Statistical Inference Project Pt 2

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Introduction

'data.frame':

The ToothGrowth data in R datasets will be analyzed accordingly to find the data summary and use hypothesis tests to compare the tooth growth factor by either the supplement type and does type.

Preliminary Setup & Store Data

```
# load graphing tool interface package
library(ggplot2)
# initialize data category
Tooth <- ToothGrowth</pre>
```

Provide Initial Summaries for the data structure.

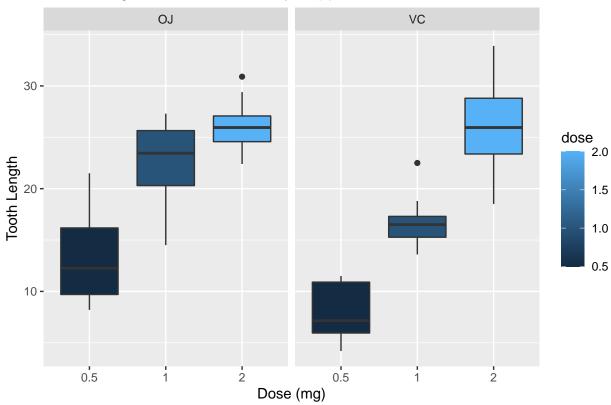
```
# General summaries for the data frame
summary(Tooth)
##
                                 dose
        len
                   supp
  Min.
          : 4.20
                   OJ:30
                           Min.
                                   :0.500
                           1st Qu.:0.500
  1st Qu.:13.07
                   VC:30
## Median :19.25
                           Median :1.000
## Mean
          :18.81
                           Mean
                                 :1.167
## 3rd Qu.:25.27
                            3rd Qu.:2.000
          :33.90
                                   :2.000
## Max.
                           Max.
# Examine the characteristics for each section
str(Tooth)
```

60 obs. of 3 variables:

Plot Tooth grow length and dose by splitting the supplement

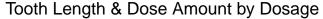
```
# Use boxplot by having the classified grid for supplement
ggplot(aes(x = as.factor(dose),y = len), data = Tooth) + geom_boxplot(aes(fill = dose)) +
xlab("Dose (mg)") +
ylab("Tooth Length")+
facet_grid(~ supp) +
ggtitle("Tooth Length & Dose Amount by Supplement")
```

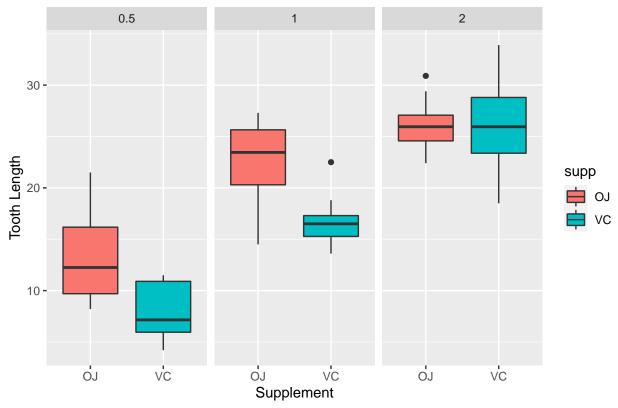
Tooth Length & Dose Amount by Supplement



Plot Tooth grow length and supplement by splitting the dosage amount

```
# Use boxplot by having the classified grid for dosage
ggplot(aes(x = supp,y = len), data = Tooth)+
geom_boxplot(aes(fill = supp)) +
xlab("Supplement") +
ylab("Tooth Length") +
facet_grid(~ dose) +
ggtitle("Tooth Length & Dose Amount by Dosage")
```





Have Initial Hypothesis Test for the supplement classification

In this Hypothesis testing, the following hypothesis test is listed below:

H0 = Both supplement will generate the same impact towards tooth length growth. H1 = Both supplement will generate different impact towards tooth length growth.

```
\# Use 2 sample t-test to compare
t.test(len ~ supp, data = Tooth)
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by supp
## t = 1.9153, df = 55.309, p-value = 0.06063
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group OJ and group VC is not equal to O
## 95 percent confidence interval:
   -0.1710156 7.5710156
## sample estimates:
## mean in group OJ mean in group VC
##
           20.66333
                            16.96333
```

Have Initial Hypothesis Test for the dosage classification

In this Hypothesis testing, the following hypothesis test is listed below:

H0 = Both dosage will generate the same impact towards tooth length growth. H1 = Both dosage will generate different impact towards tooth length growth.

```
# Use 2 sample t-test to compare where the dosage is 0.5 and 1
Tooth1 <- subset(Tooth, Tooth$dose %in% c(0.5,1))</pre>
t.test(len ~ dose, data = Tooth1)
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by dose
## t = -6.4766, df = 37.986, p-value = 1.268e-07
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group 0.5 and group 1 is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -11.983781 -6.276219
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0.5
                       mean in group 1
              10.605
                                19.735
##
# Use 2 sample t-test to compare where the dosage is 1 and 2
Tooth2 <- subset(Tooth, Tooth$dose %in% c(1,2))</pre>
t.test(len ~ dose, data = Tooth2)
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by dose
## t = -4.9005, df = 37.101, p-value = 1.906e-05
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group 1 and group 2 is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -8.996481 -3.733519
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 1 mean in group 2
            19.735
                            26.100
##
# Use 2 sample t-test to compare where the dosage is 0.5 and 2
Tooth3 <- subset(Tooth, Tooth$dose %in% c(0.5,2))
t.test(len ~ dose, data = Tooth3)
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by dose
## t = -11.799, df = 36.883, p-value = 4.398e-14
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group 0.5 and group 2 is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -18.15617 -12.83383
## sample estimates:
## mean in group 0.5
                       mean in group 2
              10.605
                                26.100
##
```

Statistical Conclusion

Based on the t-test results and p-value description, the following conclusions are made.

- 1. Supplement type will NOT contribute different impact towards the tooth length based on the given p-value.
- 2. Dosage type will contribute different impact towards the tooth length based on the given p-value across all 3 factors of dosage. (H0 was rejected)