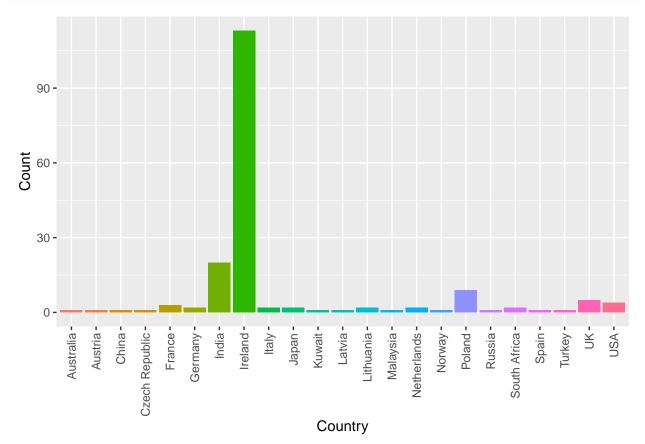
ST2001 Class Survey - Some Results

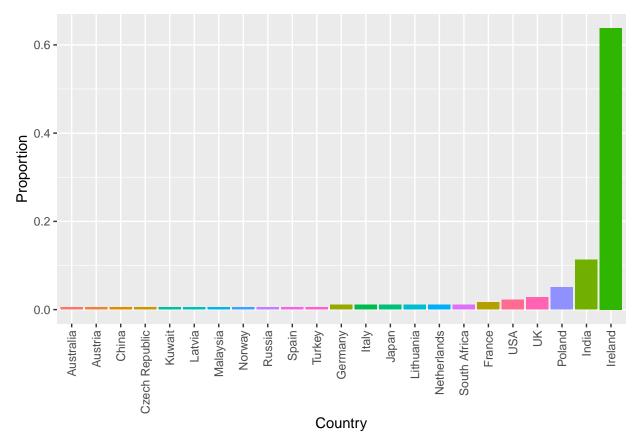
Carl Scarrott

9/11/2022

Q1. In which country were your born?

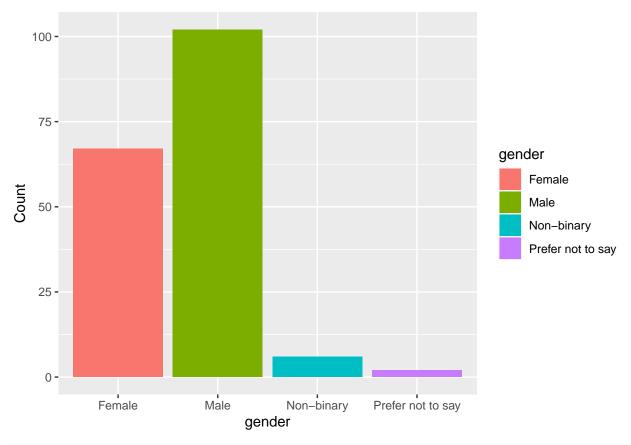


```
survey.data %>% filter(!is.na(country)) %>%
mutate(country = factor(country)) %>%
```

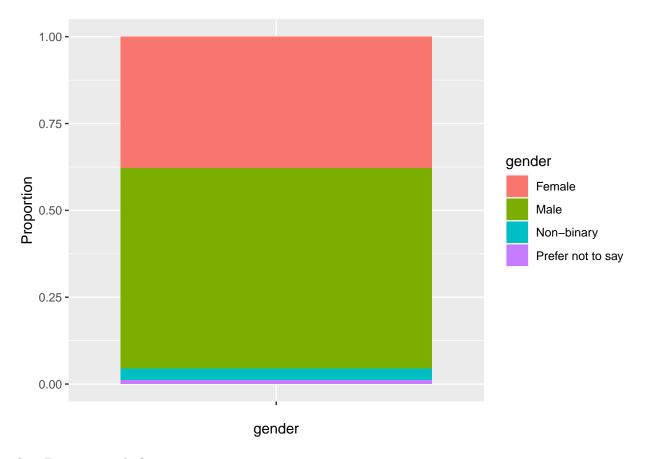


Q2. Gender?

```
survey.data %>% mutate(gender = factor(gender)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = (..count..), fill = gender)) +
geom_bar() + labs(y = "Count", x = "gender")
```

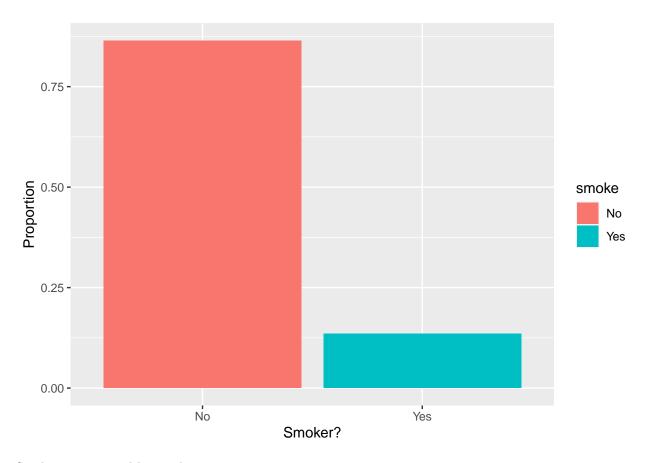


```
survey.data %>% mutate(gender = factor(gender)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = "", y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = gender)) +
  geom_bar() + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "gender")
```



