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Chapter 3 : Conception

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I Introduction

II Modeling Language

A modeling language is used to describe a system, a standard or methodology, general or domain-specific and / or context based on its components and relationships. There are several modeling languages, the best known are UML and Merise. In our project we chose UML as Modeling language.

UML is a Unified Modeling language that can can model a problem in a standard way.

Why UML ?

We chose UML for these reasons :

- To obtain a very high level modeling independent of the language and environments
- Document a project.

III Global Conception

In this section, we highlight the architecture of our application, we starting with physical architecture and the logical architecture.

1 Physical Architecture

It is primordial to designing any computer system to choose the model architecture that will be adequate to ensure proper functioning, performance, the reuse and reliable interconnection of this system with others. We opt for this purpose for the physical architecture described in the figure below.

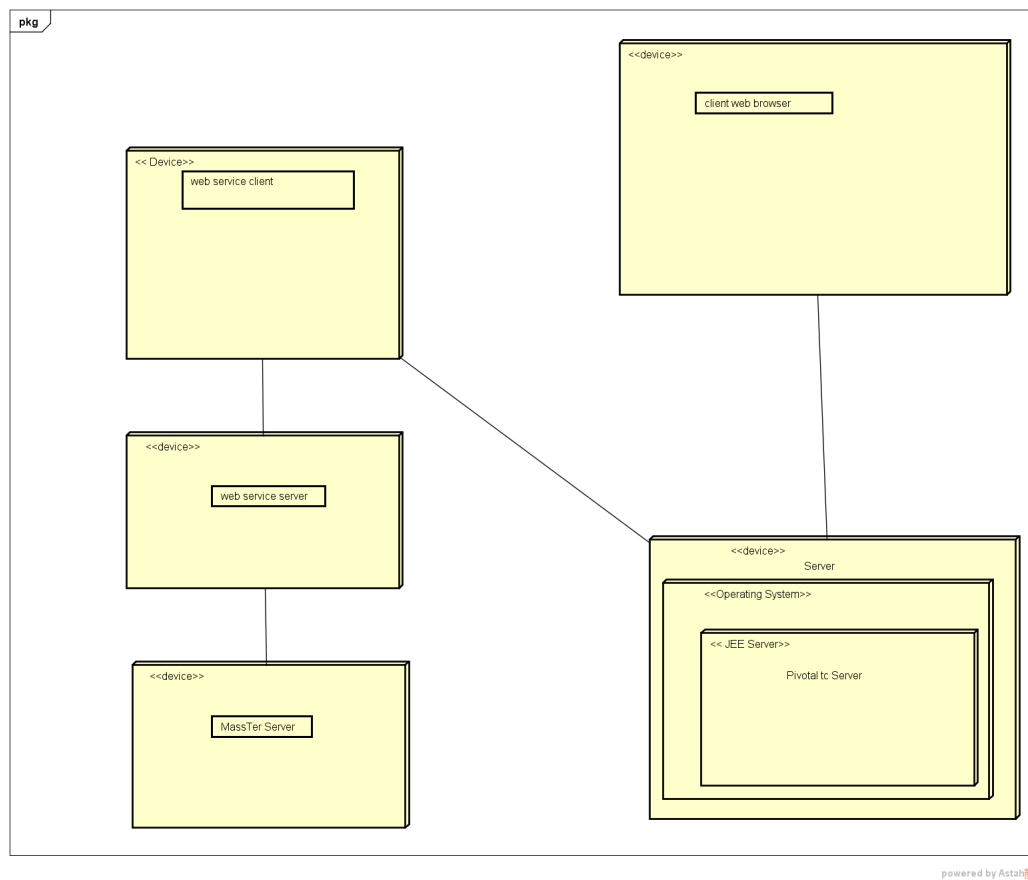


Figure 1: Deployment Diagram Physical Architecture

2 Logical Architecture

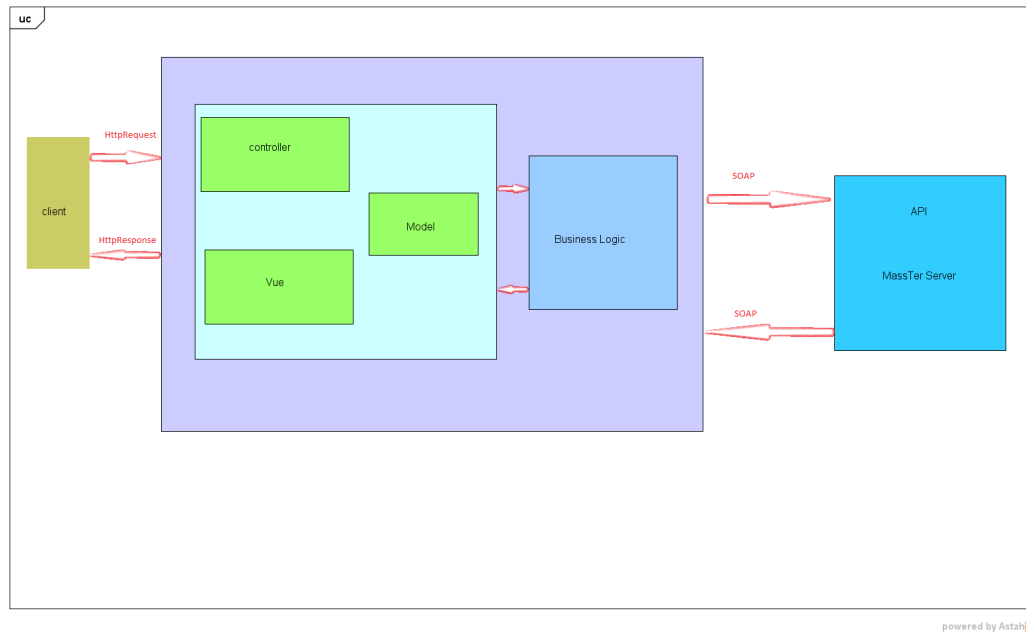


Figure 2: Logical Architecture

3 Design Pattern

We opt to use the MVC design pattern for the benefits it offers :

- **Reliability** : The presentation and business layers are completely separate, so that the business can change without necessarily affecting the presentation, or vice versa.
- **Adaptability** : Any visual representation can be easily integrated.
- **Productivity** : The duration of development is significantly reduced, in allowing parallel work teams.
- **Extensible** : With MVC the code is extensible.

IV Detailed Conception

1 Package Diagram

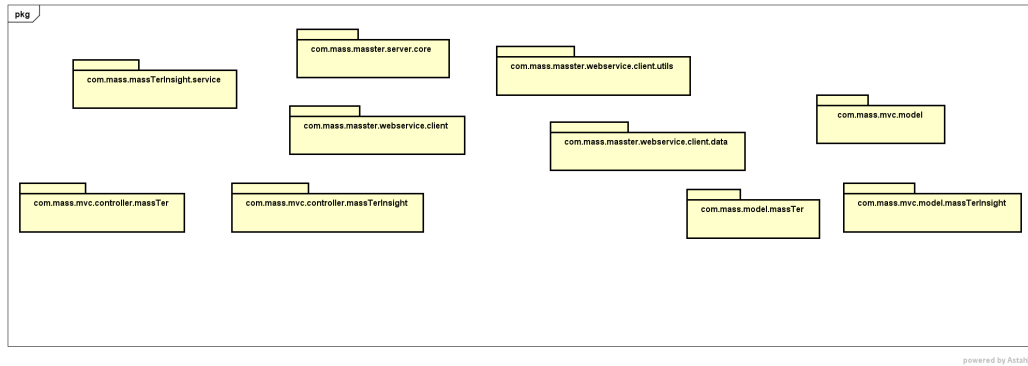


Figure 3: package diagram

2 Class Diagram

3 Sequence Diagram

V Conclusion