

EVERGREAT YOTA MACHINE CO, LTD

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1. SPECIFICATIONS

1. Locking unit

Locking force	TON	420
Die platen size, H x V	mm	1000 x 1000
Clearance between tie-bar, H x V	mm	650 x 650
Die stroke, Max	mm	470
Die stroke, Min	mm	
Die height, Max	mm	700
Die height, Min	mm	300
Tie-bar diameter	mm	125

2. Shot unit

Shot force	TON	35
Intensification	Kg/c m ²	110~140
Shot plunger stroke	mm	500
Plunger tip penetration	mm	185 (above stationary die plate surface)
Shot position	mm	-150
Free shot speed, slow	m/s	0.1~0.5
Free shot speed, fast	m/s	1.0~7.0
Plunger tip diameter, standard	mm	70
Shot pressure (φ 70 tip)	MPa	88.2

3. Ejection unit

Ejection force	ton	20
Ejecting stroke	mm	0~120

4. Casting capacity

Following calculations are based on shot force 335 KN to 264 KN .100% molten filled up shot Plunger stroke $425 * 0.75 = 320\text{mm}$ and aluminum specific gravity 2.6. The figures for casting area do not include factors from off-center loads . metal impacts changes in metal viscosity. Intensifier effect and individual conditions of dies.

	Plunger tip diameter	Shot pressure	Casting area	Actual shot volume	Actual shot weight
	mm	Kg/cm ²	c m ²	cc	kg
1	60	600-1200	584-292	904	2.35
2	70(standard)	441-882	794-397	1230	3.20
3	80	337-674	1036-518	1607	4.18

5. Dry cycling 12(s)

Die closing-die locking-shot-accumulator charging-die opening-shot
Retracting-ejection forward-ejector retracting (including shifting time of valve)

6.Hydraulic

(1)Rated pressure	MPa	Shot Cylinder .Press.13.7 Intens. Press 21 Die closing 12 Ejection 12 Shot retracting 12
(2)Pump , pressure	MPa	14.7/21.0
Pump type		F11-SQP32-30-17
quantity		1(Double pump)
(3)Oil reservoir	L	600
(4)Oil tank capacity	L	600
(5)Accumulator type:		piston
Capacity	L	
Number	unit	1+1
(6)Oil cooler		
Water delivery	L/min	10
	Water temp	25°C

7. Hydraulic core pull unit

(1) solenoid valve for core	R	(1) 3/8" x 1 pc (2) 3/8" x 1 pc
(2) hydraulic take-out port for core	Rc.	(1) 3/4" x 2 pairs (2) 3/4" x 1 pairs
(3) plug socket for core	Quantity	(1) pair 1 (2) Pair 1

8. Lubrication for plunger tip

Shot sleeve and plunger tip lubricating pump. Delivery volume; 0~5.0(Oil type) Function(manual); Both lubrication and ail blow are operated by push button (Auto) ; Shot retract end→Air blow1→Tip lubrication→Air blow2(Die closing)
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9 . Cooling water

(1)Connection to dies	R c	1**1 Stationary die rear operation
(2)Connection out of die	R	2**1 Stationary die rear operation
(3)Connection to oil cooler	R c	1**1
(4)Rubber hose inner diameter For die cooling	inch	1/2"
(5)Quantity of water control valve	pc	3/8**7 Stationary die side 3/8*7 Moving die side
(6)Cooing water required	L/min	40 Oil cooer (water temp. 25°C) 30~70 for Dies

10 . Electric

(1)	Motor capacity	22 Kw(30Hp) 6p AC415V for hydraulic pump 0.75kw 6p AC220V for die height 20w 2P AC220V for lubrication pump
(2)	Power source	AC415V (50HZ)
(3)	Capacity	40KVA
(4)	Operation panel (Size)	Fitted on Stationary die plate side (200W*170B*880H)
(5)	Control pane (Size)	(700W*380B*1500H)
(6)	Control	PLC/HMI

11 . Machine size

Machine size L*W*H (max)	mm	6500x2200x2500
Weight	ton	16

2. INSTALLATION

2-1 installation place

All around the die casting machine, sufficient space must be secured for maintenance, inspection and casting work.

Also, care must be paid for lighting. And space for melting/holding furnace, ingot and products-delivery-containers, and for various equipment for secondary operation as well as space for tie-bar removal (as per foundation plan) must also be provided.

Work place is to be kept air ventilated for reason the gas comes out of the furnace, etc. crane and/or chain block must be provided for the die installation.

2-2 Foundations

Location where machine to be installed must be sound and strong enough. Ground resistance desired to be more than 49kpa, and prepare concrete solid foundation in accordance with "foundation plan". Ground, the resistance strength of which is below 49kpa, must be reinforced by piles and then covered by concrete.

Ground surface must be flat and even to have machine installed firmly. Spaces for piping for cooling water compressed air, gas, etc. and a reservoir of heavy oil. When using, shall be prepared beforehand. When the foundation completed, pitch, size and depth etc. of anchor bolt holes must be confirmed in accordance with the foundation plan.

1. Cooling water

Provide cooling water piping to inlets and outlets in accordance with instruction given in the foundation plan as to its location and size.

For the water discharge, special care to be paid to let the water go out smoothly.

According to seasonal condition, working condition and water temperature, quantity of the cooling water varies. For oil cooler, 40_1/min, for dies 30 to 70_1/min water must be considered.

SUPPLY	Rc 1 (1 inlet at the rear operation side)
	Rc1 (1 inlet at the rear operation side) (oil cooler)
DISCHARGE	Rc1 (1 outlet at the rear operation side) (oil cooler)
	Rc2 (1 outlet at the rear operation side) (discharge manifold)

2. Compressed air

For the purpose of die cleaning, spraying, extracting and tip lubrication, it is necessary to prepare the compressed air inlet with stop valve of about 1inch piping. The air pressure to be more than 0.5MPa.

Capacity required for fully automatic operation of die casting machine, automatic spray and extractor at cycle of 30s/shot : compressor 11kw, 0.7MPa, 2100NL/min. Air receiver (reciprocating-type compressor) 600L

- Main piping to be fitted with 1/100 slant.
- Branch to be fitted at upper portion of the main piping.
- All piping must be of galvanized ones.
- screw compressor not always necessitates the air receiver.

Compressed air is normally produced by compressing the air through air compressor. Accordingly the vapor and invisible dust in the air being accumulated in the air compressor in proportion to compression ratio will cause the compressor air gets dirty after all.

According to type of air compressor, oil-fed air compressor usually creates oxidation of lubricant and cause carbonic, tarred sludge owing to compression heat/friction heat, etc. Also, oil free compressor creates carbon grain.

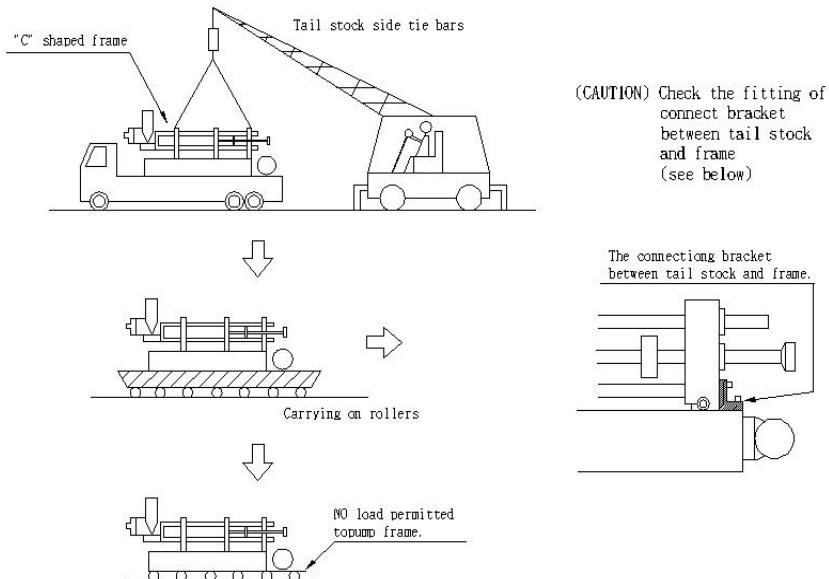
To remove such impurities, it is necessary to install after-cooler, drain separator, main line filter, sub micron filter and air receiver etc. only with the filters fitted to the machine, it is not possible to make dirty air clean.

3. Gas

For pre-heating the dies it is recommendable to provide gas supply inlet with stop valve at bottom of the stationary die platen at the operator side. Such gas inlet is of course the absolute necessity for a burner. Prior consideration is therefore recommended.

2-3 Unloading the Machine

- (1) Electrical control cabinet shipped being attached to the machine frame base with bracket.
When the machine is installed in place , remove the control cabinet from the machine frame base and firmly fix it with anchor bolt : If the cabinet be left long as it is on the machine frame base, then the cabinet might be damaged due to vibration of the machine.
- (2) Unloading
Plenty waste cloth to be given to tie bars of " C " shaped frame and tail stock. And then use wire rope.
- (3) Cross the wire through the " C " shaped frame and the both ends of tie bar to be jacked up, letting the rollers be released. Thus the machine to be installed in place on the floor.
- (4) When unloading, care to be given so that no damage caused to all coverings and hydraulic piping, etc.
- (5) When jacked up and wire lifting , if the machine is inclined lengthwise the special care must be taken so that pump motor channel frame and hydraulic piping at the shot-end may not be suffered by the machine self-weight.



2-4 Installation

When machine placed on the foundation, level the machine lengthwise and breadth wise. Then fix the location of anchor bolts of the machine and control cabinet with concrete or mortar.

After solidification of the concrete or mortar, finally level the machine with base plate, etc.

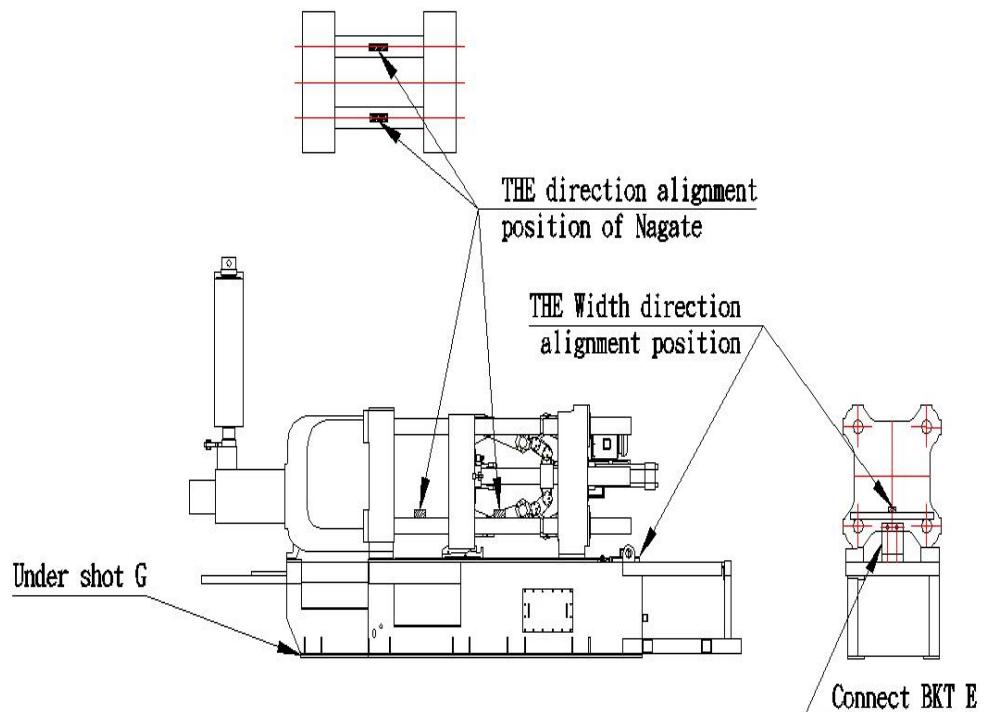
If required, weld the base plate etc. to the machine . At last, fix the welded parts with concrete or mortar.

Mixing ratio of concrete or mortar is as follows. (Rate by volume)

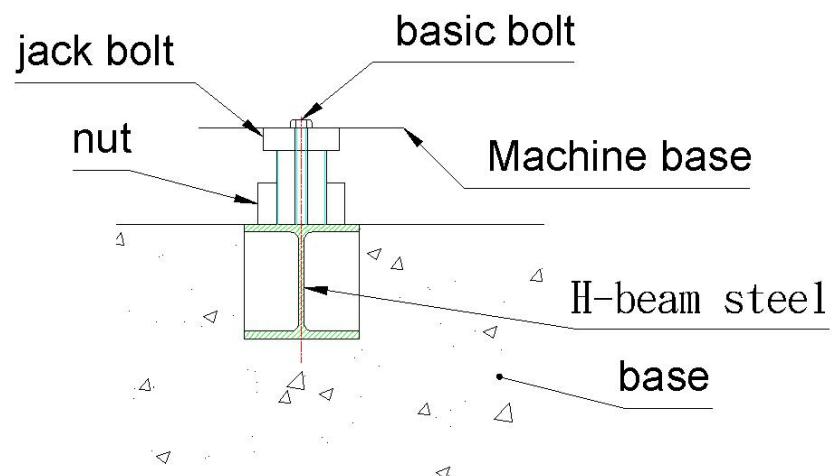
Concrete.....Cement : Sand : Pebble = 1 : 2 : 3

Mortar.....Cement : Sand = 1 : 2

1. The alignment of the direction of machine Nagate



2. Basic bolt type



2-5 Connections to electric supply main

When the installation completed, connect the cable of electric supply main breaker located in the control board cabinet. Make ground connection to a grounding terminal in the control board cabinet. (third class ground connection work) The electric voltage allowance to be $\pm 10\%$ both for 50/60 Hz.

1. Source voltage

AC220V/380V/415V/440V

50/60Hz 3phase

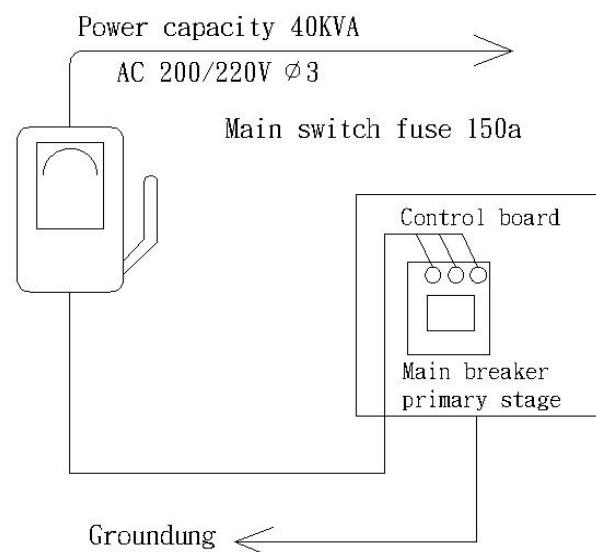
(Depend on the local power system)

2. Power capacity

40KVA

3. Size of cable iV 60 mm²

Grounding i V/ over 14 mm²



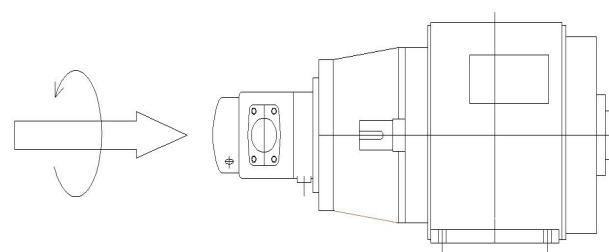
2-6 Cooling water

Please pipe a service pipe, a drainage box, and an oil air conditioner exhaust port according to the pipe size of a water supply mouth and an exhaust port .

2-7 Confirmation method of motor rotating direction

Please check that coupling between a motor and a pump see from an anti-operation side, and is moving in the counter clockwise direction.

(Please make wiring of a motor reverse at the time of reverse rotation)



3. TRAIL-RUN AND OPERATION

3-1 Filling the oil reservoir

1. Pouring of operation oil (required quantity 600L)

Use quality and clean hydraulic fluid to ensure long period operation of the machine. Fill the fluid up to the uppermost limit of oil level gauge fitted on the side of reservoir.

As the oil level descends when the machine starts working, add the fluid to restore to the original fluid level. When re-fueling, care must be taken in order to avoid intrusion of foreign matters.

2. Indispensable conditions of fluid

- | |
|---|
| 1. The fluid is used not only for transmitting of pressure and motive power but also for lubricating the friction part, sealing effect by the viscosity, and anti-rusting role. |
| 2. For selection of the fluid, show the following conditions to oil manufacturer for consultation. |

(1) Viscosity

Viscosity shows fluidity and varies according to temperature. The fluid used in this machine must be ISO viscosity grade VG68.

(2) Viscosity index

Viscosity index shows the alteration rate of viscosity owing to variation of temperature. It is recommendable to use the fluid of index number 105 or over, however, it is not always necessary to adopt the index number 105 even sacrificing all other advantageous natures.

(3) Flowing point

Flowing point means the lowest temperature with which the fluid can keep flowing. Flowing point is an important factor to consider when the machine used in the area of severe coldness. In any case, the fluid is requested to be of good quality that can start flowing smoothly even at the lowest temperature.

(4) Others

In addition to the above, the fluid is requested to be ant emulsification, low counteractive rate (acidity) and high ant wearing features. For better utilization of additives, consult oil manufacturer.

3. Temperature of the fluid

The temperature will greatly affect the nature of the fluid itself and life time of the fluid. Also, it will cause leakage and cavitations. Use the fluid at the following temperature.

	HIGHEST	LOWEST
OIL TEMP. IN TANK	55 C	15 C

NOTE

Please perform a heat rise, when operation oil temperature is 15 degrees C or less. It is 15 or less degrees, and when it is used, there is a possibility of damaging a pump.

4. Recommendable mineral hydraulic fluid

As long as the conditions stated above are satisfied, hydraulic fluids of any manufacturer may be used. We strongly recommend the high ant wearing hydraulic fluid(AW68). For details. Consult the manufacturers. The following brands are obtainable in the market.

<u>HYDRAULIC FLUID CHART</u>	
<u>ESSO</u>	<u>UNIT POWER SQ68</u>
<u>SHOWA SHELL</u>	<u>TELLUS 68</u>
<u>MOBIL</u>	<u>MOBIL DTE</u>
<u>IDEMITU</u>	<u>DAPHNE SUPER HYDRO LW</u>

5. Maintenance of fluid

(1) Supplementing

The fluid level is always to be between the upper line and the lower line of the level indicator. When supplementing, same kind and same brand of oil must be used. When the fluid becomes deteriorated, such old fluid accelerates deterioration of new fluid. Therefore, it is much economical to renew the entire quantity of deteriorated fluid instead of partial supplementing. When renewing the fluid, discharge the fluid in the accumulator by opening stop valve. And before filling a new fluid, operate the machine with flushing fluid.

(2) Renewing the fluid

When the fluid became deter iodated, it must all be renewed entirely, generally once every two years. It is recommendable to have fluid manufacturer analyze the used fluid to check the change of property of the fluid once a year.

(3) Inspection of fluid

Once a year, send used fluid to the manufacture for analysis.

Standard of renewing the fluid

Change of viscosity : more than +-10% (as getting old, viscosity index becomes larger).

Total acidification : more than 1.0mg KOH/g. (sticky materials will be mixed in the fluid)

Moisture : more than 0.2VOL% (turbidity takes place.)

Sedimentation : more than 0.1ML/10ML

(4) Cleaning the fluid

Once a year, it is recommendable to clean the hydraulic fluid by the manufacturer in order to lengthen service life of the fluid, to minimize trouble of hydraulic equipments and the wearing. The cleaning can be done even while the machine is in operation.

6. Flushing

PURPOSE	Whenever fluid be renewed, it is necessary to be flushed. Flushing is effective to remove sludge materials of fluid stacked to the hydraulic components, rusts, non-oily materials and also to remove the sediments at bottom of the reservoir. If the fluid sludge materials remain, life time of new fluid will be shortened. Consult with the fluid manufacturer.
METHOD	Completely discharge old fluid and clean all inside of the reservoir with sponge. Viscosity of the flushing fluid must be almost same as that of hydraulic fluid and can be mixed with new fluid. Flush for approx. 24 hours as machine is kept running. When the flushing is over, discharge the flushing fluid, wipe off remaining fluid in the reservoir with sponge, and then fill new fluid.

7. Fire-safe fluid

The general mineral fluid is flammable. Therefore, fire-safe fluid is recommendable to use. On the other hand, however, the fire-safe fluid costs higher than general mineral fluid and requires higher maintenance, although it is not inflammable and free from personnel injury due to fire. Although the fire-safe fluid has been improved, in view to life time of the hydraulic equipments, it is still inferior to the mineral fluid. In case of using fire-safe fluid, kindly contact us beforehand.

(1) Type

- ①. Ater-glycol hydraulic fluid
- ②. Ater-in-oil type emissive oil (W/O type emulsion)
- ③. Organic compound fluid

(2) Precaution when using the fire-safe fluid

- ①. When the water content is evaporated, the anti-fire features will be lost and the viscosity is increased, causing malfunction of hydraulic equipments. To avoid such happening, the customer is kindly requested to keep in touch with oil manufacturer for adequate maintenance of the fluid.
- ②. When changing the fire-safe fluid to mineral fluid or vice versa, flushing treatment must well be carried out.
- ③. Keep close contact with oil manufacturer for pertinent maintenance and efficient services.

(3) Filling of fire-safe fluid

In case of shipment of machine, the trial of which was conducted in our factory using the mineral fluid, we will effect actual shipment after having carried out a flushing operation with fire-safe fluid and a complete tank cleaning. Therefore, after the Plunger installation of machine, we recommend that the user will execute another flushing and tank cleaning and then fresh fluid is to be filled up

8. Plunger tip lubrication

To avoid seizure of plunger tip, the plunger tip lubricant is automatically and compulsorily supplied via the lubricating pump of our own designs. Both water-soluble and oily lubricants can be used for the device. The device has the air blowing function.

specification

Air pressure	0.4MPa or over	
Delivery	Oil type	0-5cc (0.005L) (adjustable, 1 scale = 1cc (0.001L))
Action	Manual auto	Lubricating and air blowing are independently operated by pushbutton switches.
Operation	If air blow 2 is not necessary, "air 2" timer on timer. Counter screen is set at "0" sec.	
Timer setting	Air blowing 2 is turned off when passing the high-pressure die closing position, so the timer setting must be done to match the cycle.	

9. Plunger tip lubricant chart : the following lubricants are available in the market.

Consult lubricant manufacturer to choose the best grade.

	manufacturer	TYPE	GRAPHITE
oil	Hanano shoji	Gra face no. 385	contained
		PL-3S	Not contained
	Nichibei	Plunger ace no. 66	contained
		No. 51	Not contained
	Matsumura oil	Neo caster B-200	contained
Water-soluble	Hanano shoji	Gra face P-1200	Not contained
	Nichibei	Plunger ace no. 24	Not contained
	Matsumura oil	Neo caster PW-10	Not contained
		Neo caster PW-20	contained

10. Lubricating oil

(1) Oil

The strong oil film is absolutely necessary for the lubrication of the toggle structure.

In this point, the general oil is not proper for use of toggle system. The user is trendily requested to use the high class lubrication oil that contains the extreme-pressure additive in the market.

Specification of toggle lubrication pump

Motor: AC220V 20W 2P E class

Tank capacity : 3L

Delivery pressure : 19.6MPa

Delivery amount : 50HZ 150cc/min

60HZ 180cc/min

(2) Grease

Use the grease (viscosity 00)

If the other grease than the one of viscosity 1 is used “mal distribution” and/or “grease drooling” may be caused and the lubricating capability is possible to drop. Also no grease other than viscosity 00 must not be used in the automatic grease lubrication device.

11. Instruction manual of lubrication pump

- (1) when electrical power is supplied to the motor. At first the discharge (DIS) timer operates with a green lamp lighten for the set discharge time, and after the certain period set previously is done, then the interval timer operates with a yellow lamp lighten for the interval time set previously/thus, both of the timers automatically operate by turns.
- (2) The pump reservoir reaches the lower limitation level, a red (EMG) lamp is light on, then the pump is automatically stopped. The reservoir must be refilled, and then a re-set button should to start over.
- (3) In case the pressure remained in main line after pump discharged is below 1.7MPa, the re-set button for starting over.
- (4) The force out button can make the pump discharge at any option.

3-2 operation

1. Pump operation

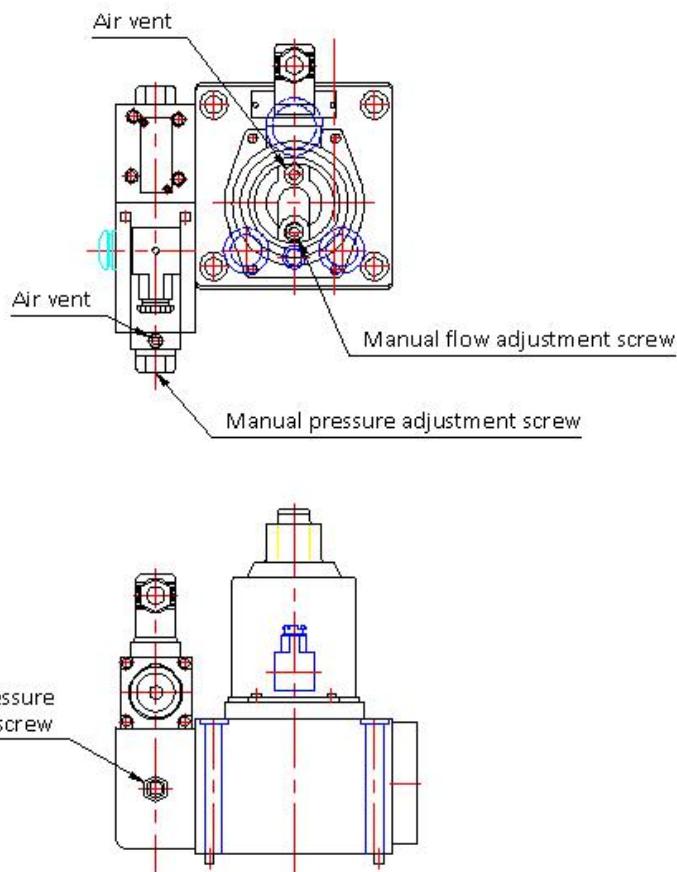
The pump operation is to be done as follow. (see “hydraulic circuit diagram”)

- (1) open the gauge cocks and confirm if the needle of pressure gauges (noted below) points at 0MPa
- (2) Turn on the power source
- (3) Set all change-over switches on operation panel at “0” (neutral). Turn on the key switch of “operation power source” and press the push button switch of “pump start”. In this case. Touch two switches (one is the push button switch of emergency stop and the other the push button switch of pump start) alternatively, two or three times, with an interval of one second each for the purpose of inching operation of pump. This, you can confirm the rotating direction of pump.
- (4) Repeat “stop” and “start” of pump with an interval of one second to see if no oil leakage talking plate. After this, in the on-load condition, operate the pump continuously for about 5 minutes.
- (5) Change-over the operation switch to “manual” mode, and confirm that ACC. charge goes as high as the preset pressure value on INJECTION SCREEN.

2. Pressure adjustment-Safety valve pressure setup of the pressure match valve

- (1) Adjustment screw are to be tightened up.
- (2) The P/Q valve with a safety pressure adjust valve. the safety valve is set the machine max. pressure. But it could not used for control machine motion pressure.
- (3) Under on-load condition, the air is to be exhausted through air vent. (The ail vent bolt is loosened and. When the air bubble stops to come out, the bolt to be tightened).
- (4) When the air exhausted, confirmation if the pressure of 14 MPa is being maintain under on-load condition (accumulator charging)
- (5) When air exhaust is completed. The manual flow adjustment screw and the manual pressure adjustment screw are to be restored to the original status.
- (6) With all of the above, the rate pressure adjustment completes
- (7) All the machine motion speed and pressure parameter is set thru the HMI panel.
And control by the P/Q valve.

To have a stable control, be sure to carry out an air exhaustion through the air vent in all cases



3-3 Accumulator nitrogen filling-up and refilling

Nitrogen gas has charged into the accumulator in the factory. Please check & charge nitrogen gas into the accumulator by the proper pressure before use.

Nitrogen pressure should be 85bar min. or 70~85% of hydraulic pressure.

Example: Accumulator set pressure is 110bar. The N2 pre-charge 70~85% of the 110bar was 77~93.5bar.

3-4 Normal operation

1. When starting

	OPERATION	CONFIRMATION ITEMS
1	Inspection & cleaning of die, tip and sleeve.	Any galling, damage to pin, lubrication of slat pin, guide pin & core sliding face.
2	Preheat cavity face of die.	Heat up to 150 (face temperature)
3	Open stop valve of air supply.	If reducing valve pressure gauge is 4~6bar or over, air leakage is suspicious.
4	Open stop valve of cooling water supply.	Water flow of oil cooler, tip and die. Any leakage.
5	Confirm if lube oil quantity is enough.	Refuel if necessary. (read oil level scale).
6	Turn on power source switch.	
7	All change over switches on operation panel to be set at “0” (Natural position)	
8	Operation power switch on operation panel to be set at “ON” and press down hydraulic pump starting button.	Confirm if any abnormal noise comes out of pump. If noise comes out, make a pump start by inching operation of start button.
9	Push down “Emergency stop” button.	Confirm if hydraulic pump can be stopped at two places, operation side and opposite side of tail stock.
10	Make pump starts again in same order of above item (8).	Same as item (8).
11	Inspect every part of machinery.	As per 4-3 (Daily inspection)
12	Temperature of melting furnace, flux treatment and removal any oxidized material.	Temperature to be kept at 650 to 680 (Variable according to material and die).
13	Confirm charge pressure of accumulator. If changed-over to only “MANUAL”, then accumulator is charged up.	By ACC1. pressure gauge: 110~140bar (shot accumulator) By ACC2 pressure gauge : 150~210bar (intensify accumulator)
14	First select the pressure and speed of “mold clamping”, “ejection” and “core”. Confirm the injection speed and intensify adjustment, and then go into the casting operation.	The die clamping cylinder is provided with a cushion at the die opening end. Due to the effect of the cushion, if die opening is stopped near the stroke end, the die may not be opened further even if opening operation is made. If this problem occurred, close the die once, and then make opening operation again.

