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# Advanced Topics in NLP

## Introduction

**Dr. Paul Buitelaar & Dr. Omnia Zayed**  
**Data Science Institute**  
**University of Galway**



University  
ofGalway.ie

# Learning Objectives of this Course

- Gain insights into knowledge extraction from text, in particular around entities and relations
- Gain insights into opinion mining, in particular on emotion analysis, dynamic identification of aspect and analysis of figurative language
- Gain insights into language generation, in particular in the context of machine translation and chatbot development





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# Administrative Issues



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# Lecturers



Dr. Paul Buitelaar & Dr. Omnia Zayed

# Lecture Plan

Date	Lecture
9/1/23	Introduction
16/1/23	Knowledge Extraction I: Entities
23/1/23	Knowledge Extraction II: Relations
30/1/23	Opinion Mining I: Emotions
6/2/23	bank holiday
13/2/23	Opinion Mining II: Aspect
20/2/23	Opinion Mining III: Figurative Language
27/2/23	Language Generation I: Machine Translation I
6/3/23	Language Generation II: Machine Translation II + NLG
13/3/23	Language Generation III: Dialog Systems
20/3/23	Summary
27/3/23	Industry Talk





# Labs

**Time & Venue:** Fridays 11am-1pm, IT102

Practical exercises covering the course content

Prerequisites are basic knowledge of Python, see:

<https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/>

We will use Google colab Jupyter notebook, see:

<https://colab.research.google.com>



Dhairya Dalal



Ali Hatami



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# Lab Exercises

Date	Lab
13/1/23	intro to base NLP tools and methods
20/1/23	Named Entity Recognition
27/1/23	relation prediction
3/2/23	emotion classification
10/2/23	no lab - bank holiday
17/2/23	aspect-based sentiment analysis
24/2/23	metaphor classification
3/3/23	build a machine translation model step by step
10/3/23	machine translation evaluation
17/3/23	no lab - bank holiday
24/3/23	chatbot development with RASA



# Assignments

## Two assignments

- Assignment 1: Released Jan 30th, Due Feb 20th
- Assignment 2: Released Mar 6th, Due Apr 3rd

Assignments count for 50% of final grade





# Recommended Reading

## Lectures

- Jurafsky and Martin, ***SPEECH and LANGUAGE PROCESSING: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition***, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition: <https://web.stanford.edu/~jurafsky/slp3/ed3book.pdf>
- Chris Manning and Hinrich Schütze, ***Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing***, MIT Press. Cambridge, MA: May 1999: <https://nlp.stanford.edu/fsnlp/>

## Labs

- ***Dive into Deep Learning***: <https://d2l.ai/>





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# Summary of Intro NLP

## “What we learned so far”



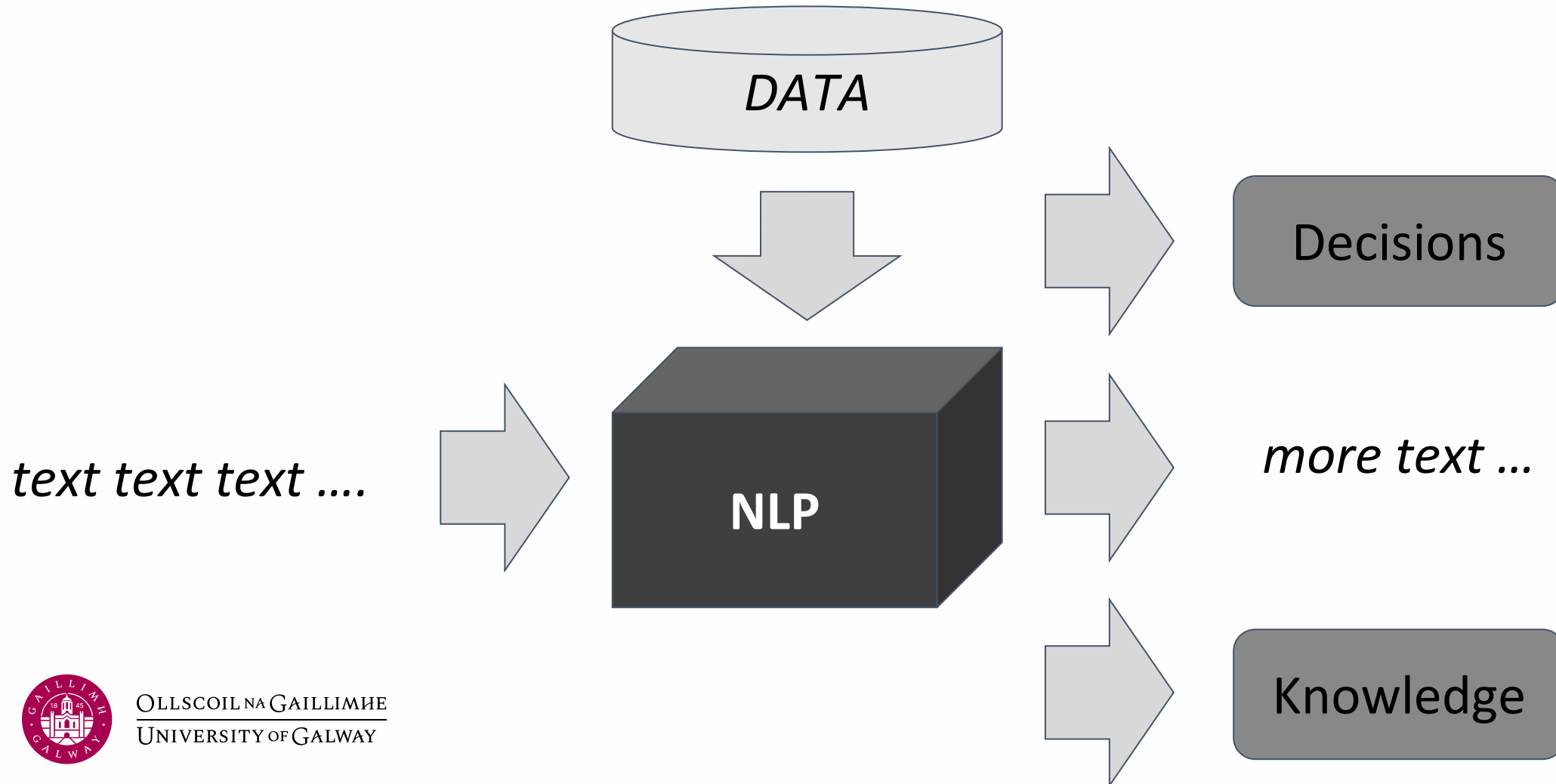
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# Buzz Groups



What have we learned in the Intro NLP course?

# Natural Language Processing



# Linguistics

*text text text ....*

## Linguistic Structure & Levels of Analysis

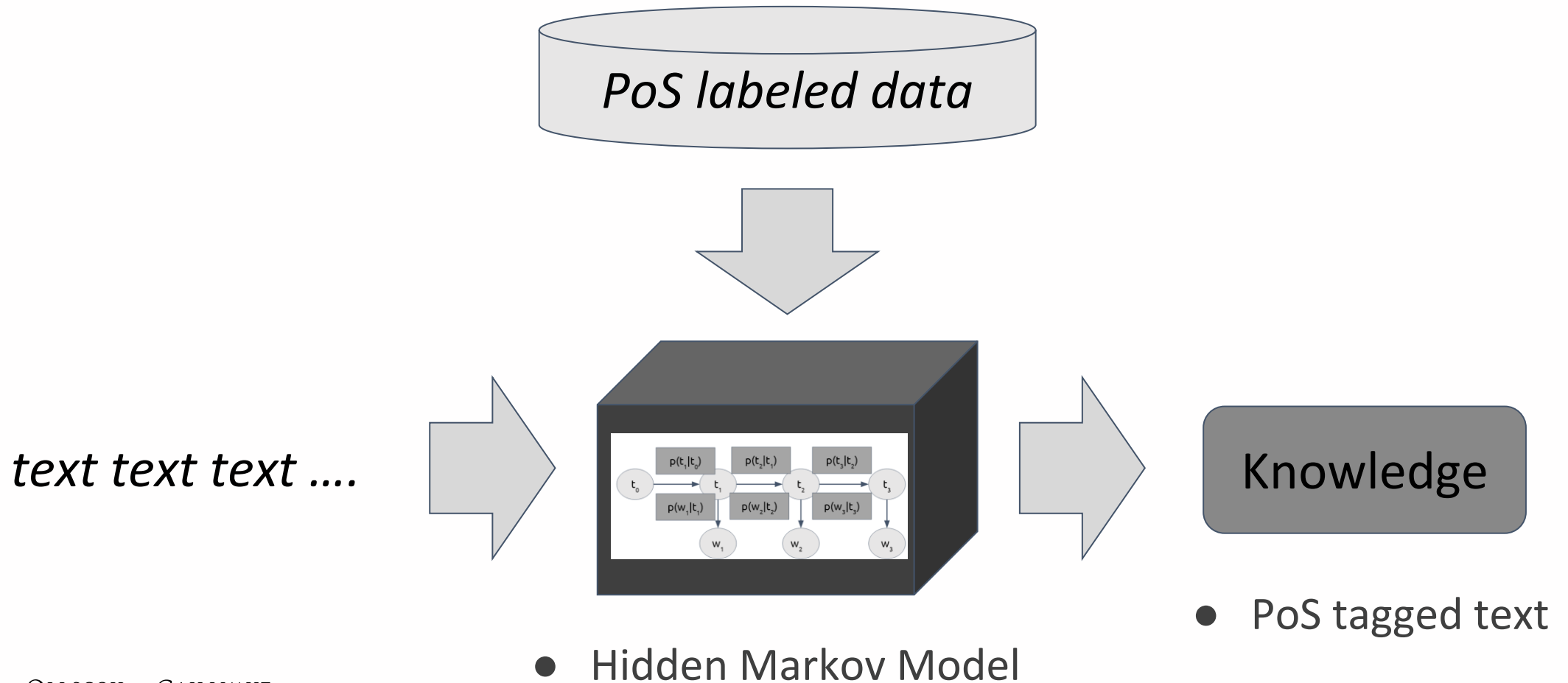
- **Morphology**: tokenization (MWEs), inflection, derivation, stemming, lemmatization
- **Syntax**: part-of-speech, grammar (constituency vs. dependency)
- **Semantics**: word sense, semantic roles, coreference

