

M5 (b) - Composition

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Image source: https://cdn.pixabay.com/photo/2017/11/05/21/21/container-2921882_960_720.ipa

Recap

- Divide and Conquer Principle
- Aggregation and Delegation
- Sequence Diagram
- Composite Pattern
- Decorator Pattern

Objective

- Polymorphic Object Cloning
- Prototype Pattern
- Command Pattern
- Principle: Law of Demeter

Object Copying

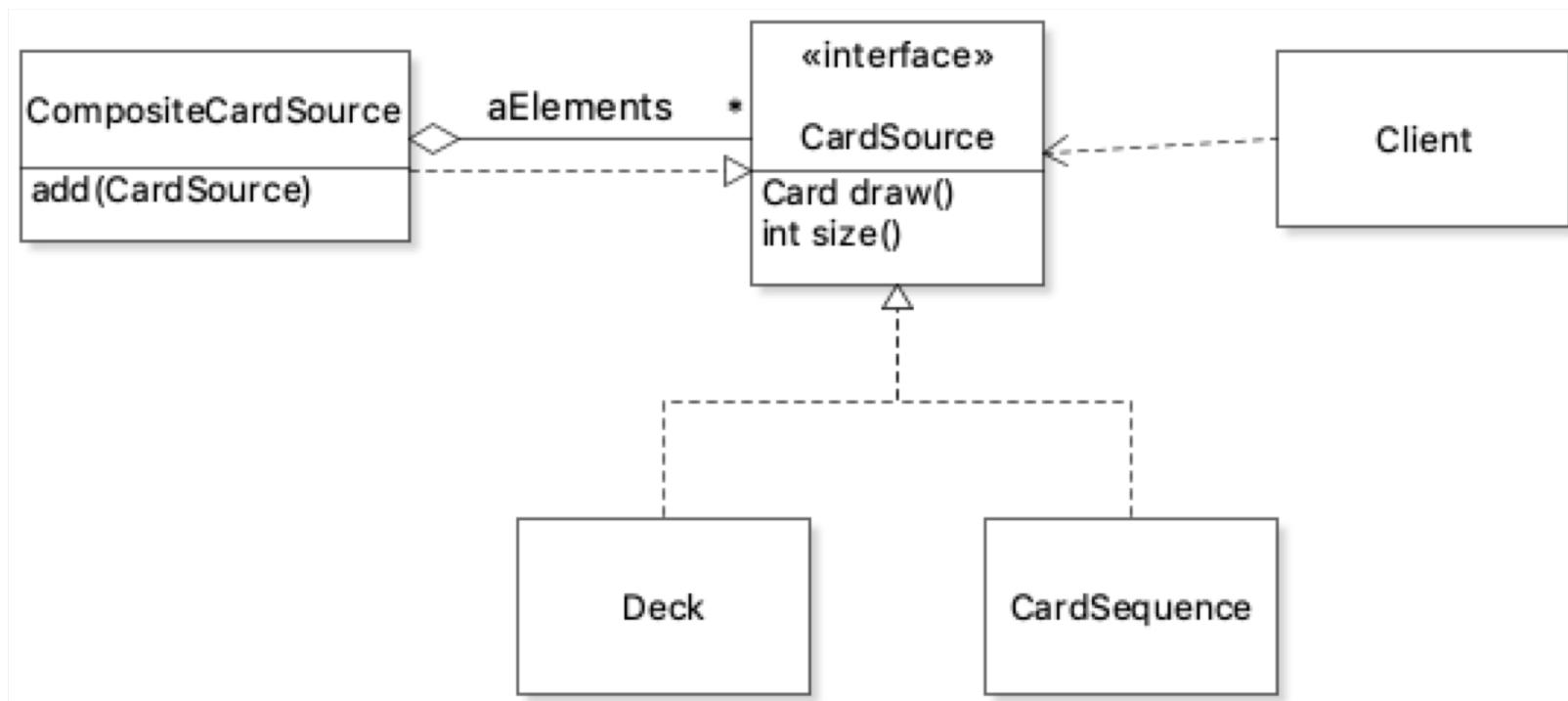
- Copy Constructor

```
public Deck(Deck pDeck)
{
    aCards = new ArrayList<>(pDeck.aCards);
}
```

