- 4) Consider S and T as variables and the following relation representing the relationships:
 - (i) a: $\neg (SVT)$
 - (ii) b: (S&T)
 - (iii) c: TV¬T
 - (iv) d: $\neg (S \Leftrightarrow S)$
 - (v) $e: \neg S \rightarrow \neg T$

Analyze the following for PL-TT entailment and show whether

- (i). 'a' entails 'b',
- (ii). 'a' entails 'c',
- (iii). 'a' entails 'd' and
- (iv). 'a' entails 'e'

$$N = 4$$

def main():

$$s = [1,0,1,0]$$

$$t = [1,1,0,0]$$

```
b=[]
c=[]
d=[]
e=[]
for i in range(N):
  a.append(not(s[i] or t[i]))
  b.append(bool(s[i] and t[i]))
  c.append(bool(t[i] or(not(t[i]))))
  d.append(not(bidir(s[i],s[i])))
  e.append(imp((not(s[i])),(not(t[i]))))
print("Truth table of a: ",a)
print("Truth table of b: ", b)
print("Truth table of c: ", c)
print("Truth table of d: ", d)
print("Truth table of e: ", e)
p=entails(a, b)
```

```
q=entails(a,c)
  r=entails(a, d)
  s=entails(a, e)
  print("a entails b: ",p)
  print("a entails c: ", q)
  print("a entails d: ", r)
  print("a entails e: ", s)
def imp(j,k):
  return (not(j)) or k
def bidir(j,k):
  return (imp(j,k)) and imp(j,k)
def entails(m,n):
  #for i in j:
  for i in range(N):
     for j in range(N):
        if (m[i] \text{ and } n[j] == 1):
           if(i==j):
```

```
return "yes"
break
```

```
return "NO"

if __name__ == '__main__':

main()
```

OUTPUT

```
Truth table of a: [False, False, False, True]
Truth table of b: [True, False, False, False]
Truth table of c: [True, True, True, True]
Truth table of d: [False, False, False, False]
Truth table of e: [True, False, True, True]
a entails b: NO
a entails c: yes
a entails d: NO
a entails e: yes
```