -new -x509 -days 7305 -sha256 -extensions v3\_ca -out certs/ca.crt

Ensuring that the certificate has been created properly

—  
openssl x509 -noout -in certs/ca.crt -text

**	<b>MARNI</b> 02:06:35.	Set document	Setting	metad :gedit-spell-language not
**	<b>MARNI</b> 02:06:35.	Set document	Setting	metad :gedit-encoding not
**	<b>MARNI</b> 02:06:37.	Set document	Setting	metad :gedit-position not
gedit:5S19	<b>NG</b> **:	[614: [redacted] metadata failed: [redacted]	attribute	ata:  supported

|root@ubuntu:~/ca# gedtt root-ca/root-ca.conf  
root@ubuntu:~/ca# cd root-ca  
root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# openssl req -config root-ca.conf -key private/ca.key -new -x509 -days 7305 -sha256 -extensions v3\_ca -out certs/ca.c

rt

Enter pass phrase for private/ca.key:

You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated into your certificate request.

What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.

There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank

For some fields there will be a default value,

If you enter 'the field will be left blank.

Root-Ca Certificate :

Country Name (2 letter code) [BD]:BD  
State or Province Name [Dhaka]:Dhaka  
Locality Name []:Mirpur  
Organization Name [ATMS]:EWU  
Organizational Unit Name []:cybergroup  
cyberproject []:cyberproject  
[cybergroup@gmatl.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmatl.com) []:[cybergroup@gmail.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmail.com)

```
root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# openssl x509 -noout -in certs/ca.crt -text
```

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2)

Serial Number:

ee:b2:e9:5b:85:3f:8f:46

Signature Algorithm: sha256WtthRSAEncryptton

Issuer: C = BD, ST = Dhaka, L = Mirpur, O = EWU, OU = cybergroup, CN = cyberproject, emailAddress = [cybergroup@gmail.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmail.com)

Validity

Not Before: Jan 09 29:10:17 2025 GMT

Not After : Jan 09 20:10:17 2045 GMT

Subject: C = BD, ST = Dhaka, L = Mirpur, O = EWU, OU = cybergroup, CN = cyberproject, emailAddress = [cybergroup@gmail.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmail.com)

Subject Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption

## Subject Public Key Info: Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption

Public-Key: (4096 bit)

Modulus:

00:c7:c6:58:21:77:b1:a5:0e:96:86:90:25:07:2e:  
1f:4c:99:47:9c:96:8d:01:ae:77:24:b8:73:97:df:  
46:89:7b:1b:c4:28:fe:60:42:d8:4d:5f:2d:89:a0:  
be:9a:0e:6e:21:29:11:c2:ac:88:8a:48:c2:15:52:  
7b:6e:b1:69:78:c2:f9:8f:f1:56:e2:6b:f7:ca:e9:  
84:cc:c8:31:f7:b1:62:49:df:dc:4c:39:fa:87:17:  
15:8a:1e:30:2f:45:9f:70:39:5b:00:3c:a4:60:52:  
fb:fd:1e:c9:7b:bc:82:58:66:45:19:fe:61:ba:01:  
b9:91:2c:d2:c1:54:aa:7a:28:d8:6b:93:50:96:72:  
ed:28:e5:94:a9:a0:2c:9c:29:69:8b:d4:c2:e4:73:  
f1:02:05:a4:e8:ab:d4:5e:96:85:91:4e:a7:fe:0f:  
3f:7c:31:40:72:00:be:83:81:76:3a:9c:81:d8:a7:  
70:db:e5:b2:82:97:12:b7:8a:34:f4:c0:e6:e2:1b:  
c0:25:d9:4d:bb:44:ad:27:95:8c:ab:2e:9f:2c:bb:  
46:ce:09:47:6b:12:c0:ea:30:d5:5c:f7:81:ae:93:  
76:38:73:99:b5:a1:5f:3d:75:26:b4:52:84:c5:ea:  
58:f5:fb:aa:82:98:06:f1:48:d5:2f:1d:7d:20:0e:  
25:9d:6e:d1:0b:5a:56:51:ec:9e:33:86:a5:06:96:  
cc:fb:5d:cd:f8:e2:ea:39:8d:b4:f4:55:9a:94:06:  
df:9d:26:dc:6c:f4:4b:e1:37:a4:cf:51:58:09:11:  
41:90:8e:12:fc:e7:0a:20:d5:e9:b2:7a:9c:79:11:  
e2:f7:9f:46:20:56:2a:92:11:5f:a8:85:af:92:43:  
75:5f:a5:e4:0f:f9:a3:ba:03:a2:cd:9a:30:bc:21:  
d7:c8:ef:bc:bc:ab:29:19:9e:57:43:25:98:ba:99:  
14:e3:0d:a7:8a:19:98:cd:65:2e:4d:09:3a:ca:db:  
27:6e:8a:69:5a:fd:05:f5:59:00:02:c4:d6:4c:7d:  
64:68:a3:c8:b3:55:ee:2a:63:1c:68:f8:92:76:23:  
0f:69:e1:db:d8:59:88:c8:39:49:d3:8a:a3:7a:a1:  
6b:b0:ec:97:75:9d:58:2a:c0:aa:5c:d4:b5:16:0c:  
17:66:21:8f:ec:34:9e:a0:a1:0a:d9:90:e0:8f:f5:  
62:2c:a8:8f:25:da:52:d4:a7:38:b3:a2:8c:e4:28:  
a7:a2:0f:d5:df:90:d8:ee:c9:ab:76:86:ff:ff:82:  
d8:51:08:42:9b:ce:e0:d0:98:91:68:27:91:06:c5:  
f2:dc:bc:44:0c:3d:15:c3:f4:e1:57:45:03:b4:67:  
6b:e9:e1

Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)

X509v3 extensions:

X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:

9F:52:19:2D:CC:72:66:C0:59:24:55:D0:24:7C:97:C0:BA:6A:73:D

X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:

keyid:9F:52:19:2D:CC:72:66:C0:59:24:55:D0:24:7C:97:C0:BA:6A

X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical

CA:TRUE

X509v3 Key Usage: critical

Digital Signature, Certificate Sign, CRL Sign

Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption

50:7f:98:96:72:f6:8e:31:c4:f9:67:0b:c6:71:4a:1c:e6:5b:  
6c:a3:16:15:87:64:dc:ad:9b:e9:6e:15:da:60:37:8d:a4:88:  
0f:c2:8d:f6:03:12:d4:36:06:54:e4:dd:ab:ff:b6:8d:a4:0d:  
1f:bb:bc:91:c8:02:23:63:3b:df:4a:70:35:26:75:97:b9:4e:  
63:1b:ac:c7:e8:e7:b9:64:7e:93:0f:e3:70:8a:cb:56:06:7f:  
7b:fa:6e:38:01:2c:95:b8:6a:00:05:81:12:fe:35:c7:fd:46:  
68:62:b2:56:05:87:25:56:0c:a2:01:bc:a3:a5:2c:f3:75:42:  
50:8d:68:5c:4d:c1:16:3c:63:fc:aa:e5:e6:6a:18:f4:7a:77:  
4b:94:78:92:89:a7:55:d0:16:ce:ad:a3:86:8f:ff:69:11:50:  
dd:f5:53:08:14:9c:e1:8c:1b:6f:50:ef:3b:f0:d5:16:59:71:  
ce:e3:82:cc:6c:42:bb:2b:8e:20:71:42:fc:c4:c8:51:a3:34:  
ff:84:4c:e1:6c:07:24:a9:4b:88:78:0c:4f:ce:5a:47:80:5d:  
7e:1c:ee:62:82:1f:49:db:3b:1b:16:a5:13:87:86:ab:50:6d:  
e3:87:44:71:f7:31:cb:90:ff:6c:32:44:dd:54:60:f4:8a:a4:  
fe:ff:ef:d5:21:9c:30:66:c2:86:bf:1f:0d:17:24:5d:29:af:  
b4:84:40:2e:7d:72:d6:69:70:65:fb:ae:f3:8f:0a:42:80:b1:  
e9:00:71:4c:d8:12:a6:c3:73:48:27:7a:89:2c:c7:3e:47:50:  
72:cd:43:49:78:39:f9:ae:50:c7:93:9a:8f:08:23:5b:0f:ae:  
6b:ac:9e:51:ab:72:16:23:e3:72:05:75:7e:a1:cb:98:e9:80:  
2f:ea:7c:f5:61:6d:40:de:da:f3:48:23:d1:0e:e0:26:e3:e1:  
64:70:6d:b7:71:76:10:d0:4f:e9:d3:a6:78:f5:0f:37:12:a9:  
1f:89:6b:9c:b7:da:b3:f7:47:4e:ed:ad:89:21:a3:99:17:a4:  
aa:a4:fb:ec:35:c8:58:a4:89:62:37:7d:c8:2d:50:4e:8d:56:  
13:d8:1c:30:bf:79:ae:67:1c:49:e6:cc:82:72:c9:90:e1:6c:  
ac:c5:dd:04:4e:6d:67:54:01:23:d5:c7:c7:9d:2e:43:2e:30:  
44:2f:09:ab:48:5d:d3:f3:ae:0c:51:8b:7f:1c:be:5b:84:ae:  
9c:a2:f2:ef:27:c2:0e:3e:90:ad:74:a8:76:e4:7d:02:d3:50:  
8c:14:43:94:72:c5:2c:74:47:49:e4:c5:16:c4:1d:6c:0d:5b:  
28:fd:af:57:58:7d:b8:7a

Moving a step back and then to sub-ca

—  
cd ..../sub-ca

Sub-CA

Creating sub-ca.config

—  
gedit sub-ca.conf

Inserting the code into sub-ca.config file

—  
[ca]

#/root/ca/sub-ca/sub-ca.conf

#see man ca

default\_ca = CA\_default

[CA\_default]

dir =/root/ca/sub-ca

certs = \$dir/certs

crl\_dir = \$dir/crl

new\_certs\_dir = \$dir/newcerts

database = \$dir/index

serial = \$dir/serial

RANDFILE = \$dir/private/.rand

private\_key = \$dir/private/sub-ca.key

certificate = \$dir/certs/sub-ca.crt

crlnumber = \$dir/crlnumber

crl = \$dir/crl/ca.crl

crl\_extensions = crl\_ext

default\_crl\_days = 30

default\_md = sha256

name\_opt = ca\_default

cert\_opt = ca\_default

```
default_days =365  
preserve = no  
  
policy = policy_loose  
  
[ policy_strict ]  
  
countryName =supplied  
  
stateOrProvinceName = supplied  
  
organizationName = match  
  
organizationalUnitName = optional  
  
commonName = supplied  
  
emailAddress = optional  
  
[ policy_loose ]  
  
countryName =optional  
  
stateOrProvinceName = optional  
  
localityName =optional  
  
organizationName =optional  
  
organizationalUnitName = optional  
  
commonName =supplied  
  
emailAddress =optional  
  
[ req ]
```

