

POLITENICO DI MILANO

DIPARTIMENTO ELETTRONICA, INFORMAZIONE E
BIOINGEGNERIA

HEAPLAB PROJECT REPORT

EdgeCloudSim Report

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Abstract

The simulation tool EdgeCloudSim provides some basic features of simulating edge computing scenarios. But it lacks some further features. This project extends basic task application definition to support task-based application.

1 Introduction

EdgeCloudSim is a simulation tool which can simulate Edge Computing scenarios. But this tool can not simulate task-based application. The project adds the following features to the simulation tool:

1. Extend basic task application definition to support task-based application
2. Task migration among the Edge or Cloud VMs
3. Add probabilistic network failure model by considering the congestion or other parameters such as the distance between mobile device and the WiFi access point.
4. Visual tool for displaying the network topology

In the end, this project gives a detailed simulation and provides the simulation results.

2 Relation between EdgeCloudSim and Cloudsim

2.1 Simulation Framework of CloudSim

2.1.1 Simulation Data Flow

CloudSim is a discrete event management framework. The core simulation process is a loop function which checks the events related to all the entities and processes the event. Each entities can process different kinds of events. So figuring out all the

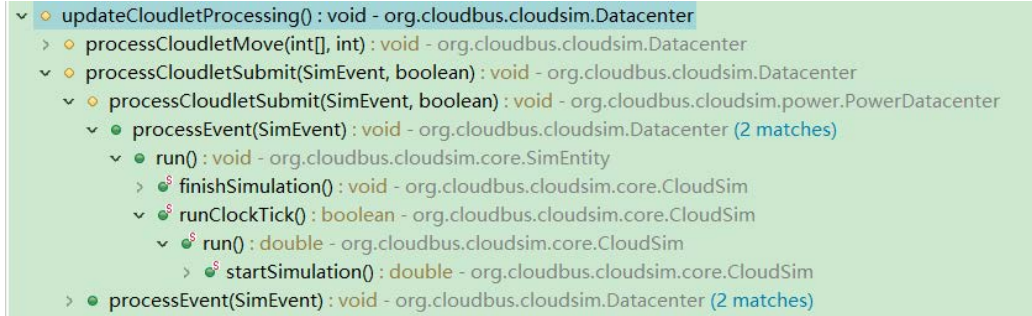


Figure 1: Call hierarchy of function updateCloudletProcessing.

2.1.2 Data center internal processing

Figure 1 shows the call hierarchy of member function updateCloudletProcessing in class DataCenter. From this figure, we can figure out that the Cloudlet processing update process figure in the paper about CloudSim is wrong. Figure 2 is the fixed Cloudlet processing update process. At the end of the function updateCloudletProcessing, it will add a new VM_DATACENTER_EVENT to the future queue using function schedule. When we go back to the loop of Run function, the updateCloudletProcessing function will be triggered again.

2.2 Simulation Framework of EdgeCloudSim

As is shown in the picture1, there are two important classes in core package: ScenarioFactory and SimManager. The ScenarioFactory gets the parameters for the scenarios. And the SimManager receives the object of type ScenarioFactory. Moreover, the SimManager is a class extended from SimEntity class. The SimEntity is a class defined in CloudSim. And it has a function called startEntity(), which will schedule the task.

Not sure if I can implement the task-based application here or change the schedule function in CloudSim

2.3 Modules in EdgeCloudsim

1. core: three are there important class in this module. ScenarioFactory.java is the class for factory scheme. SimManager.java class extends SimEntity class and it is related to CREATE_TASK, CHECK_ALL_VM,

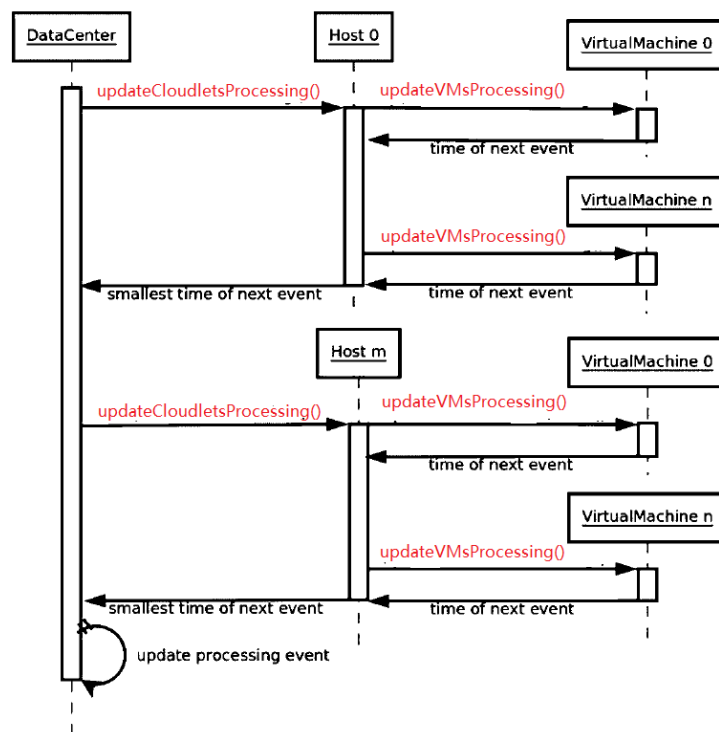


Figure 2: Cloudlet processing update process.