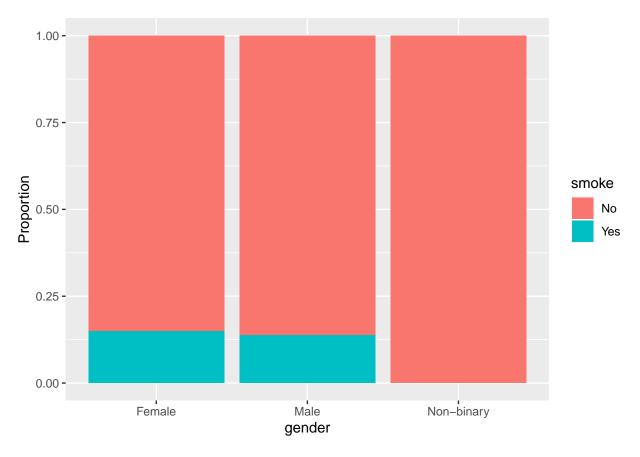
Q3. Do you smoke?

```
survey.data %>% mutate(smoke = factor(smoke)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = smoke, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = smoke)) +
geom_bar() + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Smoker?")
```



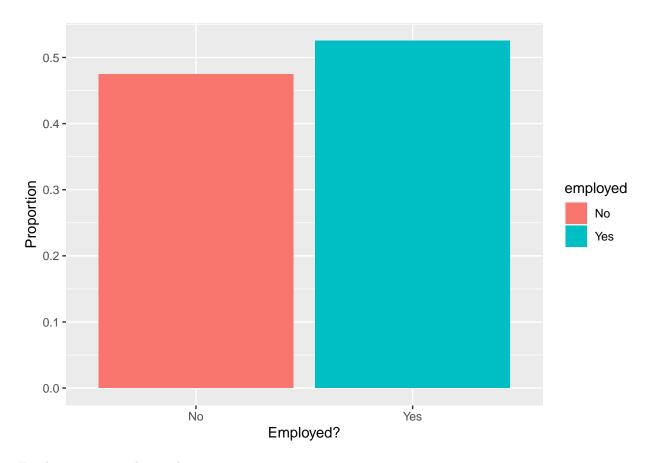
Smoking aggregated by gender.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(smoke = factor(smoke), gender = factor(gender)) %>%
filter(gender != "Prefer not to say") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = smoke)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill") + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "gender")
```



Q4. Are you employed?

```
survey.data %>% mutate(employed = factor(employed)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = employed, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = employed)) +
geom_bar() + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Employed?")
```



Employment status by gender.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(employed = factor(employed), gender = factor(gender)) %>%
filter(gender != "Prefer not to say") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = employed)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill") + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "gender")
```



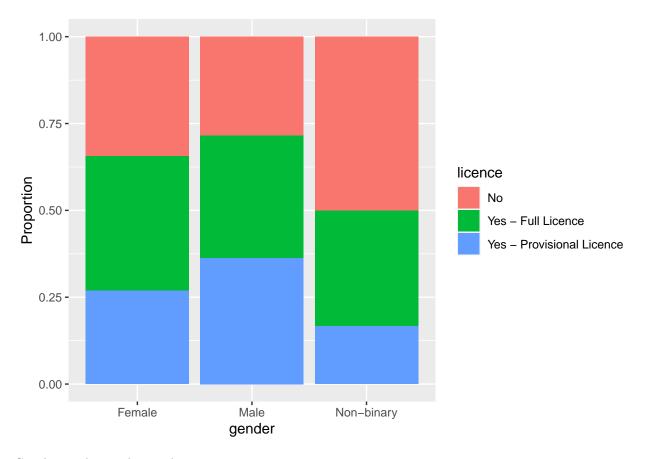
Q5. Do you have a car driving licence?

```
survey.data %>% mutate(licence = factor(licence)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = licence, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = licence)) +
  geom_bar() + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Car Driving Licence?") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1))
```



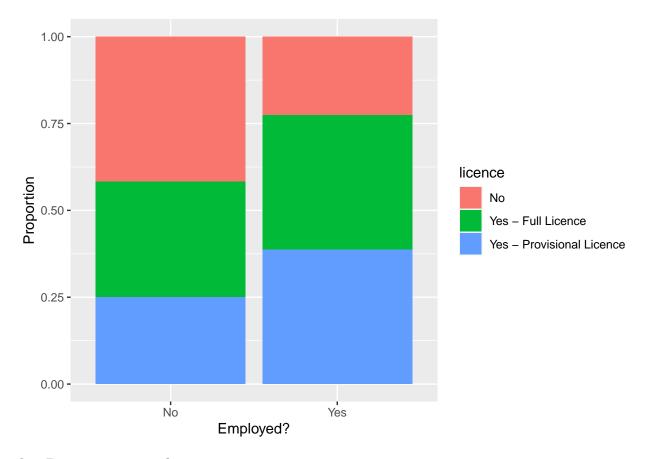
Car driving licence by gender.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(licence = factor(licence), gender = factor(gender)) %>%
filter(gender != "Prefer not to say") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = licence)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill") + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "gender")
```



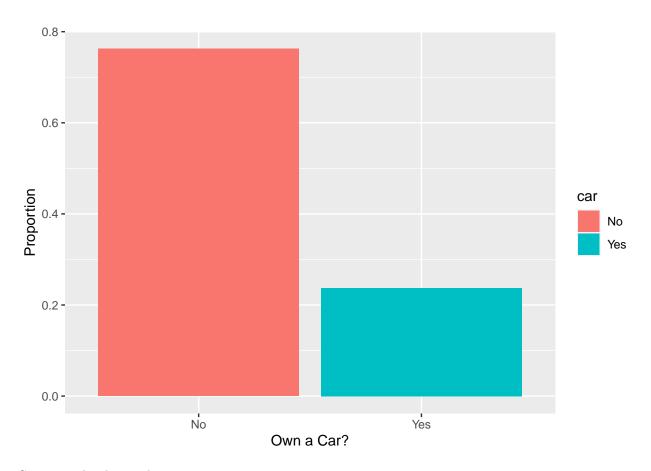
Car driving licence by employment status.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(licence = factor(licence), employed = factor(employed)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = employed, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = licence)) +
    geom_bar(position = "fill") + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Employed?")
```