- Static factory method

```
public static Deck newInstance(Deck pDeck)
{
    return new Deck(pDeck);
}
```

```
/**  
 * Aggregate a collection of card sources.  
 * The client can get existing card sources  
 * and add new card sources on demand  
 *  
 */  
public class CardSourceManager  
{  
    private final List<CardSource> aCardSources = new ArrayList<>();  
  
    public List<CardSource> getCardSources()  
    {  
        // return a copy of aCardSources;  
    }  
  
    public void addCardSource(CardSource pCardSource)  
    {  
        // add a copy of pCardSources;  
    }  
}
```



```
public List<CardSource> getCardSources()
{
    // return a copy of aCardSources;
    List<CardSource> cardSourcesCopy = new ArrayList<>();
    for(CardSource cs:aCardSources)
    {
        if (cs instanceof Deck)
        {
            cardSourcesCopy.add(new Deck(cs));
        }
        else if (cs instanceof CardSequence)
        {
            cardSourcesCopy.add(new CardSequence(cs));
        }
        else if (cs instanceof CompositeCardSource)
        {
            ....
        }
        ....
    }
    return cardSourcesCopy;
}
```

How to achieve polymorphic
object copying?

Implements Cloneable

- `java.lang.Cloneable`

this interface does *not* contain the `clone` method.

implement this interface should override `Object.clone` with a public method.

A class implements the `Cloneable` interface to indicate to the [`Object.clone\(\)`](#) method that it is legal for that method to make a field-for-field copy of instances of that class.

Invoking `Object`'s `clone` method on an instance that does not implement the `Cloneable` interface results in the exception `CloneNotSupportedException` being thrown.

Override Object.clone()

```
protected Object clone()  
    throws CloneNotSupportedException
```

Creates and returns a copy of this object.

x.clone() != x

x.clone().getClass() == x.getClass()

x.clone().equals(x)

object should be obtained by calling super.clone

the object returned by this method should be independent of this object

Polymorphic Object Copying Demo

```
public class CompositeCardSource implements CardSource
{
    private List<CardSource> aElements = new ArrayList<>();

    @Override
    public CardSource clone()
    {
        try
        {
            CompositeCardSource clone = (CompositeCardSource) super.clone();
            clone.aElements = new ArrayList<CardSource>();
            for (CardSource cs:aElements)
            {
                clone.aElements.add(cs.clone());
            }
            return clone;
        }
        catch (CloneNotSupportedException e)
        {
            assert false;
            return null;
        }
    }
}
```

