

DESCRIPTION

BHS

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{unsteady} - \text{stocks} - 2D \\ V_t - \alpha \cdot \nabla^2 V + \nabla q &= f, \quad \text{in } \Omega_T \\ \nabla \cdot V &= 0, \quad \text{in } \Omega_T \\ V|_{\partial\Omega} &= 0, \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega_T \\ V|_{t=0} &= V_0, \quad \text{on } \Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\alpha = 0.025$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= [u_1(t, x_1, x_2), u_2(t, x_1, x_2)] \\ x_1 &\in [0, 1], x_2 \in [0, 1], t \in [0, 1] \\ u_1(t, x_1, x_2) &= 2\sin(t)\sin(\pi x_1)^2\sin(\pi x_2)\cos(\pi x_2)\pi \\ u_2(t, x_1, x_2) &= -2\sin(t)\sin(\pi x_2)^2\sin(\pi x_1)\cos(\pi x_1)\pi \\ p(t, x_1, x_2) &= \sin(t)\cos(\pi x_1)\cos(\pi x_2) \end{aligned}$$

REFERENCES

- [1] Jing Yue, Jian Li. The Physics Informed Neural Networks for the unsteady Stokes problems[J]. International Journal for Numerical Methods in Fluids.