2. Finish operation

	OPERATION	CONFIRMATION ITEMS
1	“ON-FF” key switch to be set at “OFF”	Key switch on operation panel.
2	Turn off the power source breaker.	
3	Turn off the primary side power source of user’s factory.	Confirm that the lamp of “power source” (power unit board front) is lit off.
4	Stop valve of air supply and water supply to be closed.	Air and cooling water supply are stopped.
5	Gas valve or heavy oil valve of furnace to be closed.	Confirm remaining quantity of melted metal, and make preparation for next day’s job.
6	Inspection and adjustment of dies.	Die cleaning and repair, especially, confirm if any galling exists on stationary side inner sleeve.
7	Inspection and cleaning of every part of machinery.	Oil leakage of hydraulic line, and damage of lubricating parts. Any galling on moving die platen sliding part quenched steel.

4. MAINTENANCE & INSPECTION

4-1 importance of maintenance & inspection

Die casting machine is generally used under such condition that a great deal of metal fractions and various sorts of dust etc are dispersing in the air and the machine is forced to function for long hours in such hard surroundings.

Our machine is specially designed to well stand such handicaps. However, if no attention is paid for good maintenance and the machine is left unattended under severe working condition without proper maintenance, it is possible that the machine becomes unable to demonstrate originally designed superiority owing to many causes. The “CHECK LIST” described hereunder is prepared with our desire that the customers will undertake a pertinent maintenance and inspection to keep our machine in the best condition whereby the customers will be able to promote quality control for the finished products and to achieve higher productivity. Regular inspection and treatment are the prerequisites to have a machine work in its best condition all the times. It is desired that the work forces in the factory are trained to become well acquainted with every details of the “CHECK LIST” so that they can enhance their efficiency in producing better quality of goods.

NOTE

(1) protection of die fitting surface.

Once a week, remove the die and clean its fitting surface. These days, the release agent used in die cast spraying work become water soluble and effective for die cooling etc. however, according to its kind, some one contains such features that aggravates metal corrosion. If such agent of “aggregative nature” is used the corrosive-wear develops, whereby, the die-fitting surface may be damaged. For prevention of metal corrosion, the rust-proofing lubricant or grease are used on the die fitting surface after a thoroughgoing cleaning the fitting surface.

(2) “grease-up” in the area of tie bar nut of stationary tie bar. The grease nipple is provided at the tie bar nut portion (total 4 places), by which the greasing-up must be carried out once in 6 months. (the grease to be filled till the grease comes out of the tie bar space)

4-2 Check items list

1.Daily checkup items.

- (1)Pump stops of emergency stop button pushed? Safety door move well?**
- (2)Fluid oil not Dirty or decreased? Cooling water is running normally?**
- (3)Air pressure is normal?(0.4MPa)**

- (4)ACC charge pressure rises normal?(High speed. 120MPa, intensify 21MPa)
 - (5)Tip lubricant outlet & tip center agree each other? No clogging?
 - (6)No galling on sleeve & tip?
 - (7)Switch & LAMP work normally? No damage?
 - (8)NO adhesion of aluminum or dust on ladler's electrode bar or block?
 - (9)Ladle is well covered by coating agent? Is it well maintained ladle?
 - (10)No loosening of LS for safety hook, extract confirmation limit switch & spray top limit?
 - (12)When die locked interlock of no entrance of extractor or /and spray work well?
 - (13)Air auto drain works normally?
 - (14)No oil leak out of cylinder, valve, pipe & ladler reduction gear?
 - (15)No abnormal sound out of pump motor & ladler motor?
 - (16)No vibrating, abnormal sound from cylinder, toggle, pointer, gear?
 - (17)When work is over clean each part.
2. 1 month , 3 months checkup screen.
- (1)control panel fan moving? Cleaning of fan filter?
 - (2)'0'point of electrical flow control in right position
 - (3)Ladler gear case oil level (2 place) is up to center of oil gauge?
 - (4)No damage on wire of ladler bar? Work stops if middle bar earthed?
 - (5)No shock when arm &spray turn? If any, adjust shock absorber.
 - (6)Cleaning of air filter inside.
 - (7)Spray cylinder. Not descend from top. Even of air pressure decreased to zero?
 - (8)No scratch on tie bar & guide bar? If any, search cause of scratch
 - (9)No damage on pipes, hoses, wirings?
 - (10)No leak of air, liquid? If needed, tighten up or change seal.
 - (11)Actual pressure of die open/close & eject meets actual value on HMI?
3. 6 month, yearly checkup
- (1)Relay timer firmly set? wire not loosened? If much arcing change it.
 - (2)Replace oil cleaner , air filter. Cleaning of suction filter.
 - (3)ACC nitrogen pressure normal? (ACC1.80kg/cm²,ACC2 110kg/cm²)
 - (4)How is tension of ladler chain?
 - (5)Adjust moving platen slide plate height.
 - (6)Sampling of fluid oil for maker's check.
 - (7)Bolts, nut & couplings not loosened? No clattering?
4. 2years, 4years checkup
- (1)Change fluid oil. Flushing of oil tank.

- (2) Change hydraulic hose. (all hoses)
- (3) All air hoses to be change.
- (4) Detection bar block of ladler to be changed.
- (5) Ladler arm bearings & ladle axis bushes to be changed.
- (6) Ladler small arm chain to be changed.
- (7) Ladler gear oil to be changed.

4-3 Inspection of pump abnormality

Following table shows the various troubles and counter measures that often time take place. Be aware that the pressure and the delivery have co-relation each other. When repairing, use correct tools and employ proper pressure measuring device.

TROUBLE	CAUSE	COUNTER-MEASURES
PUMP DOES NOT GIVE PRESSURE	Rotating direction of axis is adverse.	Correct rotating direction right away to prevent galling or breakage to lack of oil film.
	Tank oil level too low.	Refuel the oil. Confirm if suction pipe is under the oil level.
	Oil suction pope or suction filter is clogged.	Clean the clogged parts.
	Air leakage from suction circuit.	Pump that no leakage occurs. Otherwise noise comes out or operation circuit becomes out-of order.
	Pump rotation is too slow.	Check the minimum number of rotation.(Ref. catalog)
	Oil viscosity too high.	Use the oil of low viscosity far as practicable according to temperature and usage.
	Damage of pump axis or rotor.	Part to be renewed.
	No delivery of oil due to any one of the causes mentioned above.	Inspect inside the tank. Check oil circulation. Remove the plug of pressure circuit near-by pump to find abnormality inside.
	Relief valve and unloading valve do not function to adjust pressure rising.	Stop machine and oil circulation. And check by pressure gauge.
	Needle valve and sheet of relief valve is in good contact.	Overhaul or renew the parts.

TROUBLE	CAUSE	COUNTER-MEASURES
PUMP NOISE MAKES	Oil leakage of cylinder valve in hydraulic control circuit.	Block each circuit and check each leaking point.
	Oil goes into the tank line through hydraulic circuit.	Check if valve is in open-center condition at neutral position. Check if other return circuits are open.
	Vane is stuck into rotor slot.	Check around the vane edge or check the oil that is stuck.
	Head cover is loosened.(Rare case)	Head cover should not be fastened too much. Adjust it at rated torque.
	Suction pipe circuit, filter, suction open/close valve etc are clogged.	Clean clogged portions to avoid cavitations.
	Air leakage of suction pipe connection or flange.	As listening to noise, furnish to flange portion. After this, tighten-up pipe connection or flange, if necessary.
	Air leakage of pump axis packing.	
	Vane stuck.	Check edge tip or oil stuck around.
	Vibration of unloading relief valve.	Check the air penetration in way of pump suction side or pump axis seal.
	Pump head gets loosened or gasket is damaged.	Supply oil to head for checking or gasket to be renewed.
	Air bubble in suction oil.	Check if return pipe circuit is below oil level.
	Air breather of oil tank is clogged.	Check if air breather is open for air.
	Number of pump rotation is too much.	The number of rotation must not exceed catalog indication.
	Oil viscosity too high.	Use the oil of designated viscosity.
	Suction filter too small.	Clean suction filter. After this, if the capacity found inadequate then increase the capacity.

4-4 Cleaning of oil/air conditioner

Please perform clean of an oil conditioner once in half year. If an oil/air conditioner is got blocked. Operation oil stops fully getting cold. With cooling piping. Please remove the bonnet by the side of opposite, and clean the part of copper. Please clean with a soft brush etc. ,not to damage a copper pipe.

4-5 Suction filter maintenance

1. If the suction filter is clogged the resistance forth increases and an abnormal Noise may come out of the suction pump.
Clean the filter every 6 months.
- 2.Remove the bolt . Take out the suction filter and pipe coupling piece.
- 3.Wash the filter with kerosene (mineral oil) or water (water glycol) and dry up the filter by using air gun.
- 4.After cleaning the suction filter, start the suction pump by inching operation.

DIE CASTING MACHINE MAINTENANCE CHECK SHEET

DAILY CHECK

ASSORTMENT	DATE NO	M/C NO	MACHINE TYPE					
MAKER	Mfg.NO	DATE Mfgd.	DATE OF PURCHASE	MACHINE TYPE				
DATE					/	/	/	/
NAME OF CHECKER								
SAFETY DEVICE	Emergency stop switch			Operation side. Operation Box				
				Rear operation side tail center portion				
	safety device			Vavle functionability				
				Functionability of safety hook				
				Limit switches				
CHECK ITEM	Oil	Oil fluid			Oil quantity			
					Turgidity colour tone			
					Oil temperature			
	Abnormality	Hydraulic unit			Pump			
					Pressure gauge(zero position)			
					Itensifing charge pressure			
	Vibration	Die clamping unit			Shot charge pressure			
					Die clamp cylinder			
					Toggle			
	Oil leak	Shot unit			Die plate slide face			
					Solenoid valve			
					Shot cylinder			
	Electric part				Point arm			
					Sleeve. tip			
					Tip lubrication			
					Cooling water			
					Switch. lamp			

INSTRUCTION ADJ. MARK	INSPECTION MARK
V:No abnormality after check (Adjustment incomplete)	
A:Check D:Oil feed G:Adjustment	X:Good
B:Overhaul E:Refill H:Modify	Y:Unstable but no effect to work
C:Cleaning F:Tighten-up I:Replacement	Z:Extensive adjustment necessary

安全裝置使用說明 Safety devices

安全門開關與各部件機能互鎖說明

Safety gate limit switch and interlock the various function

操作側安全門為主要控制安全作業的部件,機器各部動作與安全門開啟的互鎖於下表中說明.在全自動運轉模式中,當突然打開安全門時,機器的動作會突然中斷.請重新回原點再操作起動.

Operation side safety door as the main control of the safe operation , machine movement and security door open interlock in the table below . In auto operation mode, when suddenly open the security gate, the machine action will suddenly interrupted. Please re-homing operation starts again.

模式 Mode		項目 Project	動作/再啟動方式 Action / restart
手動 Manual	1	型閉 Die Closed	動作禁止,安全門關閉後.兩手按押曲手啟動按鈕才開關模 Action against, security door closed. Both hands push on the start button for die close.
	2	型開 Die OPENED	動作禁止,安全門關閉後,開關模操作開關在中立位置後,才可再操作開模動作. Action against, security doors closed, operation switch in the neutral position, can then operate die open.
	3	押出前進/後退 Eject forward / backward	動作可 Action can be
	4	中子抽插 Core in/Out	動作可 Action can be
	5	射出前進 Injection advance	動作禁止,安全門關閉後,射出的操作開關在中立位置後,再操作射進才會動作 Action against, safety door closed, and put down ladle safety gate ,injection fwd. switch in a neutral position , re-operate injection switch then inject forward will be action

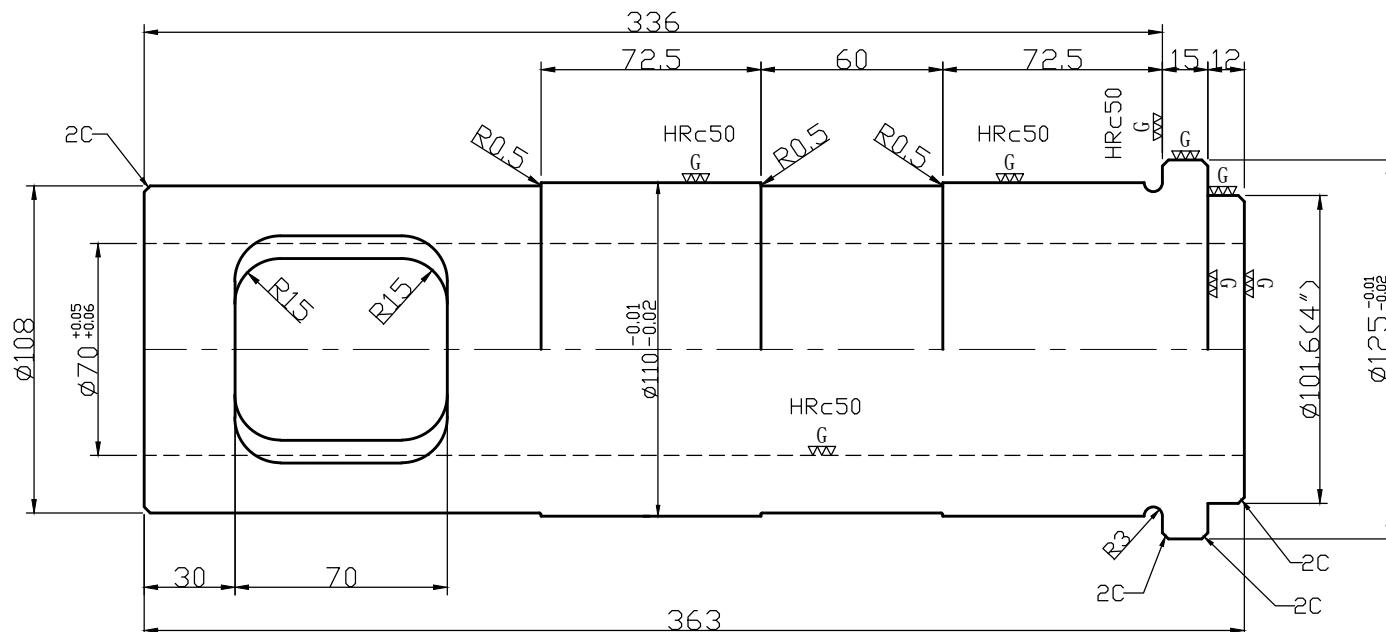
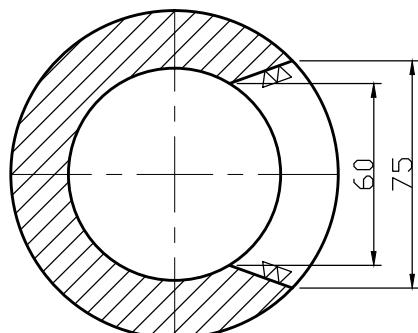
	6	射出後 Injection Retract	動作可 Action can be
	7	取出機模內前進 Extractor move forward in die	動作禁止,安全門關閉後,再操作取出機前進開關才會動作 Action against, security door closed, then switching operation will moves forward
	8	取出機/其他動作 Extractor/ other actions	動作可 Action can be
	9	噴霧機上下 Auto Spray move up and down	動作禁止,安全門關閉後,上下操作關閉在中立位置,再操作才會動作 Action against, security doors closed, the upper and lower operating located in the neutral position, and then operations will move
	10	噴霧機噴霧吹氣 Auto Spray die coat spray and air blowing	動作禁止,噴霧機在下限位置的情況,安全門閉上才會動作 Action against. The auto spray in the lower position, safety door closed, and then avaible.
	11	模厚調整進退 Die height adjustment.	動作禁止,安全門閉緊後,模厚調整開關在中立位置,再操作才會動作 Action against, close security doors , the die height adjust switch in the neutral position, and then operations will move
型交換 Die change	1	型開閉 Die opening and closing	動作可(低速動作) Action can be(Low-speed operation)
	2	押出前進後退 Ejection forward and backward.	動作可(低速動作) Action can be(Low-speed operation)
	3	中子抽插 Core in/out	動作可(低速動作) Action can be(Low-speed operation)
	4	射出前進 Injection forward	動作可(低速射出) Action can be (Low injection)
	5	射出後退 Injection retract	動作可 Action can be

	6	取出機型內前進 Extractor move in die space	動作可(低速動作) Action can be(Low-speed operation)
	7	取出機其他動作 Extractor other actions	動作可 Action can be
	8	噴霧機上下 Auto Spray up and down	動作可(低速動作) Action can be(Low-speed operation)
	9	噴霧機噴霧吹氣 Auto Spray die coat spray and air blowing	動作禁止,但噴霧機在下限位置的情況,並且關上安全門就會動作 Action against, but the auto spray in the lower position and close the security door will active.
	10	調模進退 Die height adjust	動作可 Action can be
半自動 Semi-automatic	1	型閉 Die Closed	動作暫時禁止,安全門閉合後,雙手押扣曲手啟動按鈕,啟動關模動作. Action against. But close Safety door and Both push die close switches.
	2	型開 Die open	動作暫時禁止,安全門閉合後,動作繼續 Action interrupt, security doors closed, the action continues
	3	押出進退 Ejection retreat	動作可 Action can be
	4	中子入 Core in	動作暫時禁止,安全門閉合後,動作繼續 Action interrupt, security doors closed, the action continues
	5	中子出 Core out	動作可 Action can be
	6	關模完了-射出啟動 按鈕 Die closed-injection start	給湯機自動的情況,射出啟動按鈕動作禁止,取消給湯機自動模式,機台在自動模式,按鈕即可射出 When auto ladle in auto mode, injection start button action against. Auto ladle in manual mode , push injection start button will active injection.

	7	射出前-冷却計時器 Injection - Cooling timer	動作禁止,冷却計時中斷並且需手動方式將各部回原點再重新操作 Action against, the cooling time will interrupt and need to manually operation re-homing
	8	射出後退 Injection Retract	動作可 Action can be
	9	取出機型內前進 Extractor forward into die	動作暫時禁止,安全門閉合後,動作繼續 Action interrupt, security doors closed, the action continues
	10	取出機/其他動作 Extractor / other actions	動作可 Action can be
	11	噴霧機上下 Auto Spray up and down	動作暫時禁止,安全門閉合後,由吹氣 1 重啟吹氣,噴霧動作 Action interrupt, closed the door will restart from the air blow1, spray action
	12	噴霧機噴霧/吹氣 Auto Spray die coat spray / blow	動作禁止 Action against.
	13	調模進退 Die height	給湯機繼續進行,但機器各部動作中斷進行並且需手動返回各部回原點,再進行啟動 The auto ladle continued, but interrupt the machine operation and need to manually return to the origin, then the start
全自動 Automatic		全動作 All Action	

加工程序

- ① 車
- ② 銑
- ③ 鹽浴熱處理
- ④ 研磨
- ⑤ 氮化處理

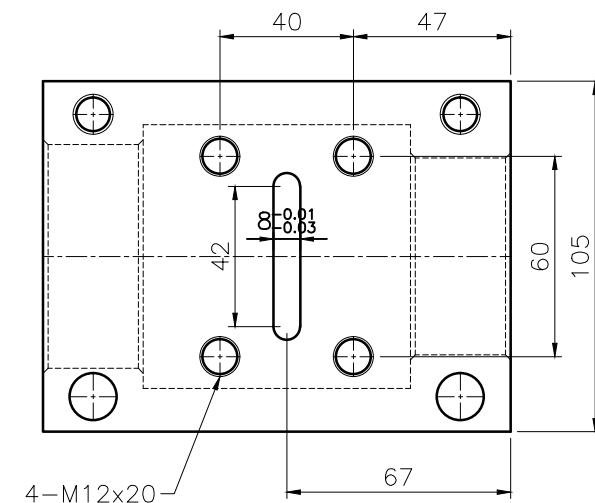
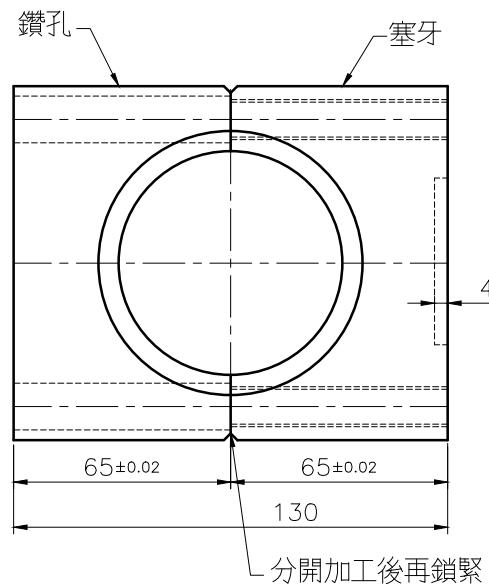
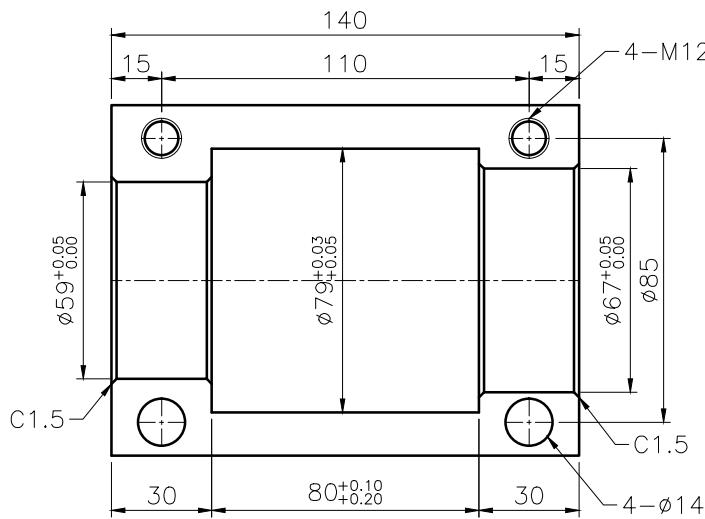


與420V4N共用

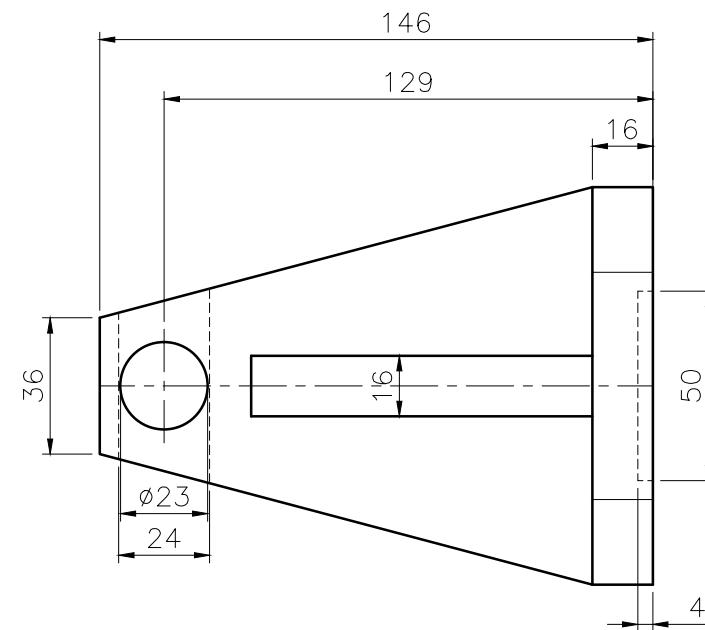
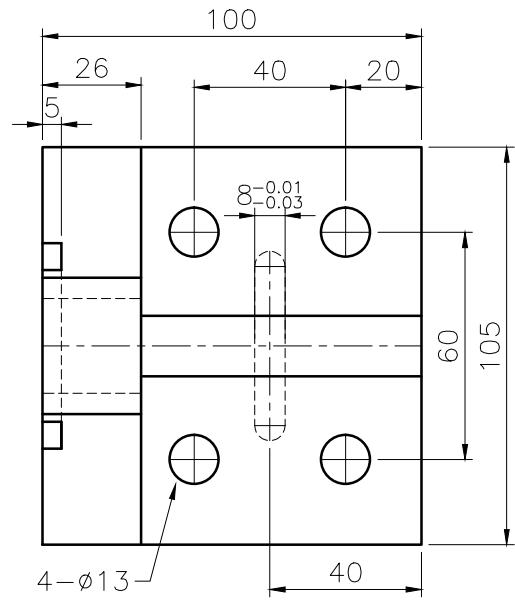
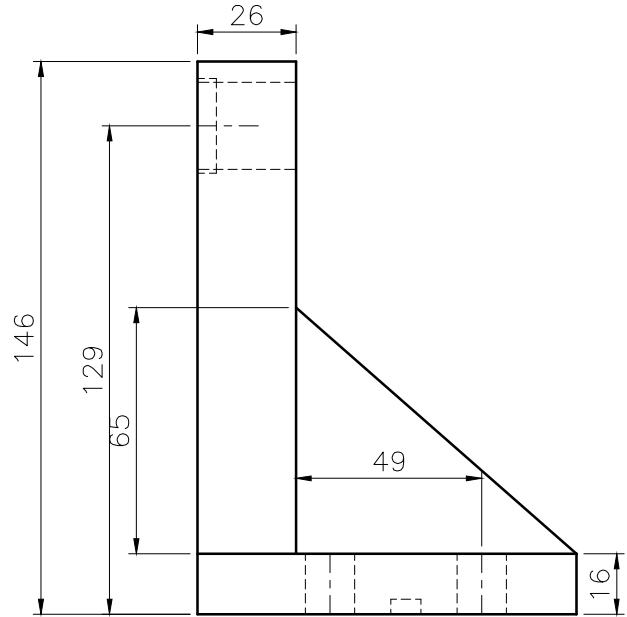
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檢圖		DC-420 V3C		材質	SKD-61	比例	F			
設計				數量	1	日期	2017/03/17	圖號	420V3C-04-08	第1頁

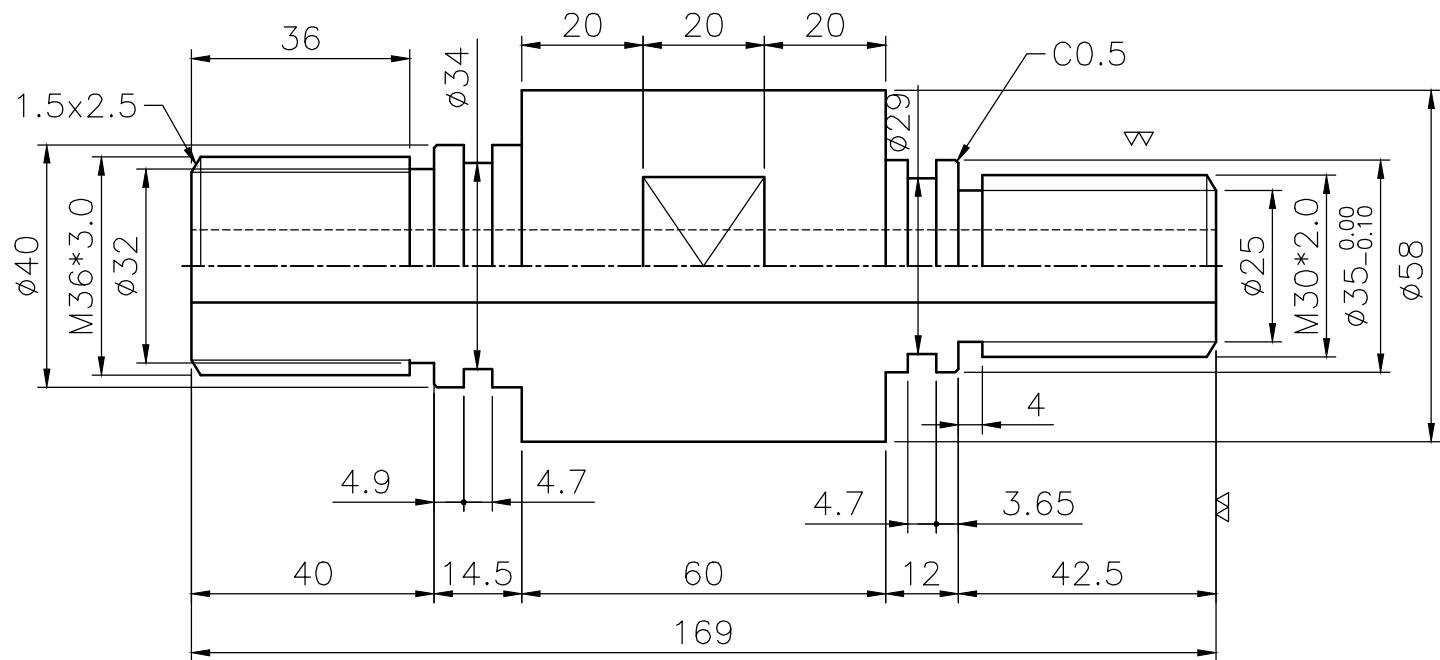
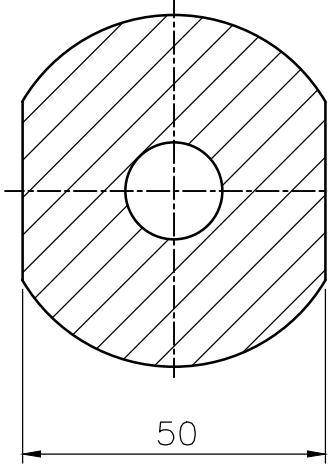
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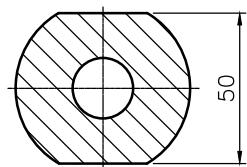
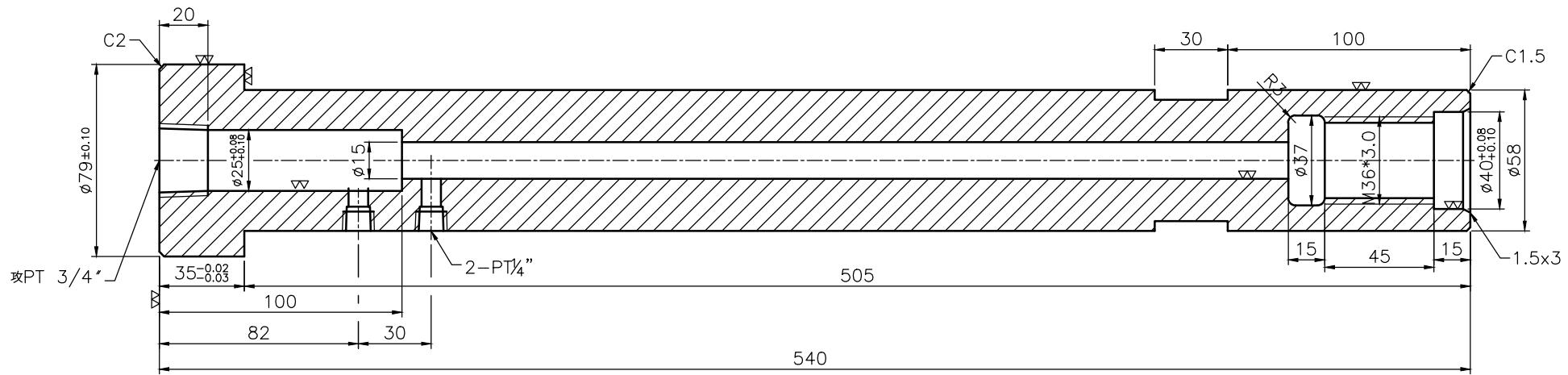
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檢圖		DC-420 V4N		材質	鐵板	比例				
設計				數量	1	日期				
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標準		機型	永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	單位	mm	投影	F	圖名	結合器拉板	2011年版
檢圖		DC-420 V4N		材質		比例				
設計				數量	1	日期		420V4N-04-04	第1頁	