## Language Data

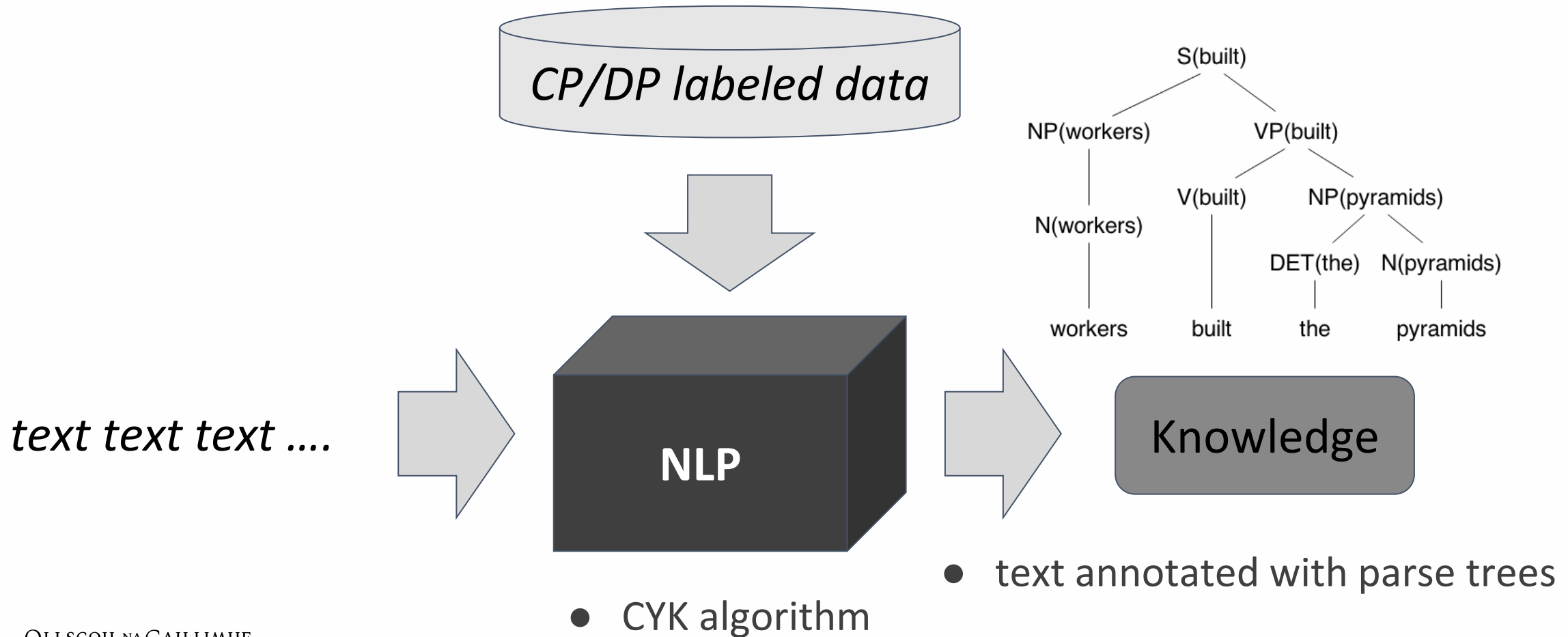
- **Lexicon**: WordNet, FrameNet
- **Corpora**: annotation (data labeling), multilingual, domain-specific



