hrosailing-Module Documentation

Dependencies

The hrosailing-module has the following third-party dependencies

- numpy
- matplotlib
- pynmea2
- scipy

How To Use This Module

After installing/downloading one can easily use the hrosailing-module via

```
>>> import hrosailing
```

or

>>> from hrosailing import ...

Contents Of This Module

The hrosailing-module defines the following public functions: hrosailing.apparent_wind_to_true(wind_arr)

Converts apparent wind to true wind

Parameters:

```
wind_arr:array_like
```

Wind data given as a sequence of points consisting of wind speed, wind angle and boat speed, where the wind speed and wind angle are measured as true wind

Returns:

```
out: numpy.ndarray of shape (n, 3)
```

Array containt the same data as wind_arr but with the wind speed and wind angle now measured as apparent wind

Raises a ValueError

- if wind_arr is empty
- if same values in wind_arr are NaN or not finite
- if wind_arr can't be broadcasted to an array of shape (n, 3)

hrosailing.true_wind_to_apparent(wind_arr)

Converts true wind to apparent wind

Parameters:

```
wind_arr:array_like
```

Wind data given as a sequence of points consisting of wind speed, wind angle and boat speed, where the wind speed and wind angle

are measured as apparent wind

Returns:

```
out: numpy.ndarray of shape (n, 3)
```

Array containt the same data as wind_arr but with the wind speed and wind angle now measured as true wind

Raises a ValueError

- if wind_arr is empty
- if same values in wind_arr are NaN or not finite
- if wind_arr can't be broadcasted to an array of shape (n, 3)

The hrosailing-module has the following public submodules:

- hrosailing.polardiagram
- hrosailing.processing

The hrosailing.polardiagram-module defines the following public functions: polardiagram.to_csv(csv_path, obj)

Calls the .to_csv method of the polardiagram.PolarDiagram instance.

Parameters:

```
csv_path:string
```

Path where a .csv-file is located or where a new .csv-file will be created

```
obj:PolarDiagram
```

polardiagram. PolarDiagram instance which will be written to the .csv-file

Raises a FileWritingException if the file can't be written to

```
polardiagram.from csv(csv path, fmt='hro', tw=True)
```

Reads a .csv file and returns the polardiagram. PolarDiagram instance contained in it

Parameters:

```
csv_path:string
```

Path to a .csv file which will be read

```
fmt:string
```

The "format" of the .csv file. Currently supported formats are:

```
"hro": format created by the polardiagram.to_csv function "orc": format found at ORC
```

"opencpn": format created by the OpenCPN Polar Plugin
"array":

tw:bool

Specifies if wind data in file should be viewed as true wind

Defaults to True

Returns:

```
out:polardiagram.PolarDiagram
            polardiagram. PolarDiagram instances contained in the
            .csv file
    Raises a FileReadingException if
        - an unknown format was specified
        - the file can't be found, opened or read
polardiagram.pickling(pkl_path, obj)
    Calls the .pickling method of the polardiagram.PolarDiagram instance
    Parameters:
        pkl_path:string
            Path where a .pkl file is located or where a new .pkl file will
            be created
        obj:PolarDiagram
            polardiagram. PolarDiagram instance which will be
            written to the .csv-file
    Raises a FileWritingException if the file can't be written to
polardiagram.depickling(pkl_path)
    Reads a .pkl file and returns the polardiagram. PolarDiagram instance
    contained in it
    Parameters:
        pkl_path:string
            Path to a .pkl file which will be read
    Returns:
        out:polardiagram.PolarDiagram
            polardiagram. PolarDiagram instance contained in the
            .pkl file
    Raises a FileReadingException if file can't be found, opened, or read
polardiagram.symmetric_polar_diagram(obj)
    Symmetrizeses an polardiagram. PolarDiagram instance, meaning for every
    datapoint with wind speed, wind angle and boat speed (w, phi, s)
    a new data point with wind speed, wind angle and boat speed (w, 360 - phi, s)
    will be added
    Parameters:
        obj:PolarDiagram
            polardiagram. PolarDiagram instance which will be
            symmetrized
    Returns:
```

Raises a PolarDiagramException if obj is not of type PolarDiagramTable or

symmetric: PolarDiagram

"symmetrized" version of obj

PolarDiagramPointcloud

The polardiagram-module defines the following public classes:

polardiagram.PolarDiagram()

