An Introduction to Statistical Modelling of Extreme Values

Package

```
library(ismev)

## Loading required package: mgcv

## Loading required package: nlme

## This is mgcv 1.8-23. For overview type 'help("mgcv-package")'.

library(extRemes)

## Loading required package: Lmoments

## Loading required package: distillery

## Loading required package: car

##

## Attaching package: 'extRemes'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

##

## qqnorm, qqplot

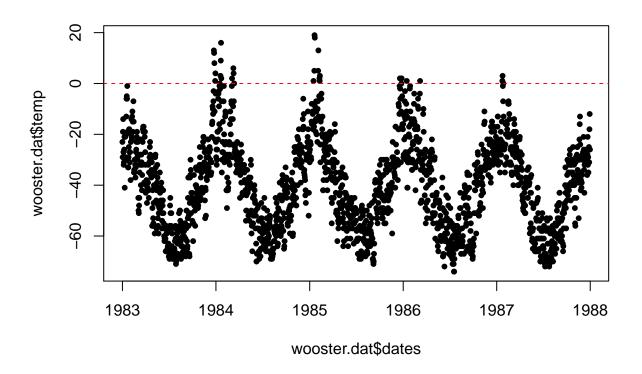
source("declustering.r")
source("extreme_functions.r")
```

Chapter 5: Extremes of Dependent Sequences

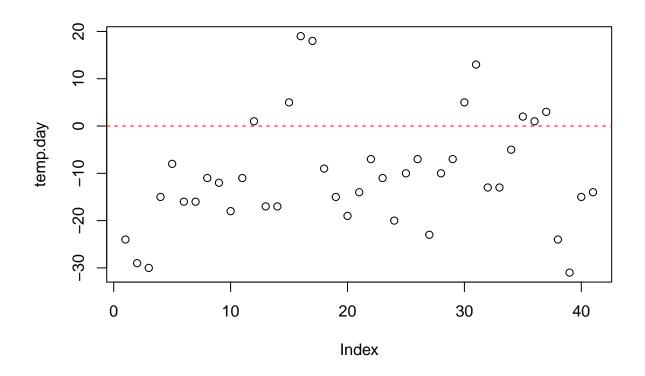
Wooster

A numeric vector containing daily minimum temperatures, in degrees Fahrenheit, at Wooster, Ohio, over the period 1983 to 1988.

```
wooster.dat$month==5 ] <- 1</pre>
wooster.dat$spring[is.na(wooster.dat$spring)] <- 0</pre>
wooster.dat$summer[wooster.dat$month==6 |
                      wooster.dat$month==7 |
                      wooster.dat$month==8 ] <- 1</pre>
wooster.dat$summer[is.na(wooster.dat$summer)] <- 0</pre>
wooster.dat$fall[wooster.dat$month==9 |
                    wooster.dat$month==10 |
                    wooster.dat$month==11 ] <- 1</pre>
wooster.dat$fall[is.na(wooster.dat$fall)] <- 0</pre>
wooster.dat$winter[wooster.dat$month==12 |
                      wooster.dat$month==1 |
                    wooster.dat$month==2 ] <- 1</pre>
wooster.dat$winter[is.na(wooster.dat$winter)] <- 0</pre>
head(wooster.dat)
               dates year month spring summer fall winter
     temp
## 1 -23 1983-01-01 1983
                                      0
                              1
## 2 -29 1983-01-02 1983
                               1
                                      0
                                              0
                                                   0
## 3 -19 1983-01-03 1983
                                     0
                                                   0
## 4 -14 1983-01-04 1983
                              1
                                     0
                                              0
                                                   0
                                       0
                                                           1
## 5 -27 1983-01-05 1983
                                              0
                                                   0
                               1
## 6 -32 1983-01-06 1983
                                      0
                               1
                                                   0
plot(wooster.dat$dates, wooster.dat$temp, pch=20)
abline(h=0, col="red", lty=2)
```

