Debugging a Sample Project using Code Composer Studio on Board

When Code Composer Studio starts up, select *Project -> New CCS Project* from the menu as shown in Fig. 1.

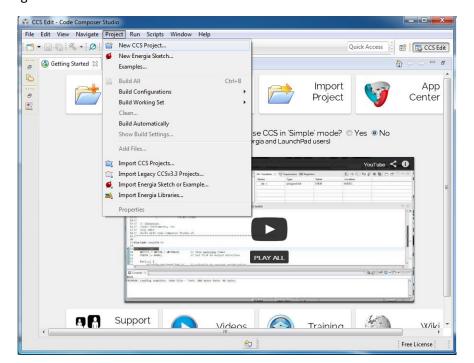


Figure 1: New Project creation menu

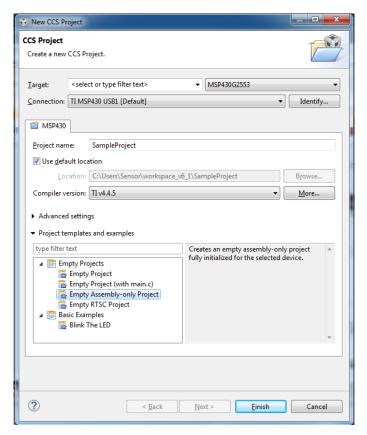


Figure 1: Project properties window

On the following window which is shown in Fig. 2, *Target* has to be selected as MSP430G2553. Give a proper name to the project and select the newest compiler version in *the compiler version* drop down list. Then from the *project templates and examples*, select the *Empty Assembly-only Project*.

Code Composer Studio will create **main.asm** source file for your assembly program. The structure of the main.asm file is shown below. During the experiments, you will place your assembly code to the section of the file which is commented as ;Main loop here and the leave the rest of the file as is.

```
; MSP430 Assembler Code Template for use with TI Code Composer Studio
       .cdecls C,LIST,"msp430.h" ; Include device header file
 ______
                          ; Export program entry-point to
       .def RESET
                           ; make it known to linker.
       .text
                   ; Assemble into program memory.
       .retain
                           ; Override ELF conditional linking
                           ; and retain current section.
       .retainrefs
                           ; And retain any sections that have
                           ; references to current section.
;-----
       mov.w #__STACK_END,SP ; Initialize stackpointer
mov.w #WDTPW|WDTHOLD,&WDTCTL ; Stop watchdog timer
RESET
StopWDT
;-----
; Main loop here
;-----
; Stack Pointer definition
       .global __STACK_END
       .sect .stack
; Interrupt Vectors
       .sect ".reset" ; MSP430 RESET Vector
       .short RESET
```

Write the following assembly code to the place left as main loop on your main.asm file.

```
SetupP1
           bis.b
                   #001h,&P1DIR
                                         ; P1.0 output
                  #001h,&P10UT
                                         ; Toggle P1.0
Mainloop
           xor.b
                                         ; Delay to R15
Wait
           mov.w
                   #050000,R15
                                         ; Decrement R15
L1
           dec.w
                  R15
                                         ; Delay over?
           jnz
                  L1
                                         ; Again
           jmp
                  Mainloop
```

