

Use `\[... \]`. Do not use `$$... $$`, it is too old.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2.$$

Put punctuation in the display math too.

The `equation*` environment from amsmath package is the same as `\[... \]`.

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0. \quad (\text{Euler})$$

Use `\tag{...}` to name or explain the equation.

The `align*` environment from amsmath package is for multiple equations that allow you to align verbs. (Each equal sign is a verb.)

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= (x + 1)^2 \\ &= x^2 + 2x + 1. \end{aligned} \quad (\text{Expand})$$

The ampersand `&` is the alignment point. The punctuation is needed for the last line.

Use `gather*` to center multiple equations without alignment.

$$\begin{aligned} V - E + F &= 2, \quad (\text{Euler}) \\ E &= mc^2. \quad (\text{Einstein}) \end{aligned}$$

note that each line has a punctuation.