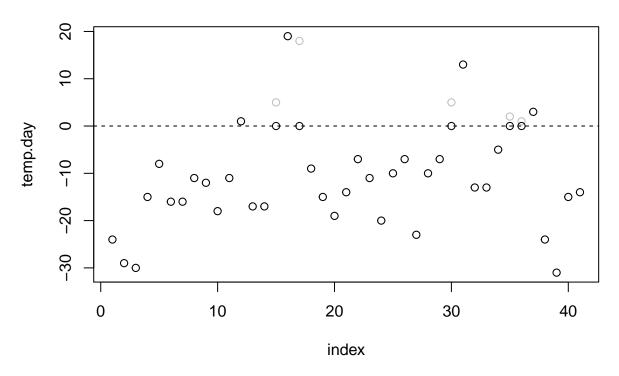


Daily example



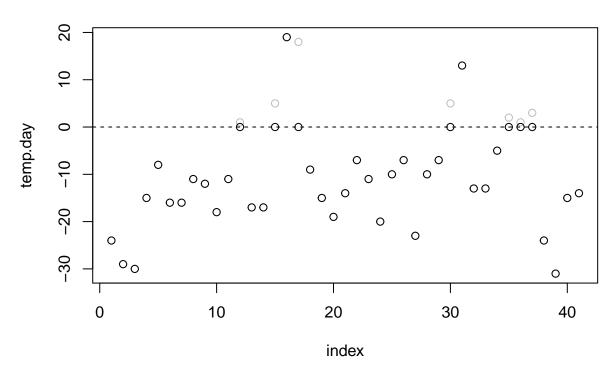
```
cluster2(temp.day, threshold = 0)
## [1] 1 19 13 3
y <- decluster(temp.day, threshold = 0, r = 2)
у
##
   temp.day declustered via runs declustering.
##
##
   Estimated extremal index (intervals estimate) = 1
##
##
   Number of clusters = 4
##
##
   Run length = 2
##
plot(y)
```

decluster.runs(x = temp.day, threshold = 0, r = 2)



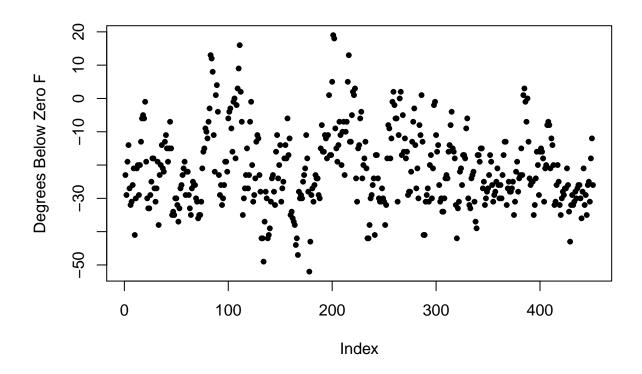
```
cluster4(temp.day, threshold = 0)
## [1] 19 13
y <- decluster(temp.day, threshold = 0, r = 4)
у
##
##
    temp.day declustered via runs declustering.
## Warning in max(ind2.1[ind2.1 < K]): no non-missing arguments to max;</pre>
## returning -Inf
##
##
    Estimated extremal index (intervals estimate) = 1
##
   Number of clusters = 2
##
##
   Run length = 4
plot(y)
```

decluster.runs(x = temp.day, threshold = 0, r = 4)



Winter example

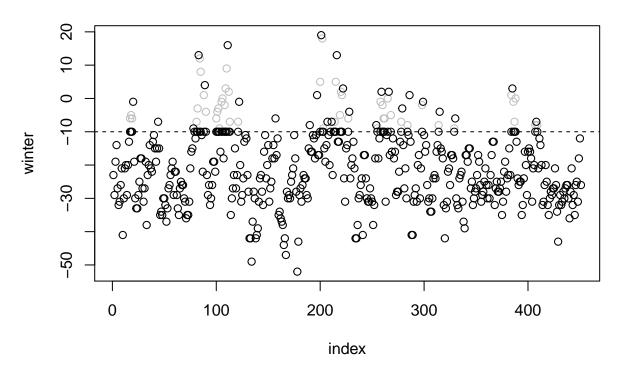
```
winter <- wooster.dat$temp[wooster.dat$winter==1]
plot(winter, pch=20, ylab="Degrees Below Zero F")</pre>
```



```
u=-10 and r=2
y102 <- decluster(winter, threshold = -10, r=2)
y102

##
## winter declustered via runs declustering.
##
## Estimated extremal index (intervals estimate) = 1
##
## Number of clusters = 26
##
## Run length = 2
plot(y102)</pre>
```

decluster.runs(x = winter, threshold = -10, r = 2)