# Syntax: Part of Speech

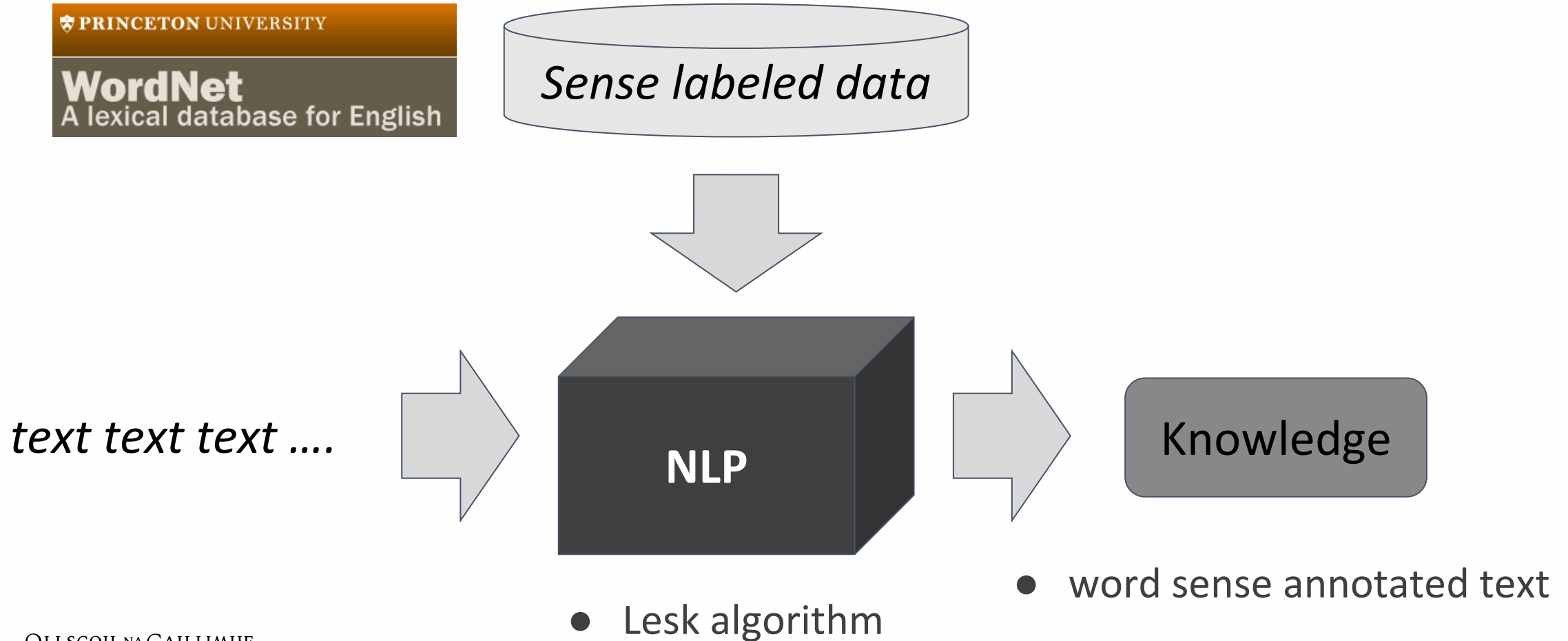


# Syntax: Constituency / Dependency Parsing

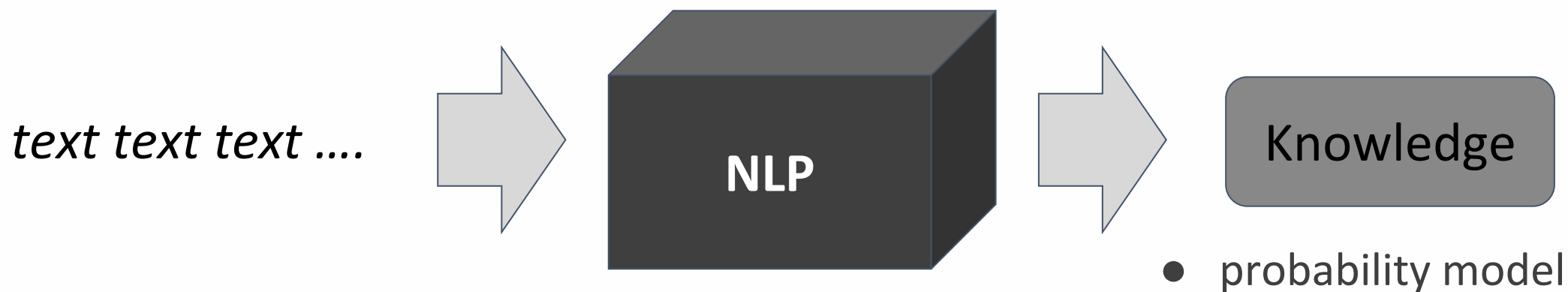




# Semantics: Word Sense Disambiguation



# Probability

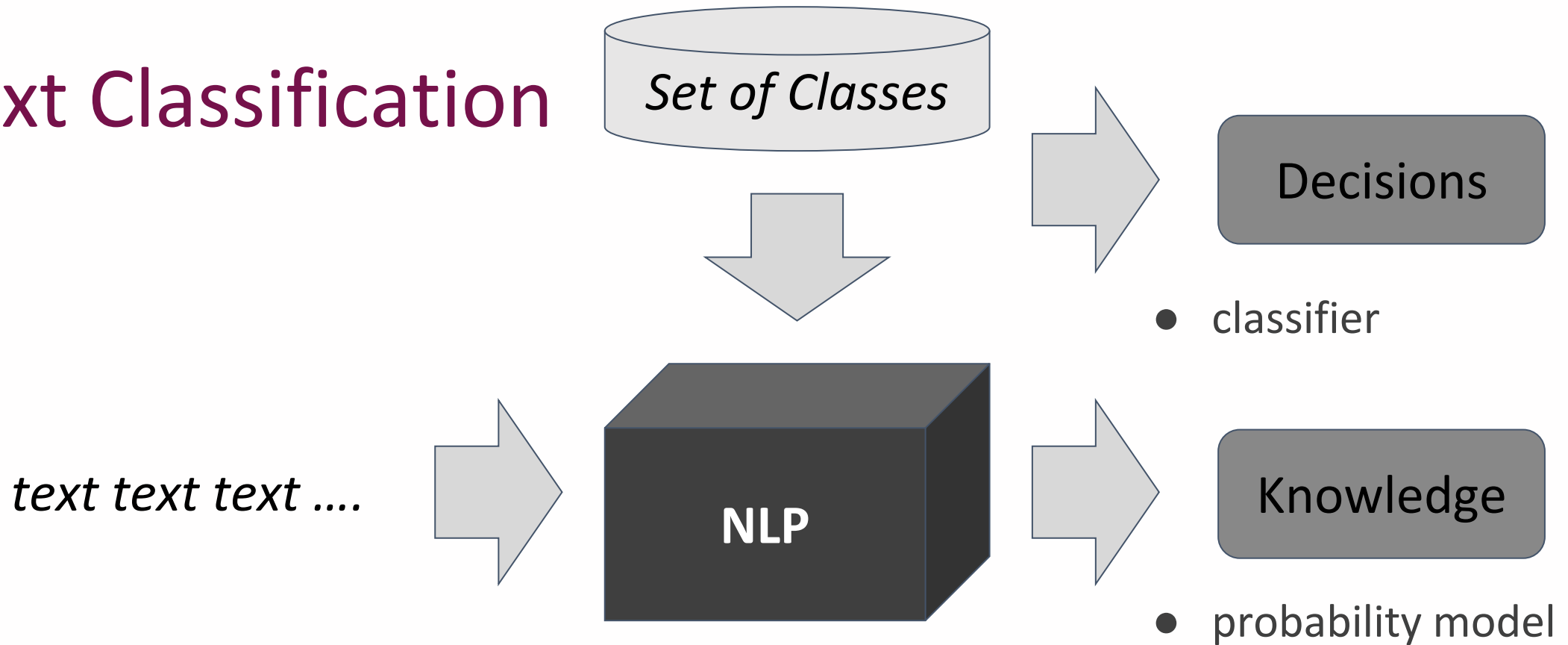


$$P(B|A) = P(A|B) \frac{P(B)}{P(A)} \quad TF-IDF = f_w \times \left( \log \left( \frac{N}{N_w} \right) + 1 \right)$$



- estimate word probability using Naive Bayes, TF-IDF

# Text Classification

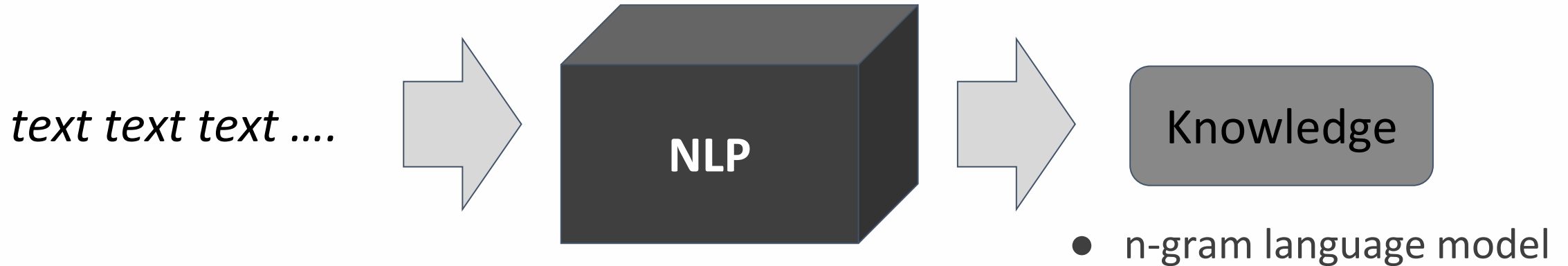


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# Language Modeling



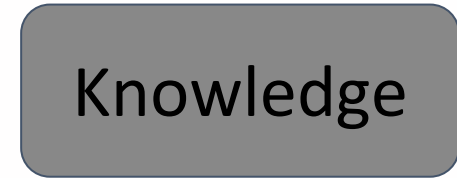
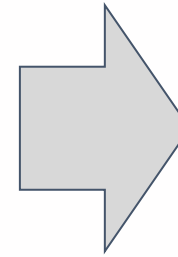
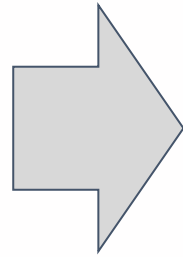
$$p(w_1 w_2 \dots w_n) = \prod_{k=1, \dots, n} p(w_k | w_{k-m+1} \dots w_{k-1})$$

- estimate the probability of a sentence using n-gram model

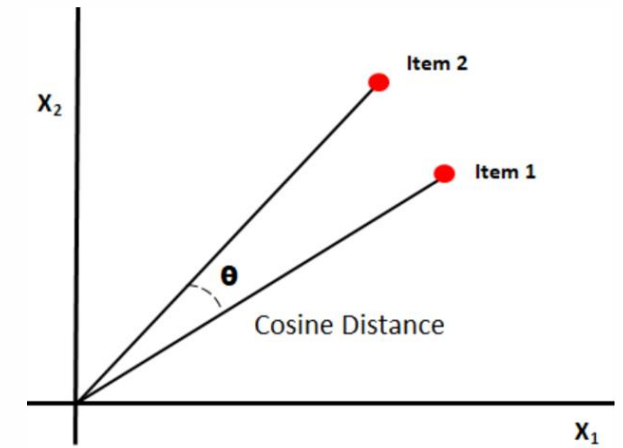


# Vector Space

*text text text ....*



- co-occurrence matrix

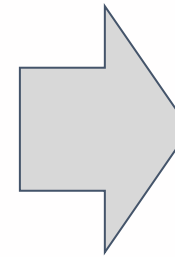
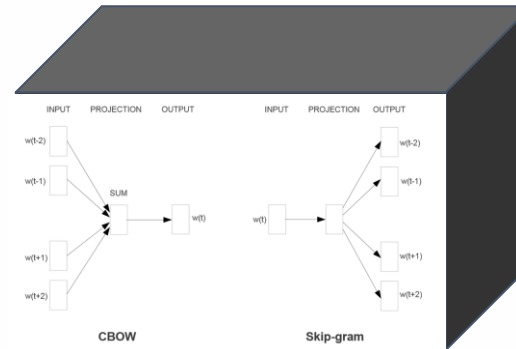
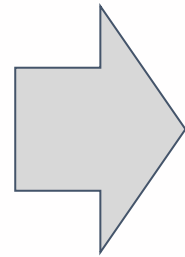


