Fruzenshtein's notes

Java blog about programming - Spring, Hibernate, Scala, QA automation

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Spring JPA Data + Hibernate + MySQL + MAVEN

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Stur



Development of web-applications with the help of Spring MVC implies creation of several logical layers of architecture. One of the layers is a DAO (Repository) layer. It is responsible for communication with a database. If you developed the DAO layer at least once, you should know that it involves a lot of boilerplate code. A Spring Data take a part of the routine job related to the DAO on itself.

In the post I'm going to provide an example of application which will demonstrate **Spring Data (JPA)** in conjunction with **Spring MVC**, **MySQL and Maven**. **Hibernate** will be used as implementation of the JPA. As you probably know, I'm a real fan of java based

configurations, so I will use this approach to configure the Spring Data. In the end of the tutorial you can find a link to the sample project on GitHub.

Preparation

In the article I want to concentrate on the Spring Data, so all stuff which is out topic I will omit. But in the start I want provide a bulk of links which can be helpful for you in context of this tutorial.

- Creation of dynamic web project in Eclipse with Maven.
- Simple Spring MVC application with the java based configuration.
- Spring MVC + Hibernate sample application.

These links should give answers on 90% of questions which can occur during reading the post. Let's start with table creation in the MySQL:

```
view plain copy to clipboard print ?

O1. CREATE TABLE `shops` (
    `id` int(6) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    `name` varchar(60) NOT NULL,
    `employees_number` int(6) NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY (`id`)

O6. PRIMARY KEY (`id`)

O6. PRIMARY CHARSET=utf8;
```

Now we can go ahead with a java code:

```
@Entity
@Table(name = "shops")
public class Shop {

    @Id
    @GeneratedValue
    private Integer id;

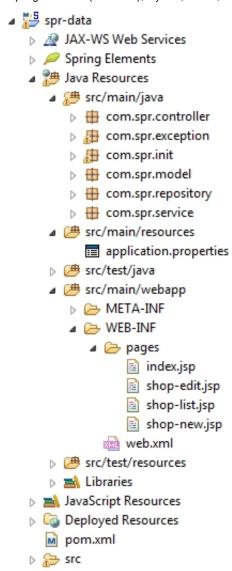
    private String name;

    @Column(name = "employees_number")
    private Integer emplNumber;
```

```
public Integer getId() {
        return id;
public void setId(Integer id) {
        this.id = id;
public String getName() {
        return name;
public void setName(String name) {
        this.name = name;
public Integer getEmplNumber() {
        return emplNumber;
public void setEmplNumber(Integer emplNumber) {
        this.emplNumber = emplNumber;
```

Configuration of Spring Data

I believe that a screenshot of the project will help you to understand what's going on.



In the property file concentrated all configuration data:

```
view plain copy to clipboard print ?

11. #DB properties:
    db.driver=com.mysql.jdbc.Driver
    db.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/hibnatedb
    db.username=hibuser
    db.password=root
```

- 07. #Hibernate Configuration:
- 08. hibernate.dialect=org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5InnoDBDialect
- 09. hibernate.show sql=true
- 10. entitymanager.packages.to.scan=com.spr.model

The WebAppConfig class contains all java based configurations:

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebMvc
@EnableTransactionManagement
@ComponentScan("com.spr")
@PropertySource("classpath:application.properties")
@EnableJpaRepositories("com.spr.repository")
public class WebAppConfig {
                     private static final String PROPERTY NAME DATABASE DRIVER = "db.driver";
                     private static final String PROPERTY NAME DATABASE PASSWORD = "db.password";
                     private static final String PROPERTY NAME DATABASE URL = "db.url";
                     private static final String PROPERTY NAME DATABASE USERNAME = "db.username";
                     private static final String PROPERTY NAME HIBERNATE DIALECT = "hibernate.dialect";
                     private static final String PROPERTY NAME HIBERNATE SHOW SQL = "hibernate.show sql";
                     private static final String PROPERTY NAME ENTITYMANAGER PACKAGES TO SCAN = "entitymanager.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.pages.
                     @Resource
                     private Environment env;
                     @Bean
                     public DataSource dataSource() {
                                         DriverManagerDataSource dataSource = new DriverManagerDataSource();
                                          dataSource.setDriverClassName(env.getRequiredProperty(PROPERTY NAME DATABASE DRIVER
                                         dataSource.setUrl(env.getRequiredProperty(PROPERTY NAME DATABASE URL));
                                         dataSource.setUsername(env.getRequiredProperty(PROPERTY NAME DATABASE USERNAME));
                                         dataSource.setPassword(env.getRequiredProperty(PROPERTY NAME DATABASE PASSWORD));
                                          return dataSource;
```