標準		機型	永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	單位	mm	投影	F	圖名	射出活塞連接杆	2011年版
檢圖		DC-420 V4N		材質	SCM-4	比例		圖號	420V4N-04-05	第1頁
設計				數量	1	日期				



舊圖號: 420V4N-03-11

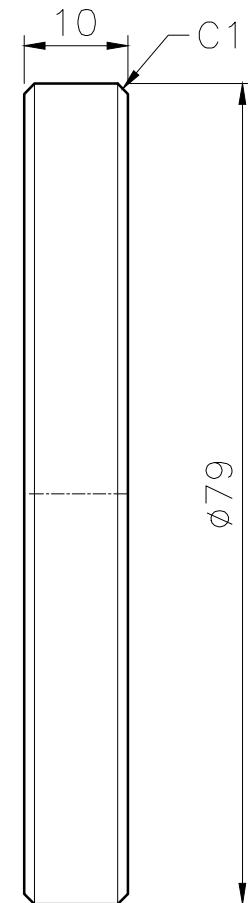
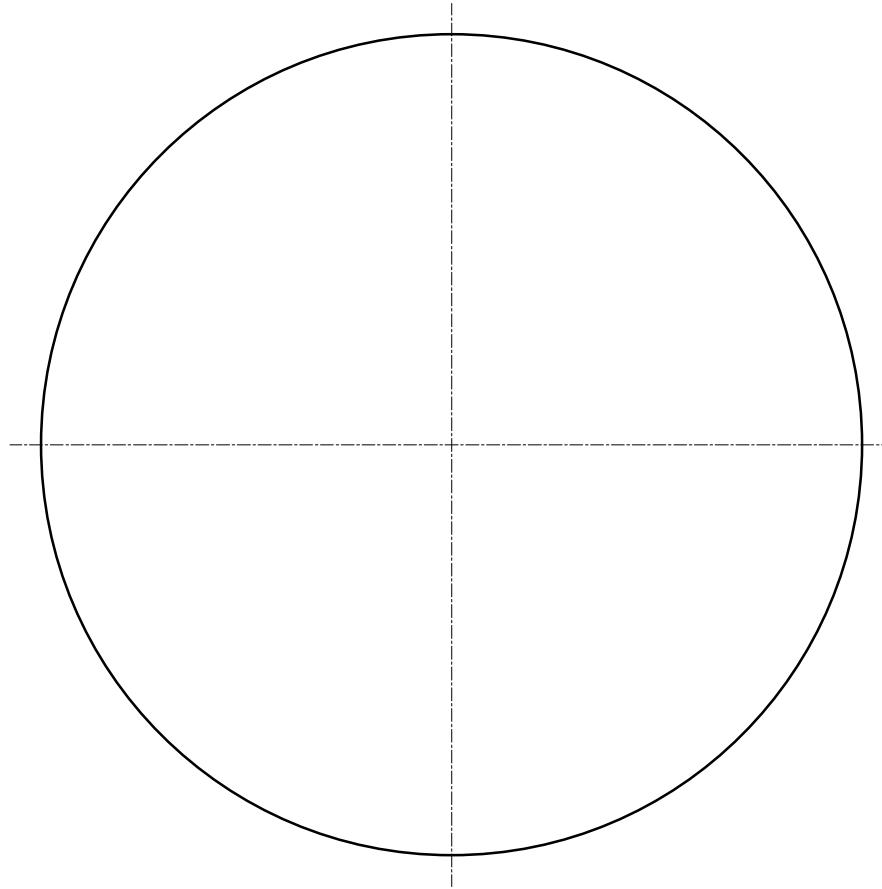
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檢圖	
設計	

機型
DC-420 V4N



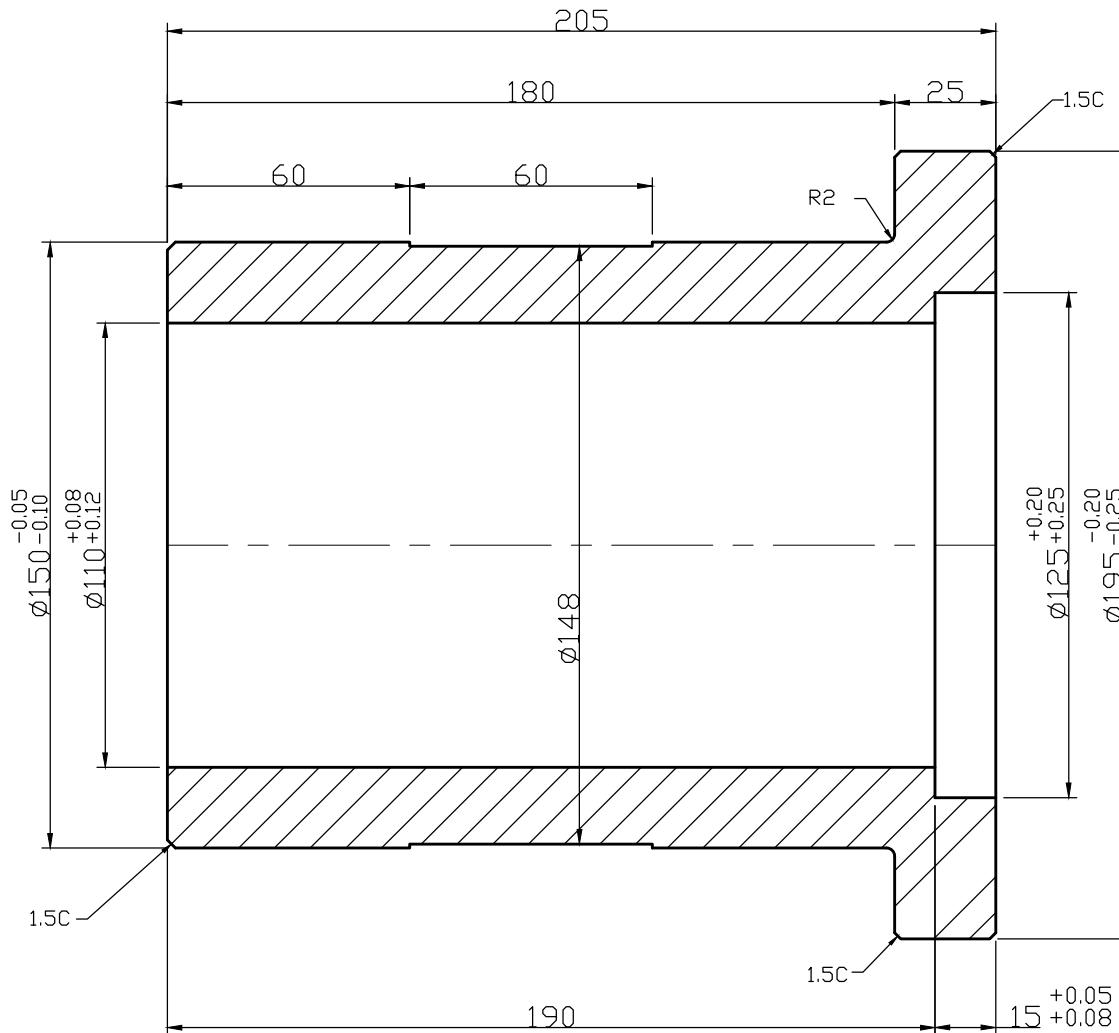
永大機械股份有限公司
EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.

單位	mm	投影	F		圖名	射料桿	2011年版
材質	SCM-4	比例	F				
數量	1	日期	2011/01/01		圖號	420V4N-04-06	第1頁



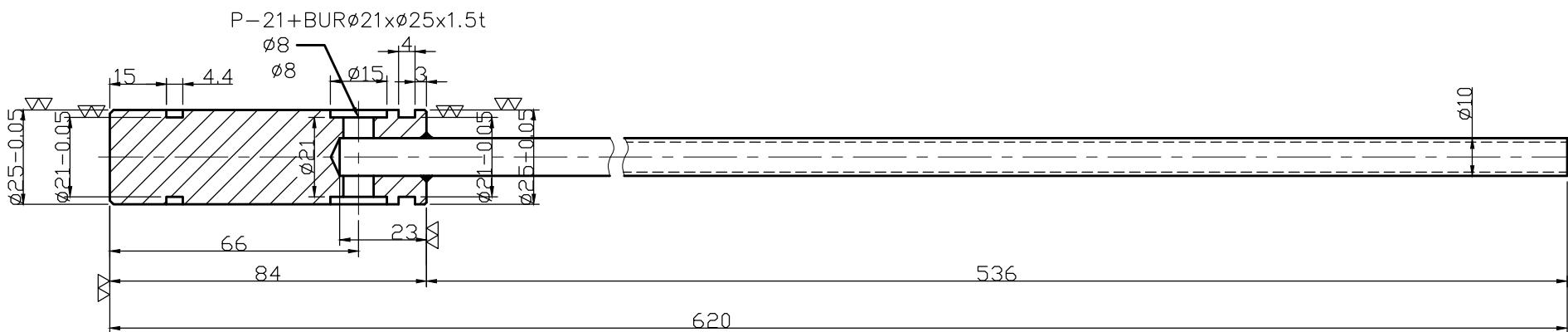
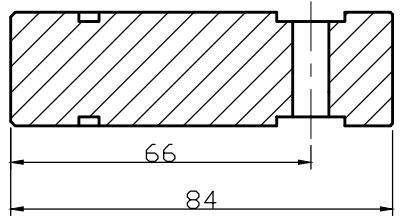
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標準		機型	永大機械股份有限公司 <small>EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.</small>	單位	mm	投影		圖名	結合器墊片	2011年版
檢圖		DC-420 V4N		材質	比例	F				
設計				數量	1	日期	2011/01/01			



舊圖號：705-01

核准		機型	E.G. 永鉄機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	單位	mm	投影	◎		圖名	料管襯套	2011年版
檢圖		DC-420 V4N		材質	S45C	比例	F				
設計				數量	1	日期	2011/01/01		圖號	420V4N-04-12	第1頁

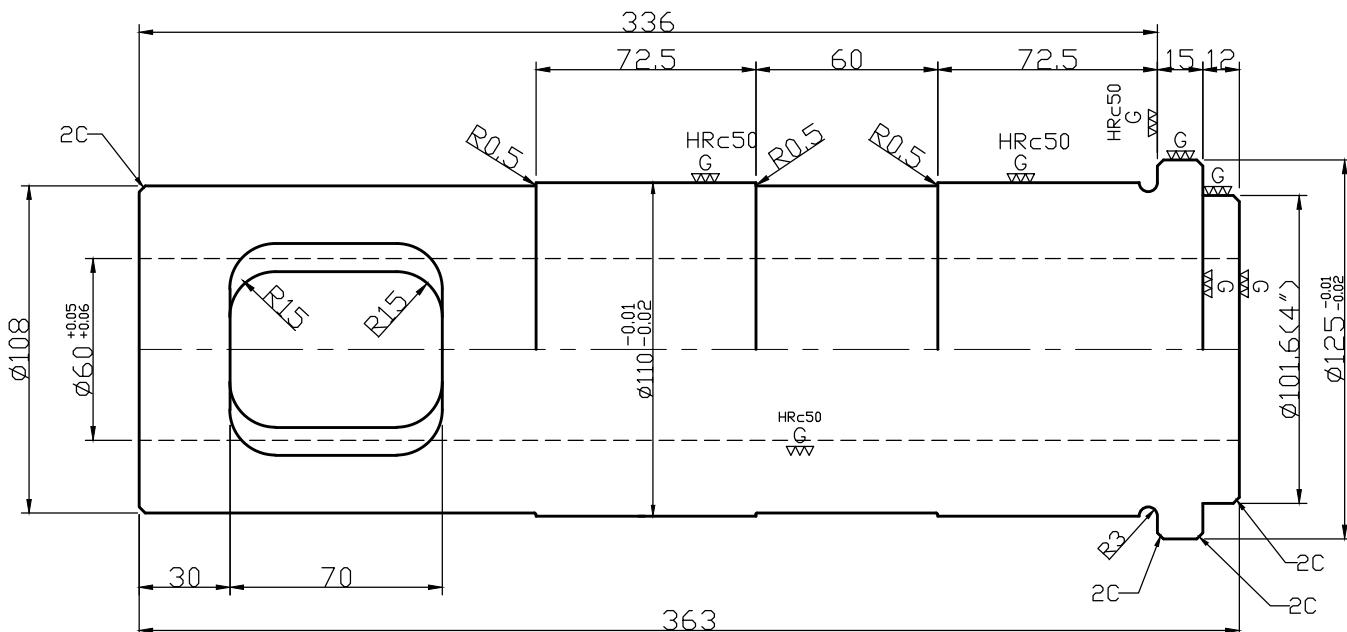
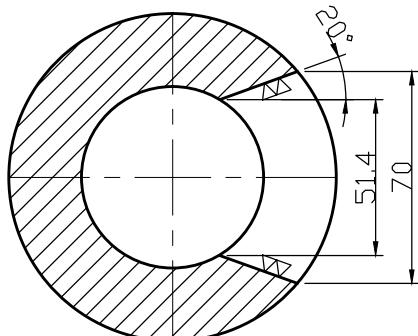


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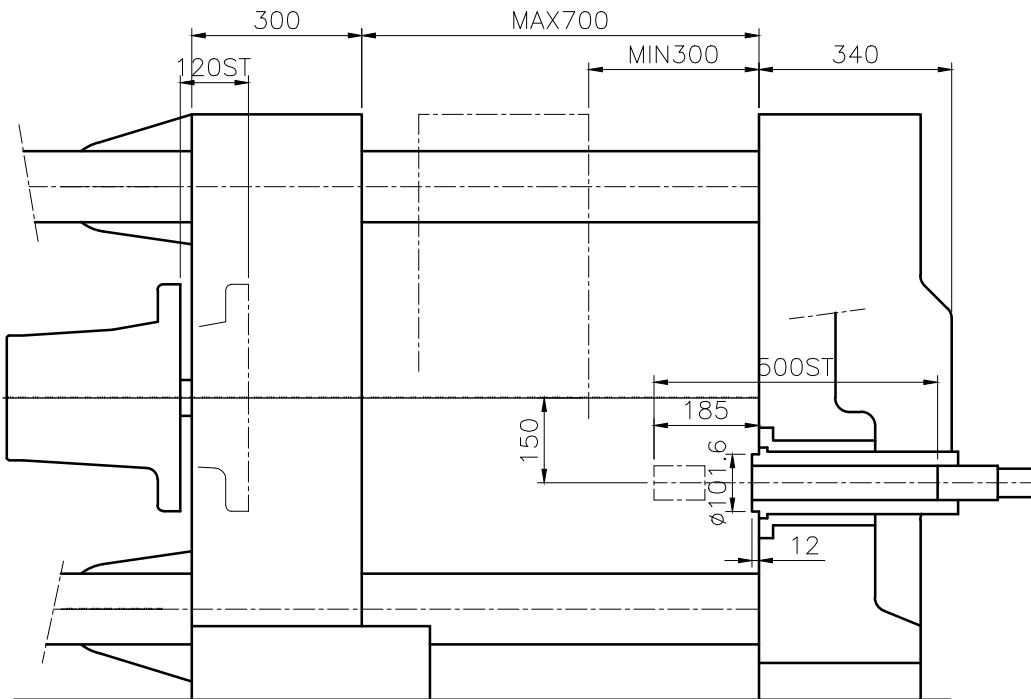
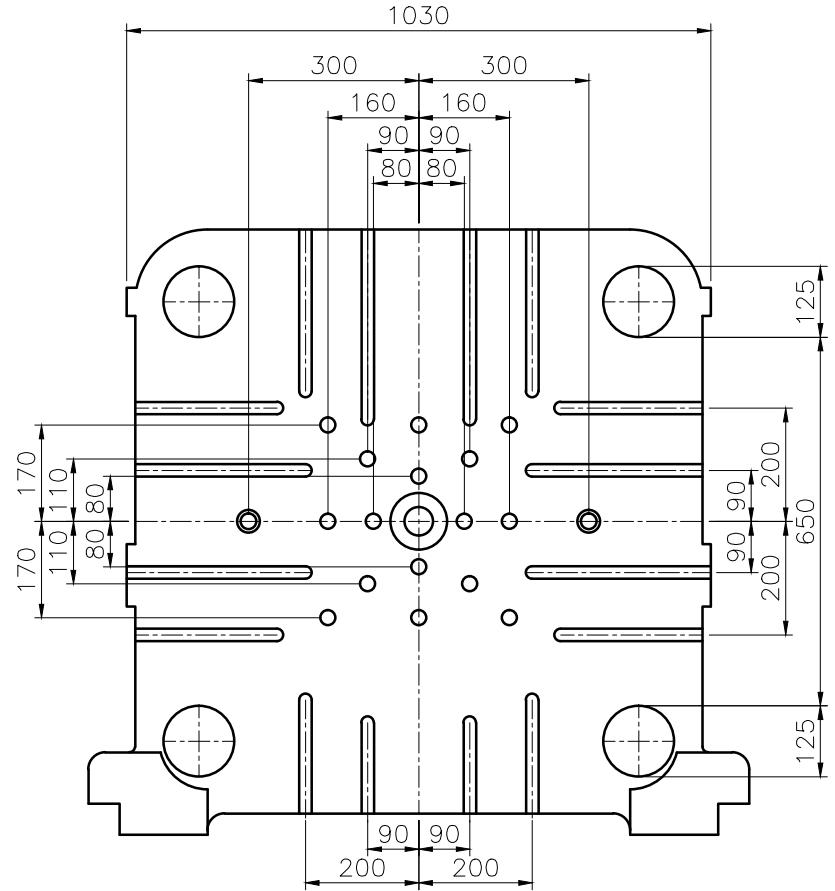
核准		機型	EG 永鉄機械股份有限公司 <small>COLD CHAMBER DIE CASTING MACHINE</small> EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	單位	mm	投影	◎ F		圖名	射料桿冷水管	2011年版
檢圖		DC-420 V4N		材質	銅	比例	F		圖號	420V4N-04-14	第1頁
設計				數量	1	日期	2011/01/31				

加工程序

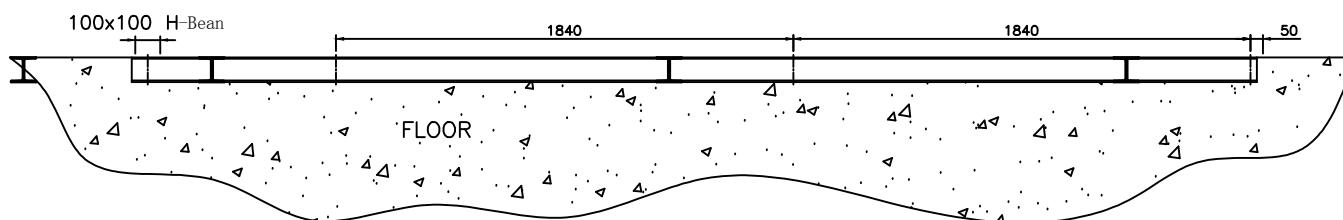
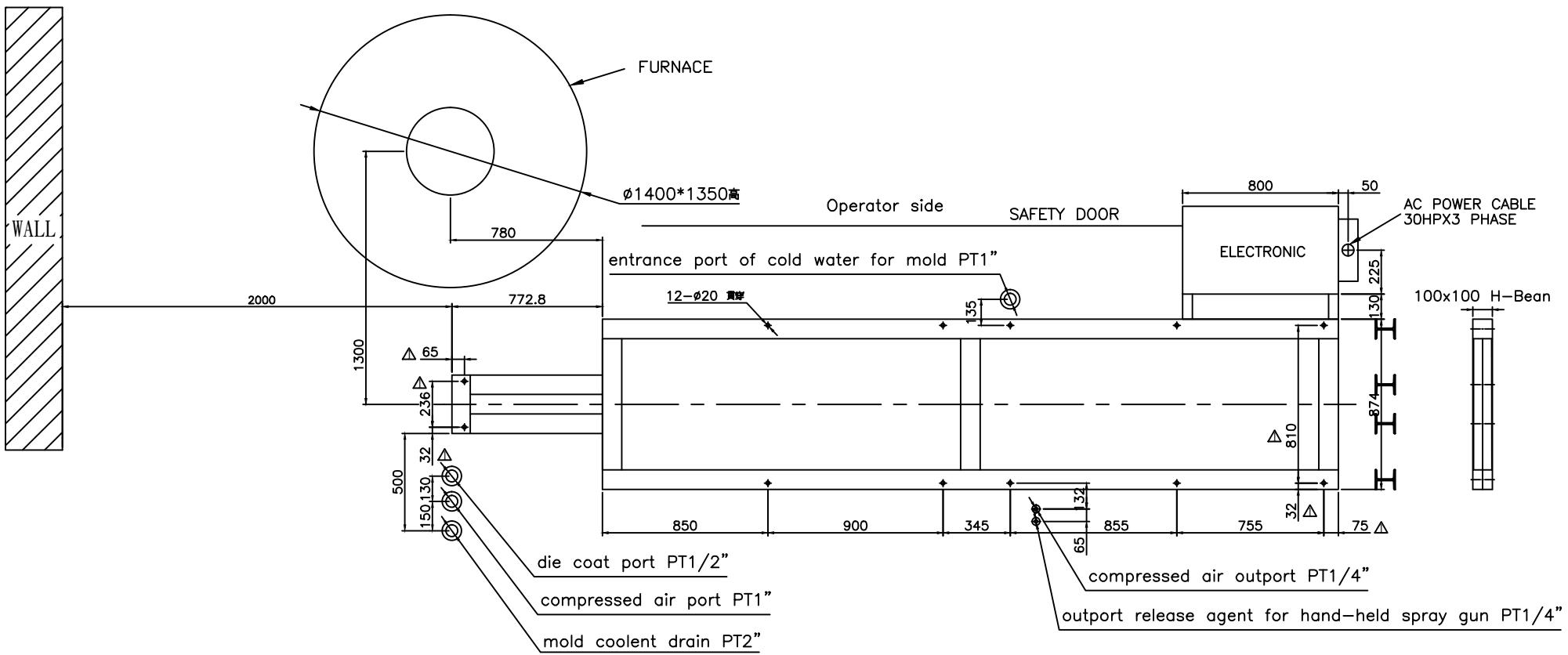
- ① 車
- ② 銑
- ③ 鹽浴熱處理
- ④ 研磨
- ⑤ 氮化處理



核準		機型	E.G COLD CHAMBER DC CASTING MACHINE 永鉄機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	單位	mm	投影		圖名	Φ60料管	2017年版
檢圖		DC-420 V4N		材質	SKD-61	比例	F			
設計				數量	1	日期	2017/03/17	圖號	420V4N-04-16	第1頁



標準		機型	永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	單位	mm	投影	F	圖名	420T 模面圖	2009年版
檢圖		DC-420V3C		材質		比例				
設計				數量	1	日期		2009/08/11	圖號	第1頁



核準		機型	永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD. OLD OWNER BE GONE HOME	單位	mm	投影	F	圖名	地基圖	2016年版
檢圖				材質		比例				
設計		DC-420V4N		數量	1	日期		420V4N-14-00	第1頁	

AUTO LADLE



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Thoroughly read this Instruction Book and accompanying operation manual before installing, operating or servicing EVERGREAT machine.

2. EVERGREAT machines are highly technological and sophisticated.
Only skilled persons having the requisite level knowledge and competence are to be entitled to instal ,operate ,or service EVERGREAT machine.

3. Always follow all of the instructions given in this instruction book ,accompanying operation manual whenever engaged to install operate or service the machine of “EVERGREAT”.

- 4 Always wear safety glasses when installing operating or servicing EVERGREAT machine to protect your eyes from flying materials.

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1.Specifications.	AL-42
1.pouring amount	: MAX 3.5kg
2.pouring accuracy	: $\pm 2\%$ per 1kg
3.pouring cycle	: 14 sec
4.Driving Arm	: AC motor 0.75KW
Ladle	: AC motor 0.4KW
5.Diameter of crucible	: Ø 550 or larger
6.Ladlable depth	: 480mm (max)
7.Applicable die casting machine	: DC-250V3C, DC-250V4N, DC-420V3C, DC-420V4N
8.power source	: AC 200V
9.Control circuit	: DC 24V
10.power capacity	: 3.0KVA
11.power control	: Centralized control by control panel of die casting machine
12.Control unit	: PLC
13.Adjustment for pouring amount	: Digital control
14.Ladle	: 3.5 ladle (420) 2.5 ladle (150.250.420) 1.6 ladle (150.250.420) 0.8 ladle (150.250)
15.Machine weight	: 245kg
16.Sensor	: For ladle encoder, one
17.Molten metal quantity control	: The biscuit thickness is detected and, always, the molten metal quantity is controlled to maintain the proper thickness.
18. Standard specification	: 1)Early pour (1) In the arm advance condition, the ladle is kept waiting in the position that the ladle is rotated a certain angle toward the pour side, thus the pouring time is short end. 2)Early pour (2)It starts from the position of high pressure die close.
19.Option	: 1)Molten metal face drop signal relay output. 2)Jump start circuit of the in-furnace-wait timer that works at the time when the die locking starts.

Remark) The specifications are subject to change without notice.

2.Setting-UP (As for the setup method, see the operation manual).

2-1 Arm position.

Though the arm position has previously been set, the “arm retract limit” must be readjusted after installation as it has a relation with the depth of crucible.

Also, it is sometime necessary to re-set the “arm retract, wait position ”as it has a relation with the crucible.

1)Setup of “arm retract limit” LSR

Fit the largest ladle in position, and adjust it to the “least ladling ”point.

Then, put the arm into “retract” position in the crucible.(Descend).

In case if the arm does not stop ever though the ladle bottom face come down to the point of 50mm above the crucible bottom, the setup point of “arm retract limit should be adjusted.

Due to a drop of melt level, it is possible the ladle directly hits the crucible.

To avoid this danger, be sure to confirm the “arm retract limit ”position and Carry out re-setting, if necessary.

2) “Retract wait” position. LSW

The arm will retract and stop at the “retract wait” position after pouring.

The setup is to be done in a manual that the ladle comes over the crucible when Stopped.

3) Arm “advance slow-down” LSFF

The arm advance high speed will be changed-over to “low speed” at this setup Point. the point of this change-over is to be set in the position just before the advance limit.

4) “Retract slow-down”. LSRF

The arm retract high speed will be changed-over to “low speed” at this setup point.

The point of this change-over is to be set position just before the “retract wait”.

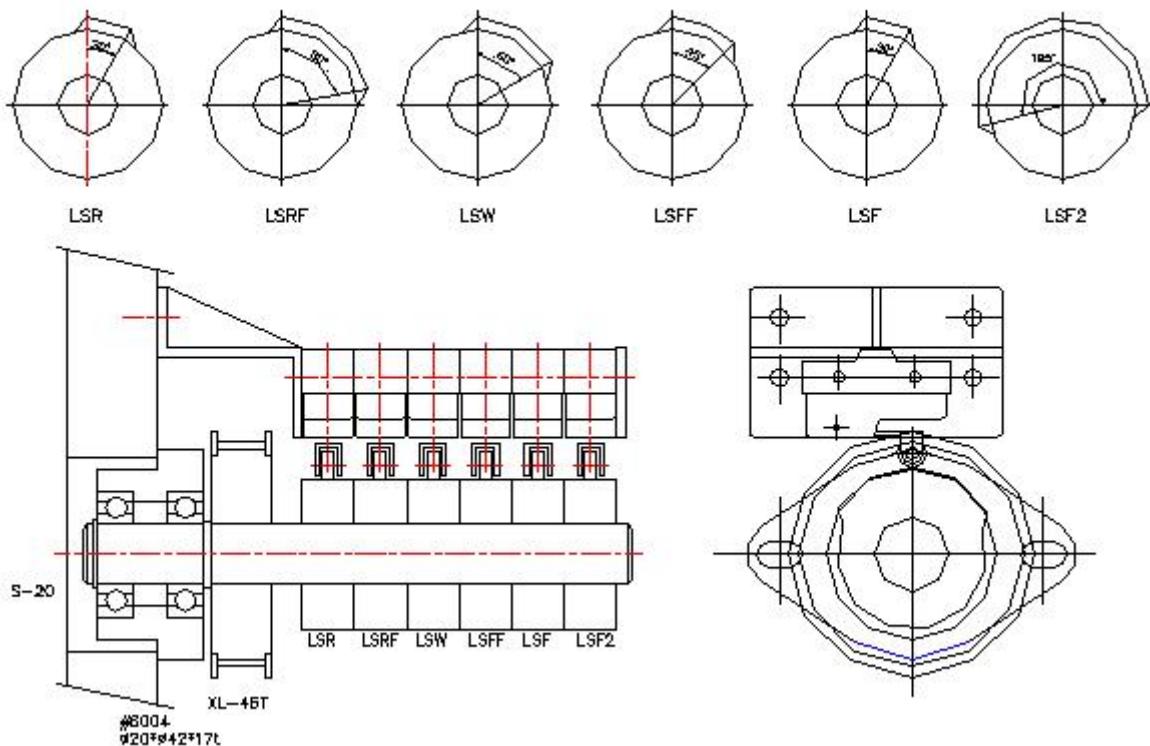
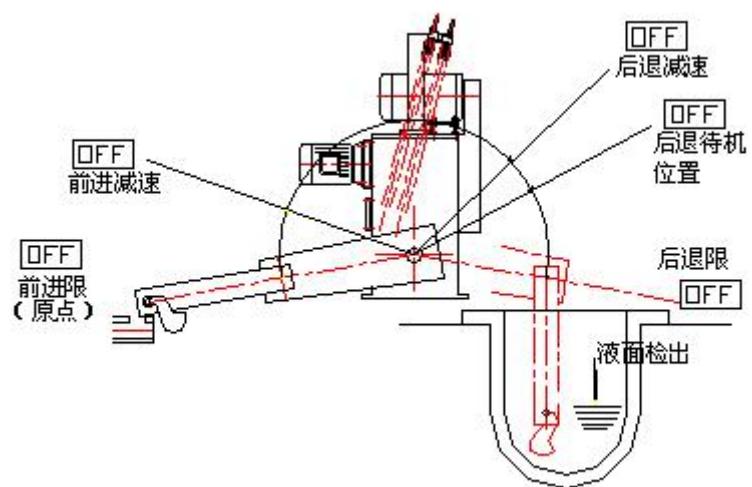
5)LSF 2“advance over-run”(limit SW).

