#### MIPS code:

```
fact:
         $sp, $sp, -8
                           # adjust stack for 2 items
    addi
                           # save return address
         $ra, 4($sp)
    SW
         $a0, 0($sp)
                           # save argument
    SW
    slti $t0, $a0, 1
                           # test for n < 1
    beq $t0, $zero, L1
    addi $v0, $zero, 1
                           # if so, result is 1
    addi $sp, $sp, 8
                               pop 2 items from stack
                               and return
         $ra
    jr
L1: addi $a0, $a0, -1
                           # else decrement n
                           # recursive call
    jal
         fact
         $a0, 0($sp)
                          # restore original n
    lw
                               and return address
         $ra, 4($sp)
    addi $sp, $sp, 8
                           # pop 2 items from stack
         $v0,
              $a0,
                           # multiply to get result
                   $v0
    mu l
    jr
         $ra
                             and return
```

```
fact: fact(2)
    addi $sp, $sp, -8
                          # adjust stack for 2 items
                          # save return address
         $ra, 4($sp)
    SW
         $a0, 0($sp)
                          # $a0 = 2
    SW
    slti $t0, $a0, 1
                         \# 2 > 1, \$t0 = 0
    beq t0, zero, L1 # t0==0, go to L1
   addi $a0, $a0, -1
                          \# $a0 = 2 - 1 = 1
   jal
                          # recursive call fact(1)
         fact
```

```
fact: fact(1)
   addi $sp, $sp, -8
                         # adjust stack for 2 items
                         # save return address
        $ra, 4($sp)
    SW
        $a0, 0($sp)
                         # $a0 = 1
    SW
    slti $t0, $a0, 1
                         # 1 < 1, false, t0 = 0
    beq t0, zero, L1 # t0==0, go to L1
   addi $a0, $a0, -1
                         \# $a0 = 1 - 1 = 0
   jal
                         # recursive call fact(0)
         fact
```

```
fact: fact(0)
   addi $sp, $sp, -8
                          # adjust stack for 2 items
                          # save return address
         $ra, 4($sp)
    SW
         $a0, 0($sp)
                          # $a0 = 0
    SW
    slti $t0, $a0, 1
                          \# 0 < 1, \$t0 = 1
                          # $t0!=0, go on
    beq $t0, $zero, L1
    addi $v0, $zero, 1
                          # if so, result is 1
                              pop 2 items from stack
   addi $sp, $sp, 8
                              and return to fact(1)
         $ra
    jr
```

MIPS code: (example of fact (2))

XYZ

```
fact:
      fact(1)
    addi $sp, $sp, -8
                           # adjust stack for 2 items
                           # save return address
         $ra, 4($sp)
    SW
         $a0, 0($sp)
                           \# $a0 = 1
    SW
    slti $t0, $a0, 1
                           # 1 < 1, false, $t0 = 0
    beg $t0, $zero, L1
                           # $t0==0, go to L1
L1: addi $a0, $a0, -1
                           \# \$a0 = 1 - 1 = 0
                           # recursive call fact(0)
    jal
         fact
                           # restore original n (1)
         $a0, 0($sp)
                               and return address
         $ra, 4($sp)
    addi
         $sp, $sp, 8
                           # pop 2 items from stack
         $v0,
              $a0,
                    $v0
                             v0 = 1 \times 1 = 1
    mu l
         $ra
                             and return to fact(2)
```

```
fact: fact(2)
         addi $sp, $sp, -8
                                # adjust stack for 2 items
                                # save return address
              $ra, 4($sp)
         SW
         sw $a0, 0($sp)
                                \# $a0 = 2
         slti $t0, $a0, 1
                                # 2 > 1, $t0 = 0
                               # $t0==0, go to L1
         beg $t0, $zero, L1
     L1: addi $a0, $a0, -1
                                \# \$a0 = 2 - 1 = 1
                                # recursive call fact(1)
         jal
              fact
                                # restore original n(2)
              $a0, 0($sp)
XYZ
              $ra, 4($sp)
                                    and return address
         addi $sp, $sp, 8
                                # pop 2 items from stack
              $v0,
                   $a0,
                        $v0
                                  v0 = 2 \times 1 = 2
         mu l
              $ra
                                  and return
```

$$fact(2) = 2$$

#### Non-Leaf Procedure Example Local Data on the Stack