```
@Bean
public LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean entityManagerFactory() {
        LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean entityManagerFactoryBean = new LocalContaine:
        entityManagerFactoryBean.setDataSource(dataSource());
        entityManagerFactoryBean.setPersistenceProviderClass(HibernatePersistence.class);
        entityManagerFactoryBean.setPackagesToScan(env.getRequiredProperty(PROPERTY NAME EN'
        entityManagerFactoryBean.setJpaProperties(hibProperties());
        return entityManagerFactoryBean;
private Properties hibProperties() {
        Properties properties = new Properties();
        properties.put(PROPERTY NAME HIBERNATE DIALECT, env.getRequiredProperty(PROPERTY NAI
       properties.put(PROPERTY NAME HIBERNATE SHOW SQL, env.getRequiredProperty(PROPERTY N
        return properties;
@Bean
public JpaTransactionManager transactionManager() {
        JpaTransactionManager transactionManager = new JpaTransactionManager();
        transactionManager.setEntityManagerFactory(entityManagerFactory().getObject());
        return transactionManager;
@Bean
public UrlBasedViewResolver setupViewResolver() {
        UrlBasedViewResolver resolver = new UrlBasedViewResolver();
        resolver.setPrefix("/WEB-INF/pages/");
        resolver.setSuffix(".jsp");
        resolver.setViewClass(JstlView.class);
        return resolver;
```

}

Pay your attention at @EnableJpaRepositories annotation. It enables usage of JPA repositories. The com.spr.repository package will be scaned to detect repositories. In the entityManagerFactory bean I determined that Hibernate will be used as JPA implementation.

Initializer class will be omitted.

DAO & Service layers

The repository for the Shop entity:

```
package com.spr.repository;
import org.springframework.data.jpa.repository.JpaRepository;
import com.spr.model.Shop;
public interface ShopRepository extends JpaRepository<Shop, Integer> {
}
```

Definitely it is the most simplest code snippet in the tutorial. But it requires the most high attention. The JpaRepository interface contains the basic operations which can be performed with any entity (CRUD operations). More information you can find on the official documentation page.

Here is a code of the ShopService interface:

```
public interface ShopService {
    public Shop create(Shop shop);
    public Shop delete(int id) throws ShopNotFound;
    public List<Shop> findAll();
    public Shop update(Shop shop) throws ShopNotFound;
    public Shop findById(int id);
```

}

And the implementation of the service interface:

```
import java.util.List;
import javax.annotation.Resource;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;
import com.spr.exception.ShopNotFound;
import com.spr.model.Shop;
import com.spr.repository.ShopRepository;
@Service
public class ShopServiceImpl implements ShopService {
        @Resource
        private ShopRepository shopRepository;
        @Override
        @Transactional
        public Shop create(Shop shop) {
                Shop createdShop = shop;
                return shopRepository.save(createdShop);
        @Override
        @Transactional
        public Shop findById(int id) {
                return shopRepository.findOne(id);
```

```
@Override
@Transactional(rollbackFor=ShopNotFound.class)
public Shop delete(int id) throws ShopNotFound {
        Shop deletedShop = shopRepository.findOne(id);
        if (deletedShop == null)
                throw new ShopNotFound();
        shopRepository.delete(deletedShop);
        return deletedShop;
@Override
@Transactional
public List<Shop> findAll() {
        return shopRepository.findAll();
@Override
@Transactional(rollbackFor=ShopNotFound.class)
public Shop update(Shop shop) throws ShopNotFound {
        Shop updatedShop = shopRepository.findOne(shop.getId());
        if (updatedShop == null)
                throw new ShopNotFound();
        updatedShop.setName(shop.getName());
        updatedShop.setEmplNumber(shop.getEmplNumber());
        return updatedShop;
```

In this way the ShopRepository is used.

Controller

Finally I can use ShopSrviceImpl class in the controller. All JSP pages will be omitted, so you can find them source code on the GitHub.