$fitgpd102 \leftarrow gpd.fit(c(y102), threshold = -10)$

```
## $threshold
## [1] -10
##
## $nexc
## [1] 26
##
## $conv
   [1] 0
##
##
## $nllh
## [1] 84.41435
##
## $mle
  [1] 14.0110333 -0.3933294
##
##
## $rate
## [1] 0.05764967
##
## [1] 3.9404105 0.2158193
```

u=-10 and r=4

```
y104 <- decluster(winter, threshold = -10, r=4)
y104

##

## winter declustered via runs declustering.
##

## Estimated extremal index (intervals estimate) = 1

##

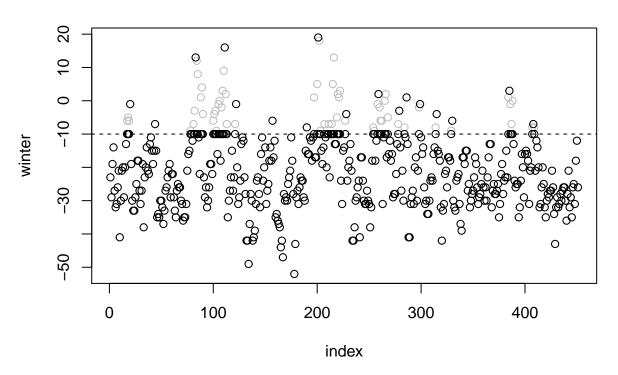
## Number of clusters = 17

##

## Run length = 4

plot(y104)</pre>
```

decluster.runs(x = winter, threshold = -10, r = 4)

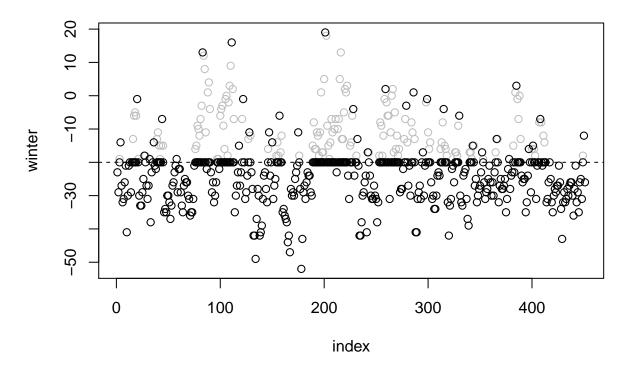


```
fitgpd104 \leftarrow gpd.fit(c(y104), threshold = -10)
```

```
## $threshold
## [1] -10
##
## $nexc
## [1] 17
##
## $conv
## [1] 0
##
## $nllh
## [1] 55.92855
```

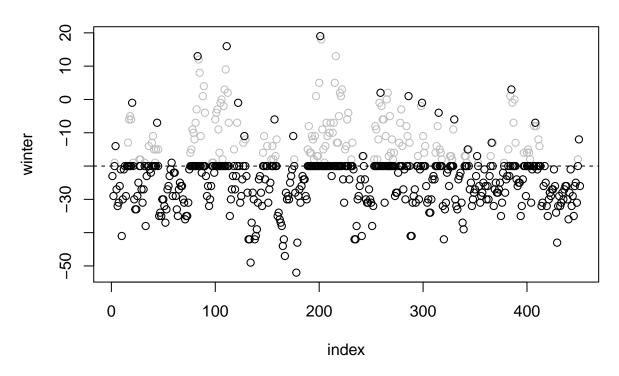
```
##
## $mle
  [1] 14.8270931 -0.4065942
##
## $rate
  [1] 0.03769401
##
##
## $se
## [1] 5.5446169 0.3011815
u=-20 and r=2
y202 <- decluster(winter, threshold = -20, r=2)
y202
##
    winter declustered via runs declustering.
##
##
##
   Estimated extremal index (intervals estimate) = 1
##
##
   Number of clusters = 36
##
##
   Run length = 2
plot(y202)
```

decluster.runs(x = winter, threshold = -20, r = 2)



```
fitgpd202 <- gpd.fit(c(y202), threshold = -20)</pre>
## $threshold
## [1] -20
##
## $nexc
## [1] 36
##
## $conv
## [1] 0
##
## $nllh
## [1] 124.5006
##
## $mle
## [1] 15.6393726 -0.2916171
##
## $rate
## [1] 0.07982262
## $se
## [1] 3.5890459 0.1650612
u=-20 and r=4
y204 <- decluster(winter, threshold = -20, r=4)
y204
##
## winter declustered via runs declustering.
##
## Estimated extremal index (intervals estimate) = 1
##
## Number of clusters = 23
##
## Run length = 4
plot(y204)
```