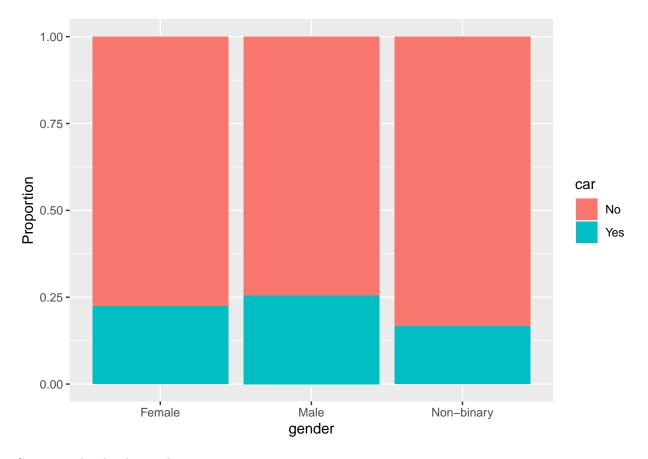
Q6. Do you own a car?

```
survey.data %>% mutate(car = factor(car)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = car, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = car)) +
geom_bar() + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Own a Car?")
```



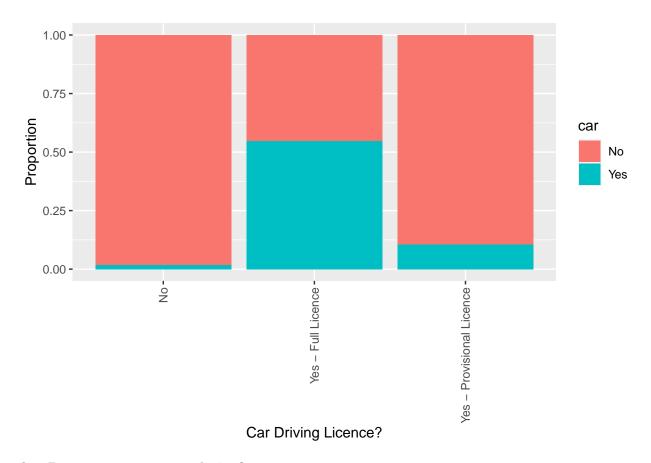
Car ownership by gender.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(car = factor(car), gender = factor(gender)) %>%
filter(gender != "Prefer not to say") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = car)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill") + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "gender")
```



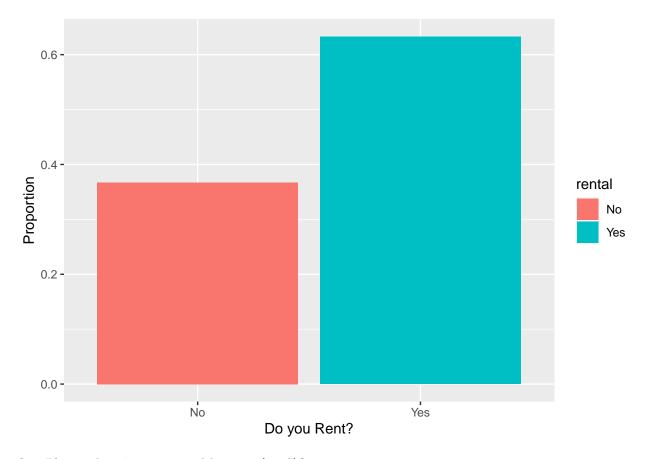
Car ownership by driving licence status.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(car = factor(car), licence = factor(licence)) %>%
   ggplot(aes(x = licence, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = car)) +
   geom_bar(position = "fill") + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Car Driving Licence?") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1))
```



