U.S. Market Concentration and Import Competition (2024) by Mary Amiti and Sebastian Heise

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Summary of Amiti and Heise (2024)

Question. How import competition (ΔIP_{it}) affected production concentration (ΔC_{it}^P) and market concentration (ΔC_{it}^M) in the U.S. market?

- Why to care? Market concentration (pprox power) \Longrightarrow markups
- 2SLS with Bartik instruments:

$$\Delta C_{it} = \gamma \underline{\Delta I P_{it}} + \delta_t + \varepsilon_{it}, \tag{1}$$

- ① ΔC_{it} : 5-yr %change in concentration in industry *i* in time *t* (1992-2012)¹
- ② ΔIP_{it} : 5-yr %change in import penetration
- ③ Instrument for ΔIP_{it} with the Bartik IV: $Inst_{\Delta IP_{it}} = \sum_{j \neq US} w_{ij,t-5} \tilde{\beta}_{ijt}$ (★)

Contribution. Stable aggregate market concentration (under import competition)

 $^{^{1}}$ Data: Census of Manufactures & Longitudinal Firm Trade Transactions Database; UN COMTRADE

Key Results: Section 5 Table 1

[2SLS]
$$\Delta C_{it} = \gamma \underline{\Delta IP_{it}} + \delta_t + \varepsilon_{it}$$
, where $\Delta IP_{it} = \eta Inst_{\Delta IP_{it}} + \zeta_{it}$

Table 1: Change in Concentrations and Import Competition (Simplified)

	Production Concentration	Market Concentration		
	ΔC_{it}^{P}	$\Delta C_{it}^{M,dom}$	$\Delta C_{it}^{M,all}$	$\Delta C_{it}^{M,for}$
ΔIP_{it}	0.209** (0.089)	-0.289*** ↓ (0.083)	$0.041 \rightarrow (0.074)$	0.381*** ↑ (0.053)
First stage	ΔIP_{it}	ΔIP_{it}	ΔIP_{it}	ΔIP_{it}
$\mathit{Inst}_{\Delta \mathit{IP}_{it}}$	0.383***	0.390***	0.390***	0.390***
N	500	500	500	500

- Domestic U.S. firms: an \nearrow in ΔC_{it}^P ("selection"), but a \searrow in ΔC_{it}^M
- ullet Foreign firms selling in the U.S.: an wedge in ΔC^M_{it}

Two Major Comments

Comment #1: Export Supply Shocks (Bartik IV)

Starting from FE model:
$$\Delta M_{ijkt} = \alpha_{ikt} + \beta_{ijt} + \varepsilon_{ijkt}$$
, (import FE + export FE),
 \Rightarrow Want. Construct $Inst_{\Delta IP_{it}} = \sum_{j \neq US} w_{ij,t-5}\tilde{\beta}_{ijt}$; shifter $\tilde{\beta}_{ijt} = \hat{\beta}_{ijt} - \text{med}(\hat{\beta}_{it})$

Strategy. Estimate $\hat{\beta}_{ijt}$ (how?) \rightarrow compute $\tilde{\beta}_{ijt}$ \rightarrow construct $Inst_{\Delta IP_{it}}$

① Define $D_{ijt} \equiv \sum_{k} \Delta M_{ijkt}$ (total Δ Exports of j of industry i to k):

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{k} \alpha_{ikt} + \sum_{k} \beta_{ijt} + \sum_{k} \varepsilon_{ijkt} = \sum_{k} \left(\frac{M_{ijk,t-5}\alpha_{ikt}}{\sum_{k} M_{ijk,t-5}} \right) + \sum_{k} \left(\frac{M_{ijk,t-5}\beta_{ijt}}{\sum_{k} M_{ijk,t-5}} \right)$$

$$\equiv \beta_{ijt} + \sum_{k} \phi_{ijk,t-5}\alpha_{ikt} - (\bigstar)$$

② Similarly, define $D_{ikt} \equiv \sum_{j} \Delta M_{ijkt}$ (total Δ Imports of k of industry i from j):

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{j} \alpha_{ikt} + \sum_{j} \beta_{ijt} + \sum_{j} \varepsilon_{ijkt} = (skip) \equiv \alpha_{ikt} + \sum_{j} \psi_{ijk,t-5} \beta_{ijt} - (\bigstar \bigstar)$$

③ Notice $(\bigstar)=(\bigstar\bigstar)$, we have J+K eqns & unknowns \implies unique \hat{eta}_{ijt} [

Comment #2: Implications

The main implication is to infer markups from market concentration

- Amiti and Heise (2024) got half the job done, showing us a stable aggregate market concentration
 - The first to study both domestic & foreign firms selling in the U.S.
 - ® Identify foreign suppliers by the Manufacturer ID in LFTTD
- What about the markups part? (stable mkt concentration $\stackrel{?}{\rightarrow}$ stable markups)
- Several prior studies for markups (but domestic firms only):
 - ⊕ How do markups distribute by industry? (De Loecker et al., 2016)
 - * How do markups distribute spatially? (Atkin & Donaldson, 2015)
 - How do markup distribute via retail chains? (DellaVigna & Gentzkow, 2019), (Gopinath et al., 2011), (Atkin et al., 2018)
- I found it particularly interesting to think about trade-associated domestic sales; may be a great mix of Trade/IO/Urban!

References

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