## **Zagazig University**

**Faculty of Engineering** 

**Mechatronics Engineering** 

400 Level, 2<sup>nd</sup> Term 2016/2017

## CSE 411 Artificial Intelligence

(Double-Sided)

(Duration: 60 minutes)

Midterm Examination

April 26<sup>th</sup>, 2017 1:00pm – 2:00pm

4 pages, 3 questions, 30 points

## **Question 1: MCQ's**

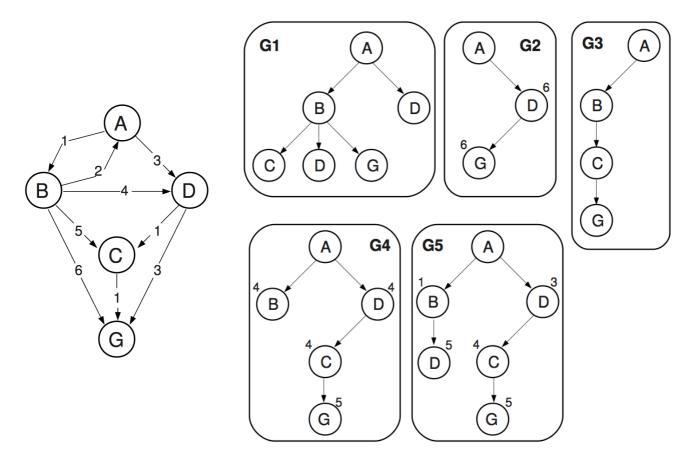
[10 points]

Select from among the given choices <u>the one</u> that best answers each of the following questions, and write in your answer sheet that choice beside the question number. [1 point each]

- 1. A neural network is an example of an AI agent that:
  - (a) Thinks rationally
  - (b) Acts rationally
  - (c) Thinks humanly
  - (d) Acts humanly
  - (e) All of the above
- 2. For an AI agent to pass the Turing test, it should be able to:
  - (a) Navigate a maze
  - (b) Communicate successfully in English
  - (c) Manipulate objects
  - (d) All of the above
  - (e) None of the above
- 3. The environment of an AI agent that controls the air traffic over an airport is:
  - (a) Partially observable, dynamic, stochastic, episodic, continuous, multi-agent
  - (b) Partially observable, dynamic, stochastic, sequential, continuous, multi-agent
  - (c) Partially observable, dynamic, stochastic, episodic, continuous, single-agent
  - (d) Fully observable, static, deterministic, sequential, discrete, single-agent
  - (e) None of the above
- 4. An agent that has the ability to take exploratory actions is:
  - (a) Goal-based agent
  - (b) Utility-based agent
  - (c) Learning agent
  - (d) Model-based reflex agent
  - (e) None of the above
- 5. Given a search problem in which two robots try to find each other in an  $M \times N$  maze, which of the following is a minimal state representation for such problem?
  - (a) The distance between the two robots
  - (b) A list of all the moves taken by each robot
  - (c) A list of all the positions visited by each robot
  - (d) The position of each robot in the maze
  - (e) None of the above
- 6. What is the size of the state-space of the two-robot-maze problem (from question 6)?
  - (a)  $(M*N)^2$
  - (b) M\*N
  - (c)  $2^{(M*N)}$
  - (d) 2\*(M\*N)
  - (e)  $2^{(M+N)}$

- 7. Let  $h_1$  be an admissible heuristic, and  $h_2$  be an inadmissible heuristic. Which of the following heuristic functions is necessarily admissible?
  - (a)  $max(h_1, h_2)$
  - (b)  $min(h_1, h_2)$
  - (c)  $(h_1+h_2)/2$
  - (d)  $\sqrt{h_1^2 + h_2^2}$
  - (e) None of the above
- 8. Which of the following conditions must be satisfied in order for a node n to be expanded during an  $A^*$  graph search that uses a consistent heuristic h and finds a goal at node  $n^*$ ?
  - (a)  $g(n) < g(n^*)$
  - (b)  $g(n)+h(n) < g(n^*)$
  - (c)  $h(n) < g(n^*)$
  - (d) Both (a) and (b)
  - (e) Both (b) and (c)
- 9. Which of the following statements about  $\alpha$ - $\beta$  pruning is **true**?
  - (a) It is always faster than minimax
  - (b) It always consumes less memory than minimax
  - (c) It always returns the same value as minimax for all nodes of the tree
  - (d) All the above
  - (e) None of the above
- 10. Consider an adversarial game in which each state s has a minimax value v(s). Assume that MAX plays according to the optimal minimax policy  $\pi$ , but the opponent (MIN) plays according to an unknown, possibly sub-optimal policy  $\pi'$ . Which of the following statements is **false**?
  - (a) The score at any state s under MAX's control could be greater than v(s).
  - (b) The score at any state s under opponent's control could be less than v(s).
  - (c) Even if  $\pi'$  were known to MAX, MAX should play according to  $\pi$ .
  - (d) All of the above
  - (e) None of the above

Each of the trees (G1 through G5) was generated by searching the graph (below, left) with a **graph search** algorithm. Assume the children of a node are visited in alphabetical order. Each tree shows only the nodes that have been **expanded**. Numbers next to nodes indicate the relevant "score" used by the algorithm's priority queue. The start state is A, and the goal state is G.



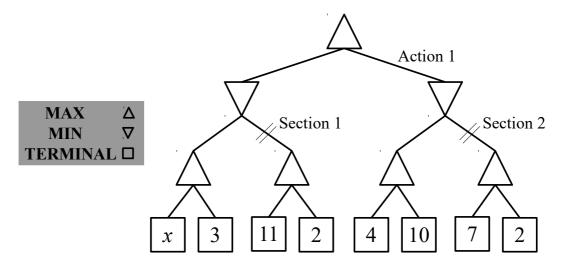
For each tree, indicate:

- 1. **[5 points]** Whether it was generated with depth-first search, breadth-first search, uniform-cost search, or A\* search. Algorithms may appear more than once.
- 2. [2 points] If the algorithm uses a heuristic function, say whether we used H1 or H2 where:

**H1** = 
$$\{h(A)=3, h(B)=6, h(C)=4, h(D)=3\}$$
  
**H2** =  $\{h(A)=3, h(B)=3, h(C)=0, h(D)=1\}$ 

3. **5 points** For each algorithms, say whether the result was an optimal path (assuming we want to minimize the sum of step-costs). If the result was not optimal, state why the algorithm found a suboptimal path.

Consider the following minimax tree:



- 1. [2 points] Redraw the tree in your answer sheet, and annotate each node with its minimax value (which could be an expression in terms of x).
- 2. [2 points] For what values of x is MAX guaranteed to choose Action 1? Justify your answer.
- 3. **2 point** For what values of x is the tree guaranteed to be alpha-beta-pruned at **Section 1**? Justify your answer.
- 4. **2 point** For what values of x is the tree guaranteed to be alpha-beta-pruned at **Section 2**? Justify your answer.

\*\* End of Exam \*\*