

# Generalized Linear Models

February 8, 2019

## 1 Generalized Linear Models

```
In [1]: getwd()
```

```
'/Users/harsh/code/adbi/3-regression/1-glm'
```

### 1.0.1 Load the Data

```
In [2]: library('readxl')
df <- read_excel('eBayAuctions.xls')
colnames(df)[which(names(df) == "Competitive?")] <- "competitive"
names(df) <- tolower(names(df))
summary(df)
dim(df)
head(df)
```

readxl works best with a newer version of the tibble package.

You currently have tibble v1.4.2.

Falling back to column name repair from tibble <= v1.4.2.

Message displays once per session.

category	currency	sellerrating	duration
Length:1972	Length:1972	Min. : 0	Min. : 1.000
Class :character	Class :character	1st Qu.: 595	1st Qu.: 5.000
Mode :character	Mode :character	Median : 1853	Median : 7.000
		Mean : 3560	Mean : 6.486
		3rd Qu.: 3380	3rd Qu.: 7.000
		Max. : 37727	Max. : 10.000
endday	closeprice	openprice	competitive
Length:1972	Min. : 0.010	Min. : 0.01	Min. : 0.0000
Class :character	1st Qu.: 4.907	1st Qu.: 1.23	1st Qu.: 0.0000
Mode :character	Median : 9.995	Median : 4.50	Median : 1.0000
	Mean : 36.449	Mean : 12.93	Mean : 0.5406
	3rd Qu.: 28.000	3rd Qu.: 9.99	3rd Qu.: 1.0000
	Max. : 999.000	Max. : 999.00	Max. : 1.0000

1. 1972 2. 8

category	currency	sellerrating	duration	endday	closeprice	openprice	competitive
Music/Movie/Game	US	3249	5	Mon	0.01	0.01	0
Music/Movie/Game	US	3249	5	Mon	0.01	0.01	0
Music/Movie/Game	US	3249	5	Mon	0.01	0.01	0
Music/Movie/Game	US	3249	5	Mon	0.01	0.01	0
Music/Movie/Game	US	3249	5	Mon	0.01	0.01	0
Music/Movie/Game	US	3249	5	Mon	0.01	0.01	0

## 1.0.2 Create Pivot Table and Dummy Columns

In [3]: `library(reshape)`

```
# Function to generate Pivot table for a column
generatePivotTable <- function(df, col) {
  # Melt the column we want
  df_melt = melt(df, id.vars = c(col), measure.vars = 'competitive')
  # Cast to pivot form
  p_table <- cast(df_melt, paste(paste(col), "~", "variable"), mean)
  # Duplicate the first column so we can merge
  p_table['merge'] <- p_table[1]
  # Number of rows in the table
  len <- dim(p_table[1])
  # Threshold of ratio/mean to use for merging the categorical variables
  threshold <- 0.05
  # Merge
  for (i in 1:(len-1)) {
    for (j in (i+1):len){
      if (abs(p_table[i,2] - p_table[j,2]) < threshold) {
        p_table[j,3] = p_table[i,3]
      }
    }
  }
  return (p_table)
}

createDummy <- function(x, col) {
  for (level in unique(x[,col])) {
    x[paste('d', col, level, sep = "_")] <- ifelse(x[,col] == level, 1, 0)
  }
  return(x)
}

# Columns to check and merge
columns <- c('category', 'currency', 'endday', 'duration')

for (col in columns) {
  # Generate Pivot table for col
```



13	Jewelry	0.3658537	Automotive
14	Music/Movie/Game	0.6029777	Antique/Art/Craft
15	Photography	0.8461538	Electronics
16	Pottery/Glass	0.3500000	Automotive
17	SportingGoods	0.7258065	SportingGoods
18	Toys/Hobbies	0.5299145	Antique/Art/Craft

Warning message in 1:rows:

numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in 1:(len - 1):  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used

currency competitive merge

1	EUR	0.5515947	EUR
2	GBP	0.6870748	GBP
3	US	0.5193498	EUR

Warning message in 1:rows:

numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in 1:(len - 1):  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used

endday competitive merge

1	Fri	0.4668990	Fri
2	Mon	0.6733577	Mon
3	Sat	0.4273504	Fri
4	Sun	0.4852071	Fri
5	Thu	0.6039604	Thu
6	Tue	0.5321637	Fri
7	Wed	0.4800000	Fri

