

Q1)a)

Matlab Code:

```
>> syms x;
>> y(x)=x^4-x-10;
>> g(x)=10/(x^3-1);
>> error=diff(g,x);
>> i=0;
>> x0=2;
>> while (abs(y(x0))>(10^-4)) && (abs(error(x0))<1)
i=i+1;
x0=g(x0);
vpa(x0)
end
>> i
i =
    0
>> x0
x0 =
    2
>> vpa(abs(error(x0)))
ans =
2.4489795918367346938775510204082
```

It does not converge, therefore we cannot find a root via this function.

b)

Matlab Code:

```
>> syms x;
>> y(x)=x^4-x-10;
>> g(x)=(x+10)^(1/4);
>> error=diff(g,x);
>> i=0;
>> x0=2;
>> while (abs(y(x0))>(10^-4)) && (abs(error(x0))<1)
i=i+1;
```

```
x0=g(x0);
```

```
vpa(x0)
```

```
end
```

```
ans =
```

```
1.8612097182041991978824374939665
```

```
ans =
```

```
1.8558045970397769563351377355042
```

```
ans =
```

```
1.8555931396181665093258308444551
```

```
ans =
```

```
1.8555848655790224285625663784682
```

```
>> i
```

```
i =
```

```
4
```

```
>> vpa(y(x0))
```

```
ans =
```

```
0.0000082740391440807632644659869008921
```

We find the root as 1.8555848655790224285625663784682 with
0.0000082740391440807632644659869008921 error

C)

Matlab Code:

```
>> syms x;  
>> y(x)=x^4-x-10;  
>> g(x)=((x+10)^(1/2))/x;  
>> error=diff(g,x);  
>> i=0;  
>> x0=1.8;  
>> while (abs(y(x0))>(10^-3)) && (abs(error(x0))<1)  
x0=vpa(g(x0));  
i=i+1;  
x0  
end
```