An abstract base class for the ${\tt polardiagram}$ classes

Methods:

PolarDiagram.pickling(self, pkl_path)

Writes self to a .pkl file

Parameters:

pkl_path:string

Path where a .pkl file is located or where a new .pkl file will be created

Raises a FileWritingException if the file can't be written to

PolarDiagram.plot_polar_slice(self, ws, ax=None, **plot_kw)

Creates a polar plot of a given slice of the polar diagram

Parameters:

ws:int or float

Slice of the polar diagram, given as either

- an element of self.wind_speeds for PolarDiagramTable Slice then equals the corresponding column of self.boat_speeds together with the wind angles in self.wind_angles

Same with PolarDiagramMultiSails

- as a single wind speed for PolarDiagramCurve Slice then equals self(ws, wa), where wa will go through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°
- a single wind speed for PolarDiagramPointcloud Slice then consists of all rows of self.points with the first entry being equal to ws

ax: matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if

- ws is not in self.wind_speed for PolarDiagramTable
 and PolarDiagramMultiSails
- there are no rows in self.points with first entry ws

```
for PolarDiagramPointcloud
```

```
PolarDiagram.plot_flat_slice(self, ws, ax=None, **plot_kw)
```

Creates a cartesian plot of a given slice of the polar diagram

Parameters:

ws:int or float

Slice of the polar diagram, given as either

- an element of self.wind_speeds for PolarDiagramTable Slice then equals the corresponding column of self.boat_speeds together with the wind angles in self.wind_angles

Same with PolarDiagramMultiSails

- as a single wind speed for PolarDiagramCurve Slice then equals self(ws, wa), where wa will go through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°
- a single wind speed for PolarDiagramPointcloud Slice then consists of all rows of self.points with the first entry being equal to ws

ax: matplotlib.axes.Axes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if

- ws is not in self.wind_speed for PolarDiagramTable
 and PolarDiagramMultiSails
- there are no rows in self.points with first entry ws for PolarDiagramPointcloud

PolarDiagram.plot_convex_hull_slice(self, ws, ax=None, **plot_kw)

Computes the convex hull of a given slice of the polar diagram and creates a polar plot of it

Parameters:

ws:int or float

Slice of the polar diagram, given as either

 an element of self.wind_speeds for PolarDiagramTable
 Slice then equals the corresponding column of self.boat speeds together with the wind angles in self.wind_angles

Same with PolarDiagramMultiSails

- as a single wind speed for PolarDiagramCurve Slice then equals self(ws, wa), where wa will go through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°
- a single wind speed for PolarDiagramPointcloud Slice then consists of all rows of self.points with the first entry being equal to ws

ax: matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if

- ws is not in self.wind_speeds for PolarDiagramTable
 and PolarDiagramMultiSails
- there are no rows in self.points with first entry ws for PolarDiagramPointcloud

Abstract Methods:

```
PolarDiagram.to_csv(self, csv_path)

PolarDiagram.plot_polar(self, ws, ax=None,

colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)

PolarDiagram.plot_flat(self, ws, ax=None,

colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)

PolarDiagram.plot_3d(self, ax=None, **plot_kw)

PolarDiagram.plot_color_gradient(self, ax=None,

colors=('green', 'red'), marker=None, show_legend=False, legend_kw=None)

PolarDiagram.plot_convex_hull()

polardiagram.PolarDiagramTable(ws_res=None, wa_res=None,

bsps=None, tw=True)
```

A class to represent, visualize and work with a polar diagram in form of a table

Parameters:

```
ws_res: Iterable or int or float, optional
```

```
Wind speeds that will correspond to the columns of the table
        Can either be a sequence of length cdim or an int/float value
        If a number num is passed, numpy.arange(num, 40, num)
        will be assigned to ws_res
        If nothing is passed, it will default to numpy.arange(2, 42, 2)
    wa_res: Iterable or int or float, optional
        Wind angles that will correspond to the rows of the table
        Can either be sequence of length rdim or an int/float value
        If a number num is passed, numpy.arange(num, 360, num)
        will be assigned to wa res
        If nothing is passed, it will default to numpy.arange(0, 360, 5)
    bsps:array_like,optional
        Boatspeeds that will correspond to the entries of the table
        Should be broadcastable to the shape (rdim, cdim)
        If nothing is passed it will default to numpy.zeros((rdim, cdim))
    tw:bool, optional
        Specifies if the given wind data should be viewed as true wind
        If False, wind data will be converted to true wind
        Defaults to True
Raises a PolarDiagramException
    - if bsps can't be broadcasted to a fitting shape
   - if bsps is not of dimension 2
   - if bsps is an empty array
Methods:
    PolarDiagramTable.wind_speeds
        Returns a read only version of self._res_wind_speed
    PolarDiagramTable.wind_angles
        Returns a read only version of self._res_wind_angle
    PolarDiagramTable.boat_speeds
        Returns a read only version of self. bsps
    PolarDiagramTable.to_csv(self, csv_path, fmt='hro')
        Creates a .csv file with delimiter ',' and the following format:
            PolarDiagramTable
```