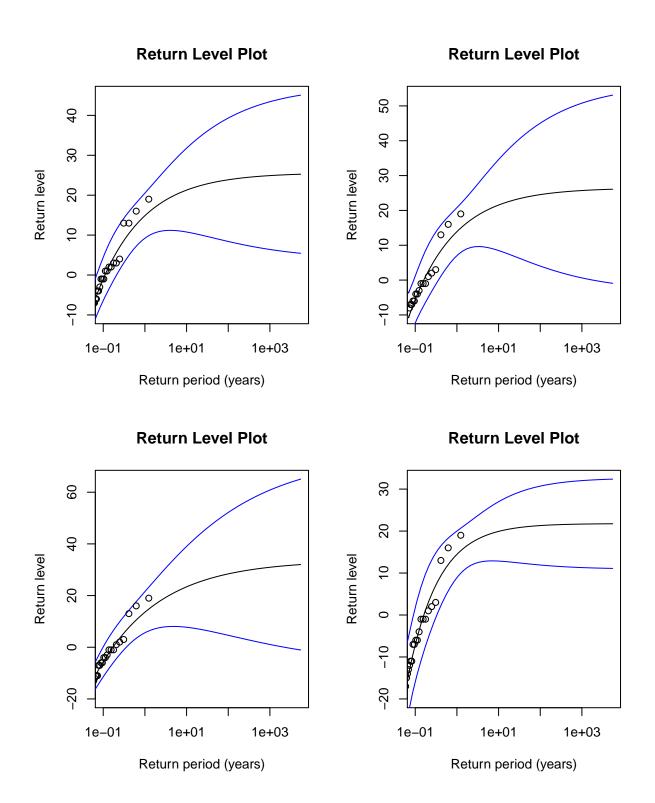
decluster.runs(x = winter, threshold = -20, r = 4)



```
fitgpd204 <- gpd.fit(c(y204), threshold = -20)</pre>
```

```
## $threshold
## [1] -20
##
## $nexc
## [1] 23
##
## $conv
   [1] 0
##
##
## $nllh
## [1] 83.22574
##
## $mle
  [1] 24.8745884 -0.5953015
##
##
## $rate
## [1] 0.05099778
##
## [1] 7.0967735 0.2308971
par(mfrow=c(2,2))
z <- fitgpd102
gpd.rl(z$mle, z$threshold, z$rate, z$n, z$npy, z$cov, z$data, z$xdata)
z <- fitgpd104
```

```
gpd.rl(z$mle, z$threshold, z$rate, z$n, z$npy, z$cov, z$data, z$xdata)
z <- fitgpd202
gpd.rl(z$mle, z$threshold, z$rate, z$n, z$npy, z$cov, z$data, z$xdata)
z <- fitgpd204
gpd.rl(z$mle, z$threshold, z$rate, z$n, z$npy, z$cov, z$data, z$xdata)</pre>
```

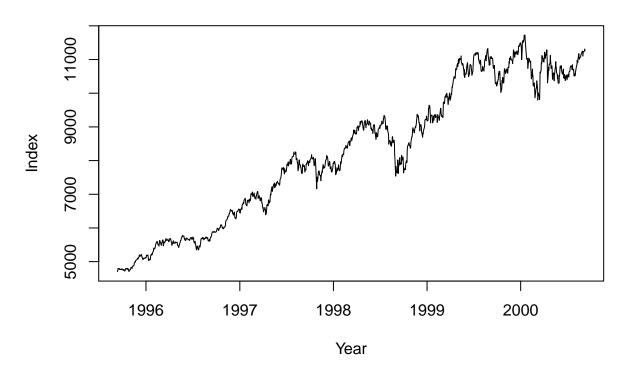


Dow Jones Index Series

Data

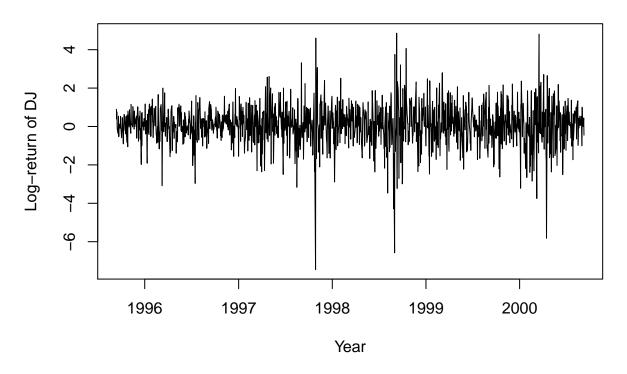
```
library(ismev)
source("extreme_functions.r")
data("dowjones")
str(dowjones)
                    1304 obs. of 2 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date : POSIXt, format: "1995-09-11 09:00:00" "1995-09-12 09:00:00" ...
## $ Index: num 4705 4747 4766 4802 4798 ...
Date
library(lubridate)
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       date
dates <- parse_date_time(x = dowjones$Date, orders ="Y-m-d H:M:S")</pre>
Price
price <- dowjones$Index</pre>
```