x0 =

1.9083960041464075829778723767147

x0 =

1.8082485920442550027104075764334

x0 =

1.9003544323640786564065045579104

x0 =

1.8152871776991452120891954106111

$x_0 =$

1.893550102827184477178912268804

$x_0 =$

1.821289367723323050635330437299

$x_0 =$

1.887789090100565387729242577206

$x_0 =$

1.826404942680599839549370174487

$x_0 =$

1.8829088595893103177274313098583

$x_0 =$

1.8307628207399336907957044371097

$x_0 =$

1.8787729112735388411964448419786

$x_0 =$

1.8344737436710255851241601666824

$x_0 =$

1.8752664120437583071606940435175

$x_0 =$

1.8376326802399104459475967063766

$x_0 =$

1.8722926145425613797284562132397

$x_0 =$

1.840320957363649579495492122601

$x_0 =$

1.8697699066579860416634800584327

$x_0 =$

1.8426081361555956111799814928141

$x_0 =$

1.8676293702986127481257936278787

$x_0 =$

1.8445536536588776668108324488113

$x_0 =$

1.8658127540709327795929447388865

$x_0 =$

1.8462082525879283560339059741272

$x_0 =$

1.8642707842671977520251584999462

$x_0 =$

1.8476152214875090451432997866964

$x_0 =$

1.8629617537840428857804448570299

$x_0 =$

1.8488114668921501076428489784575

$x_0 =$

1.8618503403955735100310029015985

$x_0 =$

1.8498284376939050951274821731556

$x_0 =$

1.8609066150441301828471940257381

$x_0 =$

1.8506929202592449264999618528583

$x_0 =$

1.8601052081049038702054477978147

$x_0 =$

1.8514277210512606955635894766462

$x_0 =$

1.8594246073821116062421218114989

$x_0 =$

1.8520522517261359912014045929836

$x_0 =$

1.8588465662431579896041441595826

$x_0 =$

1.852583029955686127531622348807

$x_0 =$

1.8583556040472012875583873913716

$x_0 =$

1.8530341076234371873264443316518

$x_0 =$

1.8579385840681698749711091596521

$x_0 =$

1.8534174365725034181316677680518

$x_0 =$

1.8575843565963977464799860218786

$x_0 =$

1.8537431807578854484477680272004

$x_0 =$

1.857283456940742340133467353068

$x_0 =$

1.8540199824732263880665366815702

$x_0 =$

1.8570278497320937339086413652712

$x_0 =$

1.8542551892763964212024989028187

$x_0 =$

1.8568107123182705250050769306939

$x_0 =$

1.8544550473201493740430961663084

$x_0 =$

1.8566262511935896734816243590013

$x_0 =$

1.8546248659924861364968972198158

$x_0 =$

1.8564695463669226584561184257414

$x_0 =$

1.8547691580746777531765888713256

$x_0 =$

1.8563364193742266301126712316167

$x_0 =$

1.8548917590216722700480965387001

$x_0 =$

1.856223321313078439346941982043

$x_0 =$

1.854995928448903882102125494719

$x_0 =$

1.8561272378400888102330495298778

$x_0 =$

1.8550844364611947063755505499763

$x_0 =$

1.8560456085455181847337438865998

$x_0 =$

1.8551596370742444606262280459881

$x_0 =$

1.8559762585179248410769616322715

$x_0 =$

1.8552235306488347687349459870576

$x_0 =$

1.8559173402475624040018246292797

$x_0 =$

1.8552778169749470670318164681379

$x_0 =$

1.8558672843006768455239516996316

$x_0 =$

1.8553239404009934306560742714906

$x_0 =$

1.8558247574362621841961386426692

$x_0 =$

1.8553631281965826403751902023266

$x_0 =$

1.8557886270392300645872568705202

$x_0 =$

1.8553964231607174776402325708223

$x_0 =$

1.8557579309151787478237318968349

$x_0 =$

1.8554247113367291814544701170692

$x_0 =$

1.8557318516369014353140353357689

$x_0 =$

1.8554487455668704945900626304591

$x_0 =$

1.8557096947555500680336603794181

$x_0 =$

1.8554691655100929773292473316082

$x_0 =$

1.855690870293409571771610186919

$x_0 =$

1.8554865146533601938182079608304

$x_0 =$

1.8556748770234329012738641710924

$x_0 =$

1.8555012547675204252390580159667

$x_0 =$

1.8556612891154767183308687519528

$x_0 =$

1.8555137781912446561825374115481

$x_0 =$

1.8556497447926168071493165252247

$x_0 =$

1.8555244182690849948786712504103

$x_0 =$

1.8556399366947468978729943964602

$x_0 =$

1.8555334582208355110586271489501

$x_0 =$

1.8556316036923409961038226768955

$x_0 =$

1.8555411386778091595998626227849

x0 =

1.8556245239320278719331167447431

>> vpa(y(x0))

ans =

0.000982179398310899865422275452152

>> i

i =

89

>>

D)

$g_1(x)$ does not converge but, $g_2(x)$ converges at step 4 with a approximate error of 0.000008 and $g_3(x)$ converges at step 89 with a approximate error of 0.00098.

Q2)

$A = LU$, $I = A^{-1}LU$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 2 & -1 \\ -3 & -6 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ L_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ L_{31} & L_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ 0 & U_{22} & U_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & U_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U_{11} = 10, U_{12} = 2, U_{13} = -1$$

$$L_{21}U_{11} = -3, L_{21} = -0.3, L_{21}U_{12} + U_{22} = -6, -0.6 + U_{22} = -6, U_{22} = -5.4, L_{21}U_{13} + U_{23} = 2, U_{23} = 1.7$$

