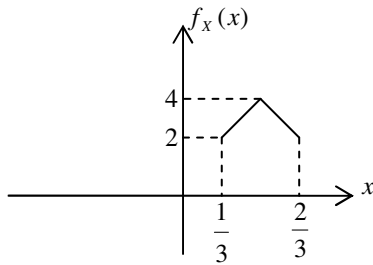


MAT271E Probability and Statistics HW #3

Instructions: Please hand in your answers to Tuğba Pamay by April 18, 2016 16:00. (Use the mailbox reserved for the course in the administrative office of the Computer and Informatics faculty). Late homeworks will not be accepted. 4-5 problems will be checked in detail which will contribute 80% to the final mark. The rest will be checked for completeness which will contribute 20% to the final mark.

1. The probability density function of random variable  $X$  is given below



- Find  $E[X]$ 'i bulun. (5 puan)
- Determine and sketch  $f_X(x | X > 0.5)$ .
- Determine  $E[X | X > 0.5]$
- Determine  $\sigma_X^2 = E[(X - \bar{X})^2]$

2. Find the characteristic function for random variable  $X$  with density function

$$f_X(x) = \sum_{n=0}^4 \binom{4}{n} 0.5^4 \delta(x-n) \text{ and calculate first two moments by using it. (Hint: Is this a discrete r.v.?)}$$

3. Determine  $E[X | X > 1]$  if  $X$  is standard Normal distributed ( $X \sim N(0,1)$ )

4. What is  $E[e^{X^2} | X = 1]$ ?

5. The probability of realization of discrete random variable  $X$  is  $\Pr\{X = i\} = 2(3^{-i})$   $i = 1, 2, \dots$

- Find  $E[X]$
- If  $Y = X^2$ ,
  - Find  $E[Y]$
  - Find  $\sigma_Y^2$

6. Density function of random variable  $X$  is given by

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{2(x+2)}{5}, & 0 < x < 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find variance of  $g(X) = 3X$

7. If the joint probability mass function of  $X$  and  $Y$  is given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \sum_{i=1}^2 \sum_{j=1}^3 \frac{i^2 j}{30} \delta(x-i) \delta(y-j)$$

Find:

- a) the marginal distribution of  $X$  and  $Y$  random variables. Are  $X$  and  $Y$  statistically independent?
- b)  $f_X(x | y=1)$
- c)  $\Pr\{X \leq 4, Y = 1\}$
- d)  $\Pr\{X \leq 1, Y > 2\}$
- e)  $\Pr\{X < Y + 1\}$
- f)  $\Pr\{|X - Y| = 1\}$

8. Let sample space is  $S = \{\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_4\} = \{-2, -1.5, -0.5, 0\}$  and define two random variables as

$$X(\zeta) = 1/(\zeta + 1)^2 \text{ and } Y(\zeta) = 2^{-(\zeta+1)}.$$

- g) a) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  statistically dependent? Prove.
- h) b) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  linearly dependent? Prove.

9. Let the joint density function of random variables  $X$  and  $Y$  be given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} A(x-y) & 0 < x < 1, -1 < y < 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

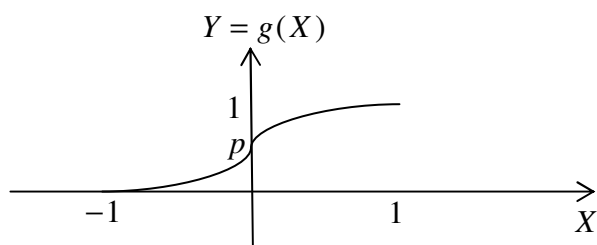
- a) Find  $A$ .
- b) Find conditional density function of  $Y$  i.e.  $f_Y(y | X \leq 0)$ .
- c) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  statistically dependent? Show.
- d) Find  $\Pr\{0 \leq X \leq 0.5, 0.25 \leq Y \leq 0.5\}$
- e) Find  $\Pr\{X - Y < 1\}$

10. The joint probability function of two discrete random variables is given by

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = 0.4\delta(x)\delta(y) + 0.2\delta(x)\delta(y-1) + 0.4\delta(x-1)\delta(y-1)$$

- a) Find the two marginal distributions and draw them.
- b) Find point conditional density function  $f_X(x | Y = y)$  for all  $y$ .
- c) Find  $\Pr\{X - Y < 1\}$
- d) Are  $X$  and  $Y$  statistically independent?
- e) Determine the correlation coefficient between  $X$  and  $Y$ . Are  $X$  and  $Y$  linearly independent?

11.  $X$  is a uniform random variable with realizations uniformly distributed between -1 and 1 and  $Y = g(X)$ . See the graph below. Sketch the density and distribution function of  $Y$  as best as you can



12. Let the joint density of  $X$  and  $Y$  random variables be given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} 24xy, & 0 \leq x, 0 \leq y, x + y \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

- i) Show that  $f(x, y)$  is a valid joint density (check the properties)

- ii) Find  $f_X(y | X = 0.5)$  and evaluate  $P(\frac{1}{4} < Y < \frac{1}{2} | X = 1)$ .

- iii) Find  $E[Y | X = 1] = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} y f_X(y | X = 1) dy$