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## Chapter 4: Implementation

October 8, 2017

## 1 Introduction

In this chapter we will focus on the technologies.

## 2 Java Platform, Enterprise Edition (Java EE)



Figure 1: Java Enterprise Edition logo

#### 2.1 Introduction

Java EE is the Java platform edition for Enterprise Software, extending Java SE with APIs for enterprise features such as distributed computing and web services. Java EE applications are run on an application server, which handle transactions, security, scalability, concurrency and management of the components it is deploying.

The platform was known as Java 2 Platform, Enterprise Edition or J2EE from version 1.2 (December 12, 1999), until the name was changed to Java Platform, Enterprise Edition or Java EE in version 1.5. The current version is called Java EE 8.

#### 2.2 Features

The main advantages of using Java EE are:

- Portability
- Independence
- Security
- The multitude of libraries it offers

The Java EE platform is based on specifications, which means projects are portable on any compliant application server (GlassFish, JBoss...) to these specifications. This implementation is free and allows you to benefit from the entire API without any investment. The Java EE platform is the richest of Java platforms and provides a standard environment for multi-tenant business application development and execution.

The JEE platform provides the following:

- Complete Web services support. The JEE platform provides a framework for developing and deploying web services on the Java platform.
- The Java API for XML-based RPC (JAX-RPC) enables Java technology developers to develop SOAP based interoperable and portable web services.
- Developers use the standard JAX-RPC programming model to develop SOAP based web service clients and endpoints.
- A web service endpoint is described using a Web Services Description Language (WSDL) document.
- JAX-RPC enables JAX-RPC clients to invoke web services developed across heterogeneous platforms. In a similar manner, JAX-RPC web service endpoints can be invoked by heterogeneous clients

#### 2.3 Motivation

According to a trused source "TIOBE index", Java is the most popular language ever. The TIOBE Programming Community index [1] is an indicator of the popularity of programming languages. The index is updated once a month. The ratings are based on the number of skilled engineers world-wide, courses and third party vendors. Popular search engines such as Google, Bing, Yahoo!, Wikipedia, Amazon, YouTube and Baidu are used to calculate the ratings. As the above statics shows, JAVA is the most used language

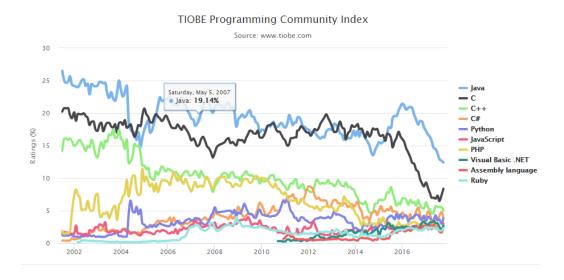


Figure 2: java statics

in the industry, today java it is not an option, it is requirement for almost all the IT Job Apply.

Other Major key that push us to use java as language of programming in our project (MassTerInsight) [2] is that the core business of MassTer software [3] is developed using java, as results it is easy to integrate in our project without any midelware or such web services.

Oct 2017	Oct 2016	Change	Programming Language	Ratings	Change
1	1		Java	12.431%	-6.37%
2	2		С	8.374%	-1.46%
3	3		C++	5.007%	-0.79%
4	4		C#	3.858%	-0.51%
5	5		Python	3.803%	+0.03%
6	6		JavaScript	3.010%	+0.26%
7	7		PHP	2.790%	+0.05%
8	8		Visual Basic .NET	2.735%	+0.08%
9	11	^	Assembly language	2.374%	+0.14%
10	13	^	Ruby	2.324%	+0.32%

Figure 3: java rank

## 3 Angular JS



Figure 4: AngularJS logo

### 3.1 Introduction

AngularJS is a structural framework for dynamic web apps. It lets you use HTML as your template language and lets you extend HTML's syntax to express your application's components clearly and succinctly. AngularJS's data binding and dependency injection eliminate much of the code you would otherwise have to write. And it all happens within the browser, making it an ideal partner with any server technology.