If this SW is touched, the arm stops emergently at the advance limit, The SW is to be set in a manner it is touched at the point just behind the advance limit.

6)LSF “ advance position”(limit SW).

If this SW is touched, the arm stops at sleeve side limit, The SW is to be set in a manner it is touched at the point just beyond the sleeve pour port.

Arm limit switch position



2-2 Ladle position.

1) "Pour limit". LSPF

This means the position of "ladle pour turning limit". When the ladle comes to this setup point, the ladle stops to turn, and completes pouring.

2) "Transfer posture ". LSPH

The ladle turns around from the ladling posture to the pouring direction and when the ladle comes to this setup point, it stops. The setup is to be made with consideration the ladle stops in a shape a little bent forward above the horizontal line in order not to have the melt spill out of the ladle while transferring.

3) LSPR "ladling limit"

At this setup point, the ladle's ladling-direction turning stops.

4) Metal amount adjust

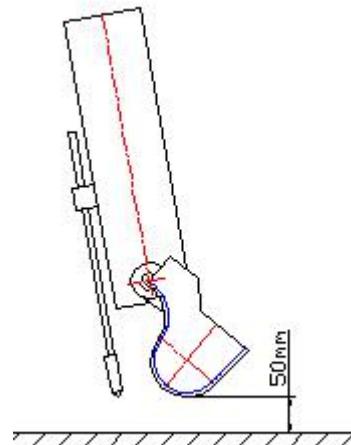
The ladle turn angle was measured by the encoder.

2-3 Irregularity in pouring amount.

The melt amount is measured in a manner that the ladle is declined, and the molten is forced to overflow from the ladle. The status of overflowing delicately varies depend on the shock when the arm stops at top, or the change of molten temperature, or the slug the face of molten. It is hardly possible to prevent such irregularity, but can be reduced to certain extent if followings are attended to.

1) The ladle has been designed to stop about 50mm above the molten level in furnace after "in-furnace-wait", If the ladle has vibration at such stop, the "wait 1 speed" is to be reduced.

2) The ladle has been designed to stay over the furnace for the purpose to let the molten in ladle to overflow. The time of such stay is set on the measure timer. The setting time must be long enough to let the molten completely overflows.



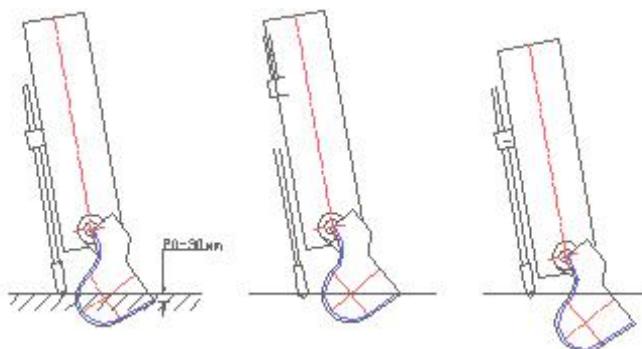
2-4 Adjustment of electrode bar for melt

Surface sensing.

At the arm retract, when the electrode bar touched the melt surface, the arm stops. When the arm stopped, the ladle must be in "ladling status" and be under the melt surface by 20~30mm in depth or more. For this purpose, the electrode bar for melt surface sensing and electrode bar for grounding are to be adjusted, upward or down-ward, to keep such distance.

Electrode bar for melt surface sensing

Electrode bar for earthing



Ladling port to be under melt surface by 20~30mm in depth.

If electrode lowered too much, the melt can not go into the ladle.

If electrode lifted too much, the ladle sinks in the melt too deep.

The electrode bar for melt surface sensing and its wiring are insulated off the body of unit, and the grounding bar is earthed to the arm. The float less switch functions when the electrode bar touched melt surface via the current that runs from grounding bar to the body of unit. when the switch functioned, the motor

stops. In that connection, The following points must be remembered.

- 1) If any insulation material be coated on electrode bar or grounding bar, no current goes through, eventually, float less switch does not work, making the arm run into the furnace. The electrode bar and grounding bar should never be coated with any insulation material.
- 2) In the following cases, the float less switch functions, either by “auto” or “manual”.
 - a) when aluminum fractions are adhered to the fixing portion of electrode bar for melt sensing.
 - b) when the insulation coverings of wiring damaged to come off, and become shorted with the arm.
 - c) when electrode bar touched the die casting machine at the time of “arm advance limit”.

Float less switch can be confirmed if it is working or not through the “auto” Screen of control panel.

- 3) If fixing block of electrode bar(insulated material) gats wet by spray liquid, the block becomes un-insulated, and float less switch functions. Therefore, such block must be kept dried at all times.
 - * Electrode bar for overrun.
This is for emergency when the arm does not stop even though the ladle sensor the touching with melt surface.
When the ladle touched melt surface, float less switch functions, the motor moves adversely, buzzer sounds and the error message is displayed. Usually, this electrode stands untouched with melt, no need of coating thereon.
 - 4) In case of disconnection of melt surface sensing wiring, the disconnection alarm circuit works, buzzer sounds and the disconnection alarm error message is displayed. if this happened, the wire to be renewed.(Heat resistant wire).

3. Maintenance inspection.

3-1 Inspection for ladle.

- 1) one unit of ladle is always kept available as “spare” and replaced at interval of every 48 hours. That is one unit of ladle is always stocked being coated with titanium oxide and, ladle is fit taking the place of used one. The used ladle is to be soaked in the melted metal to get rid of the aluminum stuck around the ladle. The remaining aluminum on the ladle is scraped off by hand and the ladle to be coated with titanium oxide and stocked as “spare”.
- 2) When coating the titanium oxide the care must be taken to the following points.
The coating must be applied after the ladle and hopper are completely cooled off. The thick coating must be avoided. It is better to apply a thin coating in twice. The enforced drying should be avoided. Instead, make it dried gradually being placed by the holding furnace.
- 3) It sometimes happens that the die cast alloy sticks around the electrode in a foam of icicle. In that case, the die cast alloy must be taken off since it causes an error in the molten quantity. The touching face of ladle is regularly polished by the fine sandpaper.

3-2 Lubricant.

1)Lubricant for reduction gear.

The lubricant is filled in reduction gear when shipped. However, it is recommendable to confirm if the oil level is at the middle point of oil gauge. After 10 days of initial operation (about 100 hours)the lubricant must be replaced With new oil, whereafter renew the lubricant semi-annually or at the interval of 2,500 hours of operation,whichever may appear first. When renewing it is recommended to clean the inside of reduction gear.

Oil reservoir capacity

* on top of main body 4.0&
* At bottom of main body 6.5&

RECOMMENDABLE OIL

Viscosity	ISOVG 460
Dynamical V. Cst mm ² /S(40°C)	414-506

MAKER	BRAND
ESSO S.D	SPARTAN EP 460
Mobil	Mobil GEAR 634
Shell	Shell OMALA 460

2) Lubricant for the ladle arm ladle rotary axis and the chain. For the ladle rotary bearing portion the scale-shaped graphite powder is sealed-in, it is necessary to renew them regularly. Remove the ladle arm bottom cover and clean inside. Take off the side cover and put about 80cc lubricant.

* Replace at interval of 2,500 hours

* Scale-shaped graphite powder 300 mesh

For the bearing and the chain, no grease nor common oil is used.

3-3 AC Motor & inverter maintenance.

1) AC motor uses general three-phase motor and no special maintenance is required. However, if the coil insulation becomes ineffective dry up the coil and if the coil becomes very dirty Carry out a cleaning of coil. When a motor starts moving a slight creaky-sound comes out, but such sound is not abnormal. (The inverter's characteristics).

2) Inverter.

A. Outline.

In order to make the ladler work in a normal manner, various parameters are input in the inverter. Do not alter these parameters to avoid malfunction of ladler. This inverter does not need "replacement" of battery.

B. Inverter.

When the power source is "ON" the figures then indicated usually represent the frequency then output. (In proportion to the speed). If "MODE" key is pressed the parameter contents can be displayed, however, for security, you had better not the mode key.

C. Inverter maintenance.

a. Cooling fan : The fin cooling fan is installed on the arm inverter (INVA). The service life of this fan is about 2 years (on the basis of continuous-use).

If any trouble took place on the fan causing its stoppage the "FN" indication is shown on the inverter panel. However, as long as the ladler is used in an usual cycle of about 12 seconds, the cooling fan is not so heated that the fan can be used as it is without stopper. If the cooling fan is overheated the "E.FIN" indication is displayed and the inverter stops.

It is therefore suggested to replace earlier than usual in the system is used in summer or used in the cite of high temperature.

b.Condenser :Each inverter has 2 condensers.The condenser function varies according to the envirnments.The normal service life of it is about 5 years.
As to the details of inverter,refer to the Inverter Instruction Manual placed inside the control panel.

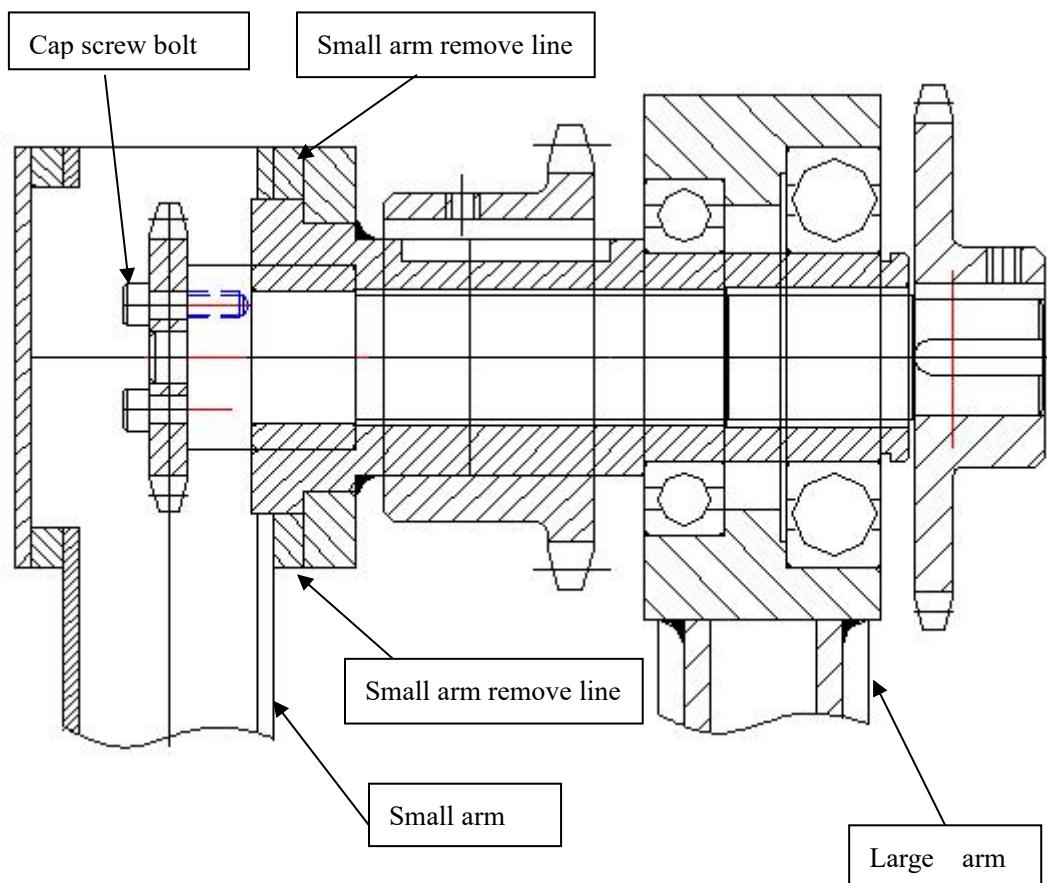
Inverter Error list:

Indication on inverter panel	Description	Contents	Countermeasures
E.0C1	Overcurrent during speed-increase.	Inverter output current exceeded 200%	Lower the speed. (Speed-increase time to be lengthened)
E.0C2	Overcurrent during constant speed.	Same as above.	Lower the speed.
E.0C3	Overcurrent during constant speed	Same as above.	Lower the speed. (Speed-derease time to be lengthened)
E.ov1	Overcurrent during speed-increase.	Over-energy when brake functioned.	Lower the speed. (Speed-derease time to be lengthened)
E.ov2	Overcurrent during constant speed.	Same as above	Lower the speed.
E.ov3	Overcurrent during constant speed.	Same as above.	Lower the speed. (Speed-derease time to be lengthened)
E.THM	Motor over load. (Electronic thermal)	Thermal trip within the inverter.	Lower the speed or ladling cycle to be lengthened.
E.THT	Inverter overload.	Inverter output current exceeded 150%.	Lower the speed Load was overcharged.
E.FIN	Fin heating.	Cooling fin (Radiation part) was heated.	Check the fin function speed to be lowered.
FN	Fan trouble.	Fan stops.	Fan to be replaced.
E.BE	Brake circuit,abnormal.	Generation overenergy. Brake transistor,abnormal	Lower the speed. Ladling cycle to be lengthened.

E.0LT	Stall prevention (In speed-increase) (At low speed) (In speed-decrease)	When inverter rated current exceeded 150% the output is automatically suppressed	Lower the speed . Load was overcharged.
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() When inverter stops due to any reason above turn off the power source once, and turn it on again.

3-4 Small arm remove method



Small arm remove method

Remove 4 cap screw bolts.

Shown above ,and pull the arm

in the direction of arrow.

(plastic hummer can be used to give

a light knocking for easier
removal of the small arm.)

3-5 Checkup .

Where the daily checkup,1-month checkup,3-month checkup,6-month checkup.

1- year checkup,2-year checkup,4-year checkup.

Daily checkup

*** DAILY CHECKUP LIST ***

DAILY CHECKUP ITEM(BEFORE STARTING WORK)

1. Pump stops of emerg'stop button is pushed?Safety door move well?
2. Fluid oil not dirty or decreased?cooling water is running normally.?
3. Air pressure is 0.5MPa?
4. ACC charge pressure rises normally.?(High spd.12.2Mpa,int's24.4MPa)
5. Tip lubricant outlet & tip center agree each other.?NO clogging.?
6. NO galling on sleeve & tip.?
7. SW & LAMP work normally.?No.damage.?
8. NO adheison of aluminum or dust on ladler's electrode bar or block.?
9. Ladler is well covered by coating agent?Is it well maintained ladler.?
10. NO loosening of LS for safety hook,extract confm'tn & spray top limit?
11. When extr'or & spray are in die int'lck of die lock prohibit'n work weil?
12. When die locked int'lck of'no entrance'of extr'or & spray work well?
13. Air auto drain works normally.?
14. NO oil leak out of cylinder,valve,pipe & ladler reduction gear.?
15. NO abnormal sound out of pump motor & ladler motor.?
16. NO vibr'tn, abormal sound from cyl, togle,pointer,potentio-rack & gear?
17. When work is over clean each part.

Monthly,3-months checkup

*** PERIODECAL CHECKUP ***

CONDITION	RECPRD	4509	OPERATING	50:45:01	MAINTENANCE	2000
MONTHLY	CHECKUP					0/ X
1.	Control panel fan moving?Cleaning of fan filter.?					X
2.	0'point of elec.flow control in right p'stn.?Low spd.0 setup:0.lm/s.					X
3.	Ladler oil level (2 places) is up to center of oil gauge.?					X

4. NO dm'ge on wire of lad'r?Work stops if mid bar earthed.?	×
5. NO shock when arm & spray turn.?If any adjust shock absorber.	×
6. Cleaning of air filter inside.	×
7. Spray cyl not descend from top lmt. Even of press decreased to zero.?	×
8. NO scrach on tie bar & guide bar.?If any,search'cause'of scratch.	×
9. NO damage on pipes,hoses,wirings.?	×
10. NO leak of air, liquid.?If needed, tighten up or change packings.	×
11. Actual stroke of die open/close & eject meets actual value on page.?	×

3-MONTH CHECKUP

1. Grease-up all grease nipples, Grease-coat of rack,gear,die higt gear.	×
2. Tip'0'ring to be replaced.	×
3. No galling or wear on tie bar.?Toggle pin fixing plate not loosened.?	×
4. Extractor clamp driving part & limit SW not loosened.?	×

6-months, 1-year checkup

*** PERIODICAL CHECKUP ***

CONDITION	RECORD 4509	OPERATING 50:45:01	MAINTENANCE 2000
6-MONTH CHECKUP			o/×
1. Relay,timer firmly set? Wire not loosened?If much arcing change it.			×
2. Replace oil cleaner,air filter.Cleaning of suction filter.			×
3. ACC gas pressure normal?(Hi spd.6.1MPa int's 11.2MPa)			×
4. How is tension of ladler chain.?			×
5. Adjust die slide plate.			×
6. Sampling of fluid oil for maker's check.			×
7. Bolts,nuts & couplings not loosened.?NO clattering?			×
YEARLY CHECKUP			
1. Clean oil cooler.Change galvanized bar of oil cooler			×
2. Replace slide seals.			×
3. Replace suction strainer seals.			×
4. Silencer of extractor & spray replaced.Also,change air filter.			×
5. Change graphite of ladler arm & ladle.Replace electrode bar wiring.			×
6. Overhaul & clean spray manifold.			×
7. NO air leak out of air cylinder.?If any,change packings.			×
8. Measure die plate'parallel'by using die having 1/2ared if die plate.			×

2-years, 4-years checkup

*** PERIODECAL CHECKUP ***

CONDITION	RECORD 4509	OPERATING 50:45:01	MAINTENANCE 2000
2-YEAR CHECKUP			o/ ×
1. Change fluid oil Flushing of oil tank.			×

2. Change hydraulic hose.(All hoses)	X
3. All air hoses to be change.	X
4. Detection bar block of ladler to be changed.	X
5. Ladler arm bearings & ladle axis bushes to be changed.	X
6. Ladler small arm chain to be changed.	X
7. Ladler gear oil to be changed.	X
	X
	X

4-YEAR CHECKUP	
1. Timing belt of ladler to be replaced.	X

3-6 Obstacle and counter plan.

TROUBLE	CAUSE	CHCK OR COUNTERMEASURE
ARM MODE NOT RETRACT	*Disconnection of electrode bar wiring.	*Heat-proof wire is replaced.
	*Ladle did not go back to “ladling posture”.	*Driving unit of ladle to be checked.
	*Indication of ladle position did not reach the setup point of “ladling limit”.	*Inspection,Replacement.
	*Potentiometer out of order Re-adjustment, replacement.	
Manually advansible, but “retract”not possible neither by “manual”or “auto”.	*Floatless SW is working.	*Confirm if relay of FLS1 is being lighted. Some part of the electrode-bar and/or wiring are in the “short circuit” condition
	*Electrode wire broke off.	*Confirm if relay of RB is light off. Replace a new wire.
ARM DOES NOT ADVANCE	After “arm ladling retract”, “measure rising” Not function.	*No “output” being sent From the float switch *Confirm if relay of FLS1 is not lighted. Electrode must keep touch on the molten surface
	“Measure rising” available But “measure rising”not Possible either in “advance, Wait”or in “auto”	*Ladle position is not in the range between “transfer ”.LSPH *Range of cam switch to be re-adjusted.
A R M	“Advance”, “retract”not	*Control circuit was *Is die cast machine pump

Available either “manual” Or in “auto”.	cut.	Working?
	*NO fuse breaker is OFF	
	*Error inverter	*Investigate the cause of overload trouble, and turn on the power source again.
	*AC motor out of order	
Speed of “arm advance Retract” and “ladle turning” become “slow”, and thermal relay functions.	*Weight of bearing of ladle Driving unit is “heavy”.	*Loosen driving chain, and Check which bearing is “heavy”
	*Lever of A,B&C coves in Dull motion.	*Remove the back cover & check inside.

TROUBLE	CAUSE	CHECK OR COUNTERMEASURE
LADLE DOES TURN TO POUR DIRECTION	Ladle is hard to turn, and alarm message appears.	*Bearing of ladle driving unit is heavy. *Loosen driving chain and Check which bearing is heaving.
	“Pouring” did not take Place even though arm is at advance limit.	*Signal of “die close Completion” was not issued *Signal of injection retract Position” is not issued. *Was “dieclose” completed? *Re-adjust position.
	After “measuring” ladle does not go to “transfer posture” LSPH.	*No “output” being sent From the inverter. *
LADLE DIES TURN TO POUR DIRECTION	After “pouring”, at advance Limit, ladle does not go back To “transfer posture”, even if in manual mode.	*No “input” being sent From the relay RB. Or FLS1 signal was hold on. *Check the electrode wire or replace it.
	After “pouring”, no shot Takes place also ladle does Not go back to “transfer Posture”	*Pouring limit switch signal not issued. *Cam witch is to be re-adjusted.
LADLA DOES NOT TURN	On furnace side. The ladle Does not proceed from “transfer posture” to “turning “for ladling or Pouring, The arm can go advance or Retract manually.	Error inverter. *0.4kw AC *0.4kw AC motor inverter out of
	Even though motor wants to	*Investigate the cause of Overload trouble, and turn On the power source again. *Loosen driving chain ,and

	Move rotating, but, due to Hindrance, thermal relay Functions.	Unit is heavy.	check to find chich bearing is heavy.
" Over-run" message comes apper, and machine halts.		*Over-run LS dog got Loosened.	*Carry out re-adjustment.

4. Standard spare parts.

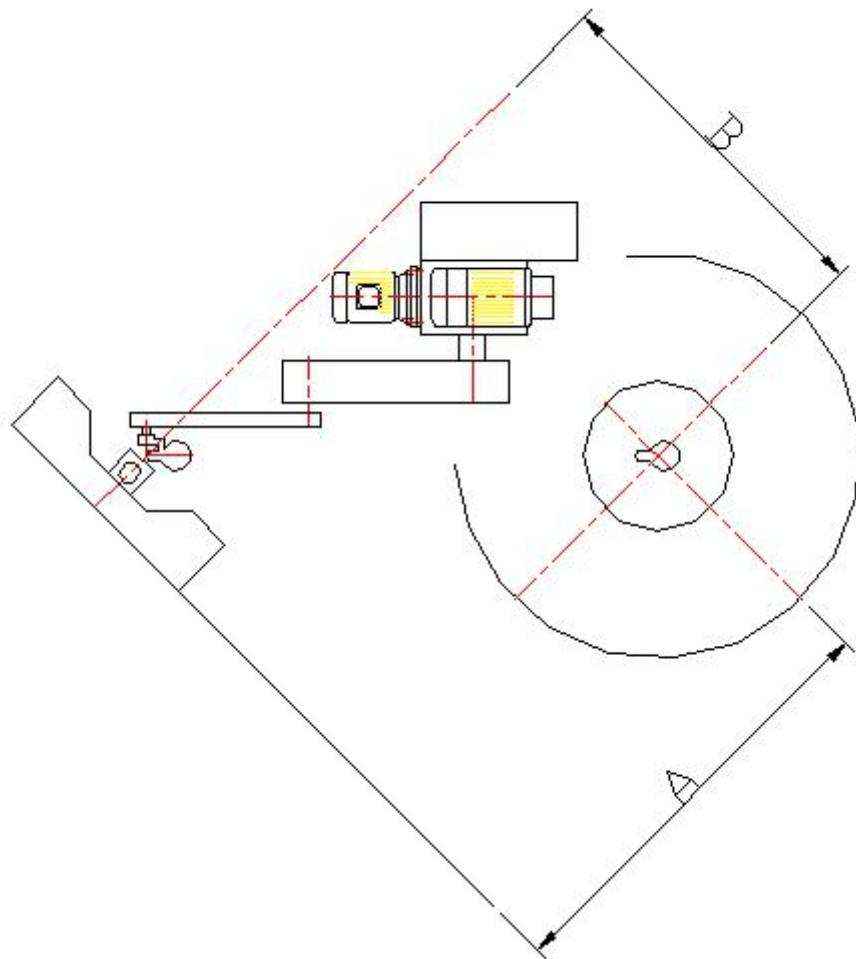
* DC-250V3C

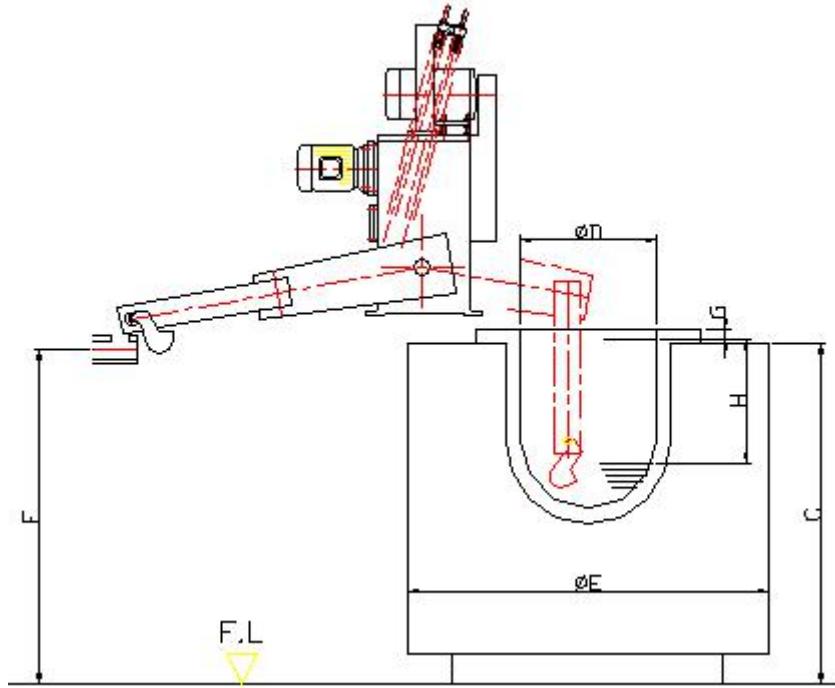
No.	PARTS NAME	MODEL	Q'TY	REMARK
1	Ladle	0.8	1	
2	Ladle	1.6	1	
3	Ladle	2.5	1	
4	Hexagonal bolt	M10*35	2	For ladle fitting
5	Washer	M10	2	

*DC-420V3C

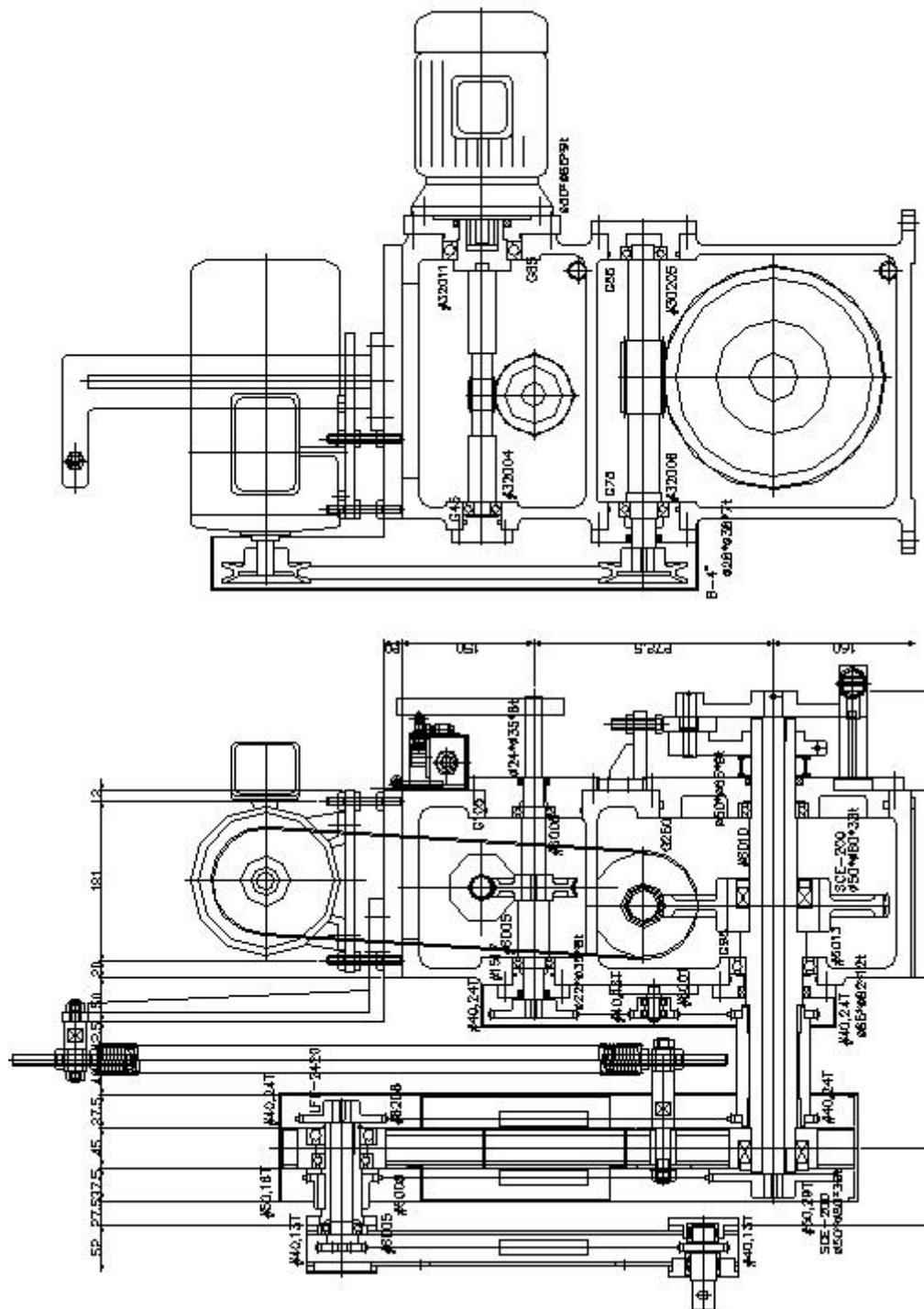
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2	Ladle	2.5	1	
3	Ladle	3.5	1	
4	Hexagonal bolt	M10*35	2	For ladle fitting
5	Washer	M10	2	do