$$L_{31}U_{11} = 1, L_{31} = 0.1, L_{31}U_{12} + L_{32}U_{22} = 1, 0.2 - 6L_{32} = 1, L_{32} = -0.1481$$

$$L_{31}U_{13} + L_{32}U_{23} + U_{33} = 5, -0.35228 + U_{33} = 5, U_{33} = 5.35228$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -0.3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.1 & -0.1481 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -5.4 & 1.7 \\ 0 & 0 & 5.35228 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} & b_{12} & b_{13} \\ b_{21} & b_{22} & b_{23} \\ b_{31} & b_{32} & b_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$LU \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} \\ b_{21} \\ b_{31} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, U \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} \\ b_{21} \\ b_{31} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}, L \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -0.3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.1 & -0.1481 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.3 \\ -0.05557 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -5.4 & 1.7 \\ 0 & 0 & 5.35228 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} \\ b_{21} \\ b_{31} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.3 \\ -0.05557 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} b_{11} \\ b_{21} \\ b_{31} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1107 \\ -0.0523 \\ -0.01038 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$LU \begin{bmatrix} b_{12} \\ b_{22} \\ b_{32} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, U \begin{bmatrix} b_{12} \\ b_{22} \\ b_{32} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}, L \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -0.3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.1 & -0.1481 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0.1481 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -5.4 & 1.7 \\ 0 & 0 & 5.35228 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_{12} \\ b_{22} \\ b_{32} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0.1481 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} b_{12} \\ b_{22} \\ b_{32} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.0325 \\ -0.1765 \\ 0.02767 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$LU \begin{bmatrix} b_{13} \\ b_{23} \\ b_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, U \begin{bmatrix} b_{13} \\ b_{23} \\ b_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix}, L \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -0.3 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.1 & -0.1481 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 10 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -5.4 & 1.7 \\ 0 & 0 & 5.35228 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_{13} \\ b_{23} \\ b_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} b_{13} \\ b_{23} \\ b_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.0069 \\ 0.059 \\ 0.187 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1107 & -0.0325 & 0.0069 \\ -0.0523 & -0.1765 & 0.059 \\ -0.01038 & 0.02767 & 0.187 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} 27 \\ -61.5 \\ -21.5 \end{bmatrix}, x = A^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 27 \\ -61.5 \\ -21.5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.46886 \\ 7.73529 \\ -6.8408 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q3)

$$A = U\Sigma V^T$$

$$UU^T = I, VV^T = I \text{ (u and v diagonal)}$$

$$\Sigma^T = \Sigma \text{ (it only has elements on diagonal.)}$$

$$U^T = U^{-1}, V^T = V^{-1}$$

$$AA^T = V\Sigma^T U^T U \Sigma V^T$$

$$AA^T = V\Sigma^T I \Sigma V^T$$

$$AA^T = V\Sigma^2 V^T$$

$$B = X\Lambda X^{-1} \text{ (\Lambda is eigen vector), therefore;}$$

$$\sigma_i = \sqrt{\lambda_i} \text{ where } \sigma_i \text{ is the singular values of } A \text{ and } \lambda_i \text{ eigenvectors of } A^T A.$$

Q4)

To get the smallest singular value σ_{k+1} k must be as large as possible. To act reasonable, getting k as 256 σ_{k+1} gets close enough to zero.

$$\text{For } k = 1 \quad \frac{\sigma_{k+1}}{\sigma_1} = 0.0970 \quad \frac{((m+n).k)}{m.n} = 0.02344$$

$$\text{For } k = 10 \quad \frac{\sigma_{k+1}}{\sigma_1} = 0.0479 \quad \frac{((m+n).k)}{m.n} = 0.07812$$

$$\text{For } k = 20 \quad \frac{\sigma_{k+1}}{\sigma_1} = 0.0286 \quad \frac{((m+n).k)}{m.n} = 0.156$$

$$\text{For } k = 100 \quad \frac{\sigma_{k+1}}{\sigma_1} = 0.0051 \quad \frac{((m+n).k)}{m.n} = 0.7812$$

Q5)

Matlab Code:

```
>> load('C:\Users\yunus\Desktop\2015-2016 Bahar\BLG202\HW2\A.mat')
>> B=A*transpose(A);
>> [V,D] = eig(B); %Get eigenvalues by eigenvalue decomposition
>> v0 = rand(500,1); %Create random v0
>> for k=1:500 %PIM Method
w=B*v0;
v=w/norm(w);
eigValue(k)=v'*B*v;
v0=v;
end
>>max(eigValue) %find dominant eigenvalue
```

ans =

4464.70498441718

Power iteration method only found a range of eigenvalues with highest values. But eigenvalue decomposition find all the eigenvalues.