## PrimeGen

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.8

Sun Dec 14 2014 17:50:07

# **Contents**

5 Class Documentation

1	Prim	neGen -	Library f	for generating prime numbers	1
	1.1	Workir	ng with big	numbers	1
2	Nam	espace	Index		3
	2.1	Names	space List		3
3	Clas	s Index			5
	3.1	Class	List		5
4	Nam	espace	Docume	entation	7
	4.1	Prime	Gen::Gene	erators Namespace Reference	7
		4.1.1	Detailed	Description	7
		4.1.2	Typedef	Documentation	7
			4.1.2.1	pseudo_random_prime_engine	7
			4.1.2.2	truly_random_prime_engine	8
		4.1.3	Function	Documentation	8
			4.1.3.1	next_prime	8
	4.2	Prime	Gen::Tests	s Namespace Reference	9
		4.2.1	Detailed	Description	9
		4.2.2	Function	Documentation	9
			4.2.2.1	f1000_prime_factors	9
			4.2.2.2	f100_prime_factors	9
			4.2.2.3	miller_rabin	10
			4.2.2.4	miller_rabin_deterministic	10
	4.3	Prime	Gen::Utils	Namespace Reference	10
		4.3.1	Detailed	Description	11
		4.3.2	Function	Documentation	11
			4.3.2.1	fac 2 powers	11
			4.3.2.2	independent_bits_generator	11
			4.3.2.3	log	12
			4.3.2.4	pow mod	12

13

iv CONTENTS

5.1	PrimeC	Gen::Generators::random_prime_engine< UIntType, w, RandomNumberEngine, Primarity⊷	
	Test >	Class Template Reference	3
	5.1.1	Detailed Description	3
	5.1.2	Constructor & Destructor Documentation	4
		5.1.2.1 random_prime_engine	4
	5.1.3	Member Function Documentation	4
		5.1.3.1 max	4
		5.1.3.2 min	4
		5.1.3.3 operator()	5

# PrimeGen – Library for generating prime numbers



Template library providing functions for prime numbers generation.

## 1.1 Working with big numbers

Instead of standard unsigned integer types, any user-defined class may be used for UIntType. Class must define at least =  $+ \& ++ (prefix) == < != > % >> << - * operators and must provide << stream operator (used for conversions), with the same behavior they have with standard unsigned integer types and must be interoperable with standard unsigned integer types. All library functions have been tested with GNU MP Bignum Library's mpz_class.$ 

2	PrimeGen – Library for generating prime numbers

# Namespace Index

## 2.1 Namespace List

Here is a list of all documented namespaces with brief descriptions:

PrimeGen::Generators	
Prime generators	7
PrimeGen::Tests	
Primality tests	9
PrimeGen::Utils	
Various arithmetic functions used in library algorithms	10

Namespace Index

# **Class Index**

_			
3	1	Class	Liet

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:	
PrimeGen::Generators::random_prime_engine < UIntType, w, RandomNumberEngine, PrimarityTest >	
Random prime generator	13

6 Class Index

# **Namespace Documentation**

## 4.1 PrimeGen::Generators Namespace Reference

Prime generators.

#### Classes

class random\_prime\_engine
 Random prime generator.

## **Typedefs**

• template<typename UIntType, size\_t w> using truly\_random\_prime\_engine = random\_prime\_engine< UIntType, w, std::random\_device, Tests⇔ ::miller\_rabin< UIntType, 25 >>

Random prime generator.

template<typename UIntType, size\_t w>
 using pseudo\_random\_prime\_engine = random\_prime\_engine< UIntType, w, std::minstd\_rand, Tests
 ::miller\_rabin< UIntType, 25 >>

Pseudorandom prime generator.

## **Functions**

template < class UIntType , uint\_fast32\_t accuracy>
 UIntType next\_prime (UIntType n)
 Generates next prime greater than n.

## 4.1.1 Detailed Description

Prime generators.