AngularJS is what HTML would have been, had it been designed for applications. HTML is a great declarative language for static documents. It does not contain much in the way of creating applications, and as a result building web applications is an exercise in what do I have to do to trick the browser into doing what I want?

The impedance mismatch between dynamic applications and static documents is often solved with:

- a library a collection of functions which are useful when writing web apps. Your code is in charge and it calls into the library when it sees fit. E.g., jQuery.
- frameworks a particular implementation of a web application, where your code fills in the details. The framework is in charge and it calls into your code when it needs something app specific. E.g., durandal, ember, etc.

AngularJS takes another approach. It attempts to minimize the impedance mismatch between document centric HTML and what an application needs by creating new HTML constructs. AngularJS teaches the browser new syntax through a construct we call directives. Examples include:

- Data binding, as in {{}}
- DOM control structures for repeating, showing and hiding DOM fragments.
- Support for forms and form validation.
- Attaching new behavior to DOM elements, such as DOM event handling.
- Grouping of HTML into reusable components.

#### 3.2 Features

• AngularJS is a powerful JavaScript based development framework to create RICH Internet Application(RIA).

- Angular JS provides developers options to write client side application (using JavaScript) in a clean MVC(Model View Controller) way.
- Application written in AngularJS is cross-browser compliant. AngularJS automatically handles JavaScript code suitable for each browser.
- AngularJS is open source, completely free, and used by thousands of developers around the world. It is licensed under the Apache License version 2.0.

Overall, AngularJS is a framework to build large scale and high performance web application while keeping them as easy-to-maintain.

We present in this table the directives used in our project.

Directive	description
ng-app	
ng-model	
ng-switch	
ng-switch-when	

#### 3.3 Motivation

Before I started to choose any javascript frameworks, I made a research on who are the most used and best javascript framework in the world?

Almost all the articales That I read shows that the most popular frameworks are angularjs, ember JS, react JS and backbone JS, AngularJS is the most used framework amongst these framworks and this is my first motivation

Second, The community behind angularjs is the community google, recent updates, large used by the developers as resultats resolved the bugs, also impovements.

The industry in our country and all the world, the jobs requirements skills tend to require more and more the framework angularjs base on recent research on google Trends(see the figure  $N^{\circ}$ ).

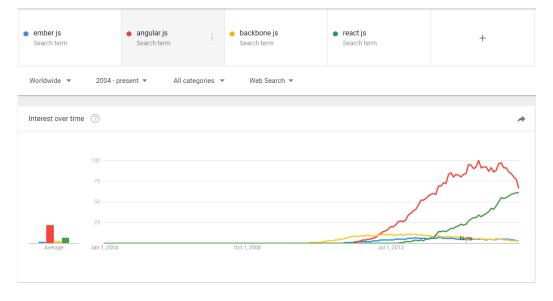


Figure 5: AngularJS on google trends



Figure 6: Bootstrap logo

## 4 Bootstrap

#### 4.1 Introduction

Bootstrap is a free and open-source front-end web framework for designing websites and web applications. It contains HTML- and CSS-based design templates for typography, forms, buttons, navigation and other interface components, as well as optional JavaScript plugins. Unlike many web frameworks, it concerns itself with front-end development only.

Bootstrap was developed by Mark Otto and Jacob Thornton at Twitter, and released as an open source product in August 2011 on GitHub.

In June 2014 Bootstrap was the No.1 project on GitHub!

#### 4.2 Features

Bootstrap 3 supports the latest versions of the Google Chrome, Firefox, Internet Explorer, Opera, and Safari (except on Windows). It additionally supports back to IE8 and the latest Firefox Extended Support Release (ESR).

Since 2.0, Bootstrap supports responsive web design. This means the layout of web pages adjusts dynamically, taking into account the characteristics of the device used (desktop, tablet, mobile phone).

Starting with **version 3.0**, Bootstrap adopted a mobile-first design philosophy, emphasizing responsive design by default.