### **Options for the req tool, man req.**

```
default_bits = 2048  
  
distinguished_name = req_distinguished_name  
  
string_mask = utf8only  
  
default_md = sha256
```

Extension to add when the -x509 option is used.

```
x509_extensions = v3_ca  
[ req_distinguished_name ]  
countryName = Country Name (2 letter code)  
stateOrProvinceName = State or Province Name  
localityName = Locality Name  
O.organizationName = Organization Name  
organizationalUnitName = Organizational Unit Name  
commonName = cyberproject  
emailAddress = cybergroup@gmail.com  
countryName_default = BD  
stateOrProvinceName_default = Dhaka  
0.organizationName_default = ATMS  
[ v3_ca]
```

# Extensions to apply when creating root ca

# Extensions for a typical CA, man x509v3\_config

```
subjectKeyIdentifier = hash  
authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid:always,issuer  
basicConstraints = critical, CA:true  
keyUsage = critical, digitalSignature, cRLSign, keyCertSign  
[ v3_intermediate_ca ]
```

# Extensions to apply when creating intermediate or sub-ca

# Extensions for a typical intermediate CA, same man as above

```
subjectKeyIdentifier = hash  
authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid:always,issuer  
# pathlen:0 ensures no more sub-ca can be created below an intermedia
```

```
basicConstraints = critical, CA:true, pathlen:0  
keyUsage = critical, digitalSignature, cRLSign, keyCertSign  
[ server_cert ]
```

## # Extensions for server certificates

```
basicConstraints = CA:FALSE  
nsCertType = server  
  
nsComment = "OpenSSL Generated Server Certificate"
```

```
subjectKeyIdentifier = hash  
authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid, issuer:always  
keyUsage = critical, digitalSignature, keyEncipherment  
extendedKeyUsage = serverAuth
```

Saving and exiting

Requesting for sub ca certificate signing request.

```
_____  
openssl req -config sub-ca.conf -new -key private/sub-ca.key -sha256 -out  
csr/sub-ca.csr
```

Moving to the previous folder

```
_____  
cd
```

```

root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# cd ..sub-ca
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca# gedit sub-ca.conf
* * (gedit:5741):WARNING **: 02:15:26.692: Setdocumentnetadata failed: Setting attribute
metadata::gedit-spell-ianguage not supported
* * (gedit:5741):HARNING **: 02:15:26.695: Setdocumentnetadata failed: Setting attribute
metadata::gedit-encoding not supported
* * (gedit:5741):HARING **: 02:15:28.672: Setdocunentnetadata failed: Setting attribute
metadata::gedtt-posttton not supported
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca# openssl req -config sub-ca.conf -new -key private/sub-ca.key -sha256 -out
csr/sub-ca.csr
Enter pass phrase for private/sub-ca.key:
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what ts called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fieids but you can leave some blank
For some fieids there wiii be a defaut value,
If you enter '', the fieid wiii be ieft biank.

Country Name (2 ietter code) [BD]:BD
State or Province Name [Dhaka]:Dhaka
Locaiity Name []:Mirpur
Organizatton Name [ATMS]:EWU
Organtzatonai Untt Name []:cybergroup
cyberproject []:cyberproject
cybergroup@gmail.com []:cybergroup@gmail.com
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca# cd -

```

/root/ca/root-ca  
root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca#

- Generating sub-ca certificate
- Ensuring that the certificate has been created properly

Signing the request of sub ca by root ca

---

```

openssl ca -config root-ca.conf -extensions v3_intermediate_ca -days
3652 -notext -in ..sub-ca/csr/sub-ca.csr
-out ..sub-ca/certs/sub-ca.crt

```

```

root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# openssi ca -conftg root-ca.conf -extensions v3_tnterndate_ca -days 3652 -
notext -in ..sub-ca/csr/sub-ca.csr -out
..sub-ca/certs/sub-ca.crt
Using conftguraton from root-ca.conf
Enter pass phrase for /root/ca/root-ca/private/ca.key:
Can't open /root/ca/root-ca/index.attr for readtng, No such fie or directory
140464032383424:error:020O1002:system itbrary:fopen:No such fie or
dtrectory:../crypto/bio/bss_ftie.c:74:fopen('/root/ca/root-ca/tndex.attr',
'r')
14O464032383424:error:2006DO80:BIO routines:BIO_new_ftie:no such fie:../crypto/bto/bss_ftie.c:81:
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok

```

**Certificate Details:**

Serial Number:

0f:79:2c:98:66:15:la:b2:5c:fb:29:a7:42:7f:9c:be

Validity

Not Before: Jan 09 20:19:41 2025 CMT

Not After : Jan 09 20:19:41 2035 CMT

Subject:

countryName = BD  
stateOrProvtnceName = Dhaka  
organizationName = EWU  
organizationalUnitName = cybergroup  
commonName = cyberproject  
emailAddress =

[cybergroup@gmatl.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmatl.com)

X509v3 extensions:

X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:

54:83:CA:A7:CF:39:FE:17:F5:BE:EF:B4:62:0E

X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:

keyid:9F:52:19:2D:CC:72:66:CO:59:24:55:D0:  
4A:02:7F:FF:1C7C:97:C0:BA:6A:73:D1

X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical

CA:TRUE, pathlen:0

X509v3 Key Usage: critical

Digitat Signature, Certtficate Stgn, CRL Sign

Certifcate is to be certifted until Jan 09 20:19:41 2035 GMT

Sign the certificate? [y/n]y (3652 days)

1 out of 1 certtficate requests certified, committ? [y/n]y

Write out database with 1 new entries

Data Base Updated

root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# cat index

V 340329201941Z 0F792C9866151AB25CFB29A7427F9CBE unknown

/C=BD/ST=Dhaka/C=EWU/0U=cybergroupm/CN=cyberproject/

ematlAddress=[cybergroup@gmatl.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmatl.com)

root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# |

root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# openssl x509 -noout -text -in ..sub-ca/certs/sub-ca.crt

Certificate:

Data:

Version: 3 (0x2)

Serial Number:

0f:79:2c:98:66:15:la:b2:5c:fb:29:a7:42:7f:9c:be

Signature Aigorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption

Issuer: C = BD, ST = Dhaka, L = Mirpur, O = EWU, OU = cybergroup, CN = cyberproject,  
emailAddress = [cybergroup@gmail.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmail.com)

Vaiidity

Not Before: Jan 09 20:19:41 2025 GMT

Not After : Jan 09 20:19:41 2035 GMT

Subject: C = BD, ST = Dhaka, O = EWU, OU = cybergroup, CN = cyberproject, emailAddress =

[cybergroup@gmail.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmail.com)

Subject Public Key Info:

Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption

## **Sub-ca Certificate:**

Public-Key: (4096 bit)

Modulus:

00:e2:84:1e:38:52:bc:5c:e0:50:24:bd:b5:a0:7e:  
28:e3:e8:95:9b:a0:33:ab:bf:14:15:07:37:8e:5b:  
a9:12:52:61:34:cf:8f:45:89:85:a1:30:0f:ce:36:  
47:6c:55:a1:5f:f6:e3:24:8b:c9:c8:68:d6:c2:  
7b:cc:0e:d3:b3:66:09:54:24:fa:10:e0:b9:83:b7:  
be:d9:88:76:df:a0:89:25:74:d3:7c:be:1d:09:7a:  
a6:f1:d4:93:83:25:94:a5:16:0a:84:0d:f6:7a:36:  
1d:f4:af:4d:b2:b1:86:cd:05:37:be:bd:bd:d6:36:  
90:c4:af:cb:47:bd:90:54:83:6e:8f:4e:21:1e:52:  
43:43:81:3f:1a:44:48:66:71:43:de:2f:53:c6:44:  
e0:34:24:1a:32:5d:a6:67:77:f1:aa:3c:b8:79:8d:  
ea:25:4a:a2:95:0e:0e:67:66:4c:66:ac:32:bf:28:  
ce:07:8f:4d:a8:21:8b:ef:86:a7:45:81:ae:80:1d:  
6e:f2:c9:bb:50:3c:9c:91:29:81:c9:96:10:91:89:  
05:e3:a6:83:d0:c3:26:5d:42:4c:62:57:6e:b8:db:  
20:47:a6:a3:e2:56:5a:f7:27:c3:42:ee:43:9e:12:  
15:cf:55:8f:15:8a:92:73:42:3e:90:3e:70:02:02:  
ae:0b:e0:ce:2d:cf:a1:6f:88:38:14:ac:76:b1:0d:  
c8:f4:1f:95:c4:31:be:16:86:0e:8f:bd:b5:3b:e0:  
9f:34:1e:7b:cb:4f:10:f9:3a:76:2f:cc:38:87:7a:  
3d:f5:86:23:4f:39:3a:47:ca:a7:36:e6:50:e3:9b:  
d1:ac:4d:a4:a6:31:91:f6:86:db:13:73:95:3f:ee:  
d0:35:25:4a:85:55:60:83:c4:6b:78:78:96:ab:ce:  
36:9b:08:ee:2d:12:5c:7e:80:b4:57:c8:97:0a:33:  
ec:3c:08:29:91:42:9e:cb:13:aa:43:4a:b8:01:d0:  
e7:69:06:97:9b:67:62:df:30:80:a5:21:78:eb:47:  
4f:be:53:a6:d4:fc:9e:16:db:a8:4a:93:c0:57:2d:  
cf:37:2c:9d:62:83:38:41:89:d9:19:90:3a:c3:b5:  
42:be:85:e2:84:93:de:0f:87:e4:9a:b8:60:8c:2a:  
79:fe:c9:43:82:01:41:1d:0f:6e:19:f9:fd:36:2a:  
2b:df:29:91:fe:80:0e:67:f7:b0:97:06:0c:16:40:  
2a:29:9b:ea:fd:1c:63:78:7a:6c:71:c5:48:09:09:  
52:fd:fd:b1:ee:2f:ac:93:d0:f3:33:1d:74:2d:b1:  
7f:e1:d9:70:ab:e5:0b:10:cf:87:9d:fc:03:38:59:  
dc:7e:eb

Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)

X509v3 extensions:

X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:

54:83:CA:A7:CF:39:FE:17:F5:BE:EF:B4:62:0E:7A:4A:02:7F:FF:1C

X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:

keyid:9F:52:19:2D:CC:72:66:C0:59:24:55:D0:24:7C:97:C0:BA:6A

X509v3 Basic Constraints: critical

CA: TRUE, pathlen:0

X509v3 Key Usage: critical

Digital Signature, Certificate Sign, CRL Sign

## **Signature Algorithm:**

sha256WithRSAEncryption

b6:97:c8:f1:8b:e4:68:d0:98:32:d3:d8:8c:8d:6d:bf:01:22:  
9e:23:c3:fc:b5:81:76:d5:7d:17:a3:db:97:4c:95:54:36:f9:  
08:c1:39:1b:a3:aa:44:16:db:52:b0:90:e3:52:0c:e8:7d:d3:  
1f:89:44:68:86:5f:a7:a0:6a:e0:2a:15:41:12:13:4a:ac:e2:  
08:fb:98:fc:bb:ad:b5:c7:0c:a2:5c:cd:da:ae:da:42:c7:41:  
3b:1b:2f:90:24:a0:c5:1d:ac:2f:91:f0:b1:b6:b8:db:85:af:  
d2:77:10:b0:de:a2:df:07:b7:b9:62:7e:6b:be:01:97:6f:98:  
5c:3f:58:7d:a3:3f:7f:ea:55:f8:cb:46:a1:c0:12:3f:84:77:  
c8:7c:84:bc:fc:1c:ae:a5:44:31:07:d7:07:b7:a5:9e:64:e8:  
9d:28:3a:32:13:0b:0b:c7:ff:28:9d:22:81:93:dc:e2:e0:07:  
96:eb:d0:74:3d:1a:9e:38:b6:4d:4b:ff:d5:11:55:18:3e:77:  
30:4e:a5:d7:87:ad:41:e6:44:96:98:ca:c9:4d:58:8e:c4:97:  
1f:4f:e7:23:05:d2:6e:4b:12:b1:9e:be:b7:f9:1a:61:a7:3f:  
8a:7f:53:9b:5b:f3:5e:4e:95:0d:45:26:4d:a0:76:43:0a:49:  
a5:c3:46:7a:32:85:01:c4:6d:6d:a7:2c:7a:b5:be:8a:3b:20:  
c0:14:e9:46:e2:d3:8a:70:32:8e:e2:f3:71:3d:72:56:89:ac:  
6c:57:9d:c4:c6:a8:52:c9:8e:71:a3:aa:12:b7:c2:e1:44:0d:  
23:ad:90:89:fb:9f:03:a8:b3:fa:98:ba:ac:71:9c:e0:4b:cc:  
3c:b3:77:d5:b5:fc:da:58:91:e0:f3:86:11:b0:8a:e8:a6:e2:  
62:93:3c:8b:ca:36:18:8c:05:23:21:da:b9:14:20:3e:dd:b0:  
a6:cd:3d:dd:34:b2:e7:c2:d9:dd:46:fd:94:5b:d6:e9:3c:4f:  
0a:82:9b:9f:1d:d2:29:05:14:f2:88:95:c5:5b:e6:46:95:eb:  
67:8d:91:ad:98:96:05:56:ff:da:ef:72:40:1d:4d:c8:5d:92:  
d6:68:57:18:d7:56:c9:1c:ef:c8:9d:ec:ba:5a:cf:03:04:e4:  
ec:0c:f0:4d:c7:10:34:3f:bc:df:68:58:cf:27:55:1f:6b:83:  
0d:88:75:3d:a2:56:94:66:8e:19:b5:4f:61:08:f9:07:4a:71:  
18:64:3c:52:db:2f:75:68:00:bc:00:1a:02:44:ae:df:66:eb:  
10:df:5a:dd:57:24:a5:e8:13:2f:d2:bc:99:91:9c:8c:00:d2:  
3b:4b:34:71:85:b5:5c:14

- Moving to server
- Generating certificate signing request from server
- openssl req -key private/server.key -new -sha256 -out csr/server.csr

```
root@ubuntu:~/ca/root-ca# cd ./server
root@ubuntu:~/ca/server# openssl req -key private/server.key -new -sha256 -out csr/server.csr
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
```

What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.

There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank

For some fields there will be a default value,

If you enter the field will be left blank.

Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:BD

State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Dhaka

Locality Name (eg, city) []:Mirpur

Organization Name (eg, company) [Internet Utdgts Pty Ltd]:EWU

Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:cybergroup

Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:www.verysecureserver.com

Email Address []:[cybergroup@gmail.com](mailto:cybergroup@gmail.com)