- Cosine similarity
- distributional model



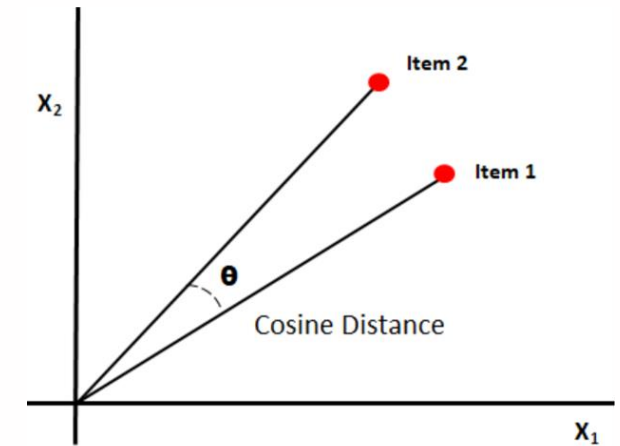
# Word Embeddings

*text text text ....*



Knowledge

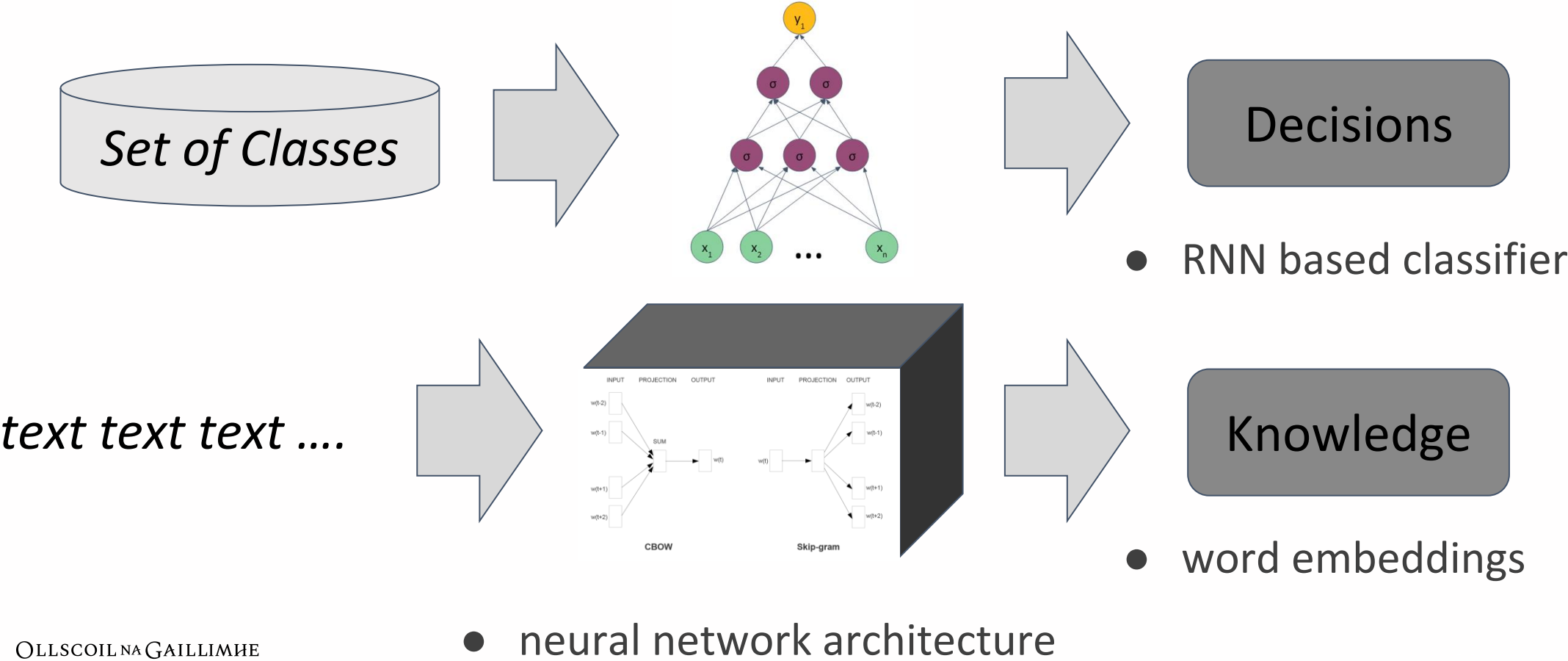
- neural network architecture



- Cosine similarity
- word embeddings



# RNNs: Text Classification

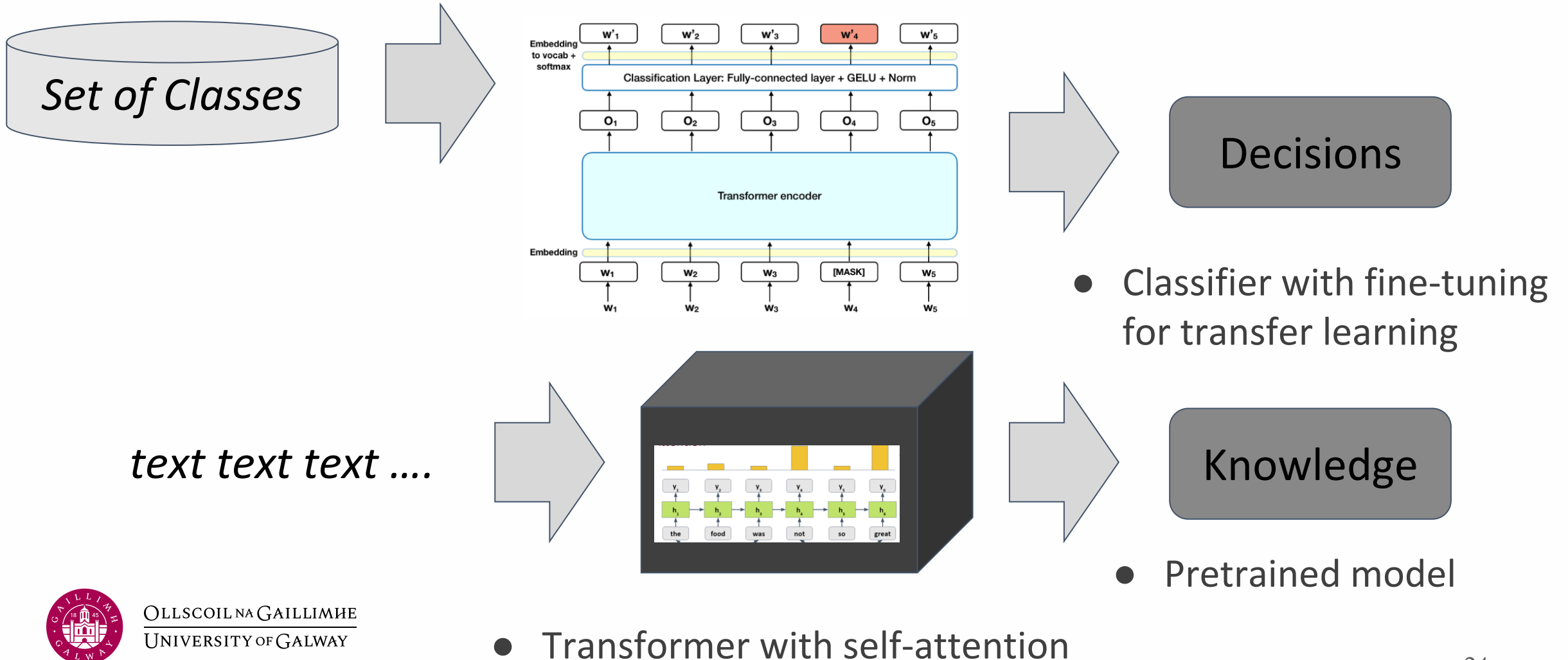




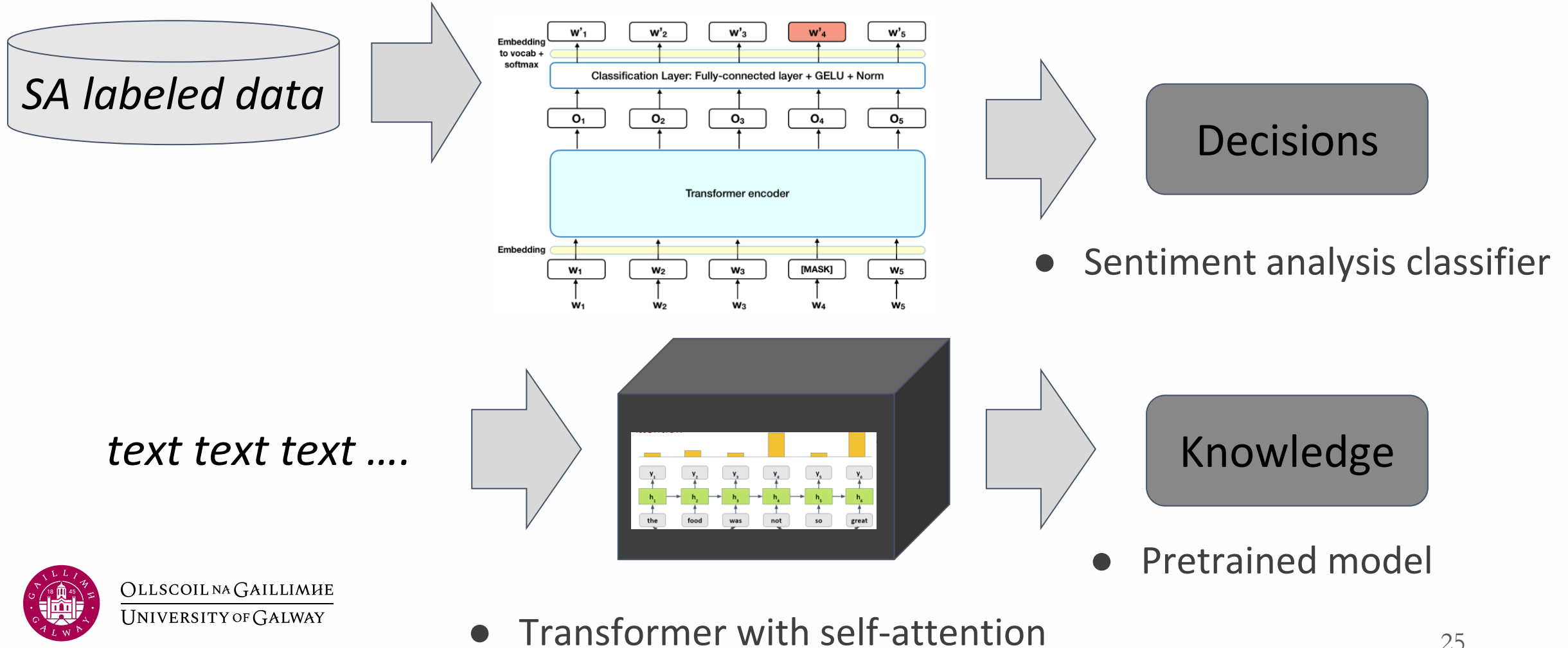
# Deep Learning: Transformers



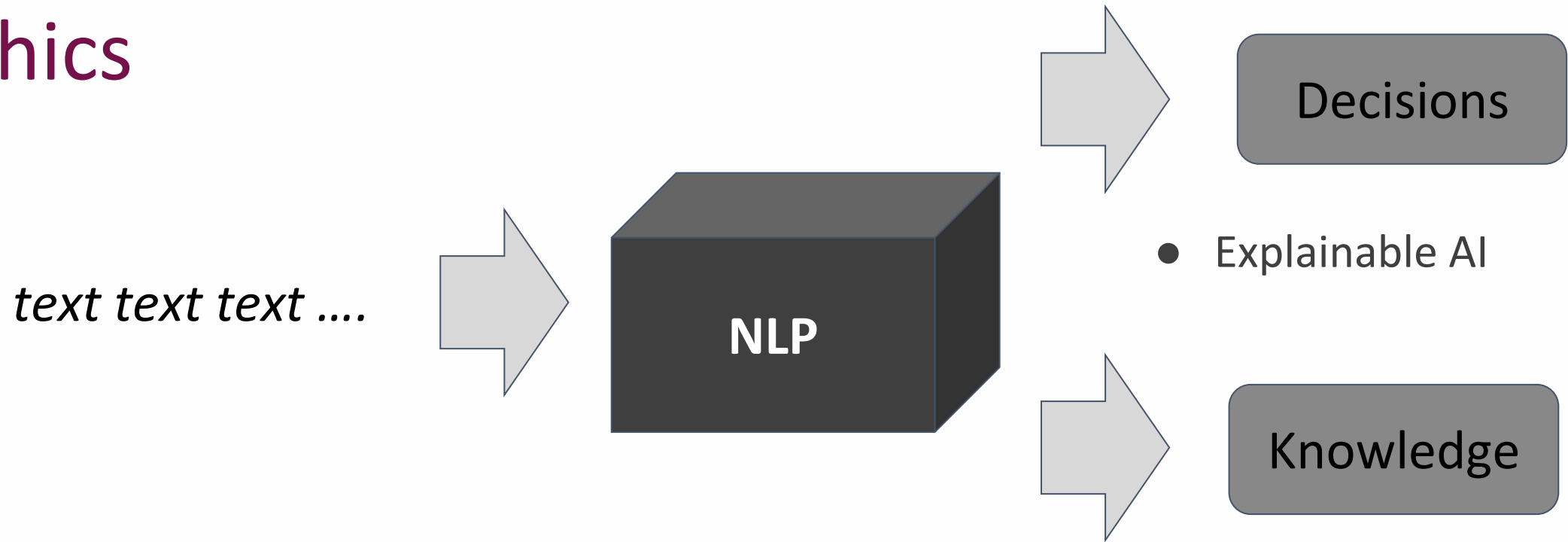
# Transformers: Text Classification



# Applications: Sentiment Analysis



# Ethics



- Data privacy (GDPR)
- Data Protection Impact Assessment
- Data Statement
- Ethical, bias-aware NLP
- Explainable AI
- Trustworthy AI





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# Buzz Groups



What is missing?



