

Restricted Boltzmann Machine

```
% Restricted Boltzmann Machine
clear all;
clc
x1 = [-1,-1,-1];
x2 = [1,-1,1];
x3 = [-1,1,1];
x4 = [1,1,-1];
x5 = [1,1,1];
x6 = [-1,1,-1];
x7 = [1,-1,-1];
x8 = [-1,-1,1];

x = [x1; x2; x3; x4; x5; x6; x7; x8];

neurons_visible = 3;
neurons_hidden = [1, 2, 4, 8];
nTrials = 1000;
mini_batch = 20;
eta = 0.005;
dkl_final = [];
for m = 1:length(neurons_hidden)
    v = zeros(3,1);
    h = zeros(neurons_hidden(m),1); %state of the hidden
layer
    theta_v = zeros(3,1);
    theta_h = zeros(neurons_hidden(m),1);
    weights = randn(neurons_hidden(m),3);

    for i = 1:nTrials
        total_delta_theta_v = zeros(3,1);
        total_delta_theta_h = zeros(neurons_hidden(m),1);
        total_delta_weights = zeros(neurons_hidden(m),3);

        for j = 1:mini_batch
            index_pattern = randi(4);
            v = transpose(x(index_pattern,:));
            v0 = v;
            local_field_h0 = weights*v0 - theta_h;

            local_field_h = weights*v - theta_h;
            prob_local_field_h = 1./(1+exp(-
2*local_field_h));
```

```

        for p = 1: neurons_hidden(m)
            r = rand;
            if r < probab_local_field_h(p)
                h(p) = 1;
            else
                h(p) = -1;
            end
        end

        for q = 1:200
            local_field_v =
transpose(transpose(h)*weights) - theta_v;
            probab_local_field_v = 1./(1+exp(-
2*local_field_v));

            for t = 1: neurons_visible
                r = rand;
                if r < probab_local_field_v(t)
                    v(t) = 1;
                else
                    v(t) = -1;
                end
            end

            local_field_h = weights*v - theta_h;
            probab_local_field_h = 1./(1+exp(-
2*local_field_h));

            for p = 1: neurons_hidden(m)
                r = rand;
                if r < probab_local_field_h(p)
                    h(p) = 1;
                else
                    h(p) = -1;
                end
            end

            delta_weights = eta*(tanh(local_field_h0)*v0'
- tanh((local_field_h)*v'));
            total_delta_weights = total_delta_weights +
delta_weights;
            delta_theta_v = -eta*(v0 - v);

```

```

        total_delta_theta_v = total_delta_theta_v +
delta_theta_v;
        delta_theta_h = -eta*(tanh(local_field_h0) -
tanh(local_field_h));
        total_delta_theta_h = total_delta_theta_h +
delta_theta_h;
    end

    weights = weights + total_delta_weights;
    theta_v = theta_v + total_delta_theta_v;
    theta_h = theta_h + total_delta_theta_h;
end
dkl = 0;
boltzmann_probability = [0;0;0;0;0;0;0;0;0];
for outer_loop = 1: 3000
    random_pattern = randi(8);
    v = transpose(x(random_pattern,:));
    local_field_h = weights*v - theta_h;
    probb_local_field_h = 1./(1+exp(-
2*local_field_h));
    for p = 1: neurons_hidden(m)
        r = rand;
        if r < probb_local_field_h(p)
            h(p) = 1;
        else
            h(p) = -1;
        end
    end
end

    for inner_loop = 1 : 2000
        local_field_v = transpose(transpose(h)*weights)
- theta_v;
        probb_local_field_v = 1./(1+exp(-
2*local_field_v));

        for t = 1: neurons_visible
            r = rand;
            if r < probb_local_field_v(t)
                v(t) = 1;
            else
                v(t) = -1;
            end
        end
    end
end

```

```

        local_field_h = weights*v - theta_h;
        probb_local_field_h = 1./(1+exp(-
2*local_field_h));

        for p = 1: neurons_hidden(m)
            r = rand;
            if r < probb_local_field_h(p)
                h(p) = 1;
            else
                h(p) = -1;
            end
        end

        for c = 1:8
            if isequal(v, x(c, :))'
                boltzmann_probability(c) =
boltzmann_probability(c)+1;
            end
        end
    end
end

boltzmann_probability =
boltzmann_probability/(outer_loop*inner_loop);
for b = 1:4
    if boltzmann_probability(b) == 0
        l_boltzmann_probability(b) = 0;
    else
        l_boltzmann_probability(b)=
log(boltzmann_probability(b));
    end
end

for z = 1:4
    dkl = dkl + 0.25*(log(0.25) -
l_boltzmann_probability(z));
end
dkl_final = [dkl_final,dkl];
disp(dkl_final);
end

neurons_hidden = [1, 2, 4, 8];

```

```

M1 = [1,2,3,4,8];
upperBounds = zeros(5, 1);
for i = 1:5
    neuronsHidden = M1(i);
    if neuronsHidden >= 2^(neurons_visible-1)-1
        continue
    end
    x = floor(log(neuronsHidden+1));
    upperBounds(i) = log(2) * (neurons_visible - x -
(neuronsHidden+1)/(2^x)); %theoretical dkl
end

hold on;
plot(M1 , upperBounds);
scatter(neurons_hidden, dkl_final);
legend('theoretical upper bound', 'computed values');
xlabel('number of hidden neurons');
ylabel('Kullback-Leibler divergence');
hold off;

```