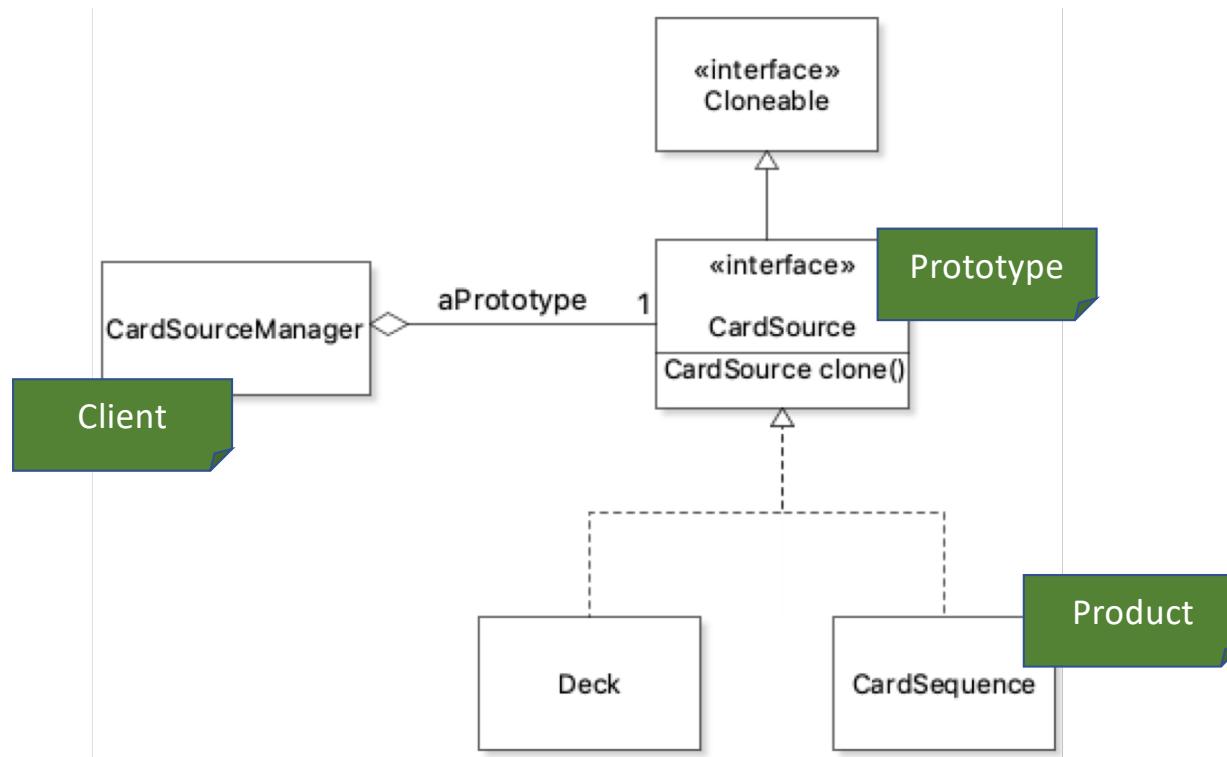
```
/**  
 * Aggregate a collection of card sources.  
 * The client can get existing card sources  
 * and add new card sources on demand  
 *  
 */  
public class CardSourceManager  
{  
    private final List<CardSource> aCardSources = new ArrayList<>();  
  
    public List<CardSource> getCardSources()  
    {  
        // return a copy of aCardSources;  
    }  
  
    public void addCardSource(CardSource pCardSource)  
    {  
        // Add a copy of pCardSource  
        aCardSources.add(pCardSource.clone());  
    }  
}
```

Create default card source to add?

```
/**  
 * Aggregate a collection of card sources.  
 * The client can get existing card sources  
 * and add new card sources on demand  
 *  
 */  
public class CardSourceManager  
{  
    private final List<CardSource> aCardSources = new ArrayList<>();  
    private CardSource aPrototype;  
  
    public List<CardSource> getCardSources()  
    {  
        // return a copy of aCardSources;  
    }  
  
    public void addCardSource(CardSource pCardSource)  
    {  
        aCardSources.add(pPrototype.clone());  
    }  
    aCardSources.add(pCardSource.clone());  
}  
}
```

Prototype

- Intent
 - Specify the kinds of objects to create using a prototypical instance, and create new objects by copying this prototype.
- Participants
 - Prototype
 - declares an interface for cloning itself.*
 - Product (Concrete Prototype)
 - implements an operation for cloning itself.*
 - Client
 - creates a new object by asking a prototype to clone itself.*



Ways for provide services

- Define methods (functions)

```
deck.draw();
```

- Function objects

```
Collections.sort(aCards, new Comparator<Card>() {  
    public int compare(Card pCard1, Card pCard2) {  
        return pCard1.getRank().compareTo(pCard2.getRank());  
    }  
});
```