Parameters :

Boat speeds:

csv path:string

self.boat_speeds

Wind speed resolution: self.wind_speeds Wind angle resolution: self.wind_angles

```
Path where a .csv file is located or where a new .csv file will be created
```

fmt:string

Specifies the format of the created csv

Raises a FileWritingException if the file can't be written to

PolarDiagramTable.change_entries(self,new_bsps, ws=None,
wa=None)

Changes specified entries in the table

Parameters:

new_bsps:array_like

Sequence containing the new boat speeds to be inserted in the specified entries

Should be of a matching shape

ws: Iterable, or int or float, optional

Element(s) of self.wind_speeds, specifying the columns, where new boat speeds will be inserted

If nothing is passed it will default to self.wind_speeds

wa: Iterable, or int or float, optional

Element(s) of self.wind_angles, specifiying the rows, where new boat speeds will be inserted

If nothing is passed it will default to self.wind_angles

Raises a PolarDiagramException

- if ws is not contained in self.wind_speeds
- if wa is not contained in self.wind_angles
- if new_bsps can't be broadcasted to a fitting shape
- if new_bsps is an empty sequence

```
PolarDiagramTable.plot_polar (self, ws=None, ax=None,
colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Creates a polar plot of one or more slices of the polar diagram

Parameters:

```
ws: Iterable, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram table, given as either

- an Iterable containing only elements of self.wind_speeds
- a single element of self.wind_speeds

The slices are then equal to the corresponding

columns of the table together with self.wind_angles

If nothing it passed, it will default to self.wind_speeds

ax:matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple, optional

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

Defaults to ('green', 'red')

show_legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict, optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the ${\tt matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot}$ function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if at least one element of ws_range is not in self.wind_speeds

```
PolarDiagramTable.plot_flat (self, ws=None, ax=None,
colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Creates a cartesian plot of one or more slices of the polar diagram

Parameters:

```
ws: Iterable, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram table, given as either

- an Iterable containing only elements of self.wind_speeds
- a single element of self.wind_speeds

The slices are then equal to the corresponding columns of the table together with self.wind_angles

If nothing it passed, it will default to self.wind_speeds

```
ax:matplotlib.axes.Axes, optional
```

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

```
colors: tuple, optional
```

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

```
Defaults to ('green', 'red')
show_legend:bool,optional
```

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend kw:dict, optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if at least one element of ws_range is not in self.wind_speeds

```
PolarDiagramTable.plot_3d(self, ax=None, colors=('blue', 'blue'))
```

Creates a 3d plot of the polar diagram

Parameters:

```
ax: mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.axes3d.Axes3D, optional
```

Axes instance where the plot will be created

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

```
colors: tuple of length 2, optional
```

Colors which specify the color gradient with

which the polar diagram will be plotted

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

If no color gradient is desired, set both elements

Defaults to ('blue', 'blue')

to the same color

PolarDiagramTable.plot_color_gradient(self, ax=None, colors=('green', 'red'), marker=None, show_legend=False, *legend_kw)

Creates a 'wind speed vs. wind angle' color gradient plot of the polar diagram with respect to the respective boat speeds

Parameters:

ax: matplotlib.axes.Axes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple of length 2, optional

Colors which specify the color gradient with which the polar diagram will be plotted

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

Defaults to ('green', 'red')

marker: matplotlib.markers.Markerstyleor equivalent, optional

Markerstyle for the created scatter plot

If nothing is passed, it will default to "o"

show_legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

Legend will be a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object.