## 4.1.2 Typedef Documentation

4.1.2.1 template<typename UIntType , size\_t w> using PrimeGen::Generators::pseudo\_random\_prime\_engine = typedef random\_prime\_engine<UIntType, w, std::minstd\_rand, Tests::miller\_rabin<UIntType, 25>>

Pseudorandom prime generator.

Pseudorandom prime will be generated using std::minstd\_rand. Probabilistic test is used for primarity testing, probability of false-positive composite is lower than  $\frac{1}{4^{25}}$  while test is still reasonably fast.

#### **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold 2 times maximum of $w$ . (If $w$ is 32
	UIntType must be able to hold 64b numbers.)
	Size of number to generate in bits. Generated number will be alway greater than
	$2^{w-1}$ . w must be greater than 2.

#### See also

Tests::miller rabin

4.1.2.2 template<typename UIntType , size\_t w> using PrimeGen::Generators::truly\_random\_prime\_engine = typedef random\_prime\_engine<UIntType, w, std::random\_device, Tests::miller\_rabin<UIntType, 25>>

Random prime generator.

Random prime will be generated using std::random\_device. Probabilistic test is used for primarity testing, probability of false-positive composite is lower than  $\frac{1}{425}$  while test is still reasonably fast.

#### **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold 2 times maximum of w. (If w is 32
	UIntType must be able to hold 64b numbers.)
W	Size of number to generate in bits. Generated number will be alway greater than
	$2^{w-1}$ . w must be greater than 2.

### See also

Tests::miller\_rabin

## 4.1.3 Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 template < class UIntType , uint\_fast32\_t accuracy > UIntType PrimeGen::Generators::next\_prime ( UIntType n )

Generates next prime greater than n.

## **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold 2 times size of result. Too bad no
	theory can estimate how exactly this prime will be big. From probabilistic theory
	you are pretty safe if UIntType can hold $3 \times (n + \ln(n))$ .
accuracy	Since probabilistic test is used for primarity testing, this parameter determines
	accuracy of the test. Reasonable values are 25 - 50 which gives probability of
	false-positive composite lower than $\frac{1}{4^{25}}$ while test is still reasonably fast.

### See also

Tests::miller\_rabin

#### **Parameters**

n Generated prime will be greater than n. n must be greater than 3.

#### Returns

Prime greater than n. There should be no other primes between n and generated prime (see accuracy).

## 4.2 PrimeGen::Tests Namespace Reference

Primality tests.

#### **Functions**

 template < class UIntType, size\_t accuracy> bool miller\_rabin (const UIntType &n)

Miller-Rabin probabilistic primality test.

template < class UIntType , size\_t w = std::numeric\_limits < UIntType > ::digits > bool miller\_rabin\_deterministic (const UIntType &n)

Miller-Rabin deterministic primality test.

template < class UIntType >

bool f100\_prime\_factors (const UIntType &n)

Quick test, testing only first 100 prime factors.

template < class UIntType >

bool f1000\_prime\_factors (const UIntType &n)

Quick test, testing only first 1000 prime factors.

## 4.2.1 Detailed Description

Primality tests.

## 4.2.2 Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 template < class UIntType > bool PrimeGen::Tests::f1000\_prime\_factors ( const UIntType & n )

Quick test, testing only first 1000 prime factors.

**Template Parameters** 

UIntType	Unsigned integer type.

#### **Parameters**

n number to be tested for primarity

#### Returns

true if no prime factor was found, false otherwise. This test does not guarantee number to be prime, it should be used only together with other tests or for testing very small numbers.

4.2.2.2 template < class UIntType > bool PrimeGen::Tests::f100\_prime\_factors ( const UIntType & n )

Quick test, testing only first 100 prime factors.

#### **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type.

#### **Parameters**

n	number to be tested for primality

#### Returns

true if no prime factor was found, false otherwise. This test does not guarantee number to be prime, it should be used only together with other tests or for testing very small numbers.

4.2.2.3 template < class UIntType , size\_t accuracy > bool PrimeGen::Tests::miller\_rabin ( const UIntType & n )

Miller-Rabin probabilistic primality test.

