

Question 1

1A

Reaching Definitions

Ans: Forward

1B

Available Expressions

Ans: Forward

IC

Live Variable Analysis

Ans: Backward

ID

Copy Propagation

Ans: Forward

Question 2

2A

Reaching Definitions

Ans: Union

2B

Available Expressions

Ans: Intersection

2C

Live Variable Analysis

Ans: Union

2D

Copy Propagation

Ans: Intersection

Question 4

4A

Ans: x

4B

Ans: x

4C

Ans: x

4D

Ans: x

4E

Ans: x, y

4F

Ans: x, y, z

4G

Ans: x, y, z

4H

Ans: z

Question 9

(a)

store 0(R1), 0

Loop:

Load R3 0(R1)

stall

Inc R3

Store -4(R1) R3

Add R1, R1, -4

stall

Jne R1, R0, Loop

stall

For unrolled code we get about **6 clock cycles per iteration.**

(b) If we unroll the loop completely and take advantage of the increment operator, we can do this in about **2 clock cycles per iteration**:

Load R2, 0

stall

Store (R1), R2

Inc R2

Store -4(R1), R2

Inc R2

Store -8(R1), R2

Inc R2

.....

.....

Store -396(R1), R2

This scheme takes $98 \text{ steps} * 2 + 3 / 99 \sim 2 \text{ cycles}$

We can also do an alternate scheme which does not unroll the loop completely, and unrolls it 4 at a time, this gives **3 clock cycles per iteration**.