Warning message in 1:rows:

numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in 1:(len - 1):  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used  
Warning message in (i + 1):len:  
numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used

duration competitive merge

1	1	0.5217391	1
---	---	-----------	---

2	3	0.4507042	3
3	5	0.6866953	5
4	7	0.4891417	3
5	10	0.5445545	1

Warning message in 1:rows:

numerical expression has 2 elements: only the first used

sellerrating	closeprice	openprice	competitive	d_category_Antique/Art/Craft	d_category_Automotive
3249	0.01	0.01	0	1	1
3249	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
3249	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
3249	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
3249	0.01	0.01	0	0	0
3249	0.01	0.01	0	0	0

### 1.0.3 Split Data into train/test

```
In [4]: ## 60% of the sample size
      smp_size <- floor(0.60 * nrow(df))

      ## set the seed to make your partition reproducible
      set.seed(123)
      train_ind <- sample(seq_len(nrow(df)), size = smp_size)

      train <- df[train_ind, ]
      test <- df[-train_ind, ]
```

### 1.0.4 Train fit.all

```
In [5]: fit.all <- glm(`competitive` ~ ., family = binomial(link = 'logit'), data = train)
```

Warning message:

glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred

```
In [6]: summary(fit.all)
```

Call:

```
glm(formula = competitive ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),
    data = train)
```

Deviance Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-4.7429	-0.9375	0.0001	0.9968	2.4957

Coefficients: (13 not defined because of singularities)

Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)

(Intercept)	-2.220e-01	1.349e-01	-1.645	0.0999	.
sellerrating	-2.305e-05	1.330e-05	-1.733	0.0831	.
closeprice	1.355e-01	1.310e-02	10.341	<2e-16	***
openprice	-1.512e-01	1.378e-02	-10.969	<2e-16	***
`d_category_Antique/Art/Craft`	-2.976e-02	2.193e-01	-0.136	0.8921	
d_category_Automotive	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_category_SportingGoods	NA	NA	NA	NA	
`d_category_Business/Industrial`	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_category_Books	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_category_Electronics	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_category_EverythingElse	NA	NA	NA	NA	
`d_category_Coins/Stamps`	NA	NA	NA	NA	
`d_category_Health/Beauty`	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_currency_EUR	-2.153e-01	1.357e-01	-1.587	0.1126	
d_currency_GBP	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_endday_Mon	-1.813e-02	1.542e-01	-0.118	0.9064	
d_endday_Fri	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_endday_Thu	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_duration_5	-1.237e-01	1.585e-01	-0.780	0.4353	
d_duration_3	NA	NA	NA	NA	
d_duration_1	NA	NA	NA	NA	

---

Signif. codes: 0 \*\*\* 0.001 \*\* 0.01 \* 0.05 . 0.1 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 1636.4 on 1182 degrees of freedom  
 Residual deviance: 1258.3 on 1175 degrees of freedom  
 AIC: 1274.3

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 8

### 1.0.5 Predict and check accuracy

```
In [30]: predicted <- predict(fit.all, test, type = 'response')
         predicted <- ifelse(predicted > 0.5, 1, 0)
         accuracy <- mean(test$competitive == predicted)
         print(accuracy)
```

Warning message in predict.lm(object, newdata, se.fit, scale = 1, type = ifelse(type == :  
 prediction from a rank-deficient fit may be misleading

```
[1] 0.7756654
```

