



Clojure

Language for old cranky programmers



Facts

- Dynamic functional language (LISP)
- First released 2007 by Rich Hickey
- Hosted language with full iterop
- Dynamic typing

Clojure ~ Python

vector

○ ○ ○

```
["foo" 1 bar]
```

○ ○ ○

```
["foo", 1, bar]
```

Clojure ~ Python

hashmap

○ ○ ○

```
{  
  "foo" 1  
  "bar" 2  
}
```

○ ○ ○

```
{  
  "foo": 1,  
  "bar": 2  
}
```

Clojure ~ Python

set

○ ○ ○

```
#{"foo" 1 bar}
```

○ ○ ○

```
{"foo", 1, bar}
```

Clojure x Python

functions

○ ○ ○

```
(foo "bar" "baz")
```

○ ○ ○

```
foo("bar", "baz")
```

Clojure x Python

operators

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(+ 1 2 3)

○ ○ ○

1 + 2 + 3

Clojure x Python

keywords

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```
{  
  :foo 1  
  :bar 2  
}
```


Clojure x Python

○ ○ ○

```
(every? filled?  
  (filter mandatory?  
    (:fields form)))
```

○ ○ ○

```
(->> form  
  :fields  
  (filter mandatory?)  
  (every? filled?))
```



Similarities

- **Simple language**
- **Well thought-out**
- **Dynamic typing**
- **Structural editing** (Parinfer)
- **Great tools**
- **Great community**



Advantages

- **Java** (fast + real threads)
- **Immutable by default** (easy parallelism)
- **REPL** (interactive development)
- **Uberjars** (Docker from the 90's)
- **Meta-programming** (powerful macros)
- **BE+FE code sharing**



Disadvantages

- **Java** (slow startup time)
- **Low adoption** (fewer jobs)
- **Learning curve**