General View

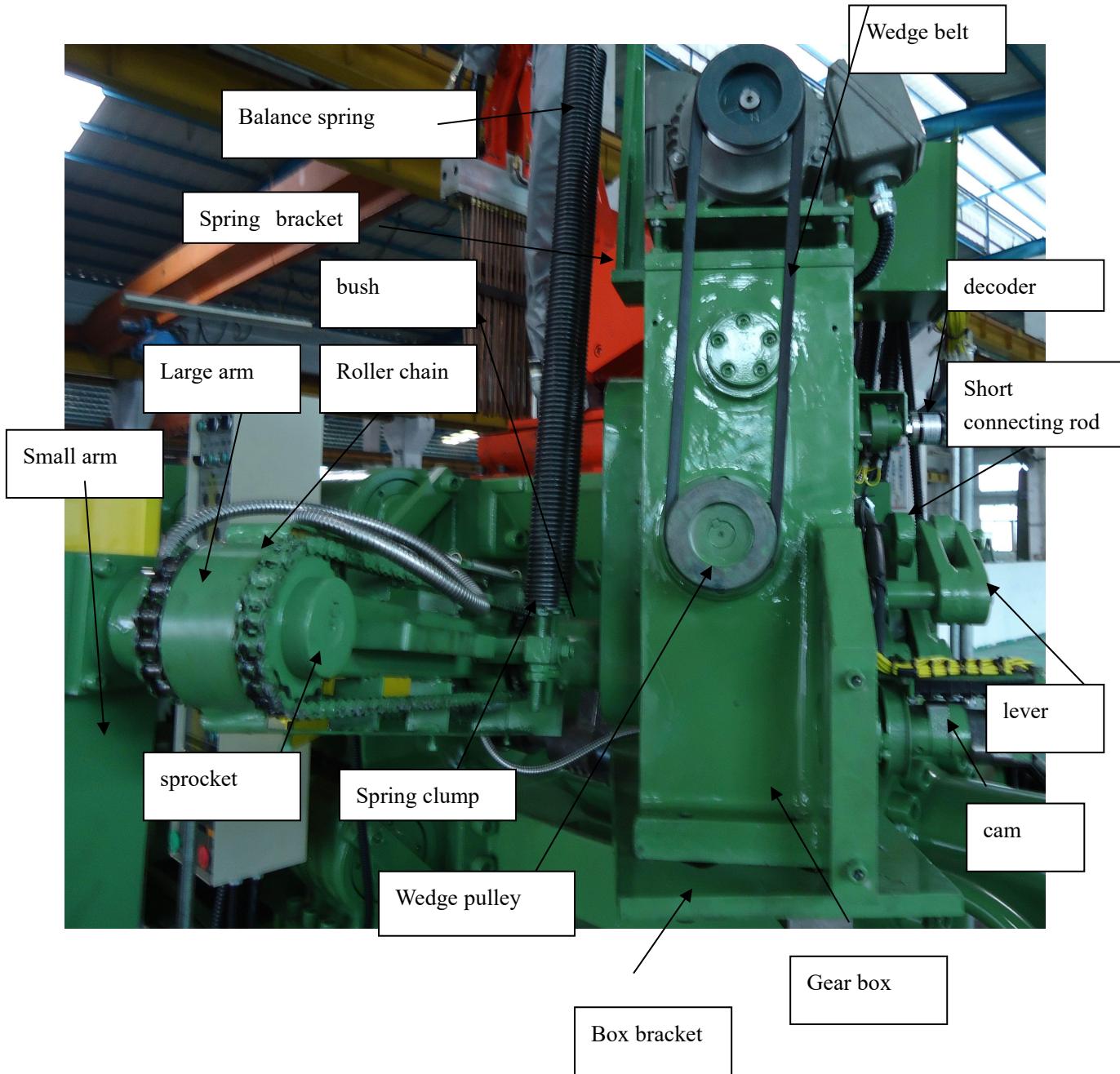




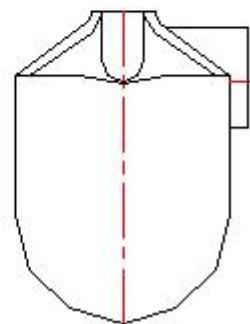
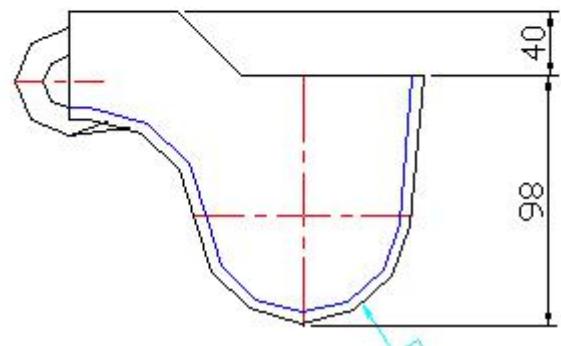
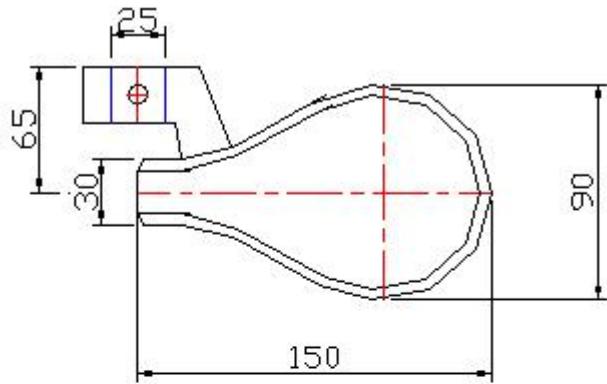
Worm reducing gear assembly drawing



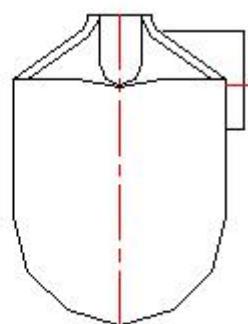
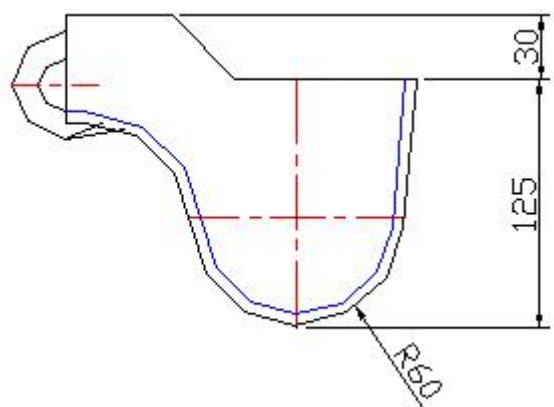
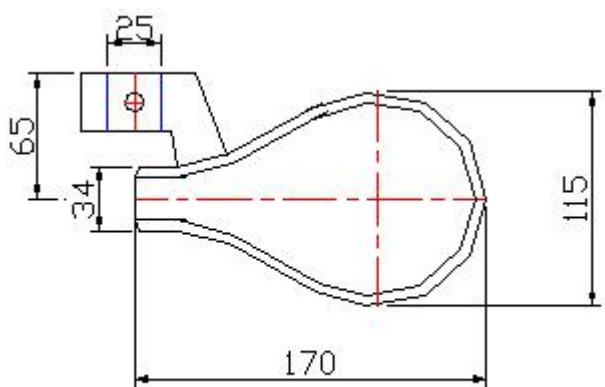
Moving Part assembly



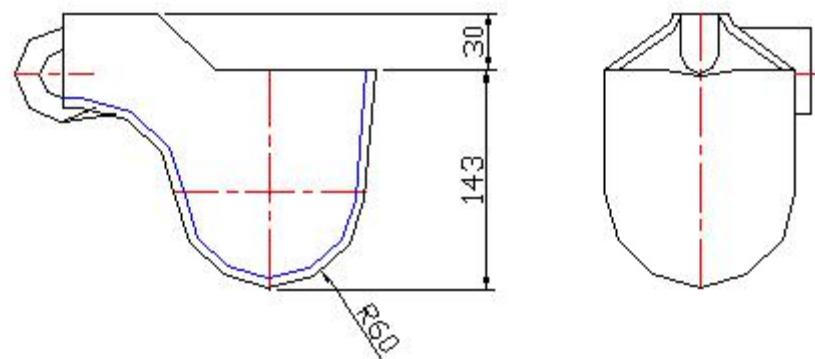
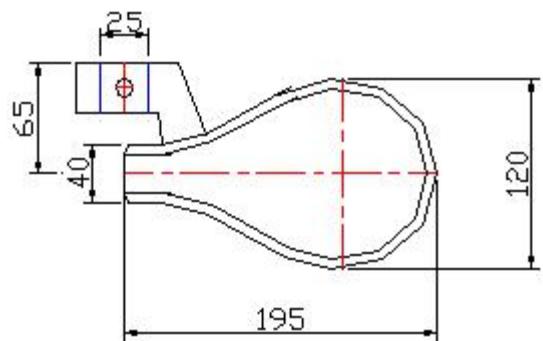
Ladle 0.8 料勺: 0.8KG



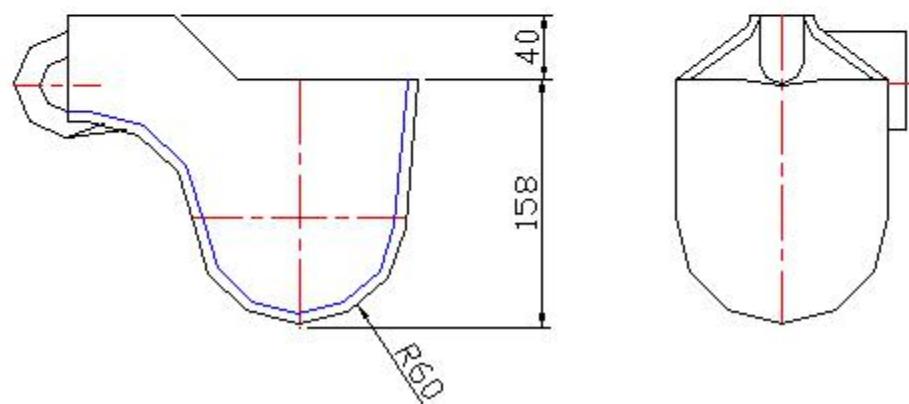
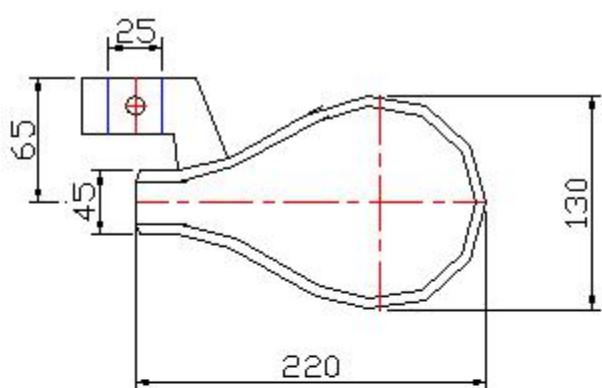
Ladle 1.6 料勺: 1.6KG



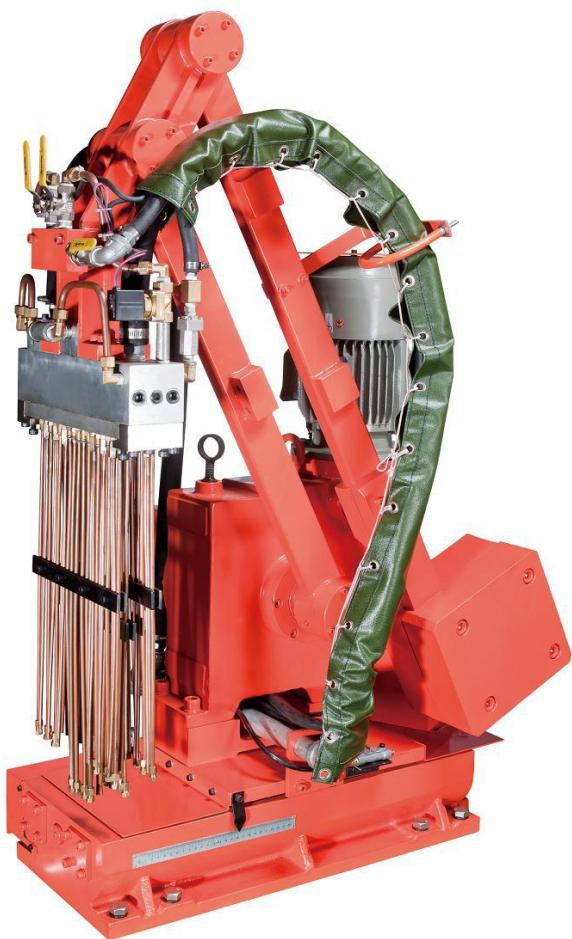
Ladle 2.5 料勺: 2.5KG



Ladle 3.5 料勺: 3.5KG



AUTO SPRAY



SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS AND PRECAUTIONS

1. Thoroughly read this Instruction Book and accompanying operation manual before installing, operating or servicing EVERGREAT machine.

2. EVERGREAT machines are highly technological and sophisticated. Only skilled persons having the requisite level knowledge and competence are to be entitled to instal ,operate ,or service EVERGREAT machine.

3. Always follow all of the instructions given in this instruction book ,accompanying operation manual whenever engaged to install operate or service the machine of “EVERGREAT”.

4. Always wear safety glasses when installing operating or servicing EVERGREAT machine to protect your eyes from flying materials.

AUTO SPRAY

SPV-42

C O N T E N T S

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1. Profile.

This unit installed on DC-250/DC-420 V3 OR V4N die casting machine for the duty of automatic spraying performance. For this unit, the water soluble release agent to be used. The oily agent should not be used for a danger of catching fire.

2. Main particulars.

1) Applicable to

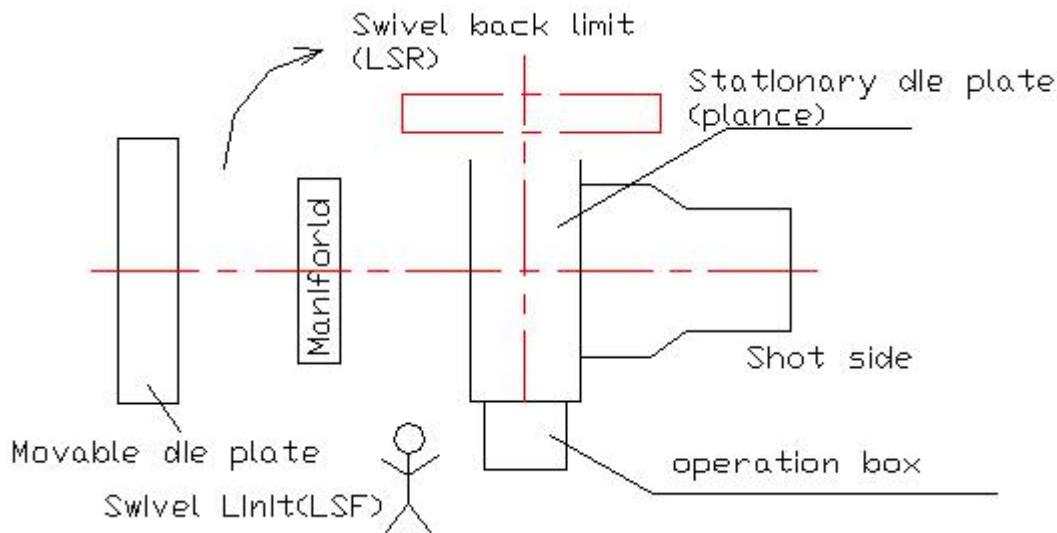
•SPV-42 : DC-250V3C/DC-420V3C,DC-250V4N/DC-420V4N

2) Up/down stroke	: 750 mm
3) Swivel angle	: NIL
4) Back & forth adjustment stroke :	200 mm
5) Spray pipe	: 62 pieces (31×2)
6) Air blow pipe	: 20 pieces
7) Net weight	: 150 kg

3. Spray performance.

1) Swivel and swivel back.

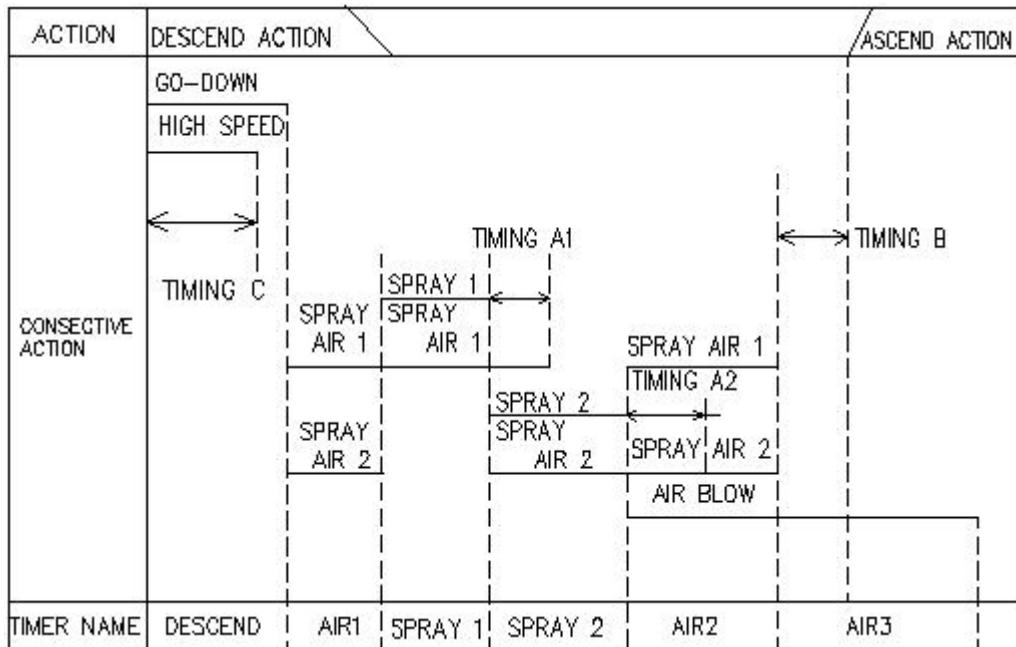
1) Swivel and swivel back.



If the die with hydraulic core is used, it may interfere with the automatic spray during die closing. In this case, turn on the snap switch that the die may start closing after the spray is fully retracted.

2) Spray pattern (standard) :

ACTION	DESCEND ACTION			ASCEND ACTION	
	GO-DOWN				
	HIGH SPEED				
	TIMING C				
SYNCHRO-ACTION		SPRAY AIR 1	SPRAY 1	TIMING A1	TIMING B
		SPRAY AIR 2	SPRAY 2	TIMING A2	
				AIR BLOW	
TIMER NAME	DESCEND	AIR1	SPRAY 1,2	AIR2	AIR3



- When “go-down timer” timed up, “spray air 1, 2” will start.
- “Air 1” time to be set by “spray air 1, 2”.
- “Spray time” to be set by “spray 1, 2 timer”.
- “Air blow” time to be set by “Air 2 timer”.
- “Go-up air blow time” to be set by “Air 3 timer”.
- The above “time” can be set on the <SPRAY> screen of PLCS at discretion.
- The timing “A”, “B” and “C” can be altered on the <FIXED DATA 2> screen.

As to the details, refer to the operation manual

3). Control of spray time.

The spray time can be controlled by “cycle number” or by “die temperature”.

As to the details, refer to the operation manual.

4. Primary side piping.

1) Air piping.

The air connection mouth of the spray unit is 1 B size. For primary side air piping, prepare the pipe of 1 B size or bigger, and the air of 0.4MPa or bigger. Also, install the air filter (accessory) on the mid way of piping.

2) Liquid piping.

For the pressured “transfer” of release agent, the “auto dilute transfer system” is recommendable. If not AD system used, it is necessary to dispose of the waste liquid. The liquid pressure is set at 0.3 ~ 0.5 MPa range, and to be adjusted along with the spray air pressure to gain the best condition of spraying.

3) Connection of each piping.

The connection of each hose to be connected to the hose connection of under the swivel cylinder bracket that is located behind the spray unit.

* On the passage of air connection, the air filter (accessory) to be installed.

5. Adjustment

1) Back-and-Forth position of spray unit.

Loosen the locking bolt ①, and turn around the hand wheel ② clockwise.

Then the spray unit advances toward the movable die plate side.

If the hand wheel ② is turned around counter-clockwise, then, the spray unit moves backward to the stationary die plate side.

When the position is determined tighten up the locking bolt ① firmly.

2) Adjustment of Up-Down stroke.

To get shorter stroke than particular it, loosen the stopper bolt ③ and lower its position. After lowered, adjust the height of both stoppers, right and left, to be on the same level.

In the case of short stroke, a shock may occur at the spray descending.

3) Adjustment of the shock absorber.

At the both ends of swiveling stroke, there provided the shock absorbers.

If there is any shock when the swiveling speed is changed, then adjust these absorbers .

4) Adjustment of “swiveling” speed.

Adjust the “swiveling” speed by the controller (bottom sketch).

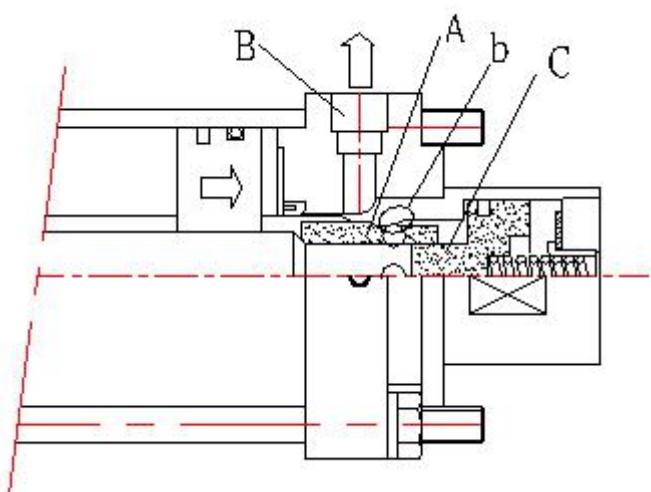
Set the controller in such a manner that no shock is noted when the spray

moves swiveling .The controller ④ is for adjustment of “swiveling” speed, and

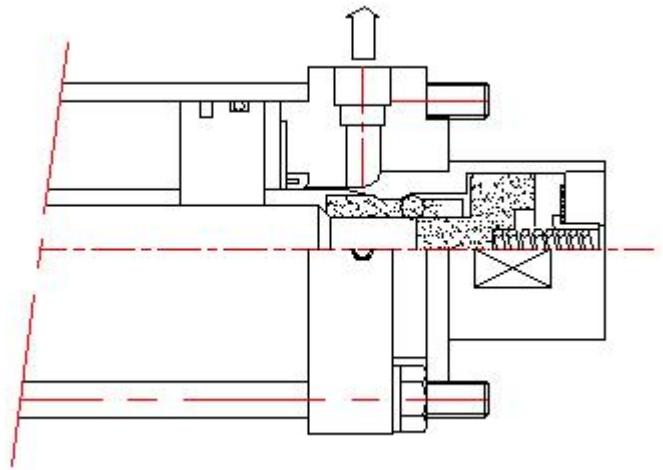
⑤ for “swiveling-back” speed.

5) Mechanism of Top and Bottom cylinder lock

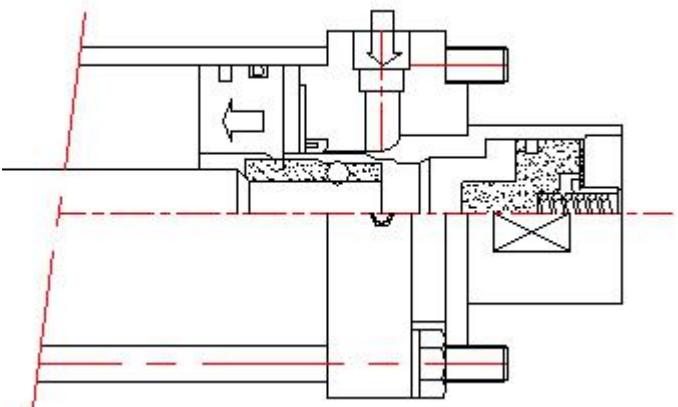
When the cylinder piston approached the stroke end (head side), the ball retainer a pushes the tip end of locking piston via the steel ball.



Further, when the piston approached the stroke end, and when the steel ball came to the tapered portion⑤ of the body, then the steel ball will be pushed up by ④ and expand to outside. Simultaneously, the locking piston will be pushed back by the spring, and ④ will slide into the ball retainer. Thus, the system will be locked up.



Next, when the pressure was given to the port ⑤, the locking piston will push back the spring and will go forward to the right direction. Since the steel ball is now free and can move freely in the ball retainer, the lock will be released.



Adjustment of flowing amount and condition of release agent

- ① There are 4 methods for adjustment
 - A) If open-degree of mixing atomizer is made larger, the liquid amount increases
 - B) If spray timer is set “longer”, the liquid amount increases.
 - C) If liquid pressure made “large”, the liquid amount increases.
 - D) If spray-air pressure made “small”, the liquid amount increases.
- ② Adjustment of flowing condition of spray liquid
 - A) If liquid pressure is release-agent is lowered, “foggy” condition becomes more misty.
 - B) If spray-air pressure is raised, the “foggy” condition becomes more misty.

C) If open-degree of mixing atomizer made “small”, the “foggy” condition becomes more misty.

Note 1) In this case, spray liquid amount is reduced, set the spray-timer “longer”, and refill the liquid.

Note 2) Adjustment explained above is good for casting of “thin-wall”, “small-product”, and Zn products.

③ Spreading of “spray liquid”

Spread-area is about 25mm in diameter at the point of 50mm from nozzle tip-end.

And, the most dense part of liquid is about 15mm in diameter. (in the case of “copper tube straight”).

6. Operation (Refer to chapter 9, 9-1 <Operation Panel>.)

(As to SPV-42 refer to the operation manual.)

1) Manual operation

(1) Turn on “operation power source” key switch that is on operation panel of die casting machine.

(2) Set the “Auto-manual” selection switch at the “manual”.

Caution

Under the condition that the swiveling ON-OFF switch is ON, and the rising-descending selection switch is at rising position, if the operation switch is set at “Manual” position, the spray will make a swiveling motion beyond the dies area of the die casting machine.

(3) Spray rising, descending

The spray rising and descending are controlled by the selection switch .

(4) Swiveling

If the “Swivel ON-OFF Selection switch” is set at “OFF” position, then the spray unit will swivel to the dies side of die casting machine (Spray descending position). Contrary, if it is at “ON” position, then the unit will swivel to the outside the dies (rear operation side).

(5) The air blow and the spray are controlled by the push button switch PB3 and PB1 respectively.

Caution

The spray descending will start at the die opening completion of die casting machine. The spray does not descend unless the die opening is completed.

Likewise, if the die opening is not completed, the spray will not start swiveling toward the die side.

2) Automatic operation(SPV-42)

(1) “Rise-Descend” selection switch (SSD) to be at “Rise”.

The “Manual-Auto” selection switch (CSA) of the die casting machine to be set at “Auto”.

The “Manual-Auto” selection switch (SS1) of the spray unit to be set at “Auto”. Push “Spray Start” pushbutton switch (PBSA).

(2) At the spray start signal coming from the die casting machine, the “spray start timer” TD will start , and when TD has timed up, the air blow (1) will start.

At the time-up of T1, the air blow (1) will complete, and the spray (1) (2)will start .

(3) When the spray is completed the air blow (2) will start. The time length of the air blow (2) is controlled by the timer “air blow (2) ”T3.

(4) If the air blow “rising-descending-bottom rising” switch SS3 is set at the “rising”, the air blow will start at the same time of “rising” after completion of spraying. The time length of air blow will last for the duration whichever shorter period set by the timers T4 and T3. If set at “bottom”, the air blow will start at the completion of spraying, and , when the timer T4 has timed up , the spray unit will ascend. The time of air blow will be for the duration set by the timer T4 .If set at the “bottom . rising” the spraying will complete when the air blow timer T4 has timed up, and the spray unit will ascend .The time length of the air blow will last for the duration set by the timers T4+ T3 . Namely, the “ascending . air blow” will last for the duration set by the timer T3.

3) Caution during auto operation

(1) In case if the spray unit touches the hydraulic core in the ascended area withing the dies during the die closing operation of die casting operation, then the “swivel back-swiveling” switch SS2 must be set at “swiveling” side. If the operation is kept going with the switch being at “OFF” position, then the spray unit will be damaged.

(2) If the unit swivels even though it is not in the “spray ascending limit”, or the die casting machine performs the die closing operation, then it is suspicious that something is wrong with the “ascending limit switch” LSUP. Check and replace if necessary. (“Ascending switch” is shown in Drawing No.1).

(3) Unless the “ascending . descending” selection switch SSD is at ascending position the auto operation can not be performed.

7. Check of interlock (safety) circuit

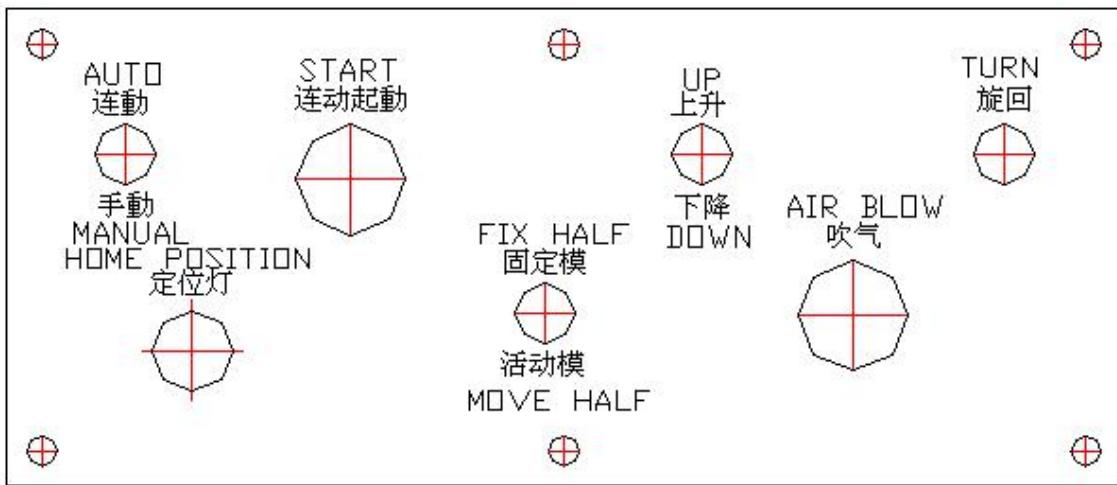
Check point for interlock (safety) circuit between the die casting machine and the auto spray unit.