## **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold 2 times size of n. (Even if n would fit
	in 32b type UIntType must be able to hold 64b number.)

#### **Parameters**

n	Number to be tested for primality. Must be greater than 3.
accuracy	Since this is only probabilistic test, test has its accuracy determined by this parameter. Prob-
	ability of false-positive match is only $\frac{1}{4accuracy}$ . Prime will be always determined as prime.
	Reasonable values are 25 – 50 which gives probability of false-positive composite lower than
	$\frac{1}{4^{25}}$ while test is still reasonably fast.

#### Returns

true if number is probable prime, false if number is definitely composite.

4.2.2.4 template < class UIntType , size\_t w = std::numeric\_limits < UIntType > ::digits > bool PrimeGen::Tests::miller\_rabin\_deterministic ( const UIntType & n )

Miller-Rabin deterministic primality test.

This test depends on (unproved in time of writting) generalized Riemann hypothesis. Don't use this test if dependency on unproved theories is unaccetable for you.

## **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold 2 times size of n. (Even if n would fit
	in 32b type UIntType must be able to hold 64b number.)

#### **Parameters**

n	Number to be tested for primality. Must be greater than 3.

#### Returns

true if number is probable prime, false if number is definitely composite.

## 4.3 PrimeGen::Utils Namespace Reference

Various arithmetic functions used in library algorithms.

#### **Functions**

template < class UIntType > std::pair < UIntType, UIntType > fac\_2\_powers (const UIntType &n)

Factorize powers of 2 from n.

template < class UIntType >

UIntType pow\_mod (UIntType base, UIntType exp, const UIntType &mod)

Exponentiation over a modulo. Exponentiation will be done by repeated squaring.

 template<class UIntType , size\_t w> double log (const UIntType &n)

Logarithm function.

template < class UIntType , class EngineType , size\_t w>
 UIntType independent bits generator (EngineType & 32b generator)

Generates random number using provided engine. Randomness of generated number depends on randomness of provided engine.

## 4.3.1 Detailed Description

Various arithmetic functions used in library algorithms.

#### 4.3.2 Function Documentation

4.3.2.1 template < class UIntType > std::pair < UIntType, UIntType > PrimeGen::Utils::fac\_2\_powers ( const UIntType & n )

Factorize powers of 2 from n.

#### **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type.

#### **Parameters**

n	number to be factorized

#### Returns

std::pair (s, d) where s, d holds  $n = 2^s \times d$ 

4.3.2.2 template < class UIntType , class EngineType , size\_t w> UIntType PrimeGen::Utils::independent\_bits\_generator (
EngineType & \_32b\_generator )

Generates random number using provided engine. Randomness of generated number depends on randomness of provided engine.

#### **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold w long numbers
EngineType	Function support all standard engine types defined in <random>, including</random>
	std::random_device. (Hence all classes generating 32b numbers with ()
	operator should work). Internal state of engine will be modified. Engine must be
	initialized and provide () operator generating 32b numbers.

W	size of number to generate in bits

#### **Parameters**

_32b_generator	Initialized number generator

## Returns

std::pair (s, d) where s, d holds  $n = 2^s \times d$ 

4.3.2.3 template < class UIntType , size\_t w > double PrimeGen::Utils::log ( const UIntType & n )

Logarithm function.

Computes logarithm with maximum precision avaible for standart types. **UintType** must be able to print itself to stream (ie. stream operator << must bbe defined)

## **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type.
W	size of <b>n</b> in bits

#### **Parameters**

n	number to compute logarithm for

#### Returns

natural logarithm of n

4.3.2.4 template < class UIntType > UIntType PrimeGen::Utils::pow\_mod ( UIntType base, UIntType exp, const UIntType & mod )

Exponentiation over a modulo. Exponentiation will be done by repeated squaring.

## **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold 2 times size of base and mod. (Even
	if base would fit in 32b type UIntType must be able to hold 64b number.)