## Sub ca signing certificate request of server

```
openssl ca -config sub-ca.conf -extensions server_cert -days 365  
-notext -in ./server/csr/server.csr -out ./server/certs/server.crt
```

```
root@ubuntu:~/ca/server# cd ..sub-ca  
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca# openssl ca -config sub-ca.conf -extensions servercert -days 365 -notext -tn  
..server/csr/server.csr -out ..server/  
certs/server.crt  
Using configuration from sub-ca.conf  
Enter pass phrase for /root/ca/sub-ca/private/sub-ca.key:  
Can't open /root/ca/sub-ca/tndex.attr for readtng, No such file or directory  
140406786412992:error:02001OO2:systepi ltbrary:fopen:No such file or  
directory:../crypto/bio/bss_file.c:74:fopen('/root/ca/sub-ca/index.attr',  
'r')  
140406786412992:error:2006D080:BI0 routtnes:BI0_new_ftle:no such ftle:../crypto/bto/bss_ftle.c:81:  
Check that the request matches the signature  
Signature ok  
Certificate Details:  
    Sertal Number:  
        a6:52:f2:5c:88:7b:3e:aa:51:8c:94:c1:aa:b2:bf:ef  
    Validity  
        Not Before: Jan 09 20:31:26 2025 GMT  
        Not After : Jan 09 20:31:26 2026 GMT  
    Subject:  
        countryName      = BD  
        stateOrProvinceName= Dhaka  
        localttyName     = Mirpur  
        organtzattonName  = EWU  
        organtzattonalUnttName = cybergroup  
        commonName       = www.verysecureserver.com  
        ematlAddress     = cybergroup@gmail.com  
    X509v3 extenstons:  
X509v3 Basic Constraints:  
    CA:FALSE  
Netscape Cert Type:  
    SSL Server  
    Netscape Comment:  
        OpenSSL Generated Server Certificate  
        X509v3 Subject Key Identifer:  
            C8:58:24:5C:3D:F3:C5:50:DF:F7:F8:82:32:ID:63:0C:32:72:06:8C  
        X509v3 Authority Key Identfiter:  
            keyid:54:83:CA:A7:CF:39:FE:17:F5:BE:EF:B4:62:0E:7A:4A:02:7F:FF:1C  
        DtrName:/C=BD/ST=Dhaka/L=Mirpur/O=EWU/OU=cybergroup/CN=cyberproject/ematlAddress=cybergroup@gmail.com  
        sertal:0F:79:2C:98:66:15:1A:B2:5C:FB:29:A7:42:7F:9C:BE
```

X509v3 Key Usage: critical

Digital Signature, Key Encipherment

## X509v3 Extended Key Usage:

### TLS Web Server Authentication

To see details

cat index

```
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca# cat index
-----  
V 25D329203126Z A652F25C887B3EAA518C94C1AAB2BFEF  
eserver.com/emailAddress=cybergroup@gmaiil.com  
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca#
```

-----  
unknown /C=BD/ST=Dhaka/L=Mirpur/O=EWU/OU=cybergroup/CN=www.verysecur

Verifying via the ping command

```
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca# echo "127.0.0.2 www.verysecureserver.com" » /etc/hosts
root@ubuntu:~/ca/sub-ca# ping www.verysecureserver.com
PING www.verysecureserver.com (127.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=ttl=64ttme=9.662ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=2ttl=64ttme=9.065ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=3ttl=64ttme=0.070ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=4ttl=64ttme=0.064ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=5ttl=64ttme=0.214ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=6ttl=64ttme=0.072ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=7ttl=64ttme=0.052ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=8ttl=64ttme=0.032ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=9ttl=64ttme=0.076ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=10ttl=64ttme=0.066ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=11ttl=64ttme=0.029ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=12ttl=64ttme=0.063ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):tcmp_seq=13ttl=64ttme=0.049ms
64 bytes from www.verysecureserver.com(127.0.0.2):icmp_seq=14ttl=64ttme=0.077ms
^C
--- www.verysecureserver.com ping statistics ---
14 packets transmitted, 14 received, 0% packet loss, time 13289ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.029/0.113/0.662/0.158 ms
```

```
root-ca
|-- certs
|   |-- ca.crt
|-- crl
|-- csr
|-- index
|-- index.attr
|-- index.old
|-- newcerts
|   '-- 0F792C9866151AB25CFB29A7427F9CBE.pem
|-- private
|   '-- ca.key
|-- root-ca.conf
|-- serial
`-- serial.old
```

```

server
|-- certs
|   |-- server.crt
|-- crl
|-- csr
|   '-- server.csr
|-- newcerts
|   |-- private
|   |   '-- server.key
sub-ca
|-- certs
|   '-- sub-ca.crt
|-- crl
|-- csr
|   '-- sub-ca.csr
|-- index
|-- index.attr
|-- index.old
|-- newcerts
|   '-- A652F25C887B3EAA518C94C1AAB2BFEF.pem
|-- private
|   '-- sub-ca.key
|-- serial
|-- serial.oid
`-- sub-ca.conf

```

Copying all certificates and pem file to certificate folder  
And verifying via tree command

```

root@ubuntu: # cp /root/ca/root-ca/newcerts/0F792C9866151AB25CFB29A7427F9CBE.pem
/home/group/certificate
root@ubuntu: # cp /root/ca/sub-ca/newcerts/A652F25C887B3EAA518C94C1AAB2BFEF.pem
/home/group/certificate
root@ubuntu:# cp /root/ca/root-ca/certs/ca.crt /home/group/certiftcate
root@ubuntu:# cp /root/ca/sub-ca/certs/sub-ca.crt /home/group/certificate/
root@ubuntu:# cp /root/ca/server/certs/server.crt /home/group/certificate/
root@ubuntu:# cp /root/ca/server/private/server.key /home/group/certificate/
root@ubuntu:# ls
bin  cdrom  etc          tnitrd.img      tib  tost+found    mnt    procrun  snap  swapfite
      B5FI var
boot dev  home  initrd.img.old lib64  media      opt  root  sbin  srv  sys      usr  vmtinuz
root@ubuntu:# tree home
home
|-- group
|   |-- certificate
|
|   |-- A652F25C887B3EAA518C94C1AAB2BFEF.pem
|       |   - ca.crt
|   |-- server.crt
|   |-- server.key
|       '-- sub-ca.crt