Manage Function

- Memorize past operation
- Redo/undo operation
- Schedule operation
-

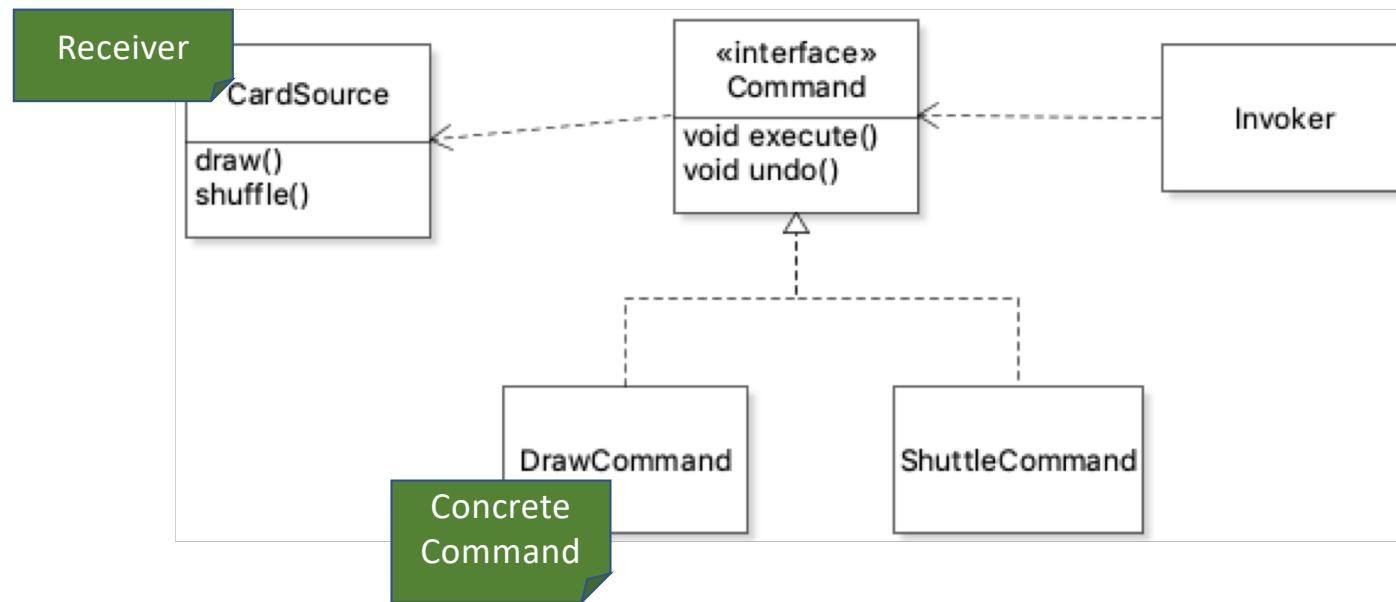
Command

- Intent:
 - Encapsulate a request as an object, thereby letting you parameterize clients with different requests, queue or log requests, and support undoable operations.
- Participants:
 - Command
 - declares an interface for executing an operation.*
 - ConcreteCommand
 - implements execute by invoking the corresponding operation(s) on Receiver.*
 - Receiver
 - knows how to perform the actual operation*
 - Invoker
 - execute the operation through function calls declared in Command Interface.*