Defaults to False

legend_kw : Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments to be passed to the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

PolarDiagramTable.plot_convex_hull(self, ws=None, ax=None,
colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)

Computes the (seperate) convex hull of one or more slices of the polar diagram and creates a polar plot of them

Parameters:

```
ws: Iterable, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram table, given as either

- an Iterable containing only elements of self.wind_speeds
- a single element of self.wind_speeds

The slices are then equal to the corresponding columns of the table together with self.wind_angles

If nothing it passed, it will default to self.wind_speeds

```
ax:matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional
```

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

```
colors: tuple, optional
```

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

```
Defaults to ('green', 'red')
show_legend:bool,optional
```

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict,optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if at least one element of ws range is not in self.wind speeds

 $\verb"polar_diagram". \textbf{PolarDiagramCurve}(\texttt{f}, \texttt{params}, \texttt{radians=False})$

A class to represent, visualize and work with a polar diagram given by a fitted curve/surface

Parameters:

f:function

Curve/surface that describes the polar diagram, given as a function, with the signature $f(x, *params) \rightarrow y$, where x is a numpy.ndarray of shape (n, 2) which corresponds to pairs of wind speed and wind angle and y is a numpy.ndarray of shape (n,) or (n, 1) which corresponds to the boat speed at the resp. wind speed and wind angle.

params: tuple or sequence

Optimal parameters for f

radians: bool, optional

Specifies if f takes the wind angles to be in radians or degrees

Defaults to False

Methods:

PolarDiagramCurve.Curve

Returns a read only version of self._f

PolarDiagramCurve.radians

Returns a read only version of self._radians

PolarDiagramCurve.parameters

Returns a read only version of self. params

PolarDiagramCurve.to_csv(self, csv_path)

Creates a .csv file with delimiter ':' and the following format:

PolarDiagramCurve

Function: self.curve.__name__

Radians: self.radians
Parameters: self.parameters

Parameters:

csv_path:string

Path where a .csv file is located or where a new .csv file will be created

Raises a FileWritingException if the file can't be written to

```
PolarDiagramCurve.plot_polar(self, ws=(0, 20, 5), ax=None,
colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Creates a polar plot of one or more slices of the polar diagram

Parameters:

```
ws: tuple of length 3, list, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram given as either

- a tuple of three values, which will be interpreted as a start and end point of an interval aswell as a number of slices, which will be evenly spaced in the given interval
- a list of specific wind speeds
- a single wind speed

Slices will then equal self(w, wa) where w takes the given values in ws and wa goes through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°

Defaults to (0, 20, 5)

```
ax: matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional
```

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

```
colors: tuple, optional
```

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed,

each slice will be plotted in the specified color

- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

```
Defaults to ('green', 'red')
```

show_legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict,optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

```
PolarDiagramCurve.flat_plot(self, ws=(0, 20, 5), ax=None, colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Creates a cartesian plot of one or multiple slices of the polar diagram

Parameters:

```
ws: tuple of length 3, list, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram given as either

- a tuple of three values, which will be interpreted as a start and end point of an interval aswell as a number of slices, which will be evenly spaced in the given interval

- a list of specific wind speeds
- a single wind speed

Slices will then equal self(w, wa) where w takes the given values in ws and wa goes through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°

Defaults to (0, 20, 5)

ax:matplotlib.axes.Axes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple, optional

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

Defaults to ('green', 'red')

show_legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict, optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the

```
matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change
            position and appearence of the legend
            Will only be used if show legend=True
            If noting is passed, it will default to {}
        plot_kw: Keyword arguments
            Keyword arguments that will be passed to the
            matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change
            certain appearences of the plot
PolarDiagramCurve.plot_3d(self, ws=(0, 20, 100), ax=None,
colors=('blue', 'blue'))
    Creates a 3d plot of a part of the polar diagram
    Parameters:
        ws_range: tuple of length 3, optional
            A region of the polar diagram given as a tuple
            of three values, which will be interpreted as
            a start and an end point of an interval aswell as
            a number of slices, which will be evenly spaced
            in the given interval
            Slices will then equal self(w, wa) where w
            takes the given values in ws and wa goes
            through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°
            Defaults to (0, 20, 100)
        ax: mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.axes3d.Axes3D, optional
            Axes instance where the plot will be created.
            If nothing is passed, the function will create
            a suitable axes
        colors: tuple of length 2, optional
            Colors which specify the color gradient with which
            the polar diagram will be plotted
            Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr
            If no color gradient is desired, set both elements
            to the same color
            Defaults to ('blue', 'blue')
PolarDiagramCurve.plot_color_gradient(self, ws=(0, 20, 100),
ax=None, colors=('green', 'red'), marker=None, show_legend=False, **legend_kw)
```

Creates a 'wind speed vs. wind angle' color gradient plot of a part of the polar diagram with respect to the respective boat speeds

Parameters:

```
ws_range: tuple of length 3, optional
```

A region of the polar diagram given as a tuple

of three values, which will be interpreted as a start and an end point of an interval aswell as a number of slices, which will be evenly spaced in the given interval

Slices will then equal self(w, wa) where w takes the given values in ws and wa goes through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°

Defaults to (0, 20, 100)

ax: matplotlib.axes.Axes, optinal

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple of length 2, optional

Colors which specify the color gradient with which the polar diagram will be plotted

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

Defaults to ('green', 'red')

marker: matplotlib.markers.Markerstyleor equivalent, optional

Markerstyle for the created scatter plot

If nothing is passed, it will default to "o"

show_legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

Legend will be a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object.

Defaults to False

legend_kw : Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments to be passed to the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

```
PolarDiagramCurve.plot_convex_hull(self, ws=(0, 20, 5), ax=None, colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Computes the (seperate) convex hull of one or more slices of the polar diagram and creates a polar plot of them

Parameters:

```
ws:tuple of length 3, list, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram given as either

- a tuple of three values, which will be

interpreted as a start and end point of an interval aswell as a number of slices, which will be evenly spaces in the given interval

- a list of specific wind speeds
- a single wind speed

Slices will then equal self(w, wa) where w takes the given values in ws and wa goes through a fixed number of angles between 0° and 360°

Defaults to (0, 20, 5)

ax: matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple, optional

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

Defaults to ('green', 'red')

show_legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict, optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

polar_diagram.PolarDiagramPointcloud(pts=None, tw=True)

A class to represent, visualize and work with a polar diagram given by a point cloud **Parameters**:

```
pts:array_like, optional
```

Initial points of the point cloud, given as a sequence of points consisting of wind speed, wind angle and boat speed

If nothing is passed, point cloud will be initialized as an empty point cloud

tw:bool, optional

Specifies if the given wind data should be viewed as true wind

If False, wind data will be converted to true wind

Defaults to True

Raises a PolarDiagramException if pts can't be broadcasted to shape (n, 3)

Methods:

PolarDiagramPointcloud.wind_speeds

Returns a list of all the different wind speeds in the point cloud

PolarDiagramPointcloud.wind_angles

Returns a list of all the different wind angles in the point cloud

PolarDiagramPointcloud.points

Returns a read only version of self._pts

PolarDiagramPointcloud.to_csv(self, csv_path)

Creates a .csv file with delimiter ',' and the following format

PolarDiagramPointcloud
True wind speed ,True wind angle ,Boat speed self.points

Parameters:

```
csv_path:string
```

Path where a .csv file is located or where a new .csv file will be created

Raises a FileWritingException if the file can't be written to

PolarDiagramPointcloud.add_points(self, new_pts, tw=True)

Adds additional points to the point cloud

Parameters:

```
new_points:array_like
```

New points to be added to the point cloud given as a sequence of points consisting of wind speed, wind angle and boat speed

```
tw:bool, optional
```

Specifies if the given wind data should be viewed as true wind

If False, wind data will be converted to true wind

Defaults to True

Raises a PolarDiagramException if

```
\begin{array}{l} \texttt{new\_pts} \ \textbf{can't} \ \textbf{be} \ \textbf{broadcasted to shape} \ (\texttt{n, 3}) \\ \texttt{new\_pts} \ \textbf{is} \ \textbf{an empty} \ \textbf{array} \end{array}
```

```
PolarDiagramPointcloud.plot_polar(self, ws=(0, numpy.inf), ax=None,
colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Creates a polar plot of one or more slices of the polar diagram

Parameters:

```
ws: tuple of length 2, list, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram given as either

- a tuple of two values which represent a lower and upper bound of considered wind speeds
- a list of specific wind speeds
- a single wind speed

Slices will then consist of all the rows in self.points whose first entry is equal to the values in ws