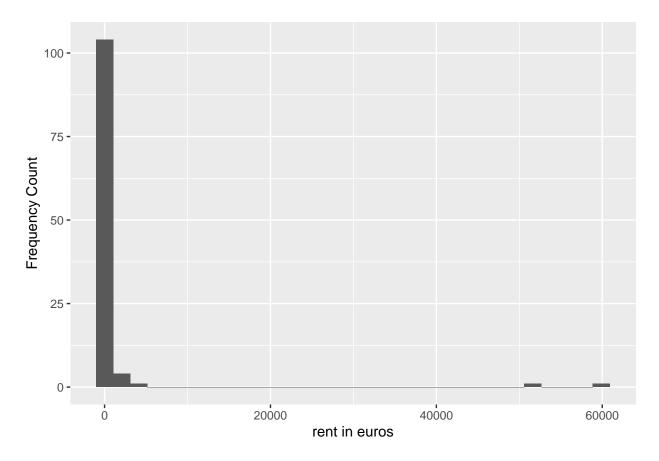
Q7. Do you rent accommodation?

```
survey.data %>% mutate(rental = factor(rental)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = rental, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = rental)) +
geom_bar() + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Do you Rent?")
```



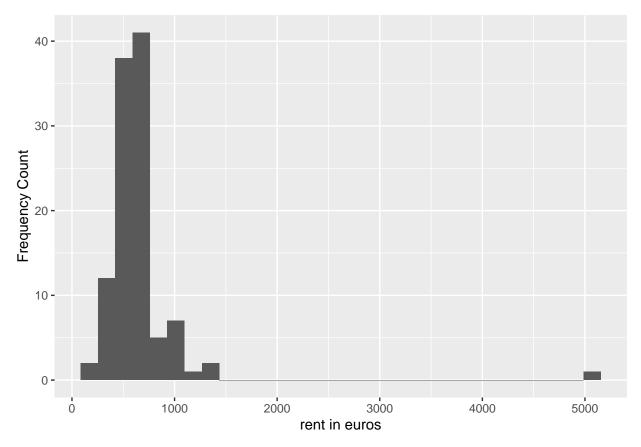
Q8. If so, what is you monthly rent (in \in)?

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = rent)) +
geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "rent in euros")
```

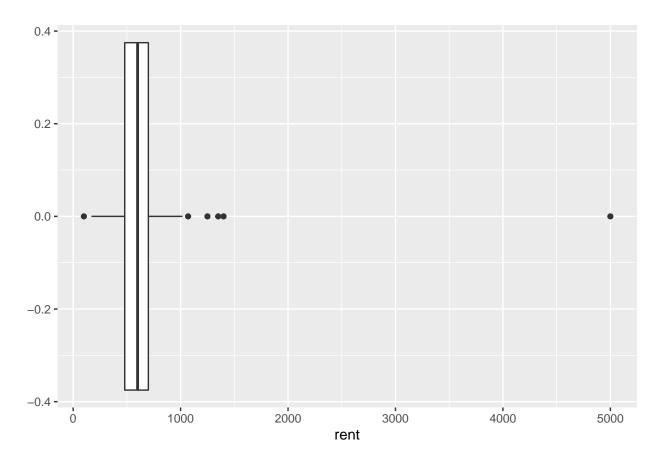


Let's remove the outlying rent values. Either they are very rich or possibly these are temporary accommodation high rates and so they may not be representative, or they were typoes!

```
survey.data %>% filter(rent < 10000) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = rent)) +
geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "rent in euros")
```

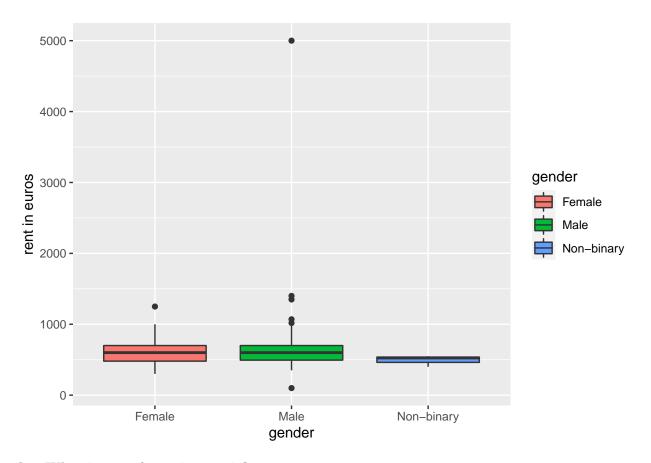


```
survey.data %>% filter(rent < 10000) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = rent)) +
geom_boxplot()
```



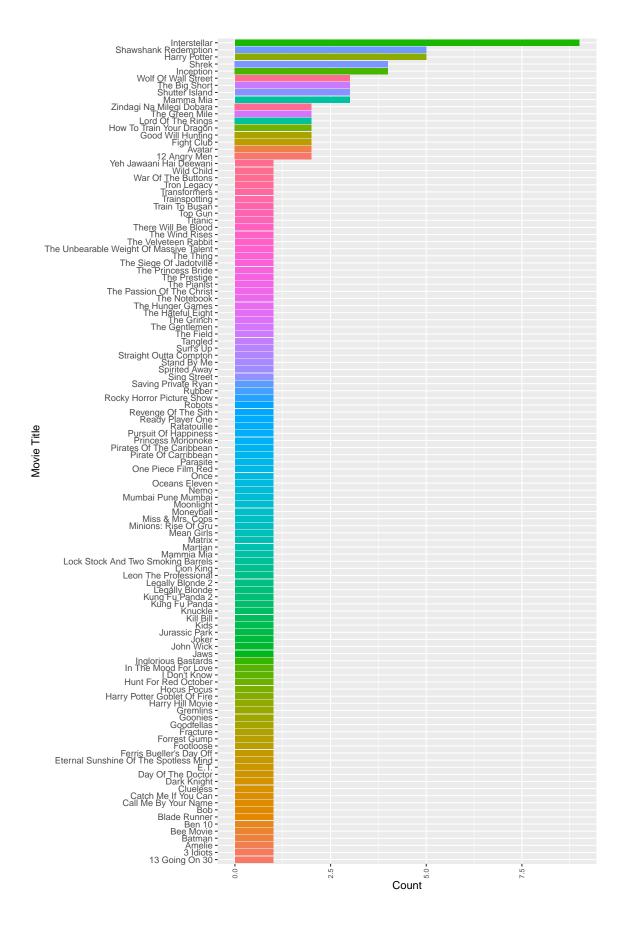
Difference in rent for each gender is