### 1.0.6 find predictor with highest absolute coefficient value

```
In [22]: coef = fit.all$coefficients
         print(coef)
```

```

              (Intercept)                sellerrating
              -2.220110e-01                -2.304733e-05
              closeprice                  openprice
              1.354970e-01                -1.511612e-01
`d_category_Antique/Art/Craft`          d_category_Automotive
              -2.975724e-02                  NA
d_category_SportingGoods `d_category_Business/Industrial`
              NA                  NA
d_category_Books          d_category_Electronics
              NA                  NA
d_category_EverythingElse `d_category_Coins/Stamps`
              NA                  NA
`d_category_Health/Beauty`          d_currency_EUR
              NA                  -2.153414e-01
d_currency_GBP                d_endday_Mon
              NA                  -1.812749e-02
d_endday_Fri                  d_endday_Thu
              NA                  NA
d_duration_5                  d_duration_3
              -1.236763e-01                NA
d_duration_1
              NA
```

```
In [23]: sort(abs(coef))
```

```

sellerrating          2.30473328886959e-05 d\_endday\_Mon          0.0181274874325235
`d\_category\_Antique/Art/Craft`    0.029757244212542 d\_duration\_5    0.123676280673723
closeprice          0.135496990839086 openprice          0.151161171550078 d\_currency\_EUR
0.215341437564903 (Intercept)          0.222011004707867
```

### 1.0.7 Train fit.single

```
In [24]: max = 0
         name = names(coef)[1]
         index = 1;
         for (i in 2:length(coef)) {
           val = abs(as.numeric(coef[i]))
           if (!is.na(val) && val > abs(as.numeric(max))) {
             name = names(coef)[i]
             if (name != '(Intercept)') {
               max = coef[i]
               index = i
             }
           }
         }
```

```

    }
}

print(max)
print(name)

subset = c("competitive", name)
fit.single = glm(competitive ~., family = binomial(link='logit'), data = train[subset])

d_currency_EUR
-0.2153414
[1] "d_currency_EUR"

```

In [25]: `summary(fit.single)`

Call:  
`glm(formula = competitive ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),  
data = train[subset])`

Deviance Residuals:

	Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
	-1.261	-1.189	1.096	1.166	1.166

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z )
(Intercept)	0.19549	0.08308	2.353	0.0186 *
d_currency_EUR	-0.16873	0.11659	-1.447	0.1478

---

Signif. codes: 0 '\*\*\*' 0.001 '\*\*' 0.01 '\*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 1636.4 on 1182 degrees of freedom  
Residual deviance: 1634.3 on 1181 degrees of freedom  
AIC: 1638.3

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 3

## 1.0.8 Find Significant predictors

In [26]: `significance_level = 0.05`

```

coefs = summary(fit.all)$coefficients
significant_predictors = coefs[coefs[,4] < significance_level,]
print(significant_predictors)

```



	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z )
closeprice	0.1354970	0.01310350	10.34052	4.620204e-25
openprice	-0.1511612	0.01378103	-10.96879	5.399195e-28

### 1.0.9 Train fit.reduced

```
In [27]: subset = names(significant_predictors[,1])
subset = c('competitive', subset)
fit.reduced = glm(competitive ~., family = binomial(link='logit'), data = train[subset])
summary(fit.reduced)
```

Warning message:

glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred

Call:

```
glm(formula = competitive ~ ., family = binomial(link = "logit"),
    data = train[subset])
```

Deviance Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-4.7397	-0.9455	0.0001	1.0102	2.5705

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	z value	Pr(> z )
(Intercept)	-0.46376	0.08590	-5.399	6.72e-08 ***
closeprice	0.13790	0.01317	10.467	< 2e-16 ***
openprice	-0.15364	0.01386	-11.083	< 2e-16 ***

---

Signif. codes: 0 \*\*\* 0.001 \*\* 0.01 \* 0.05 . 0.1 1

(Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)

Null deviance: 1636.4 on 1182 degrees of freedom  
Residual deviance: 1264.7 on 1180 degrees of freedom  
AIC: 1270.7

Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 8

### 1.0.10 Anova

```
In [28]: anova(fit.reduced, fit.all, test='Chisq')
```

Resid. Df	Resid. Dev	Df	Deviance	Pr(>Chi)
1180	1264.706	NA	NA	NA
1175	1258.281	5	6.425043	0.2670283

### 1.0.11 Over-Dispersion test

```
In [29]: library(qcc)
         s = rep(length(train$competitive), length(train$competitive))
         qcc.overdispersion.test(train$competitive, size = s, type="binomial")
```

Package 'qcc' version 2.7

Type 'citation("qcc")' for citing this R package in publications.

	Obs.Var/Theor.Var	Statistic	p-value
binomial data	0.4731382	559.2494	1