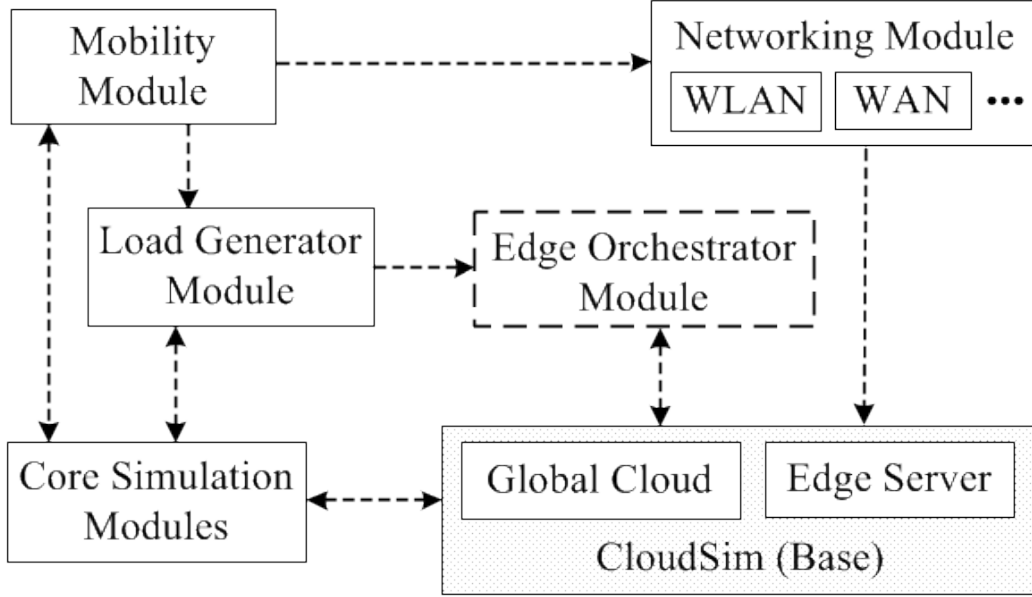


Figure 3: This is a figure caption.

GET_LOAD_LOG, PRINT_PROGRESS, STOP_SIMULATION. SimSettings.java is the class that stores all the configurations.

2. cloud_server: class CloudServerManager.java. This class actually just generate the hostlist, vmlist, local data center, and function to get the average utilization of all VMS.
3. edge_server: class EdgeServerManager.java has similar functions as CloudServer.
4. mobile_processing: class MobileServerManager.java. This class enables the mobile devices have the ability to process task. We can also create data centers and virtual machines on it.
5. edge_client: MobileDeviceManager.java extends DatacenterBroker class in CloudSim. And it overwrite the processOtherEvent function and add new events: REQUEST_RECEIVED_BY_CLOUD, REQUEST_RECEIVED_BY_EDGE

2.4 Entities in EdgeCloudsim

1. SimManager: public class SimManager extends SimEntity

2. MobileDeviceManager: public abstract class MobileDeviceManager extends DatacenterBroker
3. EdgeOrchestrator: public abstract class EdgeOrchestrator extends SimEntity

2.5 Relationship of Modules between CloudSim and EdgeCloudSim

Because EdgeCloudSim is implemented on the top of CloudSim, it also relies on the discrete event management framework. Mobile Device Manager

3 Design and Implementation

3.1 Task-based Application Design and Implementation

3.1.1 Task-based Application Design

In EdgeCloudSim, task is atomic and cannot be divided into smaller tasks. Task-based application is an application which is composed by several smaller. This project designs how to introduce a task-based. What is task-based application. Introduce task-dependency graph

3.1.2 Scheduling Algorithm in EdgeCloudSim

Which module can we modify to achieve task-based application? How to deal with task-dependency graph

3.1.3 Component Diagram of the Simulation tool

After adding the feature, the component diagram has changed.

Item	Quantity
Widgets	42
Gadgets	13

Table 1: An example table.

3.2 Task Migration

3.3 Probabilistic Network Failure Model

4 Experimental Results

In this section, we did some experiment. We test the failure rate.

5 Conclusions

6 Some L^AT_EX Examples

6.1 Sections

Use section and subsection commands to organize your document. L^AT_EX handles all the formatting and numbering automatically. Use `ref` and `label` commands for cross-references.

6.2 Comments

Comments can be added to the margins of the document using the `todo` command, as shown in the example on the right. You can also add inline comments too:

This is an inline comment.

Here's
a com-
ment
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gin!

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Use the `table` and `tabular` commands for basic tables — see Table 1, for example. You can upload a figure (JPEG, PNG or PDF) using the files menu. To include it in your document, use the `includegraphics` command as in the code for Figure 4 below.

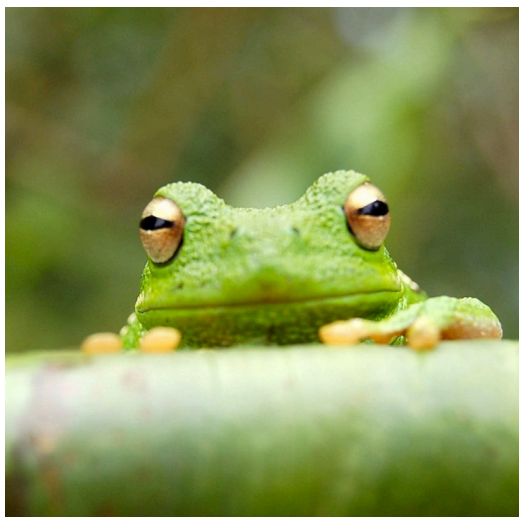


Figure 4: This is a figure caption.

6.4 Mathematics

L^AT_EX is great at typesetting mathematics. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables with $E[X_i] = \mu$ and $\text{Var}[X_i] = \sigma^2 < \infty$, and let

$$S_n = \frac{X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_i^n X_i$$

denote their mean. Then as n approaches infinity, the random variables $\sqrt{n}(S_n - \mu)$ converge in distribution to a normal $\mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$.

6.5 Lists

You can make lists with automatic numbering ...

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