```

## Editing the httpd-ssl.conf file

```
root@ubuntu:/# cd /opt/lampp/etc/extra  
root@ubuntu:/opt/lampp/etc/extra# chmod 777 httpd-ssl.conf  
root@ubuntu:/opt/lampp/etc/extra# gedit httpdssl.conf
```

```
# Some ECC cipher suites (http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4492.txt)  
# require an ECC certificate which can also be configured in  
# parallel. Below is line 106
```

```
|SSLCertificateFile "/home/group/certificate/server.crt"
```

```
#SSLCertificateFile "/opt/lampp/etc/server-dsa.crt"
```

```
#SSLCertificateFile "/opt/lampp/etc/server-ecc.crt"
```

```
# Server Private Key:
```

```
# If the key is not combined with the certificate, use this  
# directive to point at the key file. Keep in mind that if  
# you've both a RSA and a DSA private key you can configure  
# both in parallel (to also allow the use of DSA ciphers, etc. )
```

```
# Server Private Key:
```

```
# If the key is not combined with the certificate, use this  
# directive to point at the key file. Keep in mind that if  
# you've both a RSA and a DSA private key you can configure  
# both in parallel (to also allow the use of DSA ciphers, etc.)  
# ECC keys, when in use, can also be configured in parallel below is line 116
```

```
|SSLCertificateKeyFile "/home/group/certificate/server.key"
```

```
#SSLCertificateKeyFile "/opt/lampp/etc/server-dsa.key"
```

```
#SSLCertificateKeyFile "/opt/lampp/etc/server-ecc.key"
```

```

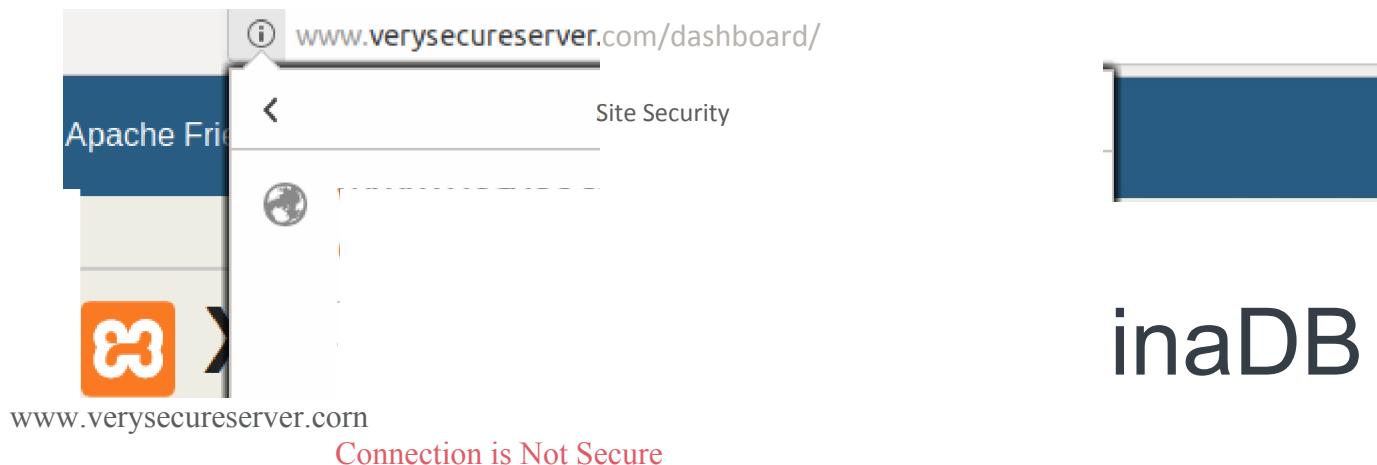
#SSLCertificateChainFile "/opt/lampp/etc/server-ca.crt"

# Certificate Authority (CA):
# Set the CA certificate verification path where to find CA
# certificates for client authentication or alternatively one
# huge file containing all of them (file must be PEM encoded)
# Note: Inside SSLCACertificatePath, you need hash symlinks
# Point to the certificate files. Use the provided
# Makefile to update the hash symlinks after changes.Below is line 136
|SSLCACertificatePath "/home/group/certificate"
#SSLCACertificateFile "/opt/lampp/etc/ssl.crt/ca-bundle.crt"

# Certificate Revocation Lists (CRL):
# Set the CA revocation path where to find CA CRLs for client
# authentication or alternatively one huge file containing all
# of them (file must be PEM encoded).

```

Primarily, [www.verysecureserver.com](http://www.verysecureserver.com) is not secure  
Before inserting all the certificates



Your connection to this site is not private.  
Information you submit could be viewed by  
others (like passwords, messages, credit cards,  
etc.)

[More Information](#)

## Certificate Manager

#Importing all necessary certificates

P cert <3

### Search Results

#### Certificates

When a server requests your personal certificate

Select one automatically

- Ask you every time

Query OCSP responder servers to confirm the current validity  
of certificates



View Certificates...

Security Devices...

## Certificate Manager

Your Certificates People Servers Authorities Others

You have certificates on file that identify these certificate authorities

Certificate Name

Security Device

Visa eCommerce Root

Builtin Object Token

-WISeKey

Builtin Object Token

OISTE WISeKey Global Root GA CA

Builtin Object Token

OISTE WISeKey Global Root GB CA

Builtin Object Token

'XRamp Security Services Inc

Builtin Object Token

XRamp Global CA Root

View..

Edit  
Trust...

Import..

Export..

Delete or  
Distrust...