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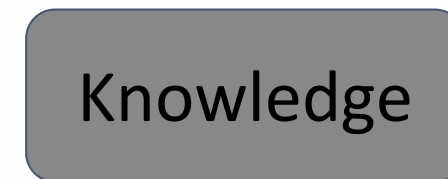
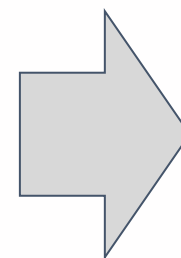
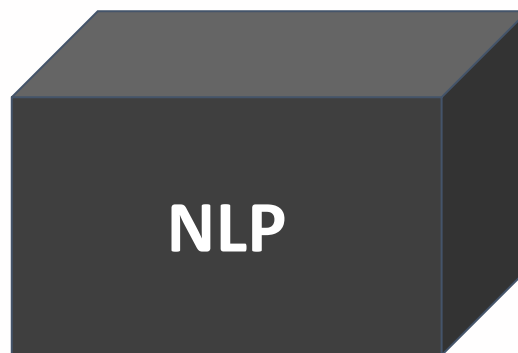
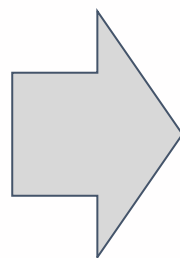
# NLP tasks missing “Focus of this course”

# Knowledge Extraction Tasks

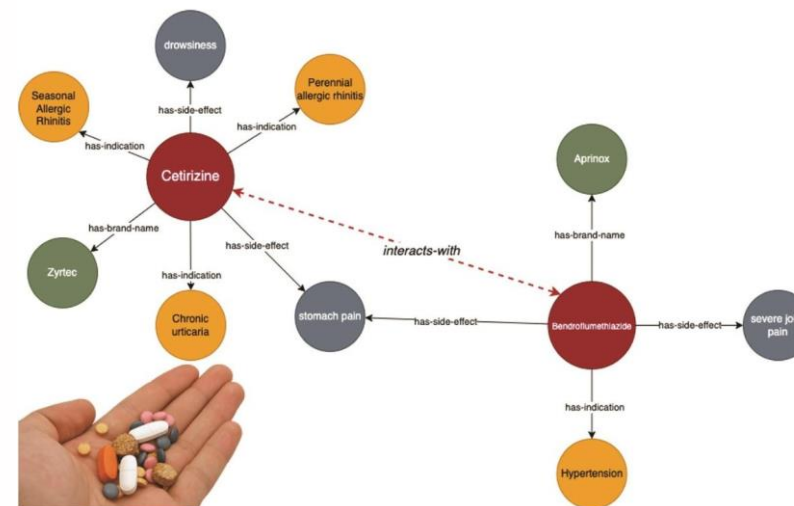
## Symbolic Knowledge

- Named Entity Recognition & Entity Linking
- Relation Extraction

*text text text ....*



- Entities, Relations





# Knowledge Extraction - Definition

Creation of knowledge from **unstructured (textual, language) data**

Extracted knowledge must **facilitate inferencing**

Requires **reuse and/or generation of formal knowledge**



# Knowledge Extraction - Example

*“Naomi Carey, who is the director of Hutchinson Care Homes said she is currently only able to operate at 85% capacity.”*  
*“Galway GP Martin Daley, former president of the Irish Medical Organisation, gave a statement today to this effect.”*

Entities	PERSON:	<i>Martin Daley, Naomi Carey</i>		
	ORGANISATION:	<i>Irish Medical Organisation, Hutchinson Care Homes</i>		
	CITY:	<i>Galway</i>		
Relations	<i>Martin Daley</i>	→	at-organisation	← <i>Irish Medical Organisation</i>
	<i>Naomi Carey</i>	→	at-organisation	← <i>Hutchinson Care Homes</i>
	<i>Martin Daley</i>	→	has-occupation	← <i>GP</i>
	<i>Naomi Carey</i>	→	has-occupation	← <i>former president</i>

# Opinion Mining Tasks

Emotion Analysis

Aspect Mining

Figurative Language Processing



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# Emotion Analysis



# Emotion Analysis

## Types Of Basic Emotions



Happiness



sadness



Fear



Disgust

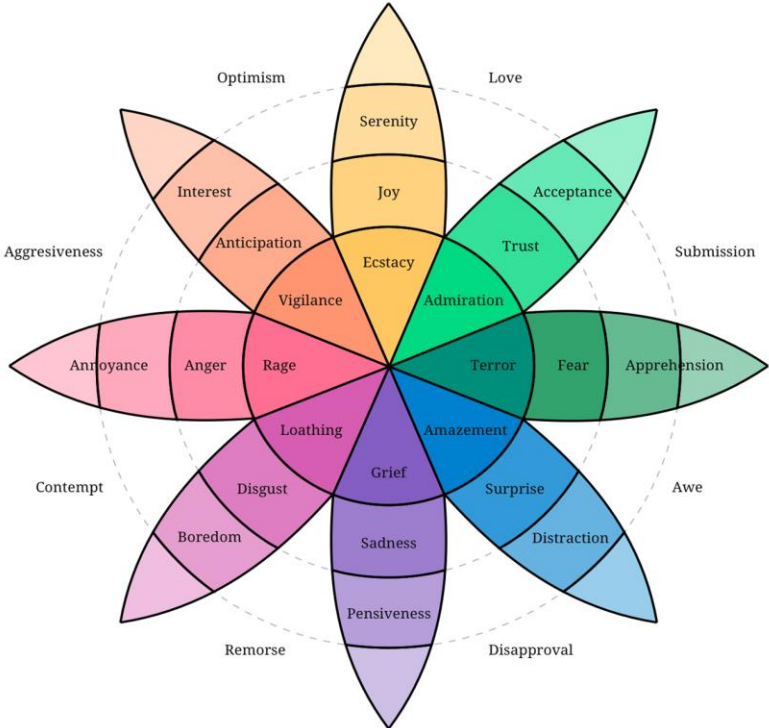


Anger



Surprise

Plutchik's Wheel of Emotion

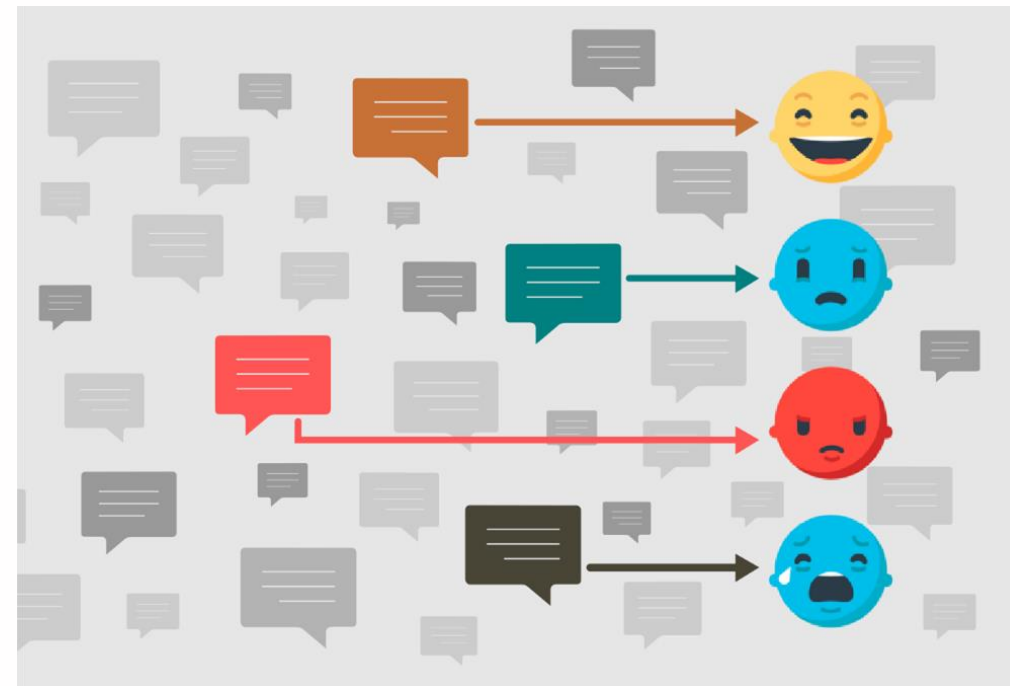
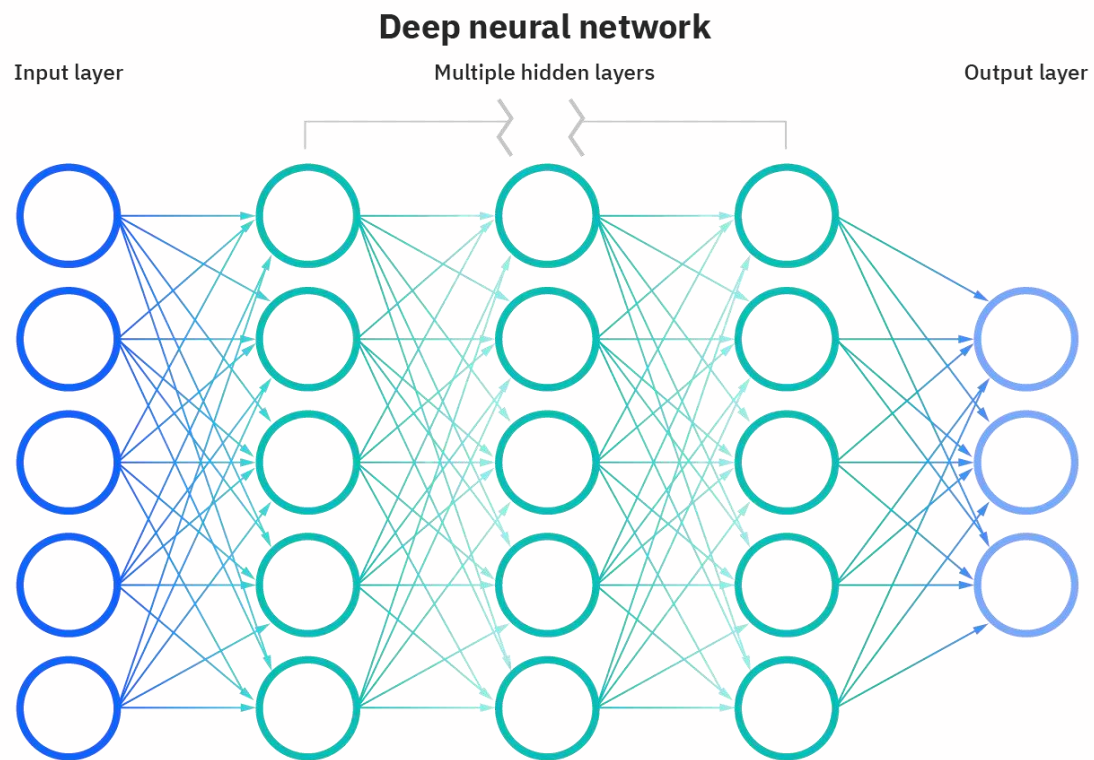