```
survey.data %>% filter(rent < 10000, gender != "Prefer not to say") %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = rent, fill = gender)) +
  geom_boxplot() + labs(y = "rent in euros")
```



Q9. What is your favourite movie?

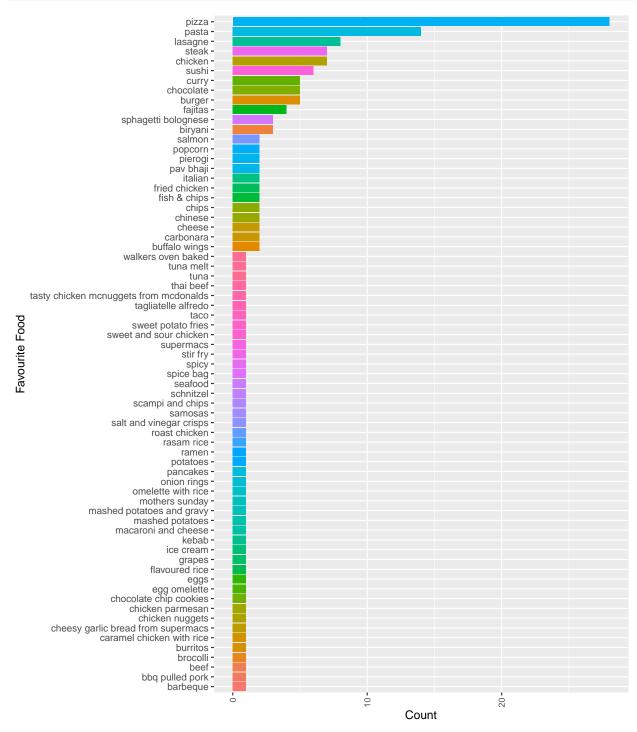
```
survey.data %>% mutate(movie = factor(movie)) %>% select(movie) %>% na.omit(movie) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = reorder(movie, movie, length), y = (..count..), fill = movie)) +
    geom_bar() + labs(y = "Count", x = "Movie Title") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1, size = 7)) +
    theme(legend.position = "none") + coord_flip()
```



Q10. What is your favourite food?

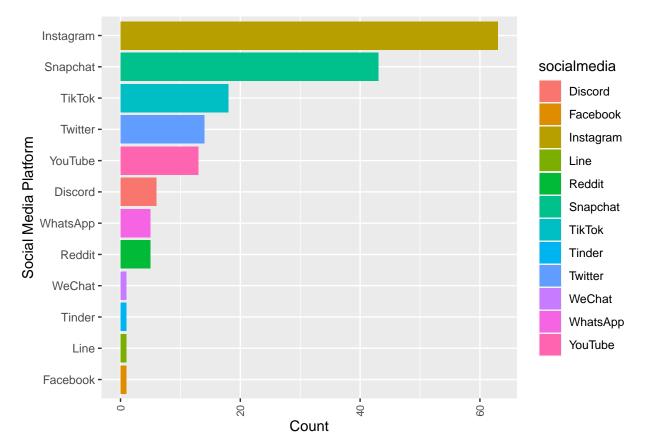
Note that some responses have been simplified for display and aggregation purposes.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(food = factor(food)) %>% select(food) %>% na.omit(food) %>%
   ggplot(aes(x = reorder(food, food, length), y = (..count..), fill = food)) +
   geom_bar() + labs(y = "Count", x = "Favourite Food") +
   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1, size = 8)) +
   theme(legend.position = "none") + coord_flip()
```



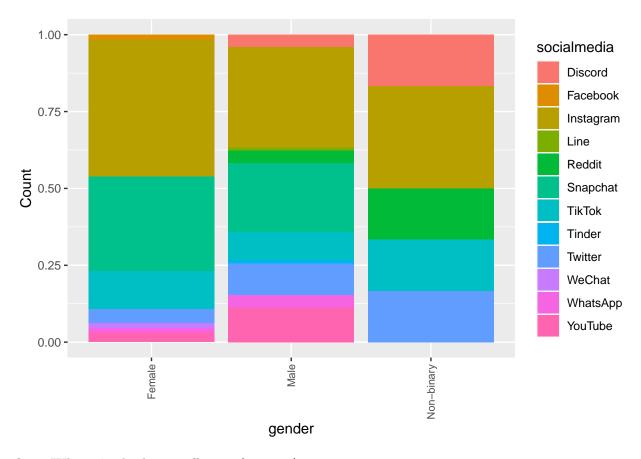
Q11. What social media platform do you the most?

```
survey.data %>% filter(!is.na(socialmedia)) %>%
mutate(socialmedia = factor(socialmedia)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = reorder(socialmedia, socialmedia, length), y = (..count..), fill = socialmedia)) +
geom_bar() + labs(y = "Count", x = "Social Media Platform") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1, size = 8)) + coord_flip()
```



Social media most used by gender.