The version 4.0 alpha release added Sass and flexbox support

#### 4.3 Motivation

All the researchs shows that Bootstrap The most popular HTML, CSS, and JavaScript framework for developing responsive, mobile first projects on the web.

According to github, Bootstrap is the second starred repository, with 115k stars.

According to a researchs in the net, all the high-tech blogs encourage developers to use bootstrap.

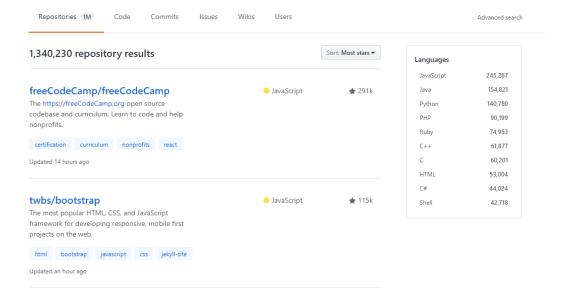


Figure 7: Bootstrap second starred on github

I used a tool offred by google named **google trends** to make a compraison between a subjects in term of most researched.

After this compraison in google trends, Bootstrap also is the most googled css framework on the web , compared to the others css frameworks Eg. Material UI which was considered as the most popular css framework after Bootstrap.

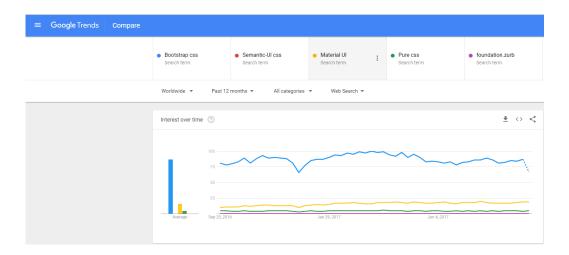


Figure 8: Bootstrap on google trends

## 5 Spring mvc framework



Figure 9: Spring logo

#### 5.1 Introduction

The Spring Web model-view-controller (MVC) framework is designed around a DispatcherServlet that dispatches requests to handlers, with configurable handler mappings, view resolution, locale, time zone and theme resolution as well as support for uploading files. The default handler is based on the @Controller and @RequestMapping annotations, offering a wide range of flexible handling methods. With the introduction of Spring 3.0, the @Controller mechanism also allows you to create RESTful Web sites and applications, through the @PathVariable annotation and other features.

Spring's web MVC framework is, like many other web MVC frameworks, request-driven, designed around a central Servlet that dispatches requests to

controllers and offers other functionality that facilitates the development of web applications. Spring's DispatcherServlet however, does more than just that. It is completely integrated with the Spring IoC container and as such allows you to use every other feature that Spring has.

The request processing workflow of the Spring Web MVC DispatcherServlet is illustrated in the following diagram. The pattern-savvy reader will recognize that the DispatcherServlet is an expression of the "Front Controlle" design pattern (this is a pattern that Spring Web MVC shares with many other leading web frameworks).

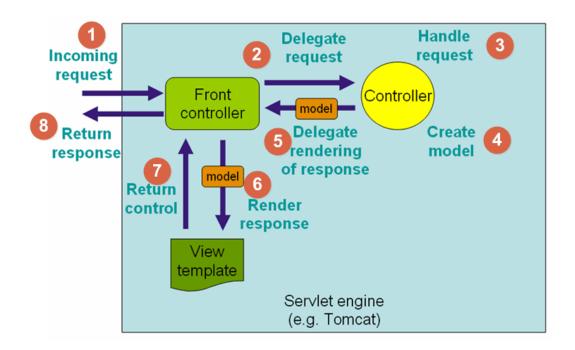


Figure 10: The request processing workflow in Spring Web MVC

#### 5.2 Features

- Since Spring MVC framework is designed like any other Spring module, developer need not spend any extra time to learn it.
- Since all the layers are independent of each others, unit testing can be easier.
- Spring framework doesn't force you to follow any pattern, or implementations to write your business logic. So it gives developer flexibility to implement or integrate any other design pattern to suffice his needs.
- Spring provides good separation flexibility between Controller, Service and Data access layers.
- Spring provides you with a tag library that is simple and yet very powerful.
- View side you can integrate with any UI framework like JSF, Velocity, Freemarker etc.
- Supports Annotation based programming along with XML, which makes development faster and cleaner.

