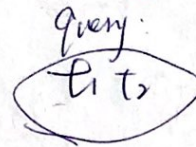
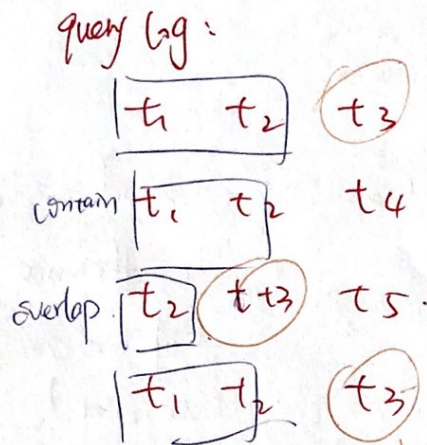


• query expansion: $q = \{t_1, \dots, t_k\}$. (if it's difficult)

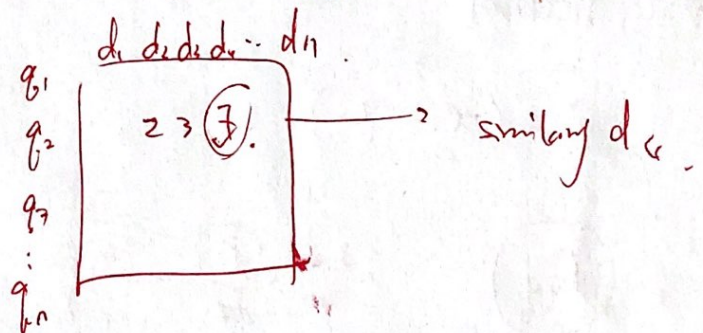
↓
 $q' = \{t_1 \dots \dots \}$ transfer it to a easier query
 (over $(t_i) \dots$ (but has extra cost for an easy query)).

• log mining

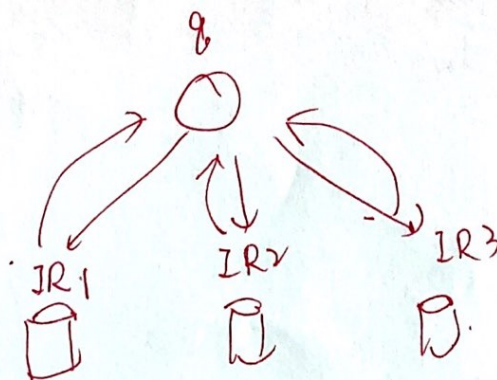


↓ may be suggested as expansion.

• incorporate collaboration. ...



• merging results.



(what weight of the query we would like to allocate to different IR systems)

query's difficulty can be different ~~from~~ for each IR system.

We need to find calculator has good the result returned.

27-th-Oct IR-1

be able to assign weighting to every term. $q = [t_1, t_2, t_3, \dots, t_m]$

pre-retrieval: cheaper.

but not that good.

$$q = t_1 \quad t_2 \quad t_3.$$

query scope . (t_1, t_2)

(t_1, t_2) (t_1, t_3) (t_2, t_3)

(t_1)

(t_2)

(t_3)

\rightarrow hard to know if there's
coherence between them.
(if we can remove any term of
or not).

post-retrieval.

$$q = (t_1, \dots, t_m).$$

(Pq)

1
2
3
4
5

d_1

0.63

d_2

0.61

d_{23}

d_{34}

\vdots

$d_1 | \frac{t_1, t_2}{\dots}$

(based on 2 terms query (t_1, t_2)).