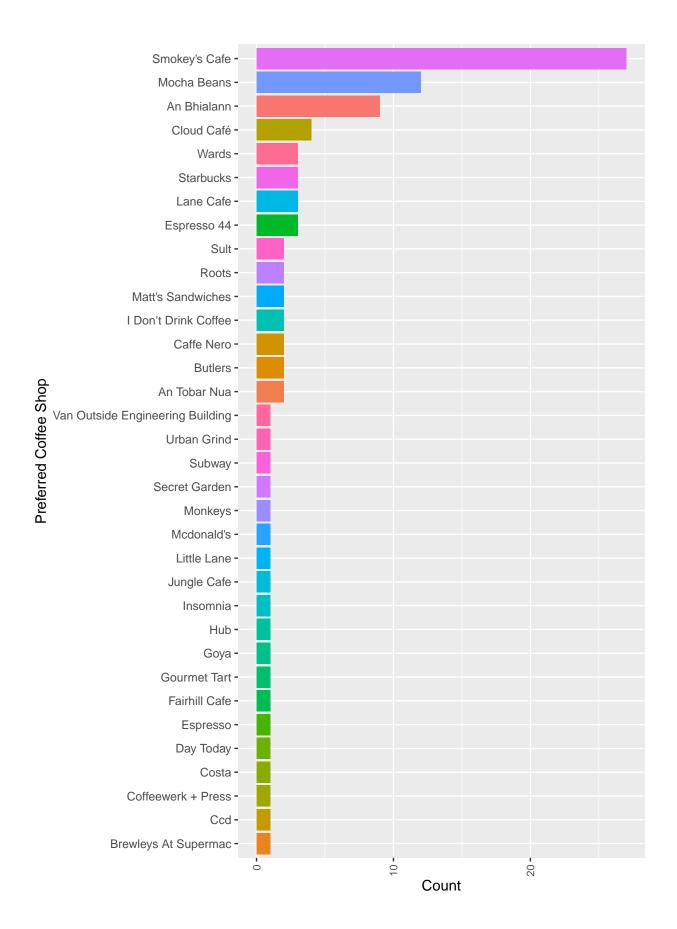
```
survey.data %>% filter(!is.na(socialmedia)) %>%
mutate(socialmedia = factor(socialmedia), gender = factor(gender)) %>%
filter(gender != "Prefer not to say") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = gender, y = (..count..), fill = socialmedia)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill") + labs(y = "Count", x = "gender") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1, size = 8))
```



Q12. Where is the best coffee on (or near) campus

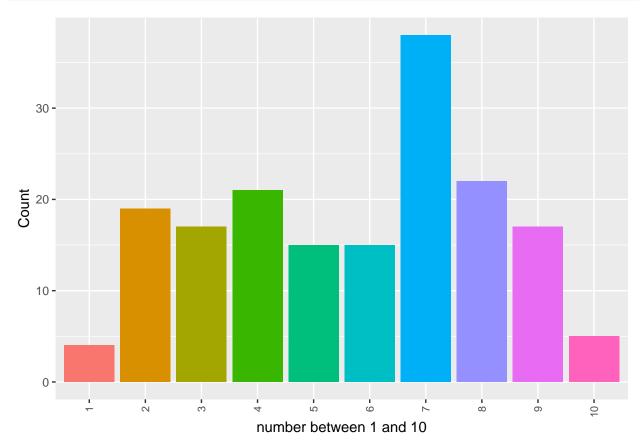
Response like "I don't drink coffee" and "I don't know" have been set to missing, so we can focus on preferred coffee shops.

```
survey.data %>% mutate(coffee = factor(coffee))  %>% select(coffee) %>% na.omit(coffee) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = reorder(coffee, coffee, length), y = (..count..), fill = coffee)) +
    geom_bar() + labs(y = "Count", x = "Preferred Coffee Shop") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1, size = 8),
        legend.position = "none") + coord_flip()
```



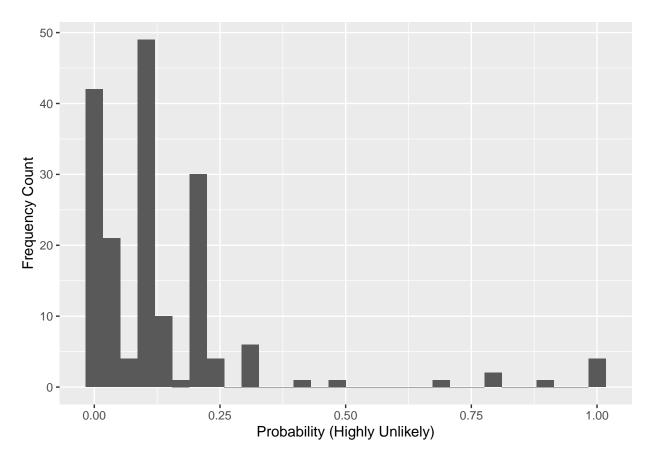
Q13. Pick a (whole) number at random between 1 and 10

```
survey.data %>% filter(!is.na(number)) %>% mutate(number = factor(number)) %>%
    ggplot(aes(x = number, y = (..count..), fill = number)) +
    geom_bar() + labs(y = "Count", x = "number between 1 and 10") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust = 1, size = 8),
        legend.position = "none")
```