- 1) First confirm by manual operation that spray does not descend under the condition that die casting machine is in the die locking condition.
Only when the die casting machine is in the die opening completion status, the spray descends. It is abnormal if the spray descends even when the die casting machine is in the die locking status.
- 2) The die casting machine is operated for die opening, and the spray is descended by hand. Under this condition, the die casting machine manual die open/close selection switch is set at “close”, and the both hands pushbutton switch is pressed down. After having done there operations, confirm that the die locking operation does not take place.
It is abnormal if the die locking movement takes place even though the spray is between the die halves. In this case, immediately release the push button switch, letting the machine stop instantly.

In order to secure the safety of operation as well as the safety of the dies and automatic spray unit, be sure to carry out the above checking.

If any abnormality found, suspend the automatic operation and contact us.

- 3) Abide by the stipulations in the “Caution when auto-operating” as stated under the item).



8. CONTROL PANEL、PARTS LIST

記號 (Mark)	品名 (Name)	形式 (Type)	メーカー (Maker)	個數 (Quantity)
PL-12	表示燈 (Display unit)	AH165-ZOH1	フヅデソキ (Fuji)	01
SS1.SSS SS4	スナップスイッチ (Snap S.W)	AJ-311200	マツッタ (Matsushita)	03
SS2.SSD	スナップスイッチ (Snap S.W)	AJ-311100	マツッタ (Matsushita)	02
PB1. PB2 PB3. PBSA	オツボタン S.W (Push-button S.W)	SB-61A(クロ) (Black)	ニッカイ (Nikkai)	04

9. Function and duty of limit switches

- 1) LSUP: This switch is “ON” when the spray rises to its upper limit.
: Unless LSUP is “ON”, the swiveling motion and the die casting machine die closing motion will not take place. The extractor does not advance either.
- 2) LSTUN0: This switch is “ON” at the swiveling end (the spray descended position).
Unless LSTUN0 is “ON” at the swiveling end, the spray does not descend.
- 3) LSTUN90: This switch is “ON” at the swiveling back (swivels toward the rear operation side).
Unless LSTUN90 is “ON” when the unit swivels back , the die casting machine does not function the die opening nor die closing.

10. Maintenance inspection

Item	Description	Time and treatment
Limit switches	ON-OFF Function is normal or not . No looseness of fitting parts?	Daily
Filter	Drain is discharged	Daily(check auto drain)
Fitting bolts	Looseness of fitting bolts of spray body	Daily
Friction part	Lubrication of grease nipple fitting part	Once a month (replenish the grease)
Air cylinder	Pins of jointing part never slide out of positions. Bolts of jointing part never get loosened. Piping hose never gets loosened. Air not leaking.	Daily
Interlocking circuit		Daily
Bolts and nuts	Not to be loosened	Once a week
Air pressure	Pressure must be 0.4MPa/c m ²	Daily

11. Troubleshooting

- 1) Spray does not go down.
 - (1) Check if the power source lamp is lit on . (Check fuse.)
(Is the die casting machine pump “ON” ?)
 - (2) Check if the die opening completed?
 - (3) Check if the extractor retract limit switch is pressed down.
Adjust if necessary.
 - (4) Check if the limit switch (LSTUN0) of spray swivel is pressed down.
 - (5) Check if the speed controller of descending speed is throttled too much.
Loosen the controller if necessary.
 - (6) Check if the coils of solenoid valve not burnt.
Replace if necessary.
- 2) Spray does not go up.
 - (1) Check if air pressure is 0.4 MPa.
 - (2) Check if the speed controller is not over-throttled.
 - (3) Check if any objects interrupting the automatic spray.
 - (4) Abnormality of solenoid valve.
Replace if necessary.
- 3) Spraying liquid not coming out.
 - (1) Is the air coming out of nozzle? (Check the air piping of solenoid valve.)
 - (2) Isn’t the delivery throttle valve of nozzle tightened up too much?
Open if necessary.
 - (3) Isn’t the setting time of spraying too short?
Adjust the spraying time.
 - (4) Isn’t the hose of release agent pipe broken?
Replace if necessary.
 - (5) Isn’t the release agent tank empty?
Refill if necessary.
 - (6) Isn’t the spray nozzle clogged?
Clean if necessary.
- 4) The unit does not swivel.
 - (1) Is the swivel ON-OFF selector switch “ON”?
 - (2) Is the air pressure normal? 0.4MPa
 - (3) Isn’t the speed controller throttled too tight?
Loosen if necessary.
 - (4) Is LSUP limit switch press down?
Adjust if necessary.

12. List of Accessory

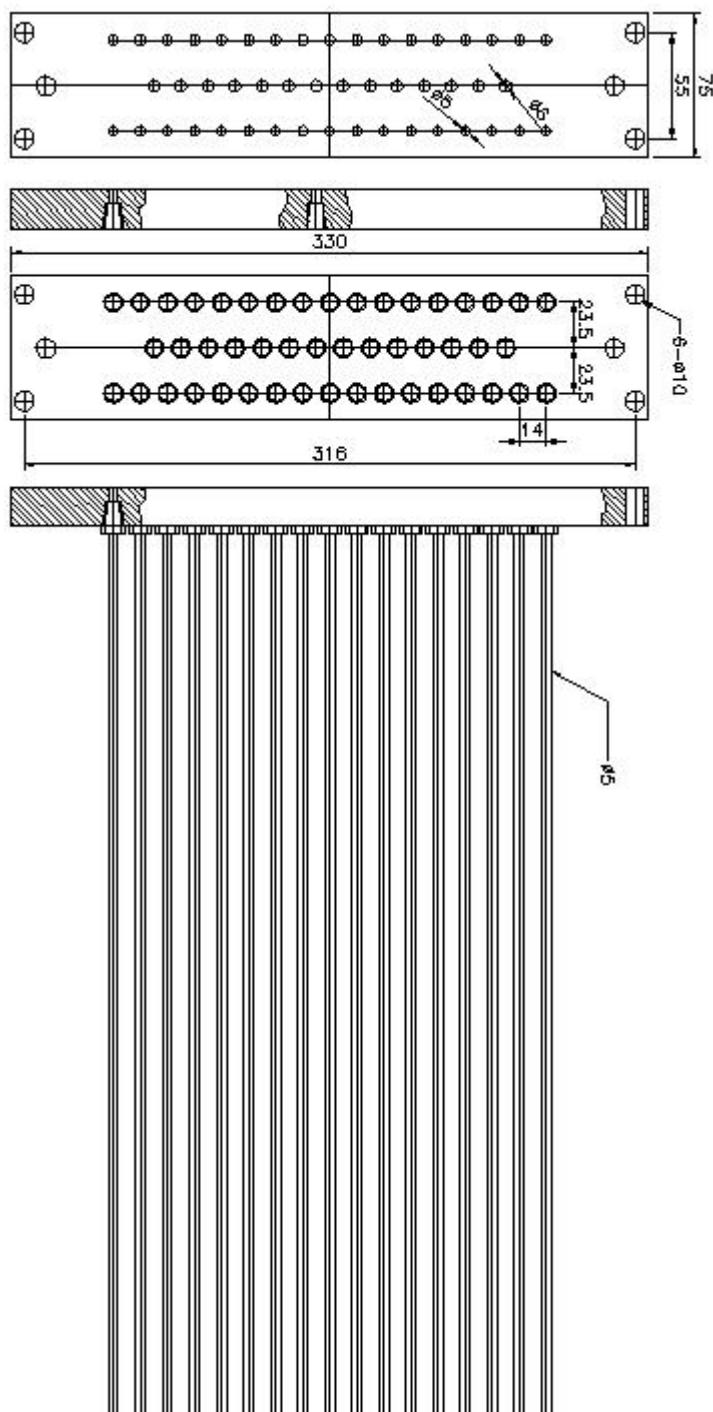
	Name	Type Dimension	Q'TY	Remark
01	Air filter	F8000-25-F	01	Air piping
02	Air hose	25(1)×3M	01	
03	Wire clamp	Φ36	02	
04	Hose connection	C-type 1"	01	
05	Air hose	12(1/2")×6M	01	Piping
06	Wire clamp	Φ28	02	
07	Hose connection	C-type 1/2"	01	
08	Hexagonal head bolt	M12×40	04	Installation
09	Spring washer	M12	04	

13. Main Purchase Parts

	Name	Type Dimension	Maker	Remark
01	Shock absorber	AM10-25U	ASIC0	Swiveling
※ 0 2 P	V cylinder with end lock	CA1BN63-L5348-600[750]	S M C	Up/down
0 2 C	V cylinder with end lock	CA1BN63-L5347-600[750]	S M C	Up/down
※ 0 3 P	Air cylinder	CDVP1DN40[50]-01-66983[68147]	S M C	Swiveling
0 3 C	Air cylinder	CDVP1DN40[50]-01-47751[47752]	S M C	Swiveling
※ 0 4 P	Solenoid valve	VXZ2230-03-5DZ	S M C	High-speed down-speed
0 4 C	Solenoid valve	VXZ2230-03-1DZ	S M C	High-speed down-speed
※ 0 5 P	Solenoid valve	VF3130-5GS-01	S M C	For atomizer changing
0 5 C	Solenoid valve	VF3130-1GS-01	S M C	For atomizer changing
※ 0 6 P	Solenoid valve	VXD2140-04-5GS	S M C	Air blow
0 6 C	Solenoid valve	VXD2140-04-1GS	S M C	Air blow
※ 0 7 P	Solenoid valve	VXD2150-06-5GS	S M C	Spray air
0 7 C	Solenoid valve	VXD2150-06-1GS	S M C	Spray air
0 8	Mixing atomizer	GRSH-40	HANAN0	
0 9	Air filter	F8000-25-F	C K D	Air
1 0	Y-type strainer	SY-6-25A(50mesh)	YOSHITAKE	Liquid
1 1	Air regulator	AR3000-03	S M C	CYL circuit

1 2	Air regulator	2303-6C	C K D	Spray air Air blow
1 3	Limit switch	WLCA2	OMRON	Upper limit LSU
1 4	Auto switch	D-A-59	S M C	Swiveling end LSF
1 5	Auto switch	D-A-59	S M C	Swiveling end LSR
1 6	Pressure gauge	G36-10-01	S M C	CYL circuit
1 7	Pressure gauge	G59D-8 PK10	C K D	Spray air, Air blow
※ 1 8 P	Solenoid valve	VF5220-5GS-03-X10	S M C	Up/Down
1 8 C	Solenoid valve	VF5220-1G-03-X10	S M C	Up/Down
※ 1 9 P	Solenoid valve	VP4224A-025GS-X52	S M C	Swiveling
1 9 C	Solenoid valve	VP4224A-021G-X52	S M C	Swiveling

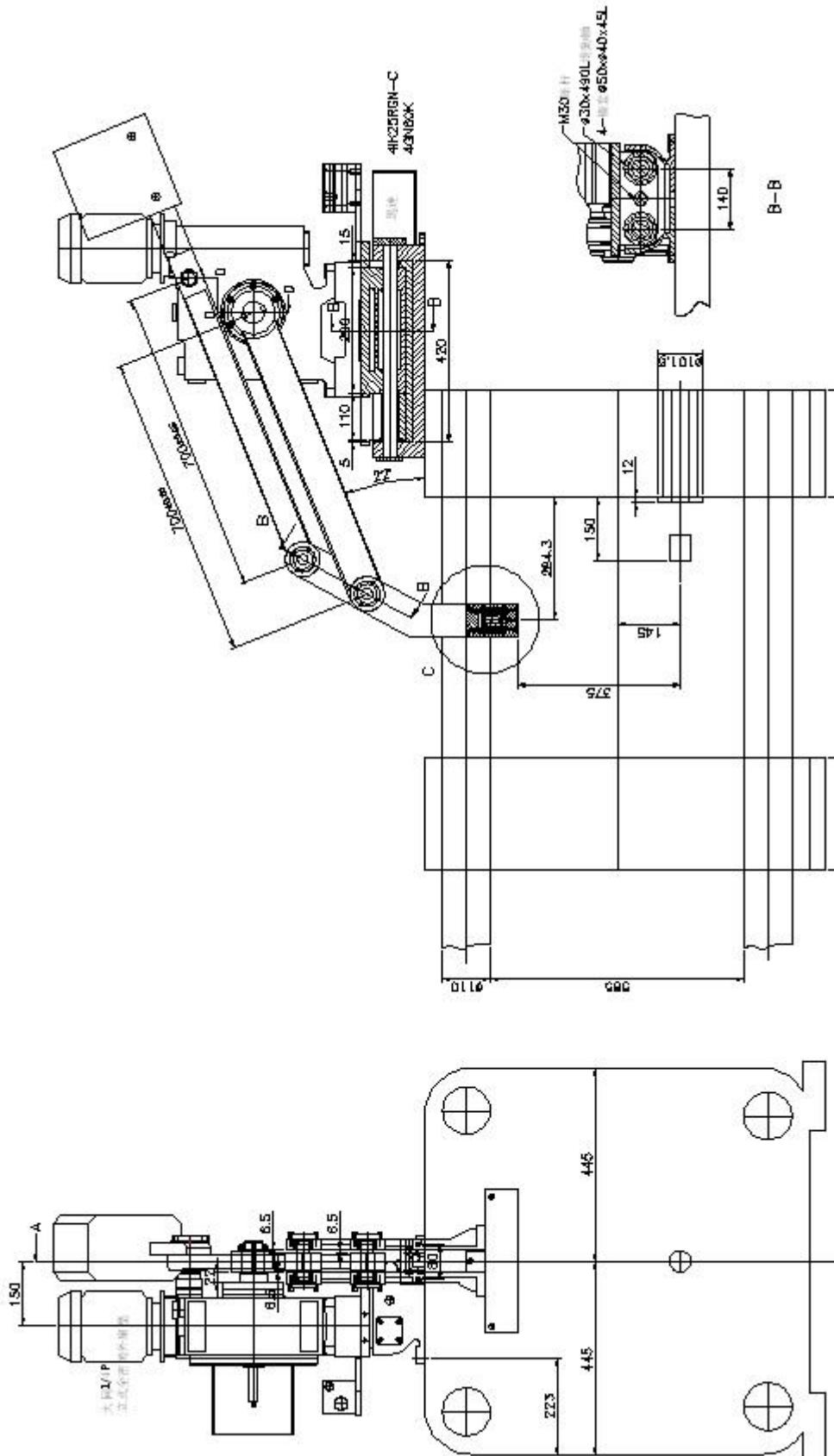
銅管， 噴霧頭



(Mixing atomizer) :GRSH-40 ($\times 4$)

銅管 (Spray nozzle) : 48 根(pieces)

SPV 噴霧機



Spray Press Adj

Spray Sol

Blow Sol

Auto Spray



印度420油壓伺服-給湯+噴霧伺服 I/O Table

I/O	English Code	中文說明	I/O	English Code	中文說明	I/O	English Code	中文說明
X0	SIN A	Injection Encord phase A	A相	擴充組 #1/16EX			Y36	PCF1 Cup Speed 1 料勺1速
X1	SIN B	Injection Encord phase B	B相	X100			Y37	PCF2 Cup Speed 2 料勺2速
X2	CUP SIN A	Cup Encord phase A	給湯機湯量	X101 SP ALM	SP Servo Alarm 噴霧機伺服異常	Y40	S' DO Die Open Valve 開模閥	
X3	SP SIG Z	Auto spray phase Z	噴霧Z相	X102 SP Home	SP Sart Home search 噴霧機回原點	Y41	S' DC Die Close Valve 關模閥	
X4	EX SIN Z	Auto Ex phase Z	Z相(取出)	X103 PB SP STRT	SP START 噴霧機啟動	Y42	S' DCHS Die Close Fast 關模高速閥	
X5	EX DOG	Auto Ex DOG Position	取出原點	X104 SP A/M	SP Auto mode 噴霧機自/手動	Y43	TOGLUB Lubrication pump 曲手潤滑	
X6	SW ER	Swf Ejection RET	押退	X105 SW RISE	SW SP UP 噴霧機上升	Y44	MRS Motor Connector 馬達啟動	
X7	SW CIF	SW Core 1 Insert	中子1入	X106 SW DOWN	SW SP DOWN 噴霧機下降	Y45	S' DSF Die Slow Valve 型開減速閥	
X10	SW CIR	SW Core 1 out	中子1出	X107 PB SPR Fix	Fix half spray 固定模噴霧	Y46	BREAK AL electric Brake 給湯機離合器	
X11	PB TOG1	Die close start no.1	曲手啟動1	X110 PB BLO	Air Blow 吹氣	Y47	SP M NO.1 Auto spray Movinghalf spray no.1 活動模噴霧閥1	
X12	PB INJ	Inj start	射出啟動	X111 LS UP	SP UP limit SW 上升限	Y50	SP M NO.2 Auto spray Movinghalf spray no.2 活動模噴霧閥2	
X13	INCHF	Decrease Die-height Fine Adjust	寸進	X112 LS DOWN	SP Down Limit SW 下降限	Y51	SP M NO.3 Auto spray Movinghalf spray no.3 活動模噴霧閥3	
X14	LSCIF	L.S Core 1 Insert	中子1入限	X113 LS SP DOG	SP Dog Postition 噴霧機近點信號	Y52		
X15	LSCIR	L.S Core 1 Ret	中子1出限	X114		Y53	S' BLO Air Blow Valve 吹氣閥	
X16	LSO	L.S Die-open	型開限	X115 PB SPR MOV	Moving half spray 活動模噴霧	Y54	S' SPR SP. Spray air valve 噴霧氣閥	
X17	LSOS	L.S Die open slow	型開減速	X116 LS EX FWD	Ex FWD Limit 取出前進限	Y55	SP F NO.1 Auto Spray Fix halfspray NO.1 固定模噴霧閥1	
X20	LS CS	L.S Die close slow	型閉減速	X117 EX ALARM	Ex Servo Alarm 取出伺服異常	Y56	L' ALST AL START indicator 給湯機啟動燈	
X21	PB TOG2	Die-close start No.2	曲手啟動2	擴充組 #2/16EX			Y57	L SP HOME indicator 噴霧機原點燈
X22	LSEB	LS Ejection RET	押退限	X120 LS EXR	Ex RET limit 取出後退限	Y60	LS' SPR OK SP ALL Home indicator 噴霧機定位燈	
X23	LSEF	LS Ejection FWD	押出限	X121 EX SW CHUCK	SW chuck close 夾爪	Y61		
X24	LSIB	LS Injection Home	射退限	X122 EX SW ROTE	SW chuck Rotate 轉爪	Y62	SP START SP Start indicator 噴霧機啟動燈	
X25	SW DC	SW Die close	關模	X123 EX START	Ex Auto start 取出機啟動	Y63	L' LOCK Die Lock indicator 型閉確定燈	
X26	SW EF	SW Eje FWD	押出	X124 EX HOME	Ex start Home search 取出返回原點	Y64		
X27	LSC	LS Die close	型閉限	X125		Y65	SP F NO.2 Auto Spray Fix halfspray NO.2 固定模噴霧閥2	
X30	PB STOP	m/c STOP	緊急停止	X126 EX SW AUTO	Ex Auto mode 取出手自動	Y66	SP F NO.3 Auto Spray Fix halfspray NO.3 固定模噴霧閥3	
X31	P' UP	Acc Pressure limit	壓力上限	X127 SW EX'F	Ex Arm FWD 取出前進	Y67	HOME Ex Home indicator 取出機原點燈	
X32				X130 SW EX'R	Ex Arm RET 取出後退	Y70	EX CLR Ex servo motor clear 取出CLR	
X33	INCHR	Increase Die-height Fine adjust	寸進	X131 EX SW MOVE	SW Ex Move 手動橫移	Y71		
X34	SW ADJF	SW DEC Die-height adjust	調模進	X132		Y72	EX START EX START Indicator 取出機啟動燈	
X35	SW ADJR	SW INC Die-height adjust	調模退	X133 EX LS MOVF	LS Move Fwd 橫移進限	Y73	L' EX OK Ex Home Indicator 取出機定位燈	
X36	PB PUMP	Pump START	幫浦啟動	X134 EX LS MOVR	LS Move RET 橫移退限	Y74	EX MOVE EX Move Valve 閥	
X37	LSSD	AL Safety gate	給湯機安全門	X135 EX LS ROTE	LS Rotate 轉爪限	Y75		
X40	SWL' AUTO	AL Auto	給湯機自/手動	X136 EX LSS1	LS Product 1 成品檢出1	Y76	EX CHOCK Chuck Valve 夾爪電磁閥	
X41	PBL' STRT	AL start	給湯機啟動	X137 EX LSS2	LS Product 2 成品檢出2	Y77	EX ROTE Rotate Valve 轉爪電磁閥	
X42	SW M/C AUTO	m/c Auto mode	手/自動	Y0 PLUSE EX	Ex servo motor pluse 取出脈波	擴充組 #3/8EY		
X43	SW DO	SW Die open	開模	Y1 Pulse SP	SP servo motor pulse 噴霧脈波	Y100	M1 INC Intensify Increase 增壓閥增	
X44	SW FW	SW AL FWD	前進給湯機	Y2		Y101	M1 DEC Intensify Decrease 增壓閥減	
X45	SW REV	SW AL Return	後退給湯機	Y3		Y102	M2 INC Ind phase Increase 快射閥增	
X46	SW PR	SW Scoping	汲湯給湯機	Y4 Signal EX	EX servo Signal 取出伺服方向	Y103	M2 DEC Ind phase Decrease 快射閥減	
X47	SW PF	SW Pouring	注湯給湯機	Y5 Signal SP	SP servo Signal 噴霧伺服方向	Y104		
X50	RB	Electrode wire Broken	斷線給湯機	Y6 S' CIR	Core 1 out Valve 中子出	Y105		
X51	LSR	LS AL Furance Low Limit	手臂後退限	Y7 S/ADIF	Decrease 調模進	Y106		
X52	LSRF	LS AL Return slow	手臂後退減速	Y10 S'EJE	Ejection FWD 押出閥	Y107		
X53	LSW	LS AL Waiting Position	手臂後退待機位置	Y11 S' INJF	Inj FWD Valve 射進閥	模組1 /4DA		
X54	LSFF	LS AL Fwd slow	手臂前進減速	Y12 S' INJR	Inj RET Valve 射退閥	CH1(P)	917PF2 Pressure Signal 壓力	
X55	LSF	LS AL Fwd limit	手臂前進限	Y13 S' SHOT	Fast shot Valve 快射閥	CH2(F)	917PF1 Flow Signal 流量	
X56	LSF2	LS AL forward Limit	手臂前進安全限	Y14 S' EJR	Ejection R Valve 押退閥	CH3(Z6)	Inj Valve Injection speed Proper tional Valve 慢進比例閥	
X57				Y15 S' CIF	Core 1 IN Valve 中子入	CH4(69)		
X60	LSPF	LS AL Pouring Limit	湯杓注湯限	Y16		模組2 /4AD		
X61	LSPH	LS AL Home position	湯杓水平限	Y17		CH1(78)	PACC1 ACC1 Pressure ACC1壓力	
X62	FLS1	Level Switch NO.1	液面檢出1	Y20 BZ	Alarm Buzzer 警報器	CH2(79)	Pinj Injection Pressure 射出壓力	
X63	INVOVL	AL Driver Alarm	變頻器異常	Y21 S' ADJR	Increase 調極退	CH3(80)	PACC2 ACC2 Pressure ACC2壓力	
X64	LSPFF	Pouring Limit	注湯安全限	Y22 S' TIPLUB	Sleeve oil dipping 料管潤滑	CH4(81)		
X65	FLS2	Level Safety NO.2	探針安全限	Y23 SP CLR	SP Servo motor clear 噴霧CLR	模組3 /2AD		
X66	SV RDY	servo driver ready	控制器準備完成	Y24 S' AIRBLO	Sleeve Air Blow 料管吹氣	CH1(82)	Vshot Shot phase Valve 快射閻開度	
X67	Motor O.L.	Main Motor overload	馬達過載	Y25 S' BOOST	Intensify Valve 增壓閥	CH2(83)	Vinten Intensify Valve 增壓閥開度	
X70	Oil Level	Tank Oil Level Low Level	油量低限	Y26 S' ACC2	ACC2 charge Valve ACC2充填			
X71	Temp oil	oil Temperature SW	油溫檢測	Y27 ACC1	Acc1 charge Valve ACC1蓄壓器填充閥			
X72	Temp Pump	Pump Temperature SW	泵浦溫度檢測	Y30 MCLF	AL Arm FWD 手臂前進限			
X73	SW INJF	SW Injection Fwd	射進	Y31 MCLR	AL Arm RET 手臂後退限			
X74	SW INJR	SW Injection Ret	射退	Y32 LC1F	AL Arm Speed 1 手臂1速			
X75	LS GREAS LOW	Level	曲手潤滑低限	Y33 LC2F	AL Arm Speed 2 手臂2速			
X76				Y34 MCPF	Cup Pouring 注湯			
X77	LSSD	LS Safety door	安全門機台	Y35 MCPR	Cup Scooping 泡湯			

印度 420油壓伺服 本機+給湯機+噴霧機伺服外線表(一)

取出機外線表20C

線號	名稱	I/O
1	橫移進閥	Y74A
2	夾爪閥	Y76A
3	轉爪閥	Y77A
4	取出機原點	X5
5	取出機前進限	X116
6	取出機前後退限	X120
7	橫移進限	X133
8	橫移退限	X134
9	轉爪限	X135
10	成品檢出1	X136
11	成品檢出2	X137
12	電源供應器	0V
13	電源供應器	24VD
線料:0.75*15C-20C		
線長:		
普線浪管尺寸:		
馬達浪管尺寸:		
浪管長度:5.2米		

中子外線表

線號	名稱	I/O
1	押出閥	Y10A
2	押退閥	Y14A
3	中子入閥	Y15A
4	中子出閥	Y6A
5	開模閥	Y40A
6	關模閥	Y41A
7	關模高速閥	Y42A
8	曲手潤滑	Y43A
9	型開減速閥	Y45A
10	中子1入限	X14
11	中子1出限	X15
12	型開限	X16
13	型開減速	X17
14	型畢減速	X20
15	押退限	X22
16	押出限	X23
17	型閉限	X27
18	打油機P.S	X76
19	電源供應器	0V
20	電源供應器	24VD
21	AC220V	12
22	AC220V	13
23	曲手潤滑低限	X75
24	ACC2充填	Y26A
25	油量低限	X70
線料:0.75*30C		
線長:		
浪管尺寸:		
浪管長度:2.8米		

操作箱外線表

線號	名稱	I/O
1	射出指示燈	Y11
2	警報指示燈	Y20
3	型閉中	Y41
4	馬達起動燈	Y44
5	吹氣指示燈	Y53
6	給湯機起動燈	Y56
7	噴霧定位燈	Y60
8	噴霧起動燈	Y62
9	型閉確定燈	Y63
10	取出原點燈	Y67
11	取出器啟動燈	Y72
12	取出定位燈	Y73
13	押退	X6
14	中子入	X7
15	中子出	X10
16	曲手起動1	X11
17	射出起動	X12
18	取手起動2	X21
19	關模	X25
20	押出	X26
21	緊急停止	X30
22	調模進	X34
23	調模退	X35
24	馬達起動燈	X36
25	給湯機安全門	X37
26	給湯機手自動	X40
27	給湯機起動	X41
28	手自動SW	X42
29	開模SW	X43
30	手臂前進	X44
31	手臂後退	X45
32	汲湯	X46
33	注湯	X47
34	射進SW	X73
35	射退SW	X74
36	噴霧機回原點	X102
37	噴霧起動	X103
38	噴霧手自動	X104
39	噴霧上升	X105
40	噴霧下降	X106
41	噴霧固定模	X107
42	吹氣	X110
43	噴霧活動模	X115
44	取出夾爪	X121
45	取出轉爪	X122
46	取出啟動	X123
47	取出回原點	X124
48	取出手自動	X126
49	取出手臂前進	X127
50	取出手臂後退	X130
51	取出手動橫移	X131
52	噴霧右移	38
53	噴霧左移	39
54	AC220V	12
55	電源供應器	0V
56	電源供應器	24VD
57	電源	5
58	電源	5A
59	料管潤滑	Y22
60	料管吹氣	Y24
61	噴霧機原點燈	Y57
線料:0.75*50C+0.75*10C		
線長:		
浪管尺寸:		
浪管長度:4.5米		

印度 420油壓伺服 本機+給湯機+噴霧機伺服外線表(二)

射出外線表20C

線號	名稱	I/O
1	射進閥	Y11A
2	射退閥	Y12A
3	快射閥	Y13A
4	料管潤滑	Y22A
5	料管吹氣	Y24A
6	增壓閥	Y25A
7	蓄壓器填充	Y27A
9	射退限	X24
10	壓力上限	X31
11	電源供應器	0V
12	電源供應器	24VD
13	AC220V	13
14	增壓閥 增	Y100A
15	增壓閥 減	Y101A
16	增壓閥馬達剎車	228
17	快射閥 增	Y102A
18	快射閥 減	Y103A
19	快射閥馬達剎車	229

隔離線(不經過端子)4C

白	A相(白)	X0
綠	B相(綠)	X1
紅	PLC(紅)	24VD
黑	PLC(粗藍)	0V

隔離線(不經過端子)10C

LVDT	B14
LVDT	Z22
LVDT	B16
線圈	Z26
線圈	Z28
壓力感應器ACC1	78
壓力感應射出	79
壓力感應ACC2	80
增壓閥開度電位計	83
快射閥開度電位計	82
	+10V
	0V

線料:0.75*20C

隔離線:0.5*4C

隔離線:0.5*10C

普線長:

隔離線長:

浪管尺寸:

浪管長度:6米

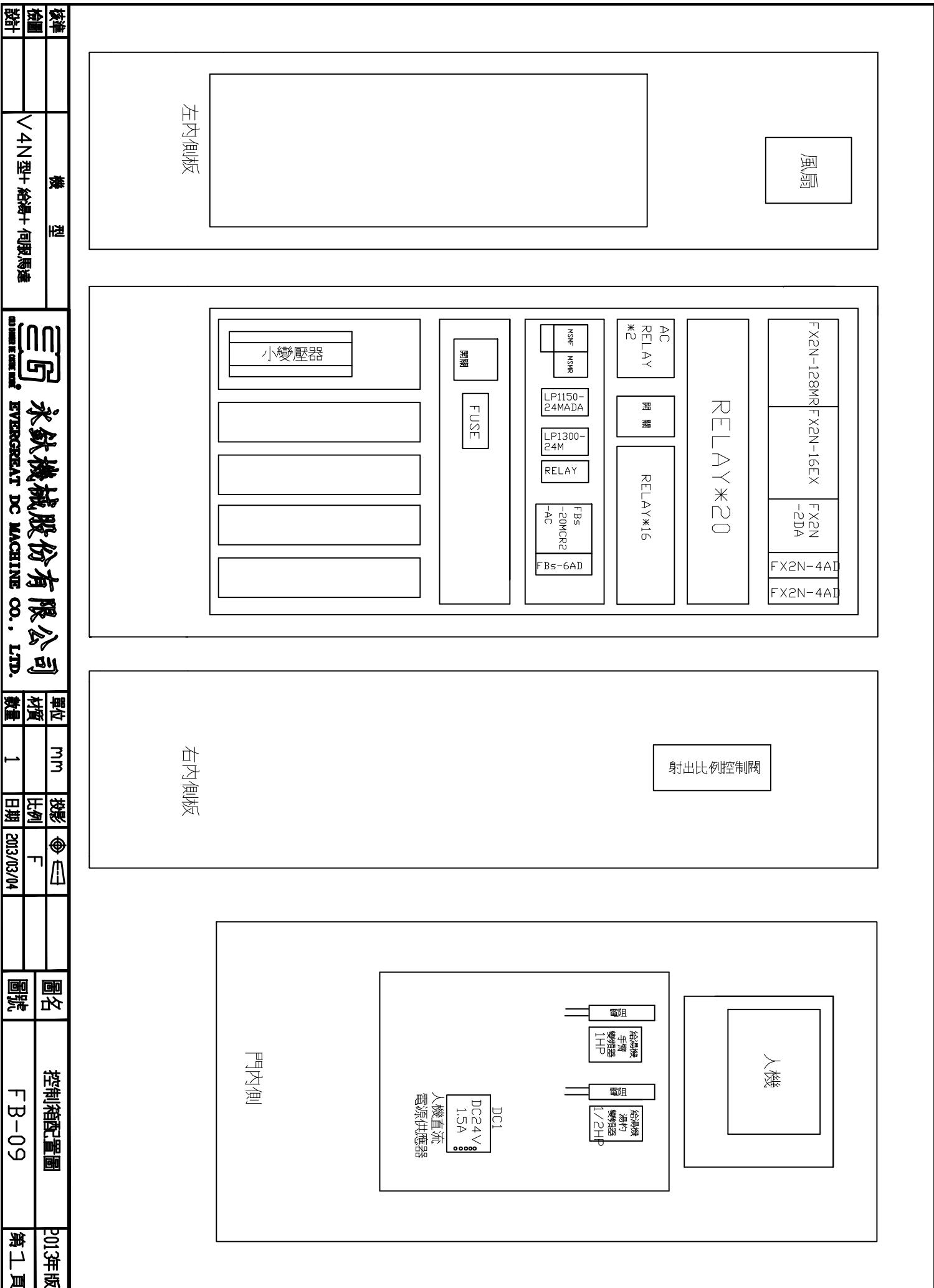
20	調模進	Y7A
21	調模進	Y7B
22	調模退	Y21A
23	調模退	Y21B
24	安全門	X77
25	安全門	0V
26	油溫檢測	X71
27	油溫檢測	0V
28	泵浦溫度檢測	X72
29	泵浦溫度檢測	0V

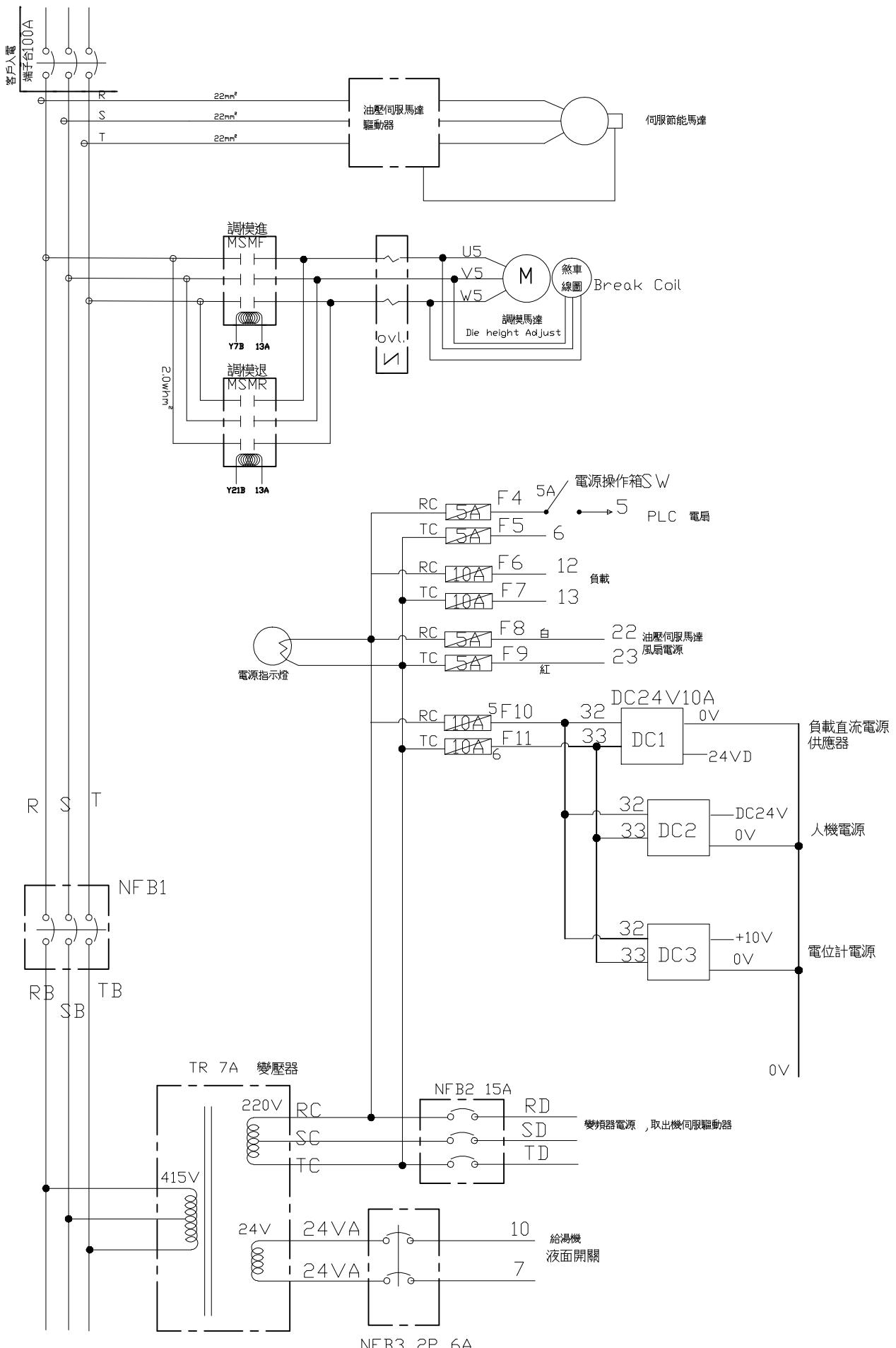
給湯機外線表20(芯)C

線號	名稱	I/O
1	後退限	X51
2	後退減速限	X52
3	後退待機位子	X53
4	前進減速	X54
5	前進限	X55
6	前進安全限	X56
7	注湯限	X60
8	水平限	X61
9	汲湯安全限	X64
10	探針線	8
11	探針線	9
12	探針線	10
13	探針線	11
14	電源供應器	0V
隔離線(不經過端子)0V		
紅	PLC	24VD
黑	PLC	0V
綠	湯量調整	X2
手臂馬達1.25*5(芯)C		
紅(1)		U1
白(2)		V1
黑(3)		W1
黃(4)		Y46A
橘(5)		13
湯勺馬達0.75*3C		
藍(6)		U2
灰(7)		V2
棕(8)		W2
線料:0.75*20C		
隔離線:0.5*4C		
馬達線:手臂1.25mm/勺0.75mm		
普+隔離線長:		
馬達線長:		
浪管尺寸:		
浪管長度:0.75米*2		

噴霧機外線表20C

線號	名稱	I/O
1	活動模噴霧閥1	Y47A
2	活動模噴霧閥2	Y50A
3	活動模噴霧閥3	Y51A
4	吹氣閥	Y53A
5	噴霧氣閥	Y54A
6	固定模噴霧閥	Y55A
7	固定模噴霧閥2	Y65A
8	固定模噴霧閥3	Y66A
9	上升限	X111
10	下降限	X112
11	近點信號	X113
12	右移電源	38
13	左移電源	39
14	電源供應器	0V
15	AC220V	13
線料:0.75*20C		
馬達線:1.25*5C		
線長:		
普線浪管尺寸:		
馬達浪管尺寸:		
浪管長度:8米*2		





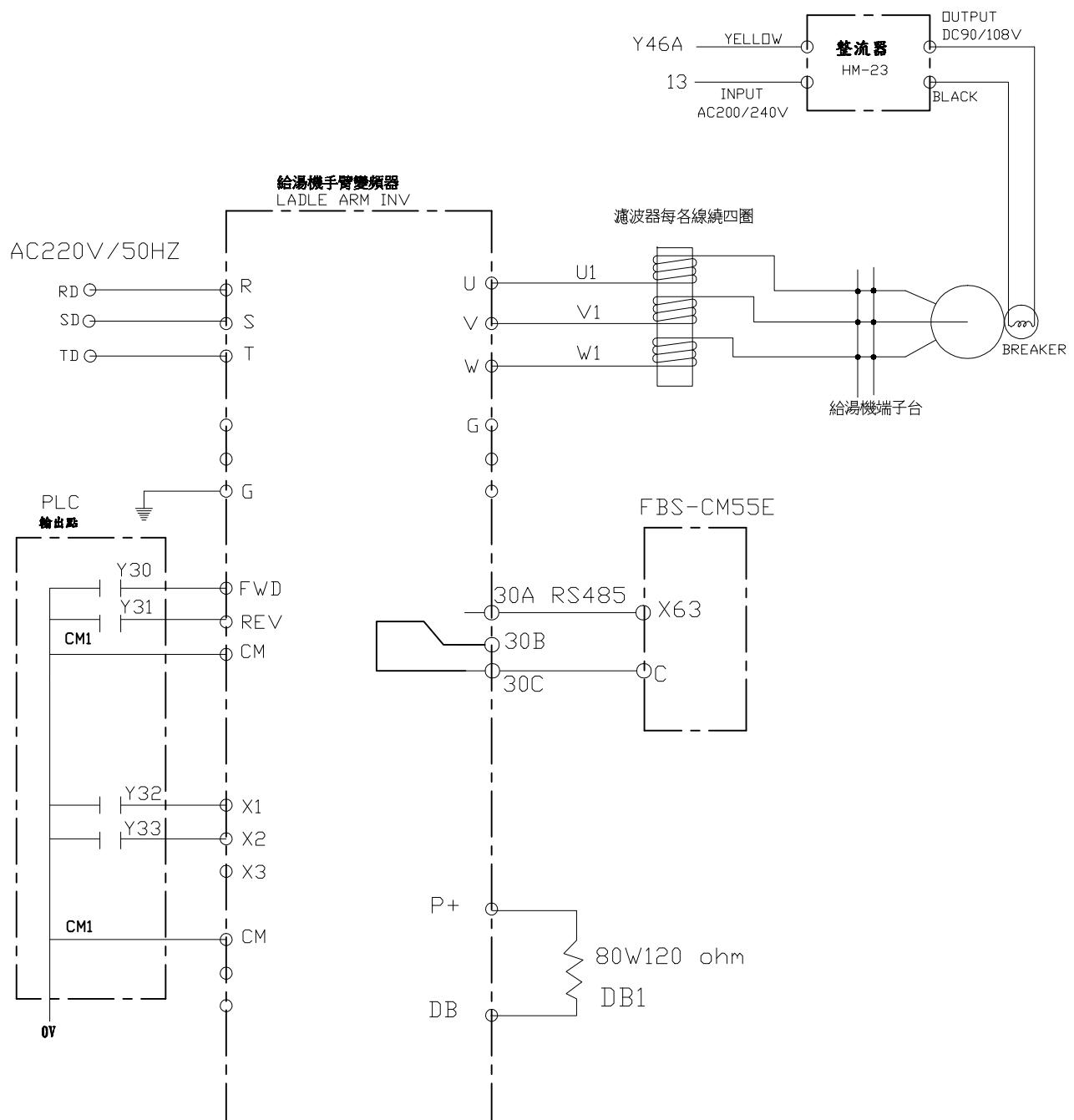
標準	機型	機型	緩衝啓動電源配線圖	2013年版
檢圖	V4N型+給湯+伺服馬達		圖號	第1頁
設計			FB-03	FB-03

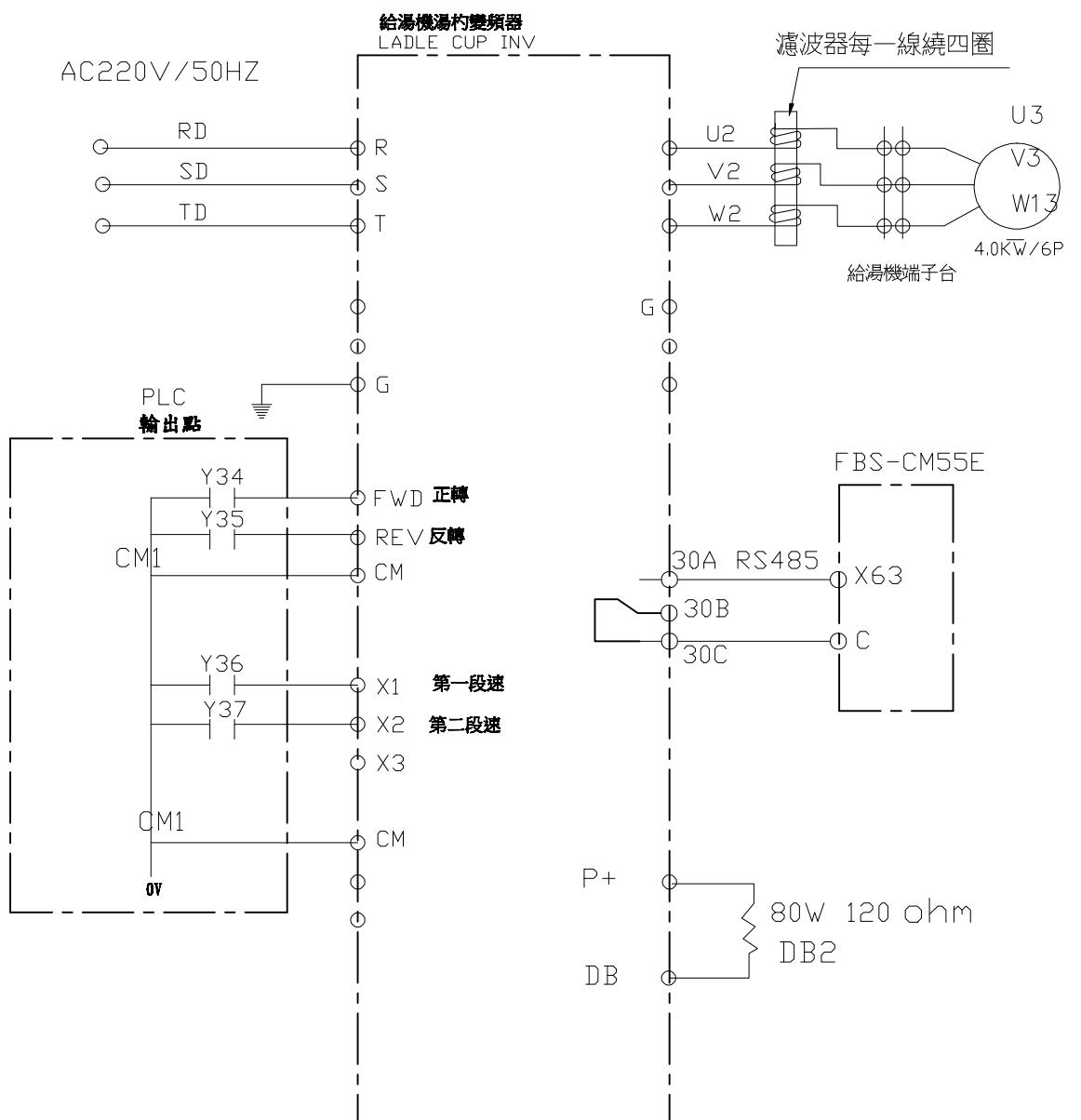
三碩 永銳機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



標準		機型	給湯機變頻器	2013年版
檢圖	V4N型+給湯+伺服馬達	圖名	FB-01	第1頁
設計		圖號		

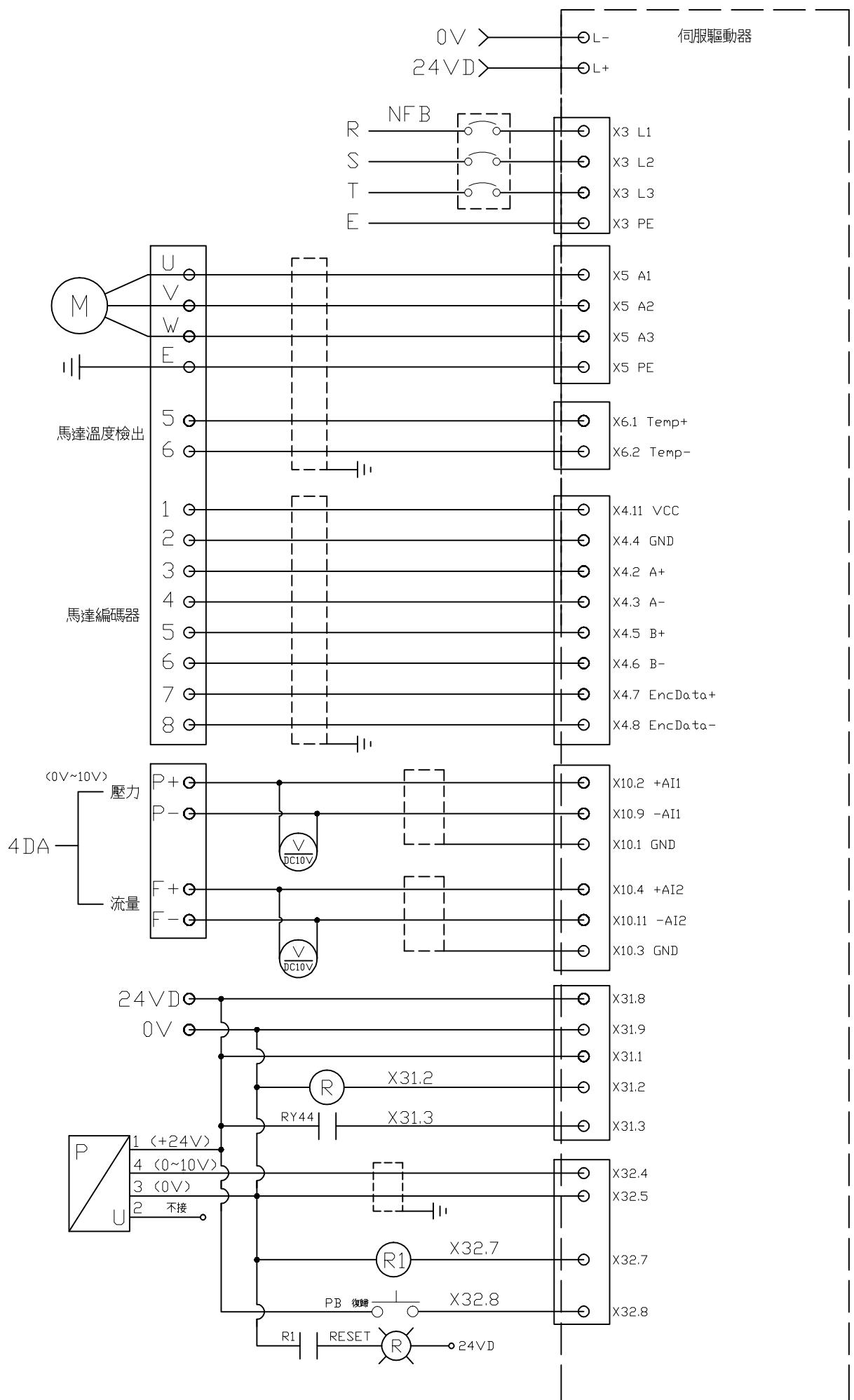
三工 永銳機械股份有限公司 EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.





核准	機型	M/C+AL	2013年版
檢圖	V4N型+給湯+伺服馬達	FB-02	第1頁
設計			

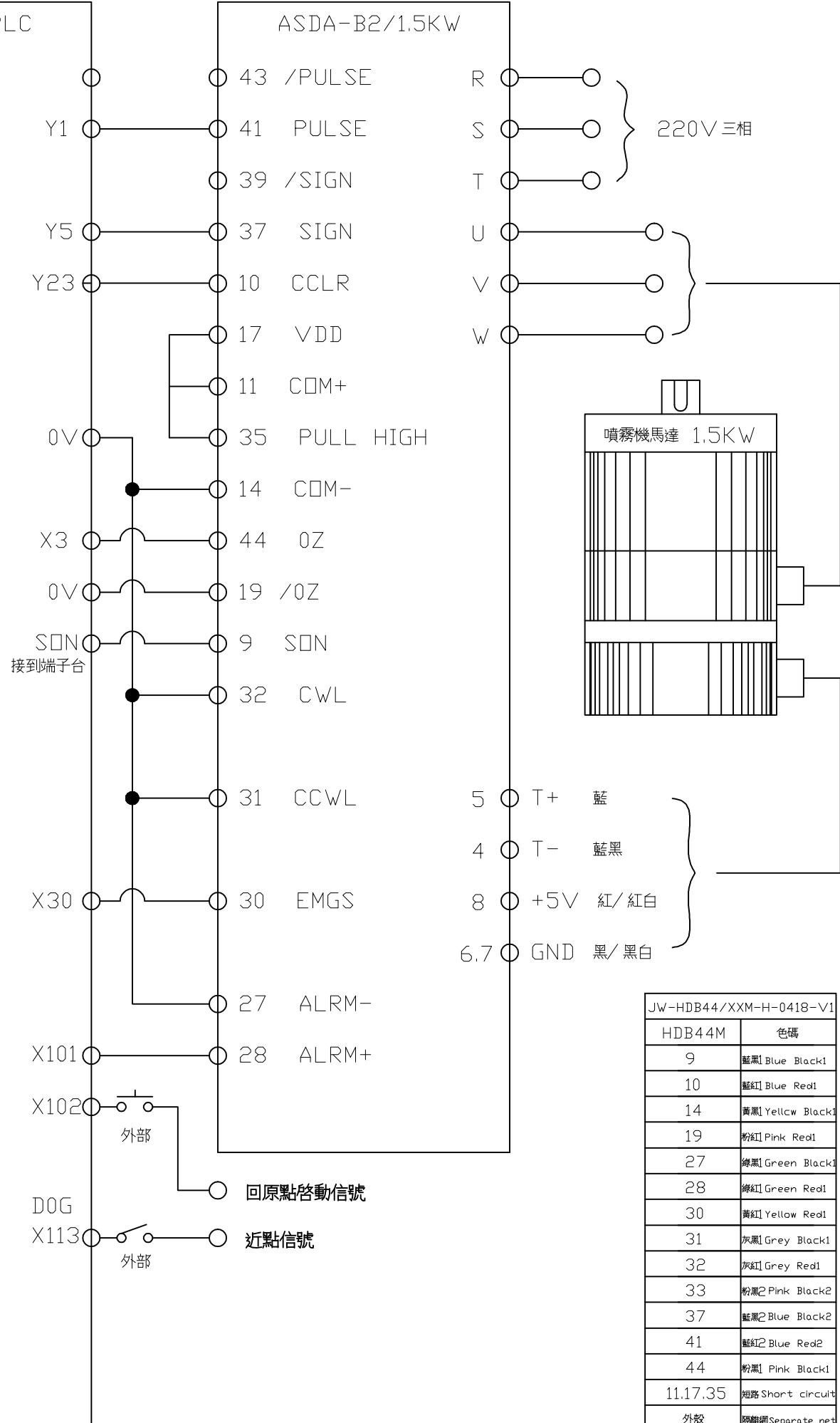
三國 水鉆機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



機型	機型	機型	機型	機型	機型	機型	機型	機型	機型
V4N型+	給湯+	伺服馬達							
總計									
標準									

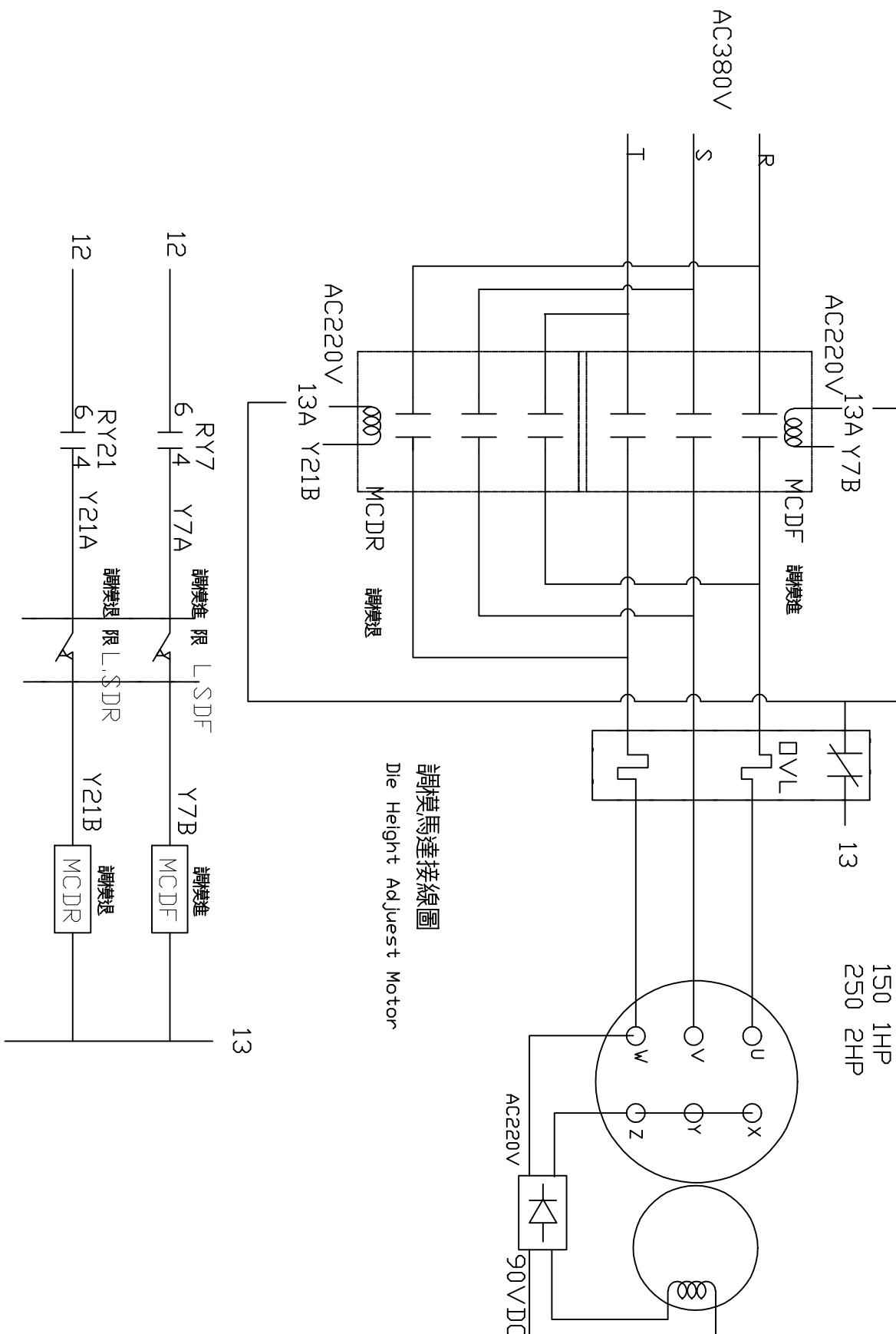
永銳機械股份有限公司 EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.