```
Defaults to (0, numpy.inf)
```

```
ax: matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional
```

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple, optional

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

```
Defaults to ('green', 'red') show legend: bool, optional
```

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict,optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if ws is given as a single value

or a list and there is a value w in ws, such that there are no rows in self.points whose first entry is equal to w

```
PolarDiagramPointcloud.plot_flat(self, ws=(0, numpy.inf),
ax=None, colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Creates a cartesian plot of one or more slices of the polar diagram

Parameters:

```
ws: tuple of length 2, list, int or float, optional
```

Slices of the polar diagram given as either

- a tuple of two values which represent a lower and upper bound of considered wind speeds
- a list of specific wind speeds
- a single wind speed

Slices will then consist of all the rows in self.points whose first entry is equal to the values in ws

```
Defaults to (0, numpy.inf)
ax:matplotlib.axes.Axes, optional
```

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

```
colors: tuple, optional
```

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

```
Defaults to ('green', 'red')
show_legend: bool, optional
Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown
next to the plot
```

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a

color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.

- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict,optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if ws is given as a single value or a list and there is a value w in ws, such that there are no rows in self.points whose first entry is equal to w

PolarDiagramPointcloud. plot_3d(self, ax=None, **plot_kw)

Creates a 3d plot of the polar diagram

Parameters:

ax:mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.axes3d.Axes3D, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if there are no points in the point cloud

```
PolarDiagramPointcloud.plot_color_gradient(self, ax=None,
colors=('green', 'red'), marker=None, show_legend=False, **legend_kw):
```

Creates a 'wind speed vs. wind angle' color gradient plot of the polar diagram with respect to the respective boat speeds

Parameters:

```
ax: matplotlib.axes.Axes, optional
```

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple of length 2, optional

Colors which specify the color gradient with which the polar diagram will be plotted

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

Defaults to ('green', 'red')

marker: matplotlib.markers.Markerstyleor equivalent, optional

Markerstyle for the created scatter plot

If nothing is passed, it will default to "o"

show legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

Legend will be a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object.

Defaults to False

legend_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments to be passed to the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

Raises a PolarDiagramException if there are no points in the point cloud

```
PolarDiagramPointcloudplot_convex_hull(self, ws=(0, numpy.inf), ax=None, colors=('green', 'red'), show_legend=False, legend_kw=None, **plot_kw)
```

Computes the (seperate) convex hull of one or more slices of the polar diagram and creates a polar plot of them

Parameters:

ws: tuple of length 2, list, int or float, optional

Slices of the polar diagram given as either

- a tuple of two values which represent a lower and upper bound of considered wind speeds
- a list of specific wind speeds
- a single wind speed

Slices will then consist of all the rows in ${\tt self.points}$ whose first entry is equal to the values in ${\tt ws}$

```
Defaults to (0, numpy.inf)
```

ax: matplotlib.projections.polar.PolarAxes, optional

Axes instance where the plot will be created.

If nothing is passed, the function will create a suitable axes

colors: tuple, optional

Specifies the colors to be used for the different slices

Accepts all colors and representations as given in colors and repr

There are four options for the tuple

- If as many or more colors as slices are passed, each slice will be plotted in the specified color
- If exactly 2 colors are passed, the slices will be plotted with a color gradient consiting of the two colors
- If more than 2 colors but less than slices are passed, the first n_color slices will be plotted in the specified colors, and the rest will be plotted in the default color "blue"

Alternatively one can specify certain slices to be plotted in a certain color by passing a tuple of (ws, color) pairs

Defaults to ('green', 'red')

show_legend: bool, optional

Specifies wether or not a legend will be shown next to the plot

The type of legend depends on the color options

- If the slices are plotted with a color gradient, a matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar object will be created and assigned to ax.
- Otherwise a matplotlib.legend.Legend will be created and assigned to ax.

Default to False

legend_kw:dict, optional

Keyword arguments to be passed to either the matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar class or the matplotlib.legend.Legend class to change position and appearence of the legend

Will only be used if show_legend=True

If noting is passed, it will default to {}

plot_kw: Keyword arguments

Keyword arguments that will be passed to the matplotlib.axes.Axes.plot function, to change certain appearences of the plot

Raises a PolarDiagramException if ws is given as a single value or a list and there is a value w in ws, such that there are no rows in self.points whose first entry is equal to w