```
@Controller
@RequestMapping(value="/shop")
public class ShopController {
        @Autowired
        private ShopService shopService;
        @RequestMapping(value="/create", method=RequestMethod.GET)
        public ModelAndView newShopPage() {
                ModelAndView mav = new ModelAndView("shop-new", "shop", new Shop());
                return mav;
        @RequestMapping(value="/create", method=RequestMethod.POST)
        public ModelAndView createNewShop(@ModelAttribute Shop shop,
                        final RedirectAttributes redirectAttributes) {
                ModelAndView mav = new ModelAndView();
                String message = "New shop "+shop.getName()+" was successfully created.";
                shopService.create(shop);
                mav.setViewName("redirect:/index.html");
                redirectAttributes.addFlashAttribute("message", message);
                return mav;
        @RequestMapping(value="/list", method=RequestMethod.GET)
        public ModelAndView shopListPage() {
                ModelAndView mav = new ModelAndView("shop-list");
                List<Shop> shopList = shopService.findAll();
                mav.addObject("shopList", shopList);
                return mav;
```

```
@RequestMapping(value="/edit/{id}", method=RequestMethod.GET)
public ModelAndView editShopPage(@PathVariable Integer id) {
        ModelAndView mav = new ModelAndView("shop-edit");
        Shop shop = shopService.findById(id);
        mav.addObject("shop", shop);
        return mav;
@RequestMapping(value="/edit/{id}", method=RequestMethod.POST)
public ModelAndView editShop(@ModelAttribute Shop shop,
               @PathVariable Integer id,
                final RedirectAttributes redirectAttributes) throws ShopNotFound {
        ModelAndView mav = new ModelAndView("redirect:/index.html");
        String message = "Shop was successfully updated.";
        shopService.update(shop);
        redirectAttributes.addFlashAttribute("message", message);
        return mav;
@RequestMapping(value="/delete/{id}", method=RequestMethod.GET)
public ModelAndView deleteShop (@PathVariable Integer id,
                final RedirectAttributes redirectAttributes) throws ShopNotFound {
        ModelAndView mav = new ModelAndView("redirect:/index.html");
        Shop shop = shopService.delete(id);
       String message = "The shop "+shop.getName()+" was successfully deleted.";
        redirectAttributes.addFlashAttribute("message", message);
        return mav;
```

}

Shop List page

id	company	employees	actions
1	Water Market	3	<u>Edit</u> <u>Delete</u>
2	Fruzenshtein INC	44	<u>Edit</u> <u>Delete</u>
3	Alex & Co	7	<u>Edit</u> <u>Delete</u>
4	Green Garden	85	<u>Edit</u> <u>Delete</u>

Home page

Summary

The Spring Data is very powerful weapon, it helps you develop an application more faster and avoid hundreds of boilerplate strings of code. Usage of Spring Data is the most convenient way to create a DAO layer in an application, so don't ignore it in your projects.

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Vishal Prajapati • 8 months ago

It wil be even more helpful if you also put a link of source download.

8 ^ | V • Reply • Share >



James Gardiner • 2 months ago

Really like this example, but I am having a massive issue..

When I run this demo, tomcat keeps printing..

[2015-02-13 03:59:15,034] Artifact spr-data:war: Deploy took 4,803 milliseconds

15:59:15.373 [http-bio-8080-exec-1] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:15.393 [http-bio-8080-exec-2] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:15.898 [http-bio-8080-exec-3] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:15.901 [http-bio-8080-exec-4] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:16.406 [http-bio-8080-exec-5] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:16.409 [http-bio-8080-exec-6] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:16.914 [http-bio-8080-exec-7] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:16.917 [http-bio-8080-exec-8] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:17.421 [http-bio-8080-exec-9] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:17.424 [http-bio-8080-exec-10] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

15:59:17.928 [http-bio-8080-exec-10] WARN o.s.web.servlet.PageNotFound - Request method 'HEAD' not supported

see more



Guest ⋅ a year ago

thanks, it's an awesome complement to the quickstart guide:)



rajan sellapan · 8 months ago

hello sir, thank you for your tutorial, I download and convert eclipse web project, and export to eclipse. when I run No index/home page coming, I could not call any page.

please show one full url for how to access index, shop-list, shop-edit everything.

http://localhost:8080/spr-mvc-hib/pages/index.jsp, when I start run the tomcat server automatically the index/ home page should come.

please sorry for ignorance knowlede in spring mvc, I could not access, please help

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3 comments • 2 years ago



Avai Majid Lotfi — Hi, The Edit is not working, when you click on the link it just display json data.

TestNG: Run tests sequentially with @DataProvider inside one test class

1 comment • a year ago



abdul manan — I have executed this sample, its working fine. but in my personal code test always run with last row of data provider, anybody ...

About me

5 comments • 2 years ago



Avai deepa pemma — I am really very thankful to u for the post on "Setup of Dynamic Web Project using Maven". It really helped me. Thanks!

Spring MVC: Ajax & JQuery

13 comments • 2 years ago



shams — Thanks bro, it is quite useful for me





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Alexey Zvolinskiy aka Alex Fruzenshtein

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