

23 (b) $-85_{10} = ?$ (sign-magnitude)

$$85_{10} = 1010101_2$$

$$-85_{10} = \underset{\text{Sign}}{1} \underbrace{1010101}_{\text{magnitude}}$$

24 (c) $-99_{10} = ?$ (1's comp.)

$$99_{10} = 1100011_2$$

$$-99_{10} = \text{1's comp. of } \overset{\text{8-bit}}{\leftarrow 01100011 \rightarrow}$$

$$= 10011100$$

25 (b) $-68_{10} = ?$ (2's comp.)

$$68_{10} = 1000100$$

$$-68_{10} = \text{2's comp. of } \overset{\text{8-bit}}{\leftarrow 01000100 \rightarrow}$$

$$= 10111100$$

29 (b) $100110000011000_{SM} = ?$ (single-precision)

$$\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$$

$$-110000011000_2 = -1.1000011 \times 2^{1011}$$

$$S=1, E=01111111+1011=10001010, F=1000001100\dots$$

$$\text{Number} = 1 \overset{\text{3}}{\leftarrow 10001010 \rightarrow} \overset{\text{23}}{\leftarrow 10000011000000000000000 \rightarrow}$$

30 (b) $0.110011001000011110100100000000 = ?_{10}$

$$\text{Number} = (-1)^0 (1 + 0.10000111101001) \times 2^{(11001100 - 01111111)}$$

$$= +1.10000111101001 \times 2^{1001101}$$

33 (b)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 11011001 \rightarrow -00100111 \rightarrow -39_{10} \\
 + 11100111 \rightarrow -00011001 \rightarrow -25_{10} \\
 \hline
 \boxed{X} 11000000 \rightarrow -01000000 \rightarrow -64_{10}
 \end{array}$$

36 $\overset{-120_{10}}{10001000} \div \overset{34_{10}}{00100010} = ?$

Dividend is -ve, so we need to calculate the positive number that has the same magnitude, i.e. take its 2's complement $\Rightarrow 01111000$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 00000011 \leftarrow Q \\
 \hline
 00100010 \overline{) 01111000} \\
 \underline{0100010} \downarrow \\
 00110100 \\
 \underline{100010} \\
 00010010 \leftarrow R
 \end{array}$$

Since Dividend is -ve & Divisor is +ve

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Quotient} &= -Q = 2's \text{ comp. of } (00000011) \\
 &= 1111101 \leftarrow -3_{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Remainder} &= -R = 2's \text{ comp. of } (00010010) \\
 &= 11101110 \leftarrow -18_{10}
 \end{aligned}$$

34 (b)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 01100101 \rightarrow +101_{10} \\
 - 11101000 \rightarrow -00011000 \rightarrow -24 \\
 \hline
 01100101 \\
 + 00011000 \\
 \hline
 01111101 \rightarrow +125_{10}
 \end{array}$$

[49] (h) $547_{10} = ?_{BCD}$

$\begin{array}{ccc} 5 & 4 & 7 \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 0101 & 0100 & 0111 \end{array}$

[51] (h) $0001011010000011_{BCD} = ?_{10}$

$\begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 6 & 8 & 3 \end{array}$

[53] (e)

$$\begin{array}{r}
 + \begin{array}{cc} 0010 & 0101 \\ 0010 & 0111 \end{array} \\
 \hline
 0100 \quad 1100 \leftarrow > 1001 \\
 + \quad 0110 \leftarrow \text{Correction} \\
 \hline
 01010010
 \end{array}$$

[56] (b) $1001010_2 = ?_{Gray}$

$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \oplus & \oplus & \oplus & \oplus & \oplus & \oplus & \oplus \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$

[57] (b) $00010_{Gray} = ?_2$

$\begin{array}{ccccc} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \downarrow & \oplus & \oplus & \oplus & \oplus \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$

64 (a) 1111 0110₂ ✓ or X ?

of 1's = 6 ← even

Since odd parity is used \Rightarrow there is an error

65 (a) [?] 1010 0100₂ even parity

of 1's = 3 ← odd

Since even parity is used \Rightarrow parity bit = 1

Answer : [1] 1010 0100