Vocabulary of emotions

simonwhatley.co.uk



# Emotion Analysis



# Aspect Mining

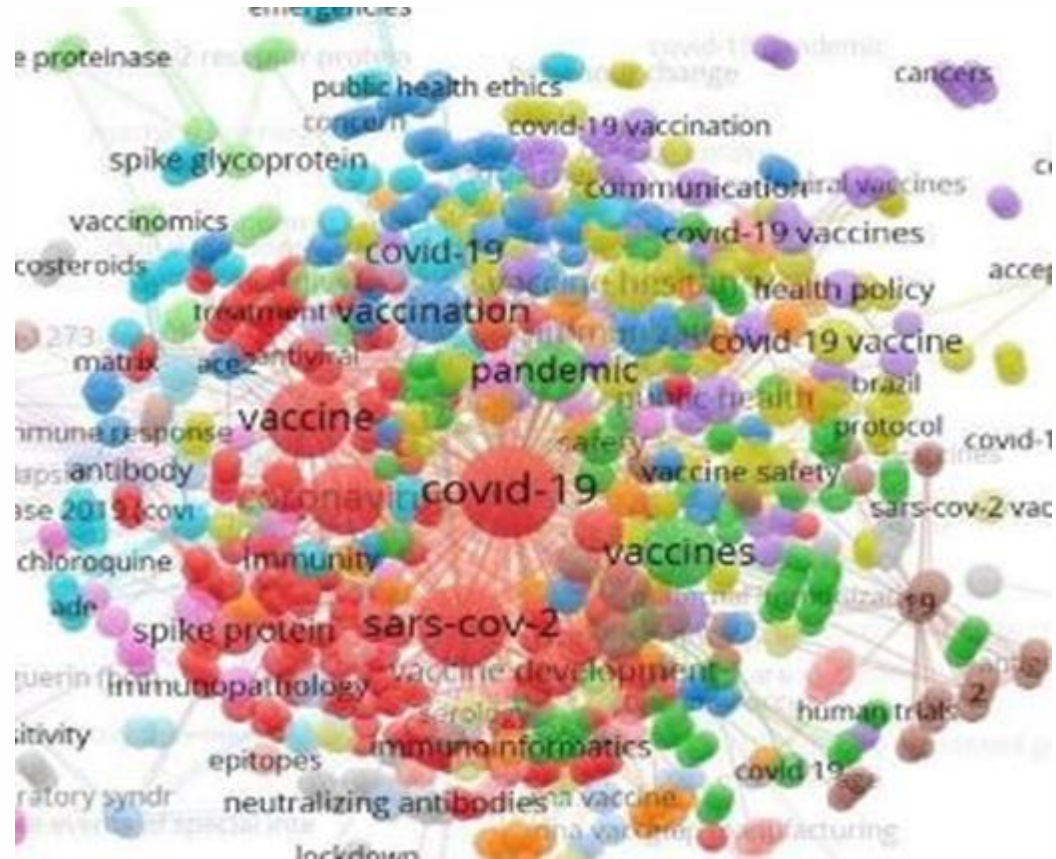


*“The camera’s focus was **bad**, but has a **great** size and is **easy-to-use**.”*





# Aspect Mining

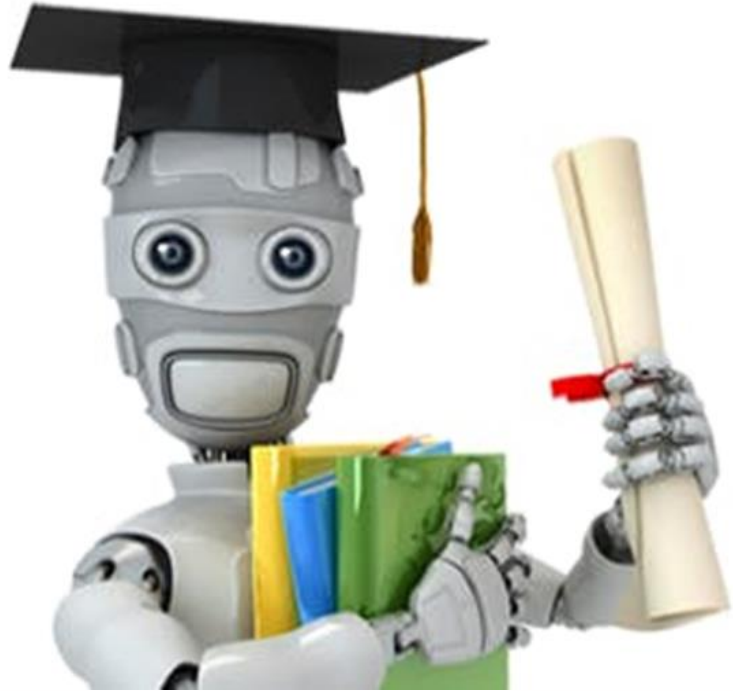


# Figurative Language Processing

**Idiom** (noun): a group of words established by usage as having a meaning not deducible from those of the individual words



# Figurative Language Processing



We appear to have achieved the objective in **sweeping fashion.**

 Translate Tweet



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# Language Generation Tasks

Machine Translation

Data-to-Text Generation

Dialog System Development



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# Language Generation: Machine Translation



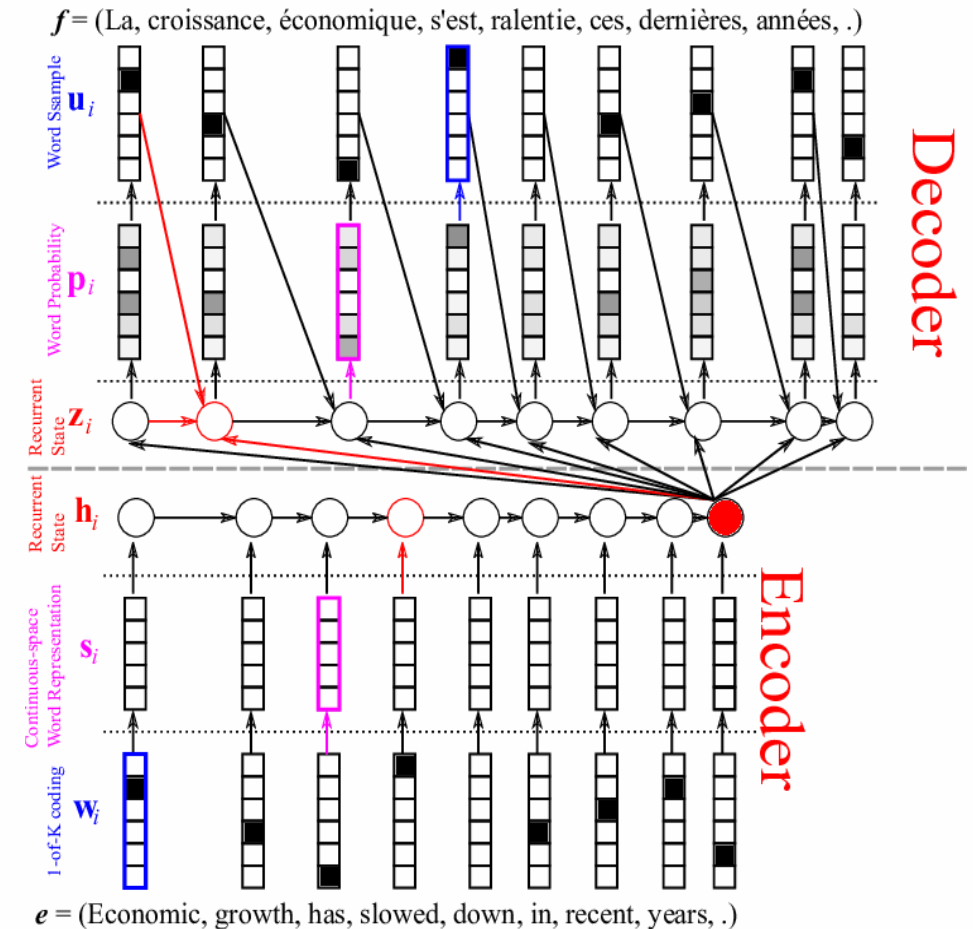
# Machine Translation

gerade zu diesem Stamm gehören ||| belong just to these families ||| 0.390442 2.9025  
 gerade zu diesem Stamm gehören ||| belong just to these ||| 0.390442 2.9025e-15 0.2  
 gerade zu diesem Stamm gehören ||| them belong just to these ||| 0.390442 2.9025e-  
 gerade zu diesem Stamm ||| belong just to these families ||| 0.390442 1.5563e-11 0.2  
 gerade zu diesem Stamm ||| belong just to these ||| 0.390442 1.5563e-11 0.260295 9.  
 gerade zu diesem Stamm ||| them belong just to these ||| 0.390442 1.5563e-11 0.260  
 gerade zu diesem ||| belong just to ||| 0.390442 1.33531e-08 0.260295 4.9937e-09 2.  
 gerade zu diesem ||| of them belong just to ||| 0.390442 1.33531e-08 0.260295 4.79  
 gerade zu diesem ||| them belong just to ||| 0.390442 1.33531e-08 0.260295 4.6096  
 gerade zu ||| belong just to ||| 0.390442 1.8515e-05 0.260295 4.9937e-09 2.718 |||  
 gerade zu ||| of them belong just to ||| 0.390442 1.8515e-05 0.260295 4.79751e-13  
 gerade zu ||| them belong just to ||| 0.390442 1.8515e-05 0.260295 4.60968e-12 2.7