## Parameters

base	
exp	exponent
mod	modulo

### Returns

(base<sup>exponent</sup>)%modulo

## **Class Documentation**

5.1 PrimeGen::Generators::random\_prime\_engine < UIntType, w, RandomNumber ← Engine, PrimarityTest > Class Template Reference

Random prime generator.

```
#include <primegen.h>
```

## **Public Types**

• typedef UIntType result\_type

## **Public Member Functions**

template<typename... Args>
 random\_prime\_engine (Args &&...args)

Constructs random\_prime\_engine with underlying RandomNumberEngine.

• result\_type operator() ()

Generates prime.

• const RandomNumberEngine & base () const

## **Static Public Member Functions**

• static constexpr result\_type min ()

Returns the minimum value potentially generated by the random-number engine.

• static constexpr result\_type max ()

Returns the maximum value potentially generated by the random-number engine.

## 5.1.1 Detailed Description

template < class UIntType, size\_t w, class RandomNumberEngine, bool(&)(const UIntType &) PrimarityTest>class PrimeGen::

Generators::random\_prime\_engine < UIntType, w, RandomNumberEngine, PrimarityTest>

Random prime generator.

Random prime will be generated using given RandomNumberEngine.

14 Class Documentation

#### **Template Parameters**

UIntType	Unsigned integer type. Must be able to hold 2 times maximum of w. (If w is 32
	UIntType must be able to hold 64b numbers.)
W	Size of number to generate in bits. Generated number will be always greater than
	$2^{w-1}$ . w must be greater than 2.
RandomNumberEngine	Engine used as base for generating random numbers. Entropy provided by this
	engine directly affects entropy of generated primes (ie. quality of this engine is
	really important)
PrimarityTest	Test used for primarity testing. First fast test for 1000 first primes is applied on
	generated number, then PrimarityTest is runned. No further testing is done,
	use with caution.

#### See also

Tests::miller rabin

#### **Parameters**

	args	Arguments passed to constructor of RandomNumberEngine.
- 1	1	1 9 1

#### Returns

Randomly (randomness depends on RandomNumberEngine and its arguments) generated prime number.

## 5.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

5.1.2.1 template < class UIntType , size\_t w, class RandomNumberEngine , bool(&)(const UIntType &) PrimarityTest> template < typename... Args> PrimeGen::Generators::random\_prime\_engine < UIntType, w, RandomNumberEngine, PrimarityTest>::random\_prime\_engine ( Args &&... args ) [inline]

Constructs random\_prime\_engine with underlying RandomNumberEngine.

## **Parameters**

args	Arguments passed to underlying RandomNumberEngine
------	---

## 5.1.3 Member Function Documentation

5.1.3.1 template < class UIntType , size\_t w, class RandomNumberEngine , bool(&)(const UIntType &) PrimarityTest> static constexpr result\_type PrimeGen::Generators::random\_prime\_engine < UIntType, w, RandomNumberEngine, PrimarityTest>::max( ) [inline], [static]

Returns the maximum value potentially generated by the random-number engine.

## Returns

The maximum potentially generated value.

5.1.3.2 template < class UIntType , size\_t w, class RandomNumberEngine , bool(&)(const UIntType &) PrimarityTest> static constexpr result\_type PrimeGen::Generators::random\_prime\_engine < UIntType, w, RandomNumberEngine, PrimarityTest>::min( ) [inline], [static]

Returns the minimum value potentially generated by the random-number engine.

#### Returns

The minimum potentially generated value.

5.1.3.3	template < class UIntType , size_t w, class RandomNumberEngine , bool(&)(const UIntType &) PrimarityTest > auto
	PrimeGen::Generators::random_prime_engine < UIntType, w, RandomNumberEngine, PrimarityTest
	>::operator()( ) [inline]

Generates prime.

Generates a random (randomness depends on RandomNumberEngine) prime. The state of the engine is advanced by one position.

Returns

A random prime in [min(), max()].

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· primegen.h