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2841. Bitwise Reverse

Time Limit: 1.0 Seconds   Memory Limit: 65536K
Total Runs: 3768   Accepted Runs: 2555

Professor Robby invents a powerful encryption method, but he is too lazy to implement it. So he turns to you for help.

In fact, the encryption method is only applied to positive integers. At first, we express the number as binary code, that is, a string only contain '0' and '1', and the first digit can't be '0'. Then we reverse the string. And the last step, we calculate the reversed binary code and express it in decimal again.

For example, we want to encrypt the number 14, we express it as 1110, after reversing it we get 0111, and $(0111)_2 = 7$. So we get 7.

Input

There is only one line for each test case, containing the positive integer to be encrypted. You can assume the number is not more than 10^6.

The input is terminated with a zero.

Output

Output one line for each test case, indicating the number after encryption.

Sample Input

```
5
6
14
0
```

Sample Output

```
5
3
7
```

Problem Setter: RoBa

Source: *Tianjin Metropolitan Collegiate Programming Contest 2007*

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