# BIL 105E – Introduction to Scientific and Engineering Computing (C)

**Spring 2015-2016** 

**Homework 2** 

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### Introduction

This project's main aim is to create a trustable random generation function. Project includes and analyzes two different random number generators and creates histograms of the created numbers.

## **Development Environment**

```
This program has only 1 source code file written in C:
```

```
150150701.c
```

This program tested and compiled in following system:

```
gcc 4.8.5 20150623 on Red Hat 4.8.5-4 (ITU SSH Server)
```

gcc compiler has been used to compile the program by the command:

```
gcc 150150701.c -o hw2
```

# **Important Variables**

whichRNG: Holds info about which algorithm should be used. 1 is mid-rng algorithm and 2 is lsd-rng algorithm.

```
range1...range5: Has the variables necessary to create the histogram.
```

number: this variable acts as seed, and produced random variable

## **Program Flow**

```
Pseudo code of the program:
    int function main
{
        do
        {
             print "Which PRNG Algorithm?\n 1.MID-PNRG\n 2.LSD-PNRG\n";
            read whichRNG;
        }
        while whichRNG is not 1 or not 2;
        initialize range1,range2,range3,range4,range5 to 0;
        take_samples(whichRNG,range1,range2,range3,range4,range5);
        draw histogram(range);
```

```
}
void function mid_rng
{
     initialize square to square of the number;
     if square has 9 digits;
           skip first two digits of square and set number to the
following five digits of square;
     else
           skip first three digits of square and set number to the
following five digits of square;
     endif;
}
void function lsd_rng
{
     initialize product to 73 times number;
     set number to first five digits of product;
}
void function take_samples
{
     if whichRNG is 1//mid-rng
           do
           {
                print Enter the seed:;
                read number;
           }
           while number does not have 5 digits
           print "Enter the Number of Samples:";
```

```
read num samples;
           for(i=0;i<num_samples;i++)</pre>
           {
                 mid rng(number);
                 map(number mod 500, range1, range2, range3, range4,
range5);
           }
     }
     else //lsd-rng
     {
           do
           {
                 print "Enter the seed:";
                 read number;
           }
           while number does not have 5 digits AND number is even AND
number ends with 5
           print "Enter the Number of Samples:";
           read num samples;
           for(i=0;i<num samples;i++)</pre>
           {
                 lsd_rng(number);
                 map(number mod 500, range1, range2, range3, range4,
range5);
           }
     }
}
void funciton draw_histogram
{
     sum=range1+range2+range3+range4+range5;
```

```
range1=range1/sum*100;
print "0...100:";
for(i=0;i<*range1;i++)</pre>
     print "*";
print "(%range1)\n";
range2=range2/sum*100;
print "101..200:";
for(i=0;i<*range2;i++)</pre>
     print "*";
print "(%range2)\n";
range3=range3/sum*100;
print "201...300:";
for(i=0;i<*range3;i++)</pre>
     print "*";
print "(%range3)\n";
range4=range4/sum*100;
printf("301...400:");
for(i=0;i<*range4;i++)</pre>
     print "*";
print "(%range4)\n";
range5=range5/sum*100;
printf("401...500:");
for(i=0;i<*range5;i++)</pre>
     print "*";
print "(%range5)\n";
return;
```

```
}
/**
           maps number such as
           range1=1..100,
           range2=101..200,
           range3=201..300,
           range4=301..400,
           and range5=401..500
*/
void function map
{
     if number smaller than 100
           add 1 to range1;
     else if number smaller than 200
           add 1 to range2;
     else if number smaller than 300
           add 1 to range3;
     else if number smaller than 400
           add 1 to range4;
     else if number smaller than 500
           add 1 to range5;
     endif;
}
```

# Conclusion

This project helped me to understand random number generation functions and their properties and also it taught me to test a function by histograms.

One obstacle I have faced was not being able to use the arrays, there is lots of unnecessary lines that can be replaced with a few lines by using arrays.