We present in this table the annotations used in our project:

Annotation	description
Controller	••
ModelView	
RequestBody	
RespenseBody	
RequestMapping	

#### 5.3 Motivation

According to trusted sources like google engine, yahoo, Linkedin and satckoverflow: sping mvc, struts And JSF are the most JEE frameworks searched and posted by the developers, Let's take a look on google trends!!.

As you can see the curve of spring mvc is very high, wich means that spring is the most used among others frameworks, another key is That spring is the

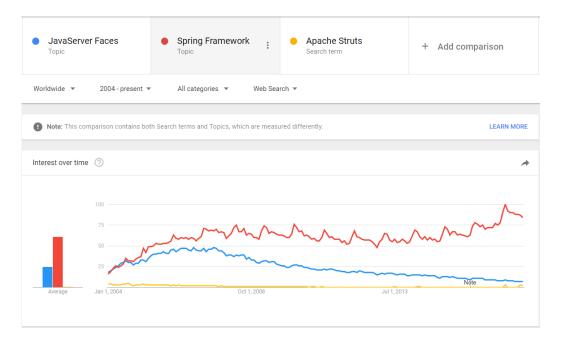


Figure 11: Spring framework on google trends

most framework recommend on job application.

The community behind spring is very active, recent updates, less bugs, imrpovement and high performance.

- 6 Pivotal tc Server
- 7 spring tools suits
- 8 Apache Maven

#### 8.1 Introduction

Apache Maven is a software project management and comprehension tool. Based on the concept of a project object model (POM), Maven can manage a project's build, reporting and documentation from a central piece of information.



Figure 12: Apache Maven logo

#### 8.2 Features

Maven provides the following benefits:

- Able to easily work with multiple projects at the same time.
- A large and growing repository of libraries and metadata to use out of the box, and arrangements in place with the largest Open Source projects for real-time availability of their latest releases
- Model based builds: Maven is able to build any number of projects into predefined output types such as a JAR, WAR, or distribution based on metadata about the project, without the need to do any scripting in most cases.
- Dependency management: Maven encourages the use of a central repository of JARs and other dependencies.
- Maven comes with a mechanism that your project's clients can use to download any JARs required for building your project from a central JAR repository much like Perl's CPAN.
- This allows users of Maven to reuse JARs across projects and encourages communication between projects to ensure that backward compatibility issues are dealt with.

## 9 HTML5

#### 9.1 Introduction

HTML5 is the next major revision of the HTML standard superseding HTML 4.01, XHTML 1.0, and XHTML 1.1. HTML5 is a standard for structuring



Figure 13: HTML5 logo

and presenting content on the World Wide Web.

#### 9.2 Features

HTML5 introduces a number of new elements and attributes that helps in building a modern website. Following are great features introduced in HTML5.

- New Semantic Elements These are like ¡header¿, ¡footer¿, ¡aside¿ and ¡section¿.
- Forms 2.0 Improvements to HTML web forms where new attributes have been introduced for ¡input; tag.
- **Persistent Local Storage** To achieve without resorting to third-party plugins.
- WebSocket A a next-generation bidirectional communication technology for web applications.
- Server-Sent Events HTML5 introduces events which flow from web server to the web browsers and they are called Server-Sent Events (SSE).
- Canvas This supports a two-dimensional drawing surface that you can program with JavaScript.
- Audio & Video You can embed audio or video on your web pages without resorting to third-party plugins.

- **Geolocation** Now visitors can choose to share their physical location with your web application.
- Microdata This lets you create your own vocabularies beyond HTML5 and extend your web pages with custom semantics.
- Drag and drop Drag and drop the items from one location to another location on a the same webpage.