Image source: https://c1.staticflickr.com/4/3111/3145776919_74f05d63fd_b.jpg

Class Diagram



Consideration

- Access of command target and its state

Pass target as argument or use inner class

- Data flow

Return value of execution

- Command execution correctness

Respect precondition

- Storing state

```
public interface CardSourceCommand
{
    /**
     *
     * @return the production of the execution if it's a card,
     * empty if the execute doesn't produce output.
     */
    Optional<Card> execute();
    /**
     * Undo the immediate previous execution.
     */
    void undo();
}
```

```
public class DrawCommand implements CardSourceCommand
{
    private CardSource aCardSource;
    private Optional<Card> aCard;
    DrawCommand(CardSource pCardSource)
    {
        aCardSource = pCardSource;
    }

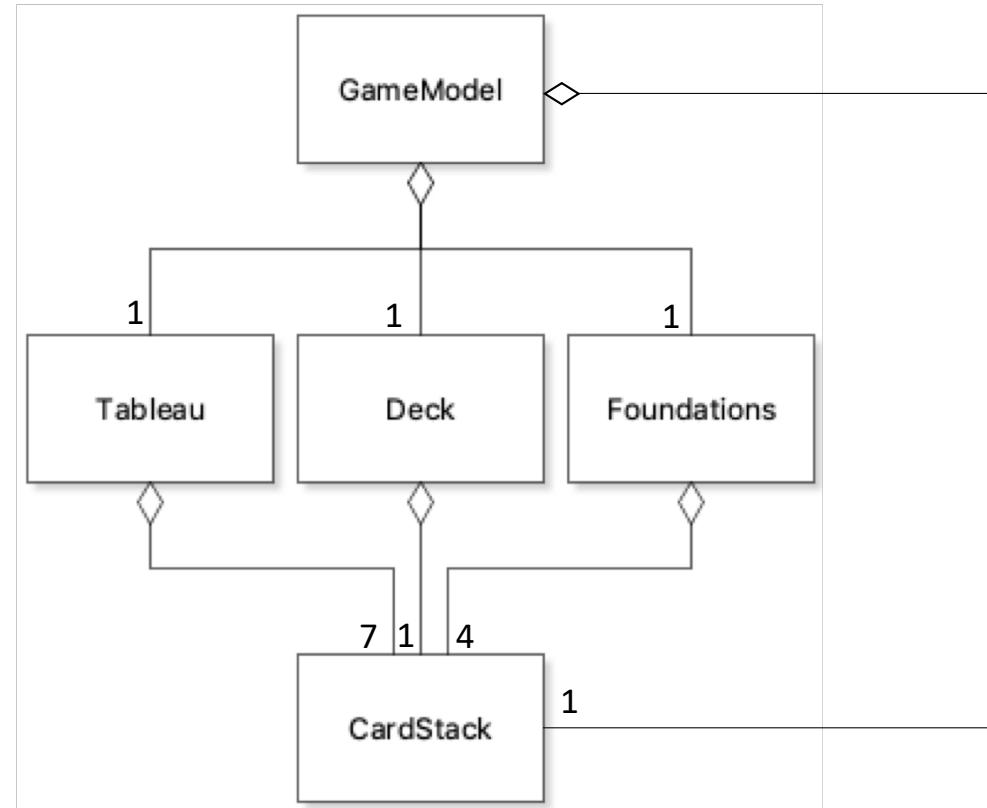
    @Override
    public Optional<Card> execute()
    {
        if(aCardSource.size()>0)
        {
            Card card = aCardSource.draw();
            aCard = Optional.of(card);
            return Optional.of(card);
        }
        else
        {
            return Optional.empty();
        }
    }
}
```

```
@Override  
public void undo()  
{  
    if(aCard.isPresent())  
    {  
        aCardSource.push(aCard.get());  
        aCard = Optional.empty();  
    }  
}
```

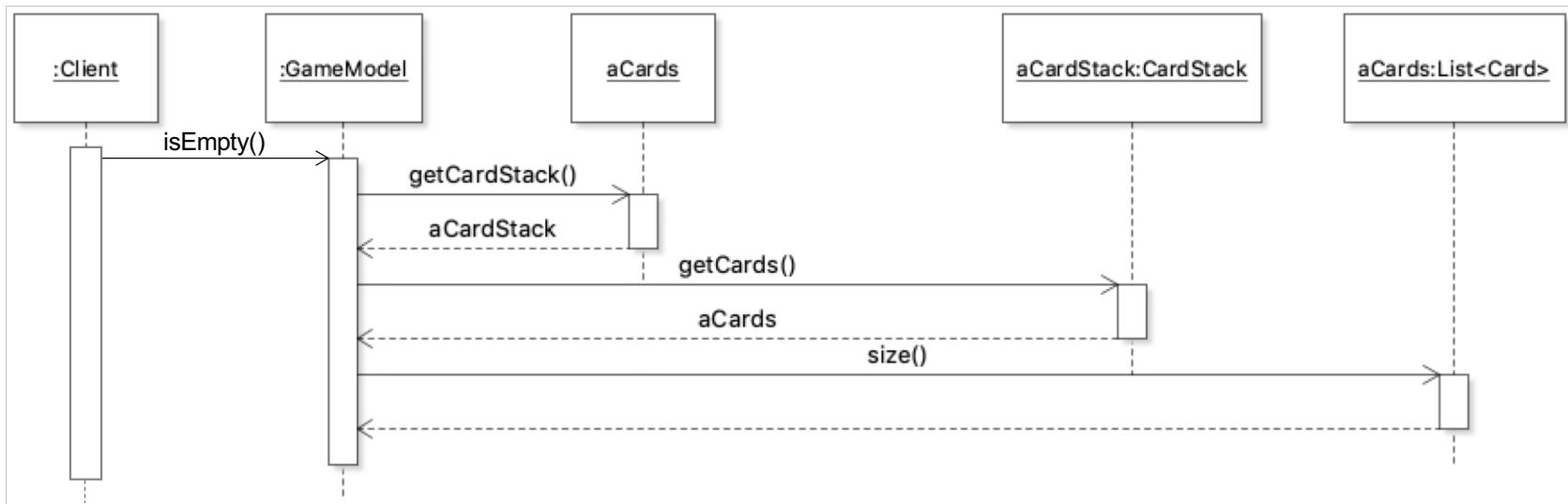
Modify CardSource interface to support undo function.