## Statistical Machine Translation



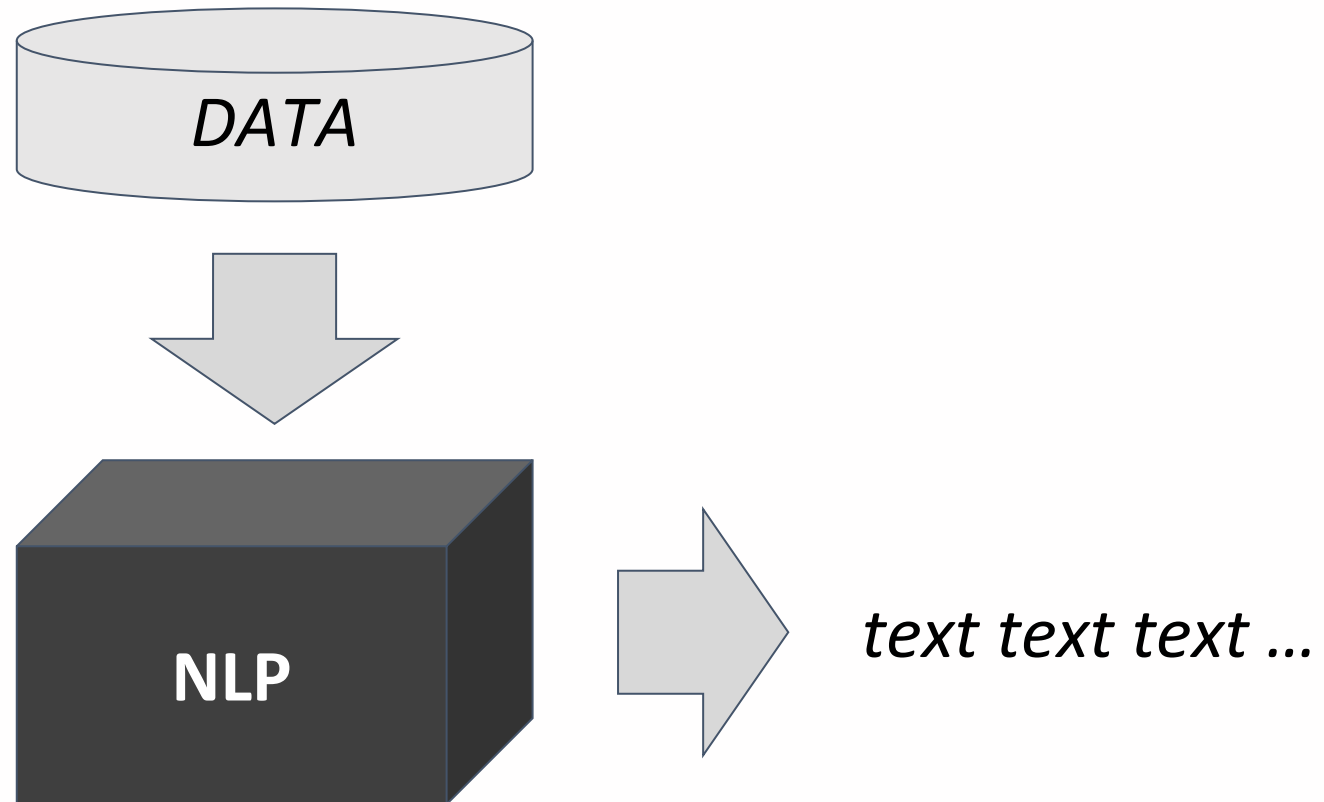
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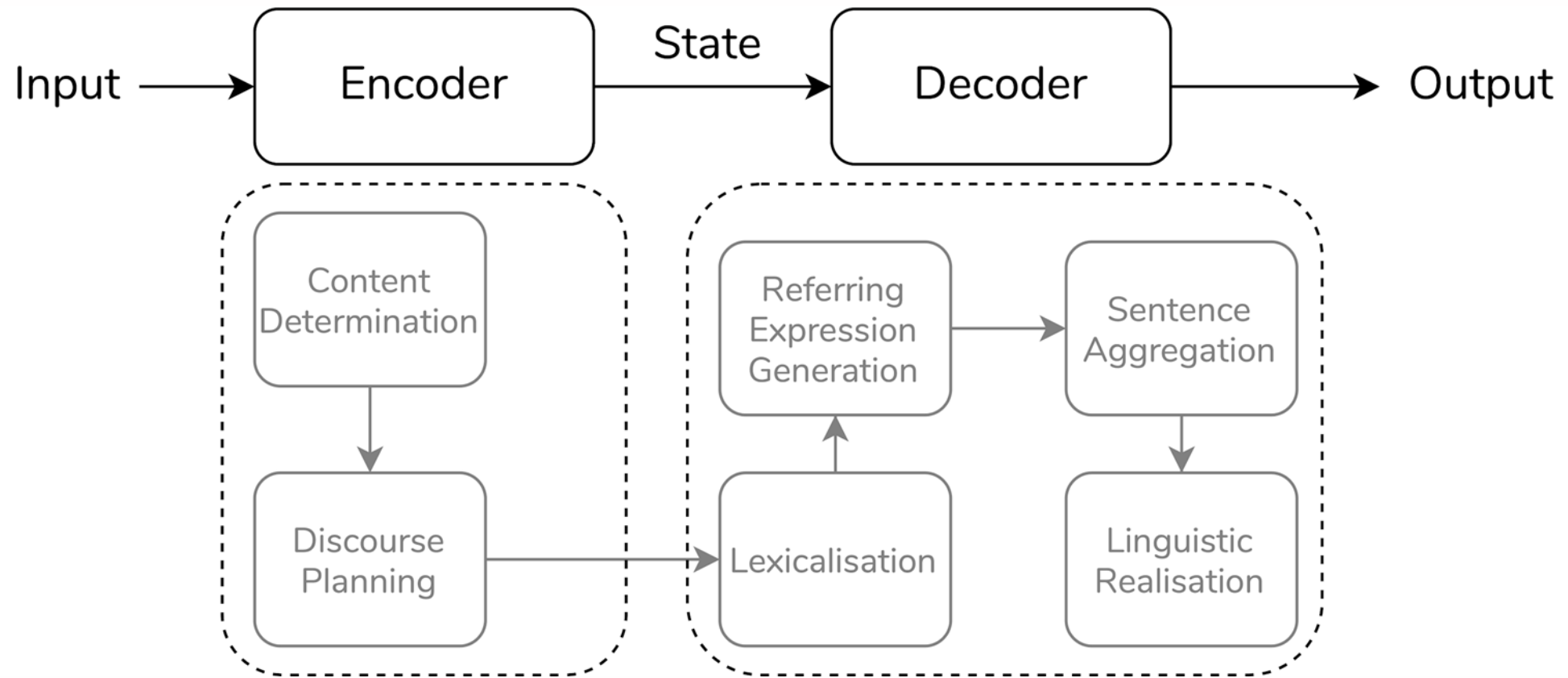
## Neural Machine Translation