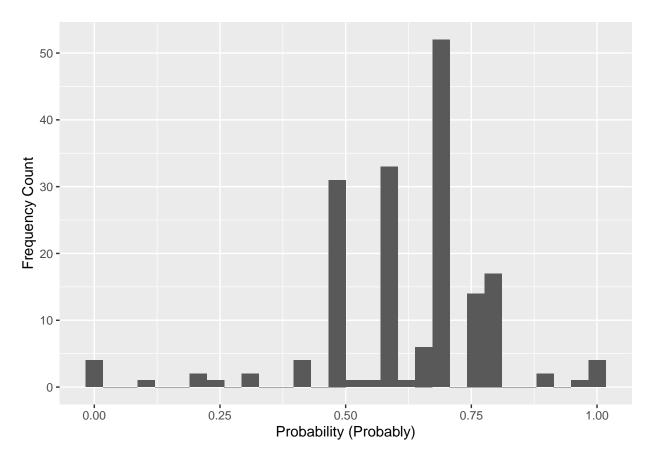
Q14. If you were told it was "Highly Unlikely" that a natural disaster was about to occur. What is the probability would you assign it to happening? (decimal between 0 and 1)

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = unlikely)) +
  geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "Probability (Highly Unlikely)")
```



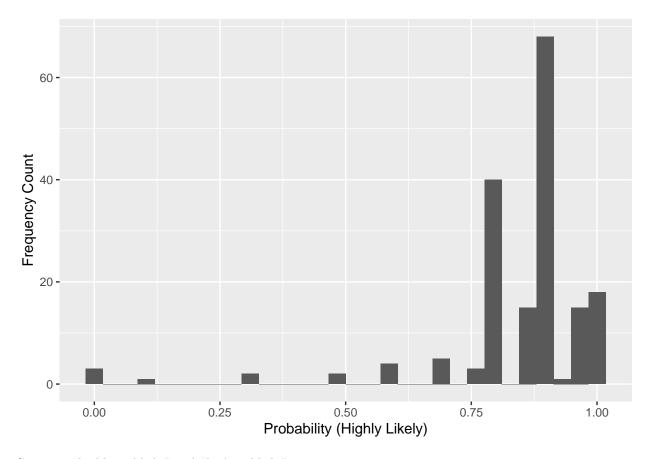
Q15. If you were told it was "Probably" that a natural disaster was about to occur. What is the probability would you assign it to happening? (decimal between 0 and 1)

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = probably)) +
  geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "Probability (Probably)")
```

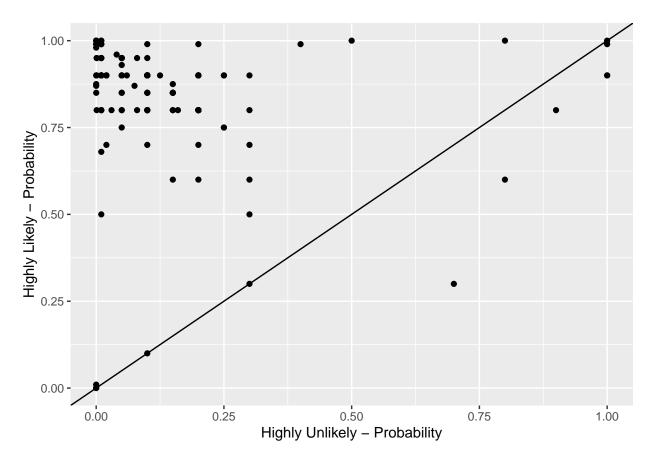


Q16. If you were told it was "Highly Likely" that a natural disaster was about to occur. What is the probability would you assign it to happening? (decimal between 0 and 1)

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = likely)) +
  geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "Probability (Highly Likely)")
```

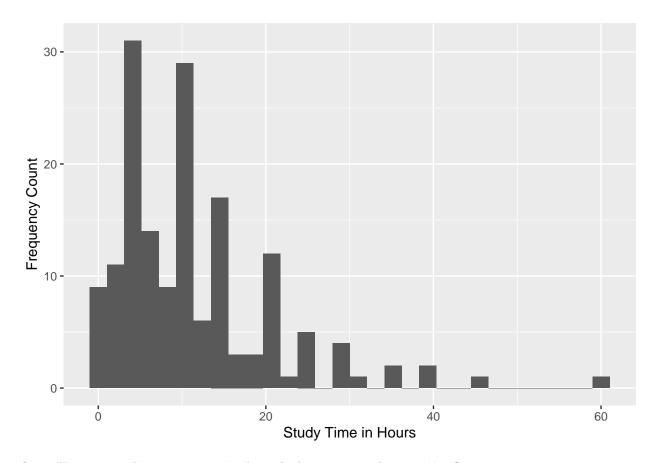


Compare "highly unlikely" and "high unlikely" interpretations.



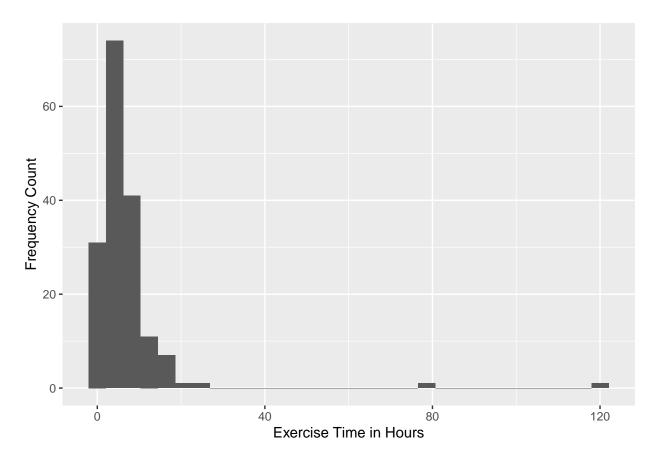
Q17. How many hours in a typical week do you spend studying?

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = studying)) +
  geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "Study Time in Hours")
```