Anonymous Class for Shuffle Command Demo

Delegation Chains



Scenario of checking if the deck is empty



Who is in charge?

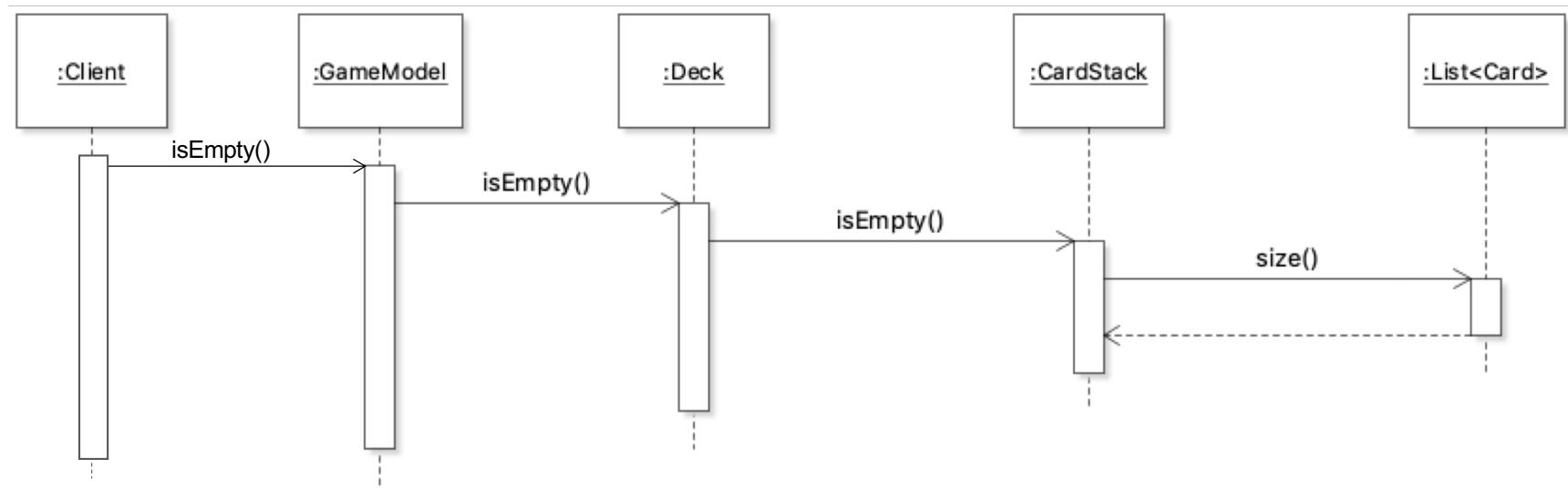
Law of Demeter

“Only talk to your friends”

The code of a method should only access:

- The instance variables of its implicit parameter;
- The arguments passed to the method;
- Any new object created within the method;
- (If need be) globally available objects.

Following the Law of Demeter



Activity

- Determine if the method calls are allowed according to the Law of Demeter:

```
public class Colada {
    private Blender aBlender;
    private Vector aIngredients;
    public Colada()
    {
        aBlender = new Blender();
        aIngredients = new Vector();
    }
    public void addIngredientsToBlender()
    {
        aBlender.addIngredients(aIngredients.elements());
    }
    public void printReceipt(Inventory pInventory)
    {
        PriceCalculator priceCalculator = pInventory.getPriceCalculator();
        Price price = priceCalculator.compute(aIngredients.elements());
        System.out.print(price);
    }
}
```

Acknowledgement

- Some examples are from the following resources:
 - *COMP 303 Lecture note* by Martin Robillard.
 - *The Pragmatic Programmer* by Andrew Hunt and David Thomas, 2000.
 - *Effective Java* by Joshua Bloch, 3rd ed., 2018.