## Your Certificates

People Servers Authorities Others

You have certificates on file that identify these certificate authorities

Certificate Name	Security Device	E*
Entrust Root Certification Authority	Builtin Object Token	
" Entrust.net		1
Entrust.net Premium 2048 Secure Server	Builtin Object Token	
CA		
cyberproject	Software Security Device	
” FNMT-RCM		
<b>A(" DA 17 rMMT.DCM</b>	Oj.i'dlrin Dhiart: Tnkan	
	<b>Certificate Manager</b>	

Your Certificates    People    Servers Authorities    Others

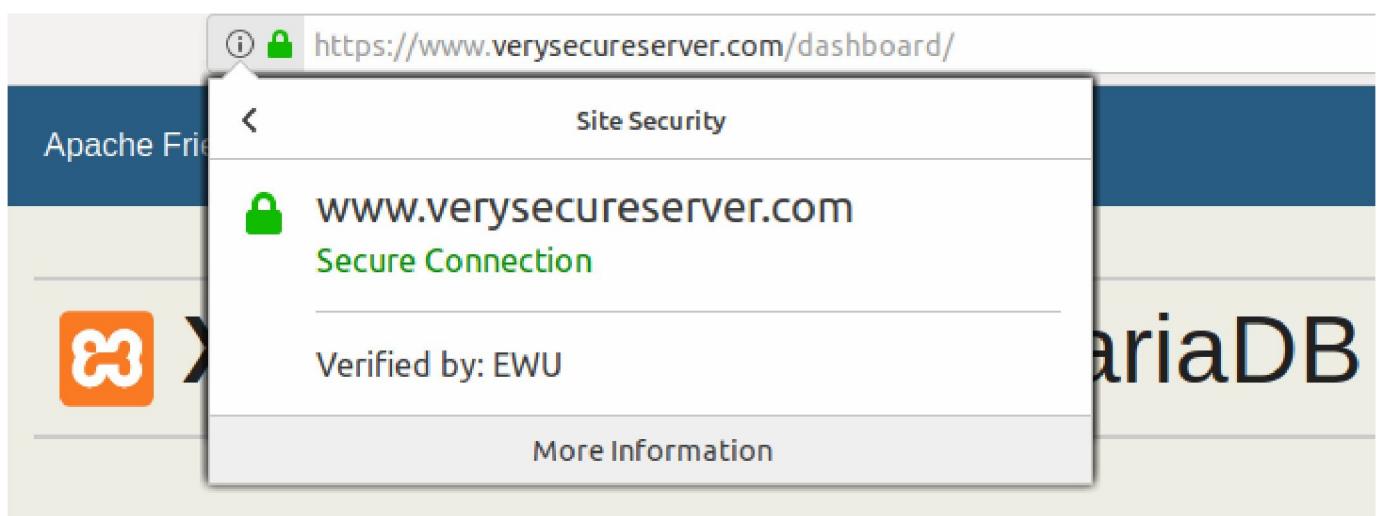
You have certificates on file that identify

Certificate Name	ExpiresOn	E-MailAddress	E5
-EWU			
www.verysecureserver.com	January 09, 2035	cybergroup@gmail.com	

these people

[View](#)

#After importing all the necessary certificates



# #Security Certification

## Certificate Manager

x

Page Info - https://www.verysecureserver.com/dashb<

Certificate Viewer: "www.verysecureserver.com"

To



General Media Permissions



### Website Identity

Website: [www.verysecureserver.com](https://www.verysecureserver.com)  
Owner: This website does not supply ownership information.  
Verified by: EWU  
Expires on: January 09, 2035

### General Details

This certificate has been verified for the following uses:

SSL Server Certificate

#### Issued To

Common Name (CN) www.verysecureserver.com  
Organization (O) EWU  
Organizational Unit (OU) cybergroup

SerialNumber

00:A6:52:F2:5C:88:7B:3E:AA:51:8C:94:C1:AA:B2:BF:EF

#### Issued By

Common Name (CN) cyberproject  
Organization (O) EWU  
Organizational Unit (OU) cybergroupS

#### Period of Validity

Begins On January 09, 2025  
Expires On January 09, 2035

#### Fingerprints

SHA-256Fingerprint 8C:BA:B F:F5:96:CF:8C:C0:7D:37:C1:B5:56:8C:OC:25:  
A4:AE:CE:6B:B8:E9:2E:6F:D8:FE:OC:53:C2:E7:05:01  
SHA1 Fingerprint 91:6C:69:76:A3:F2:F2:5F:90:3F:71:41:24:A1:C1:48:D1:75:DC:99

### Privacy & History

Have I visited this website prior to today?  
Is this website storing information (cookies) on mycomputer?  
Have I saved any passwords for this website?

No

No

No

### Technical Details

#### Connection Encrypted (TLS\_ECDHE\_RSA\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256)

The page you are viewing was encrypted before being transmitted over the Encryption makes it difficult for unauthorized people to view information computers. It is therefore unlikely that anyone read this page as it traveled

### **Conclusion:**

The protocols TLS (Transport Layer Security) and SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) are used to create encrypted and authorized connections between computers connected to a network. Our task involved using Public Key Infrastructure to implement Transport Layer Security (TLS) on HTTP for https:// connections to secure a networked system in this case (<https://www.verysecureserver.com>). At last, a secure website with a certificate from a reliable issuer has been achieved. We have utilized RSA for our public key.

The SHA-256 hash value is displayed in the certificate.

Lastly, it is demonstrated that a secured website has been created.