# Language Generation: Data-to-Text

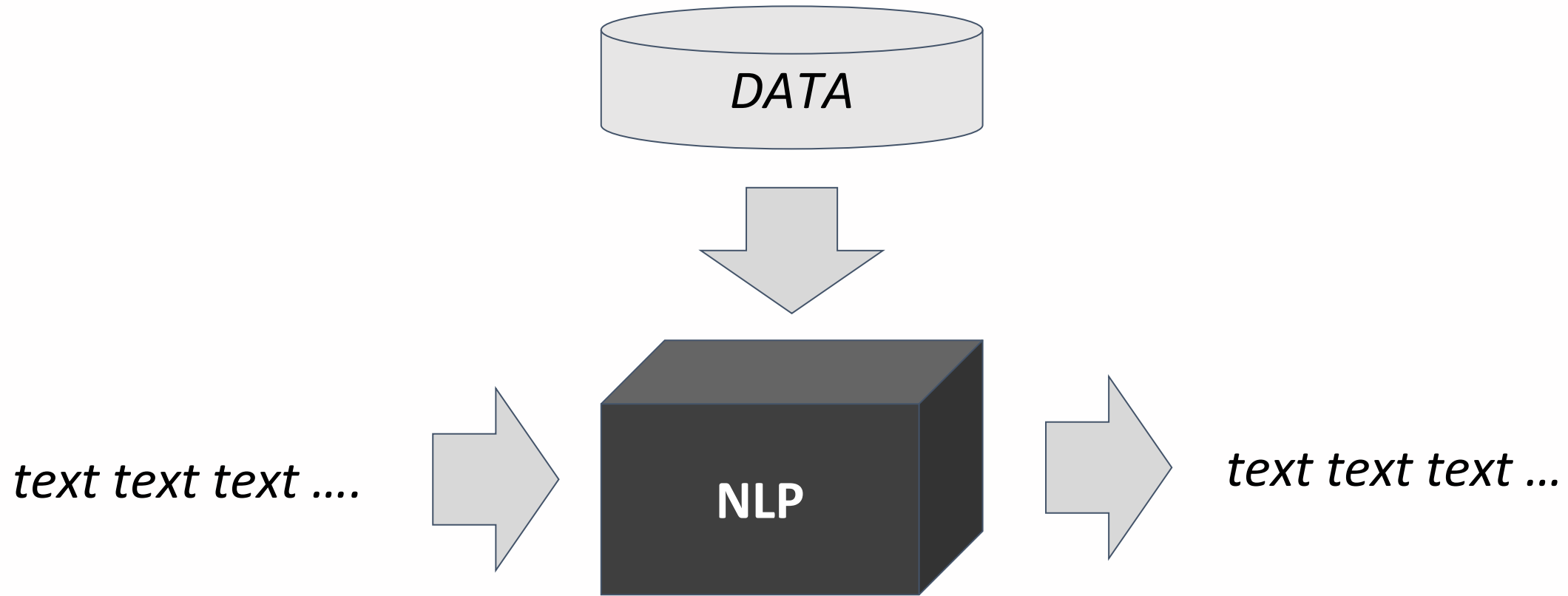


# Data-to-Text Generation

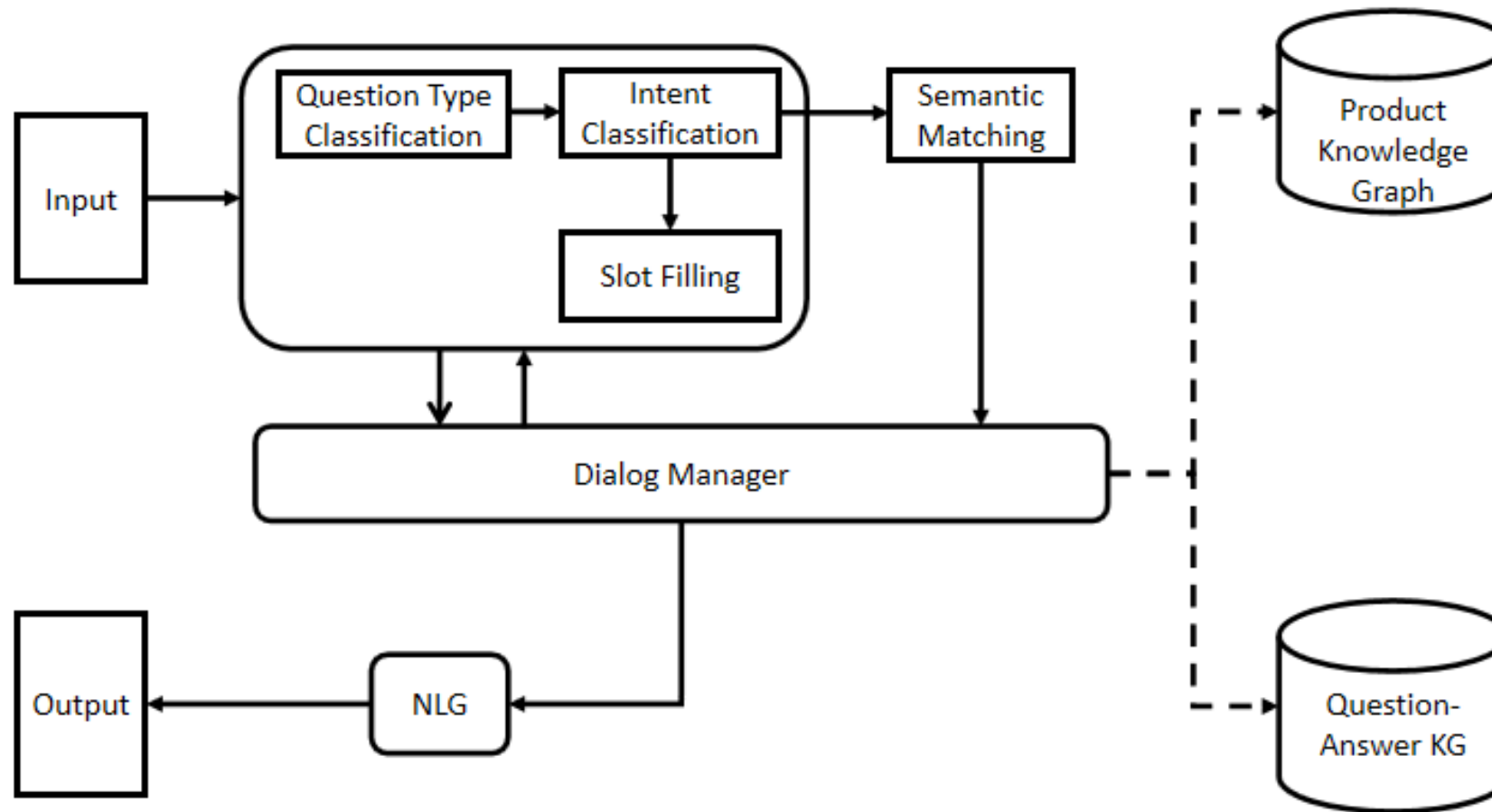




# Language Generation: Dialog Systems



# Dialog System Development





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# NLP in industry

# How Google uses NLP to better understand search queries, content

Learn the role that natural language processing plays in making Google search even more semantic and context-based.

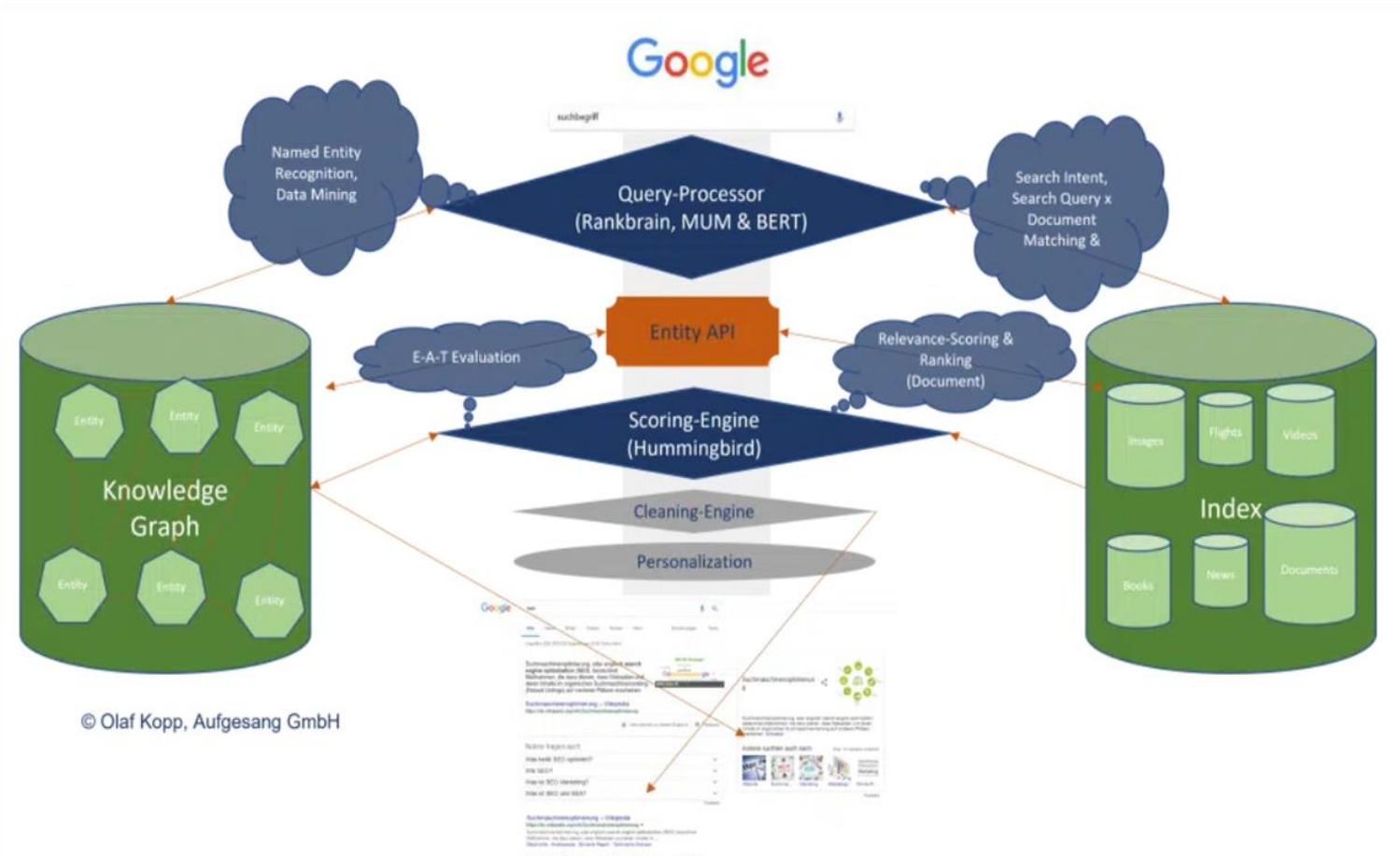
Olaf Kopp on August 23, 2022 at 6:00 am | Reading time: 10 minutes

Natural language processing opened the door for [semantic search](#) on Google.

SEO's need to understand the switch to entity-based search because this is the future of Google search.



# Google Index & Knowledge Graph



# “Use of NLP in Google Search”



According to Olaf Kopp of Aufgesang GmbH (article in Search Engine Land), Google Search uses NLP for the following:

- Interpretation of search queries.
- Classification of subject and purpose of documents.
- Entity analysis in documents, search queries and social media posts.
- Generating featured snippets and answers in voice search.
- Interpretation of video and audio content.
- Expansion and improvement of the Knowledge Graph.







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# Buzz Groups



Which NLP tasks are needed for each of these steps?

# Interpretation of search queries

*“calories in bar of chocolat”*

- Relation Extraction, Parsing, Part-of-Speech, WSD

*“Biden”*

- Entity Linking

*“great movies” “scary movie”*

- Sentiment / Emotion Analysis





# Classification of subject, purpose of documents

*legal, health, ... documents*

- Text Classification, Probability, Language Modeling, Word Embeddings

*documents about concept XYZ*

- Concept Extraction



# Entity analysis in documents, queries and posts

*identify names of people, locations, things*

- NER, Entity Linking, Concept/Taxonomy Extraction

*identify relations between people, locations, things*

- Relation Extraction, Parsing, Semantic Role Labeling

*resolution of pronouns*

- Coreference Resolution



# Generating featured snippets and answers

*summarize one or more retrieved documents*

- Text Summarization

*generate a specific answer*

- Natural Language Generation, Dialog

*translate a text*

- Machine Translation



# Interpretation of video and audio content

*retrieve relevant videos for a search query*

- Multimodal Analysis

*speech interaction*

- Speech-to-Text, Dialog



# Expansion/improvement of Knowledge Graph

*include new entities*

- Entity Linking, Concept Extraction, Taxonomy Extraction/Extension

*include new or update existing relations*

- Relation Extraction, Knowledge Graph Completion



# Lab of this week

Intro to base NLP tools and methods

Tools:

- pandas
- Hugging Face Datasets
- scikit-learn
- Hugging Face Transformers

Dataset:

- IMDB reviews: <https://huggingface.co/datasets/imdb>



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