Dow Jones 30



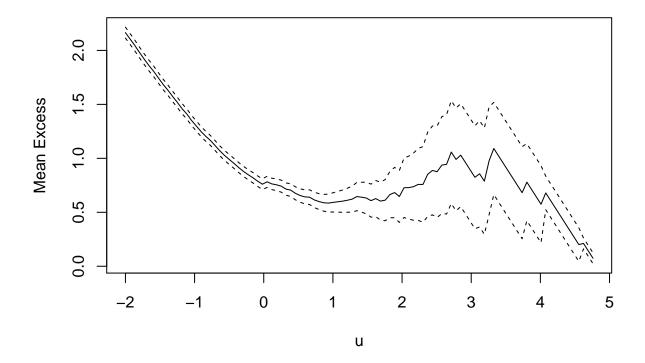
Log-return

Log return of Dow Jones 30



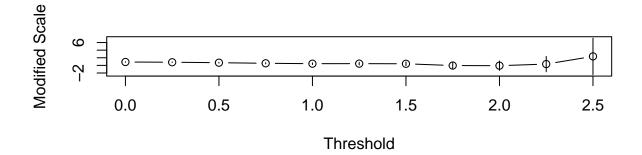
Mean residual life plot

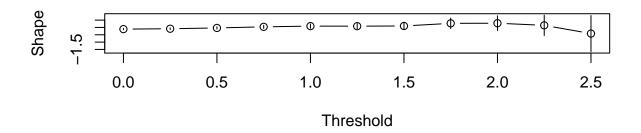
```
mrl.plot(ret, umin = -2)
```



Fitting the GPD Model Over a Range of Thresholds

```
gpd.fitrange(ret, umin = 0, umax = 2.5, nint = 11)
```

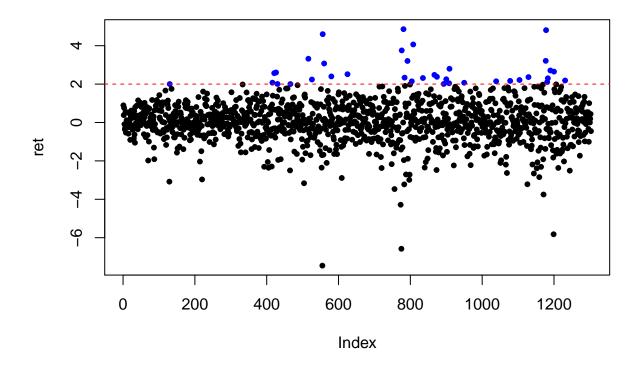




Threshold

```
u <- 2
col.exceed <- ret
col.exceed[col.exceed > u] <- "blue"
col.exceed[col.exceed <= u] <- "black"

plot(ret, pch=20, col=col.exceed)
abline(h=u, col="red", lty=2)</pre>
```



Fit the GPD model

```
fitgpd1 <- gpd.fit(ret, threshold = u, npy = 365)</pre>
## $threshold
## [1] 2
##
## $nexc
## [1] 37
## $conv
## [1] 0
##
## $nllh
## [1] 21.64016
##
## $mle
## [1] 0.4951310 0.2879248
##
## $rate
## [1] 0.02839601
##
## $se
## [1] 0.1495846 0.2578784
```

Decluster model

```
y <- decluster(ret, threshold = 2, r = 10)
y

##

## ret declustered via runs declustering.
##

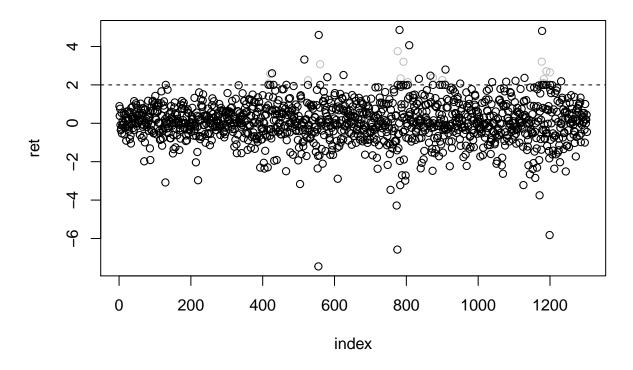
## Estimated extremal index (intervals estimate) = 0.9384659
##

## Number of clusters = 19
##

## Run length = 10

plot(y)</pre>
```

decluster.runs(x = ret, threshold = 2, r = 10)



```
fitgpd2 <- gpd.fit(c(y), threshold = 2)</pre>
```

```
## $threshold
## [1] 2
##
## $nexc
## [1] 19
##
## $conv
## [1] 0
##
```

```
## $nllh
## [1] 15.12354
##
## $mle
## [1] 0.5635274 0.3694016
##
## $rate
## [1] 0.01458173
##
## $se
## [1] 0.2557343 0.4005749
```