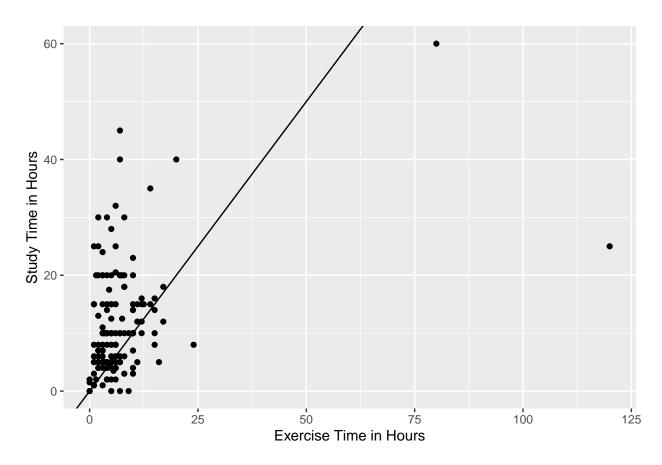
Q18. How many hours in a typical week do you spend exercising?

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = exercise)) +
  geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "Exercise Time in Hours")
```



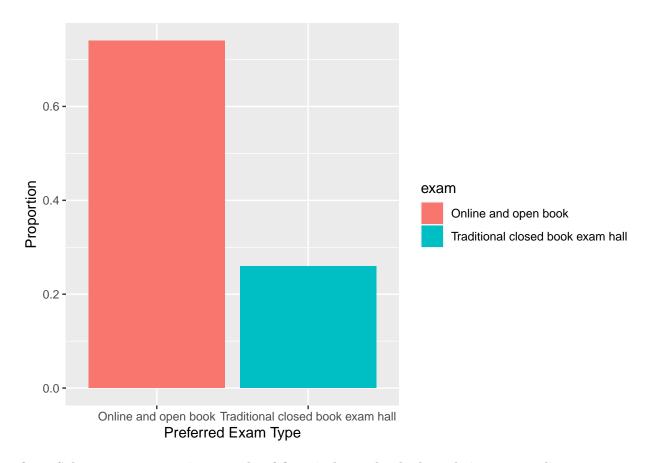
Compare time spent studying and exercising. The line of equality is provided for comparison.

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = exercise, y = studying)) +
  geom_point() + labs(x = "Exercise Time in Hours", y = "Study Time in Hours") +
  geom_abline(intercept = 0, slope = 1)
```



Q19. What type of exam do you prefer?

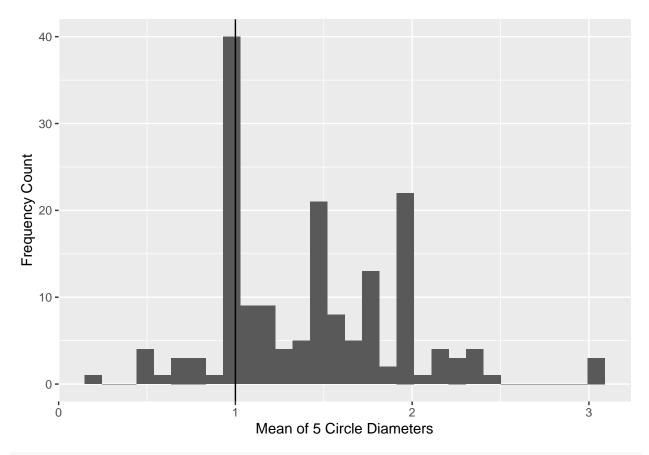
```
survey.data %>% mutate(exam = factor(exam)) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = exam, y = (..count..) / sum(..count..), fill = exam)) +
geom_bar() + labs(y = "Proportion", x = "Preferred Exam Type")
```



Q20. Select a representative sample of five circles and calculate their average diameter

The true population average is a diameter of 1. Notice that the central tendency is much higher than this, we'll explain why later!

```
survey.data %>% ggplot(aes(x = circles)) +
  geom_histogram() + labs(y = "Frequency Count", x = "Mean of 5 Circle Diameters") +
  geom_vline(xintercept = 1) # we'll explain why later!
```



summary(survey.data\$circles)

Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's ## 0.156 1.000 1.500 1.460 1.800 3.000 10