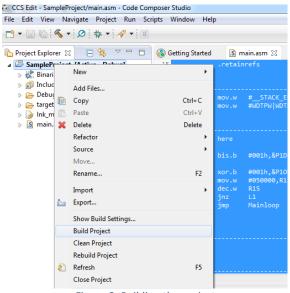
After placing your code, the resulting asm file should look like this:

```
; MSP430 Assembler Code Template for use with TI Code Composer Studio
;-----
       .cdecls C,LIST,"msp430.h" ; Include device header file
;-----
                        ; Export program entry-point to
       .def RESET
                         ; make it known to linker.
; Assemble into program memory.
       .text
                         ; Override ELF conditional linking
       .retain
                         ; and retain current section.
       .retainrefs
                         ; And retain any sections that have
                          ; references to current section.
RESET mov.w #__STACK_END,SP ; Initialize stackpointer StopWDT mov.w #WDTPW|WDTHOLD,&WDTCTL ; Stop watchdog timer
SetupP1
       bis.b #001h,&P1DIR
                         ; P1.0 output
      xor.b #001h,&P10UT
Mainloop
                         ; Toggle P1.0
                         ; Delay to R15
       mov.w #050000,R15
Wait
                         ; Decrement R15
       dec.w R15
L1
                         ; Delay over?
       jnz
           L1
       jmp
                         ; Again
           Mainloop
;-----
;-----
; Stack Pointer definition
;------
       .global __STACK_END
       .sect .stack
;-----
; Interrupt Vectors
       .sect ".reset" ; MSP430 RESET Vector
       .short RESET
```

Disabling the Compiler Optimizations

During the build process, compiler may see portions of your code unnecessary and remove them or try to optimize your code by taking other actions. In order to see the results of your code without any compiler modifications, you need to disable the compiler optimizing your code. You can do this by right clicking on your project and selecting the *Properties*. In the Properties Window, from the *Build* tab, select *MSP430 Compiler* and then *Optimization* section. In optimization section, select *optimization level* as **off** and click **ok**.

Building



Before loading your program to the board, you firstly need to build your program by right clicking on the project and selecting *Build Project* from the menu as shown in Fig. 3.

Figure 3: Building the project

Debugging and Loading

If build process does not complain about any errors, then your program is ready to be loaded to the board. If your board is not connected to the PC via USB connection, you should connect it now. In order to load your program and debug it, press F11 or select *Run -> Debug* from the menu. Code Composer Studio will load your program to the board and you will see the Debugging view right now as shown in the Fig. 4.

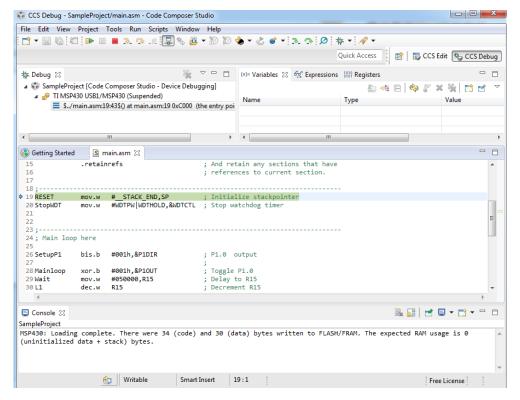


Figure 4: Debugging view

When the program is loaded to the board, then we have chance run the assembly code step by step by either pressing F5 on the keyboad or using the debugging menu (i.e., step into, step over) as shown in Fig. 5.

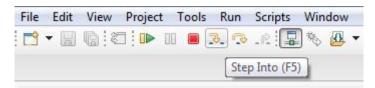


Figure 5: Debugging menu

You can use the step into and step over to execute the current assembly code line by line. The effect of these commands and your assembly code can be seen in the registers of the MSP430. You can view the contents of the all registers by Registers tab of the Debugging View which is shown in Fig. 6.

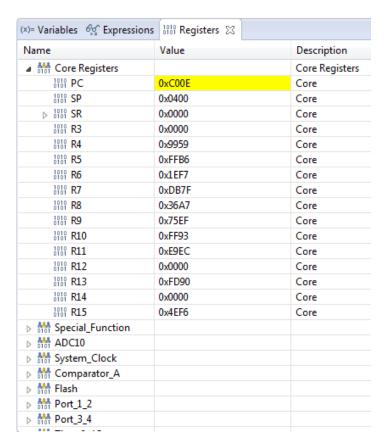


Figure 6: Registers Tab

When you click resume on debugging menu, your program starts running on the board. The debugging view can be terminated by simply clicking on Terminate on debugging menu or pressing Ctrl+F2.