2013年版 第1頁



標準	檢測	設計
GB/T 17779-2008	噴霧機司服與馬達接線圖	2013年版
GB/T 17779-2008	噴霧機司服與馬達接線圖	FB-16
GB/T 17779-2008	噴霧機司服與馬達接線圖	第1頁

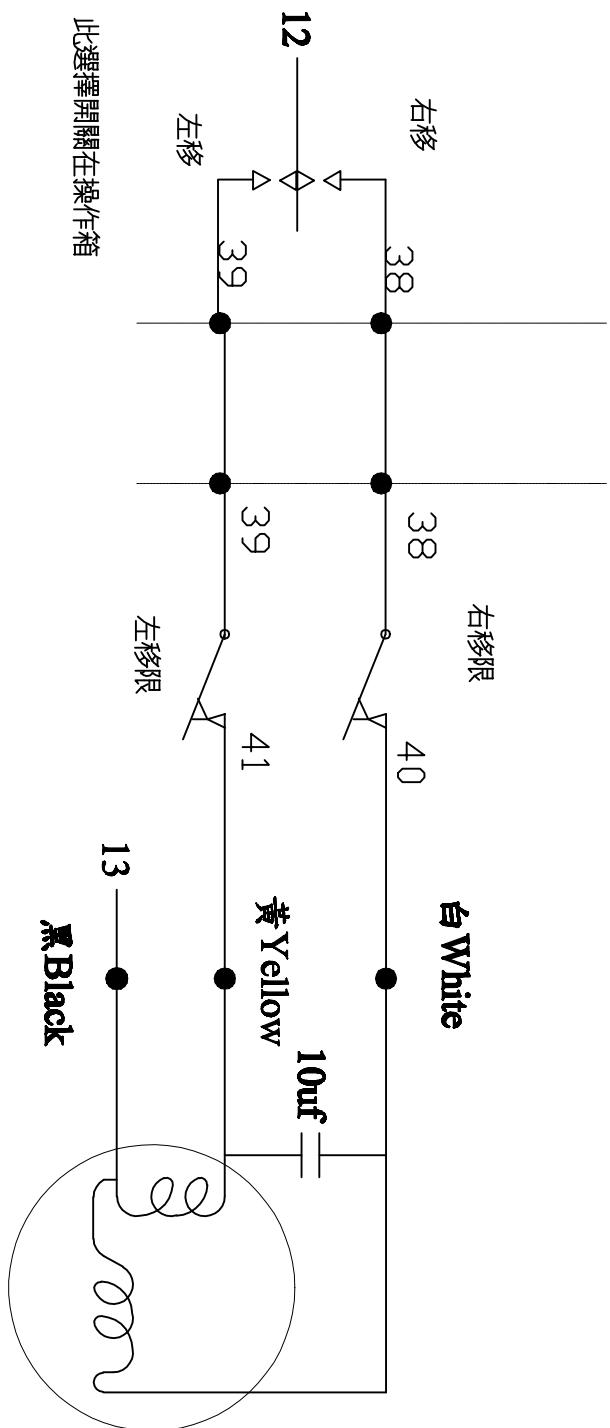
永銳機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



標準	機型	三國 永大機械股份有限公司		單位	mm	規格	◎	圖名	調模馬達配線圖	2013年版
檢測	試驗	V4N型+給湯+伺服馬達		材質	F	比例	F	圖號	FB-08	第1頁

噴霧機座台馬達接線圖
(Auto Spray Table adjust Motor)

噴霧機端子台



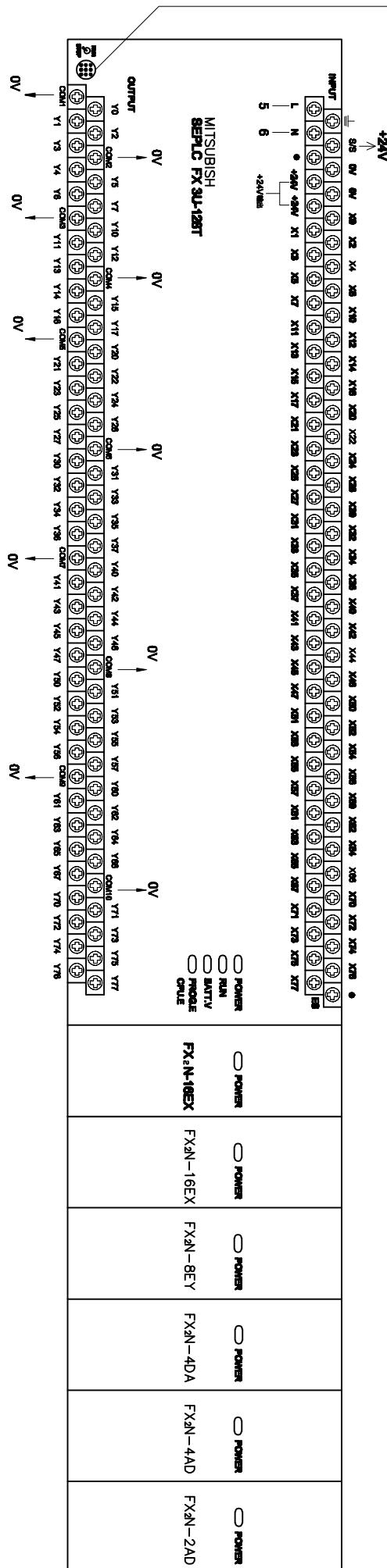
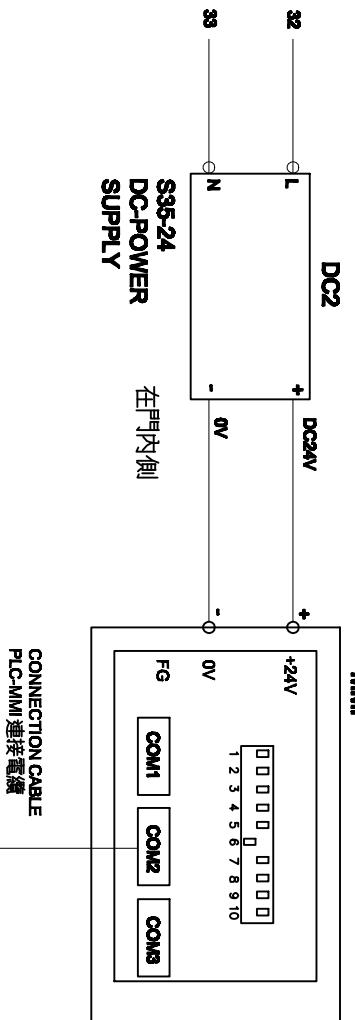
馬達(MOTOR)
型號 : 4RK25A-C2+4GK60K

M/C+AL+SP

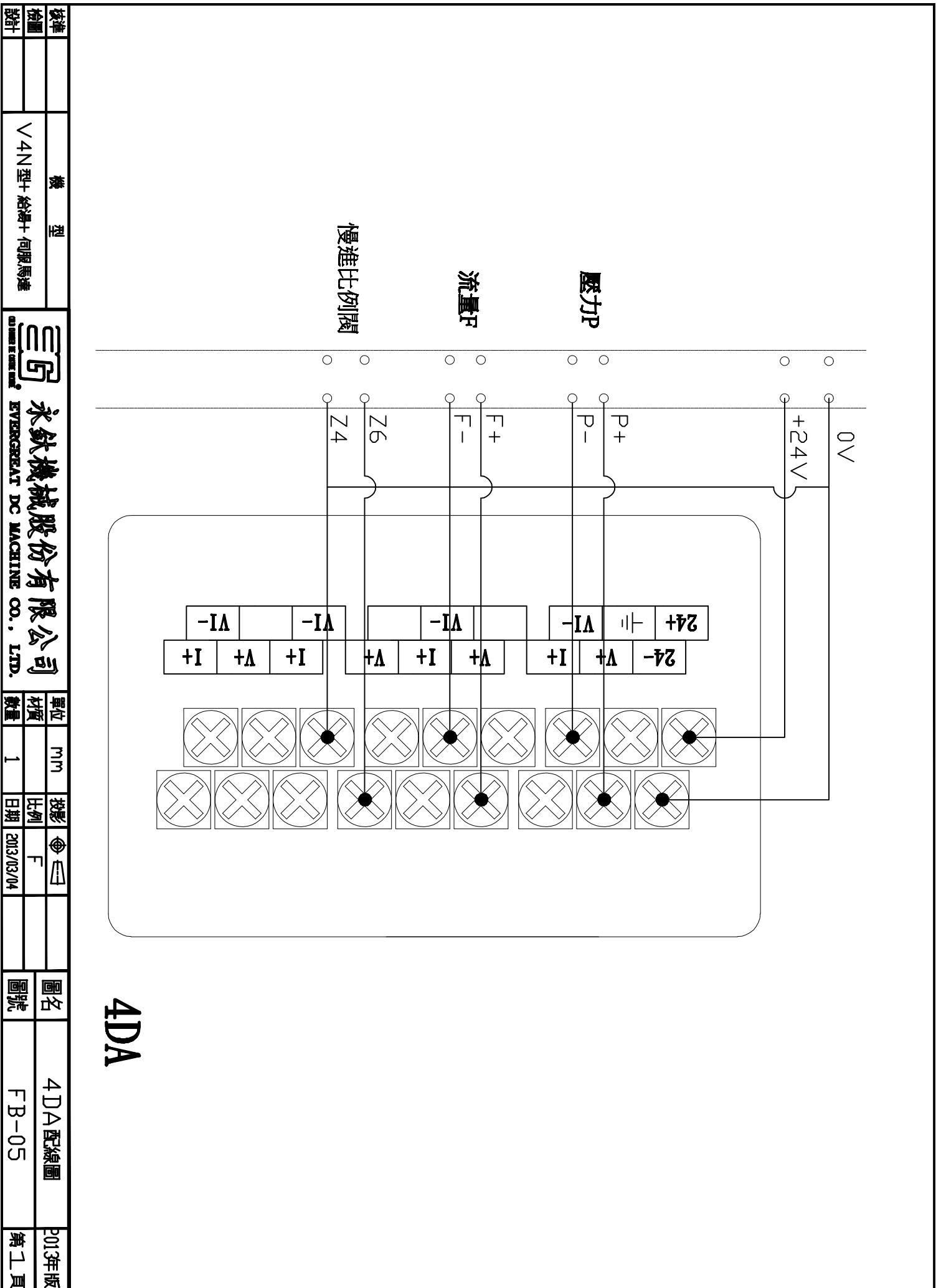
標準	機型	三五 永大機械股份有限公司	單位	mm	規格	圖名	噴霧滑座馬達配線圖	2011年版
檢圖	共用機種	EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	材質	F	比例			
設計			數量	1	日期	2011/07/25	圖號	FB-17

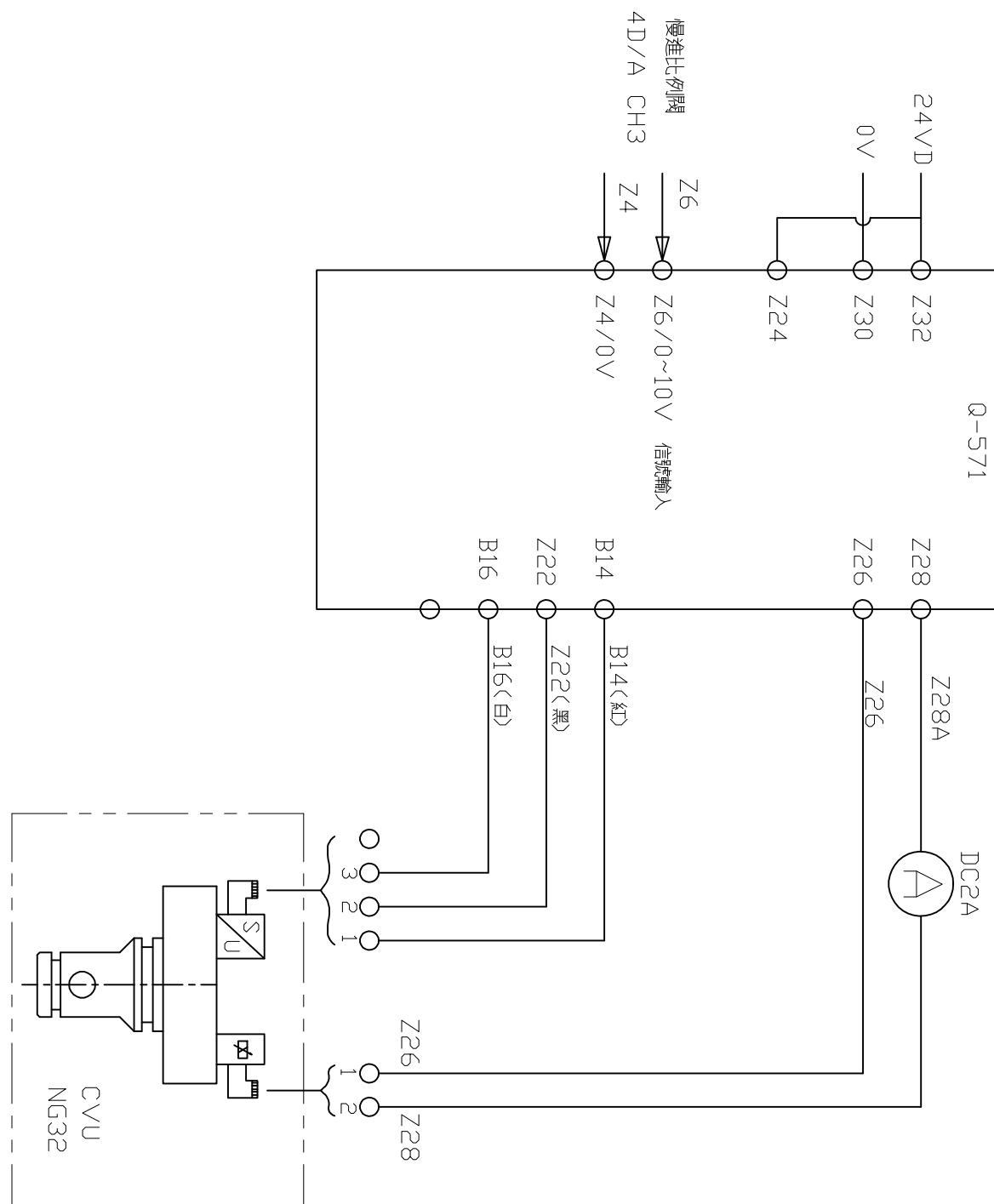
人機界面

TYPE: PWSBAU IP

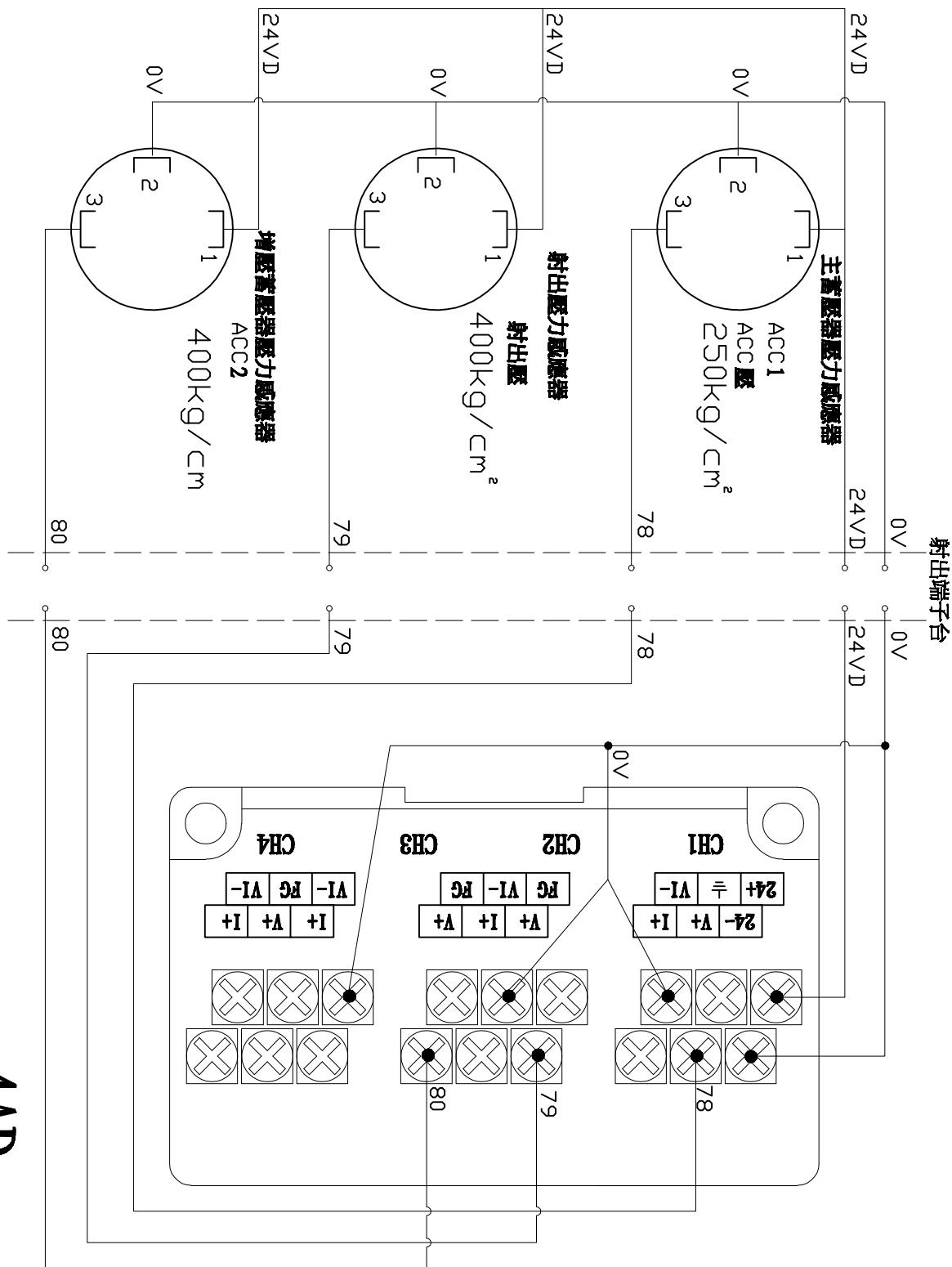


標準	機型	三五 永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	單位	mm	投影	◎	圖名	PLC 接線圖	2013年版
檢圖	√ 4N型+給湯+伺服馬達	尺寸	比例	F	日期	2013/03/29	圖號	B-04	第1頁
設計		數量	1						



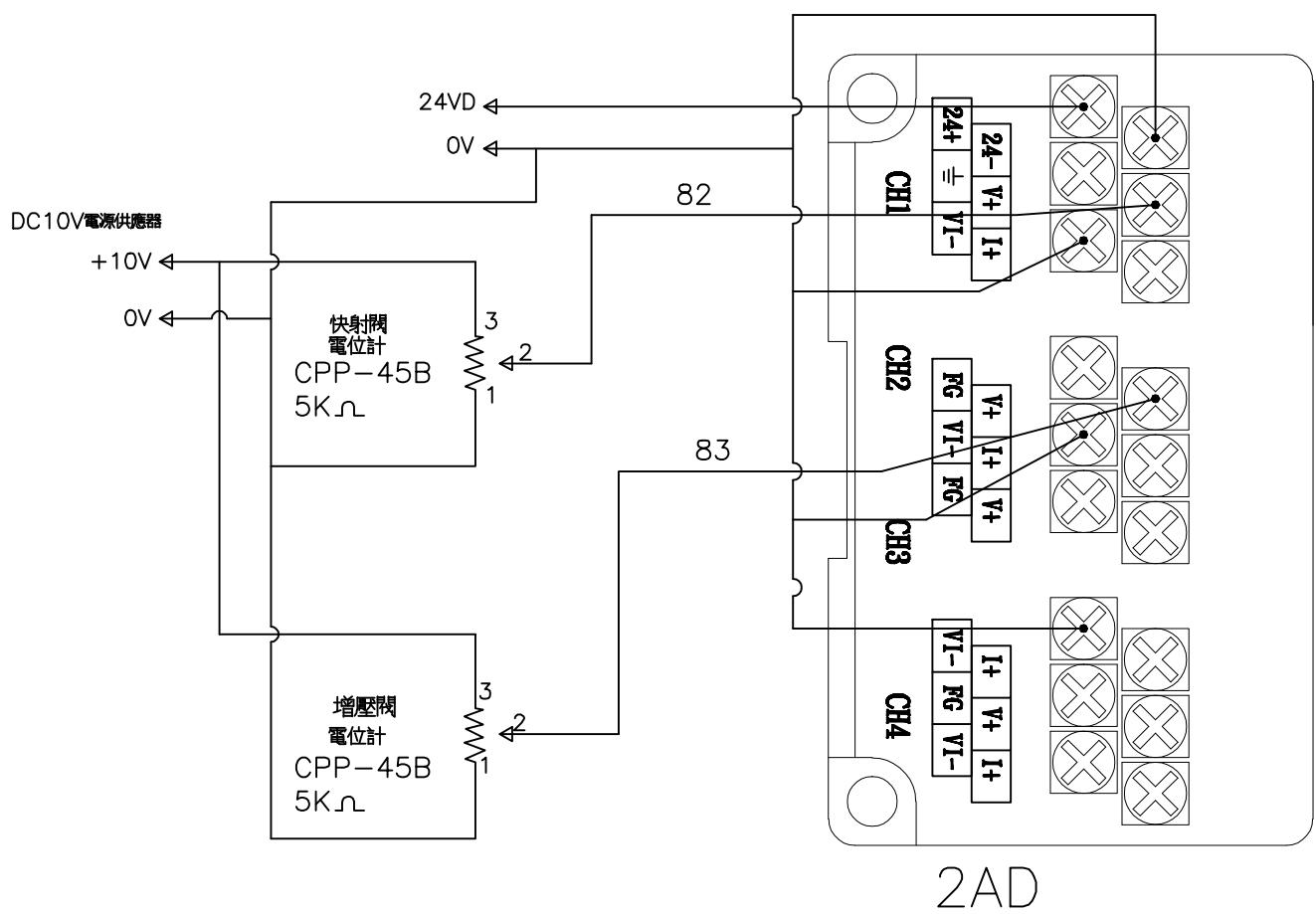


標準	機型	三國 永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.					
單位	mm	規格	Φ	圖名	射出比例控制閥線路圖	2013年版	
材質	F	比例		圖號	FB-12	第1頁	
數量	1	日期	2013/03/02				



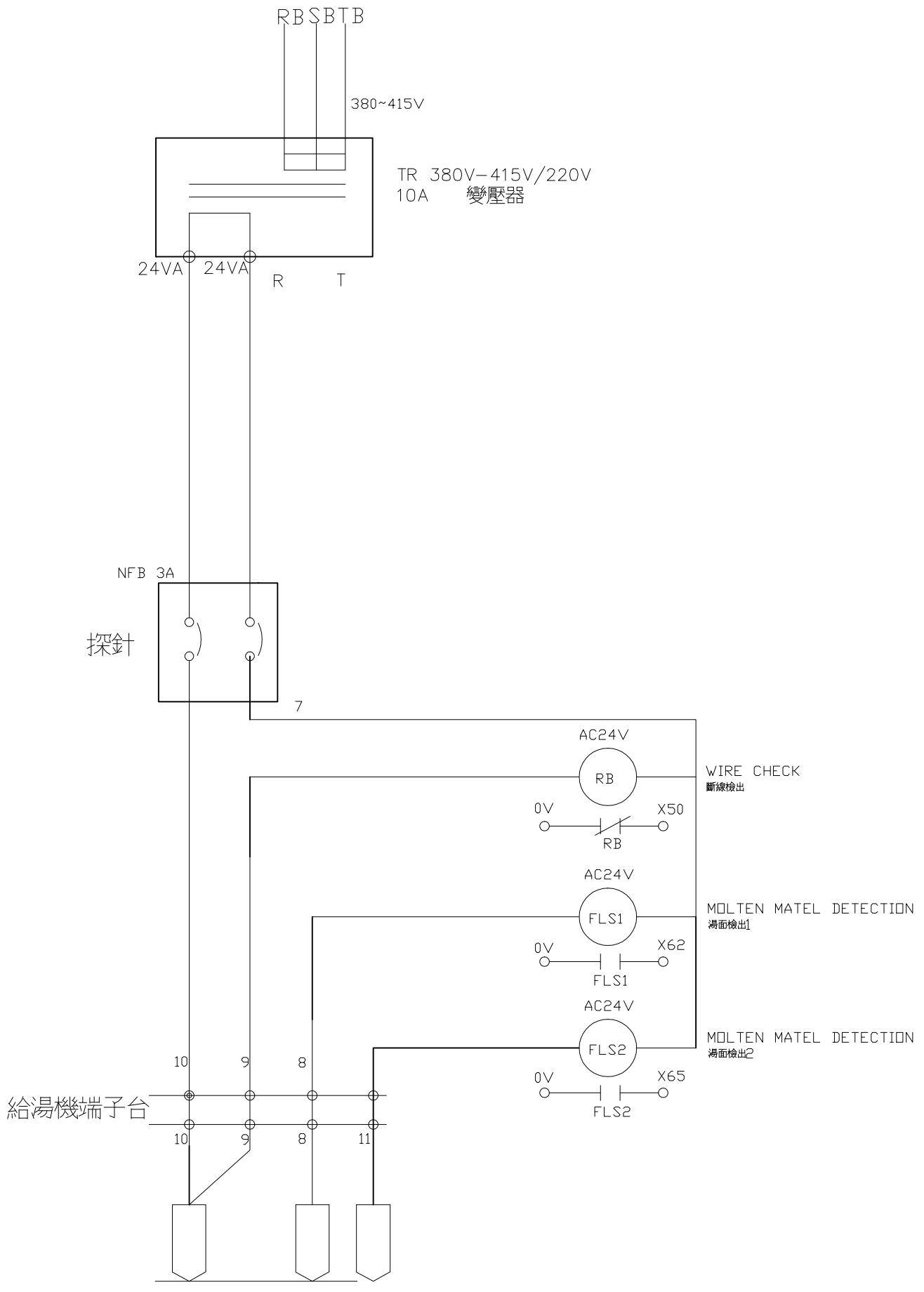
壓力感應器類比輸入模組
4AD

標準	機型	永大機械股份有限公司		
檢測	共用機種	EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.		
單位	mm	投影	圖名	壓力感應器4 AD配線圖
材質	F	比例	圖號	2011年版
數量	1	日期	B-06	第1頁

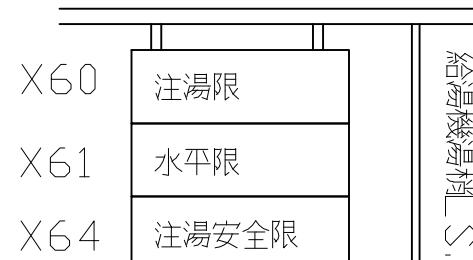


標準	機型	機型	圖名	流量電位計4AD配線圖	2011年版
檢圖					
設計	共用機種		圖號	B-06A	第1頁

三G 永銳機械股份有限公司 EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



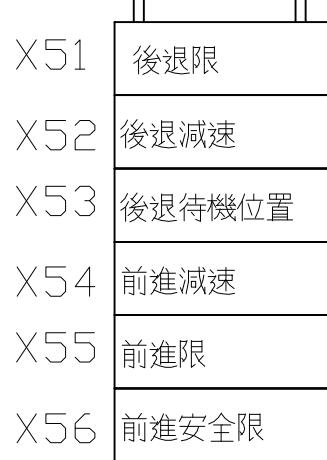
三 G E V E Y E G E R G E A T D C M A C H I N E C O .	永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD. OLD FIRM: DC-MECH. ◎	姓 名 日期 次數 設 總 原 因	mm 材質 數量	投影 比例 日期 2013/03/0	核準 檢圖 設計	沒函控制配線圖 圖名 圖號	F B - 07	2013年版 第 1 頁
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給湯機湯桿 S.



給湯手開 S.



標準	機型	三G 永大機械股份有限公司 EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.					
檢圖	√4N型+給湯+伺服馬達	單位	mm	投影	四	圖名	給湯噴霧 S 配線圖
設計		材質	F	比例	F	圖號	F B-11
		數量	1	日期	2013/03/04	頁數	第1頁

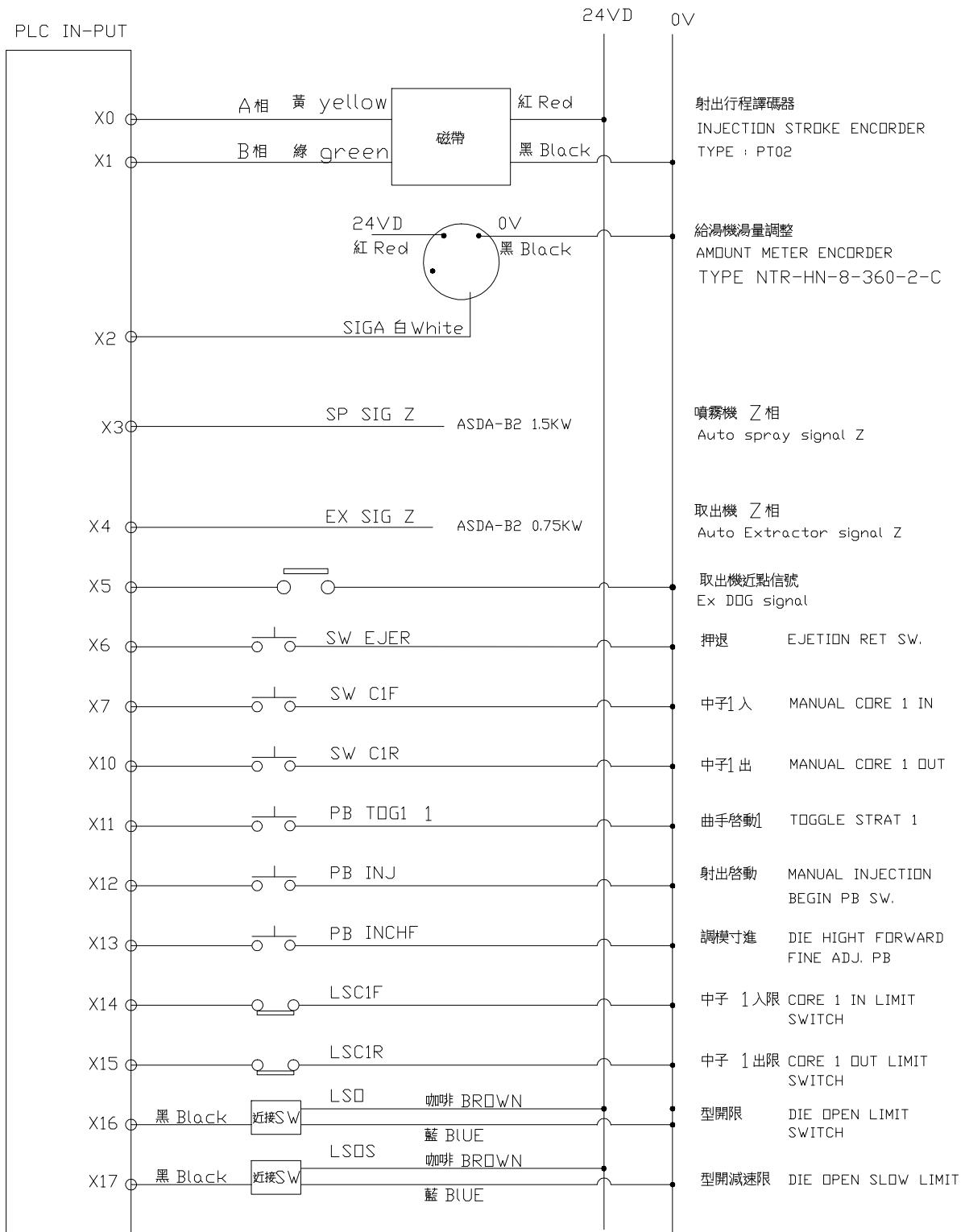
2011年版
第1頁

三合 永銳機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.

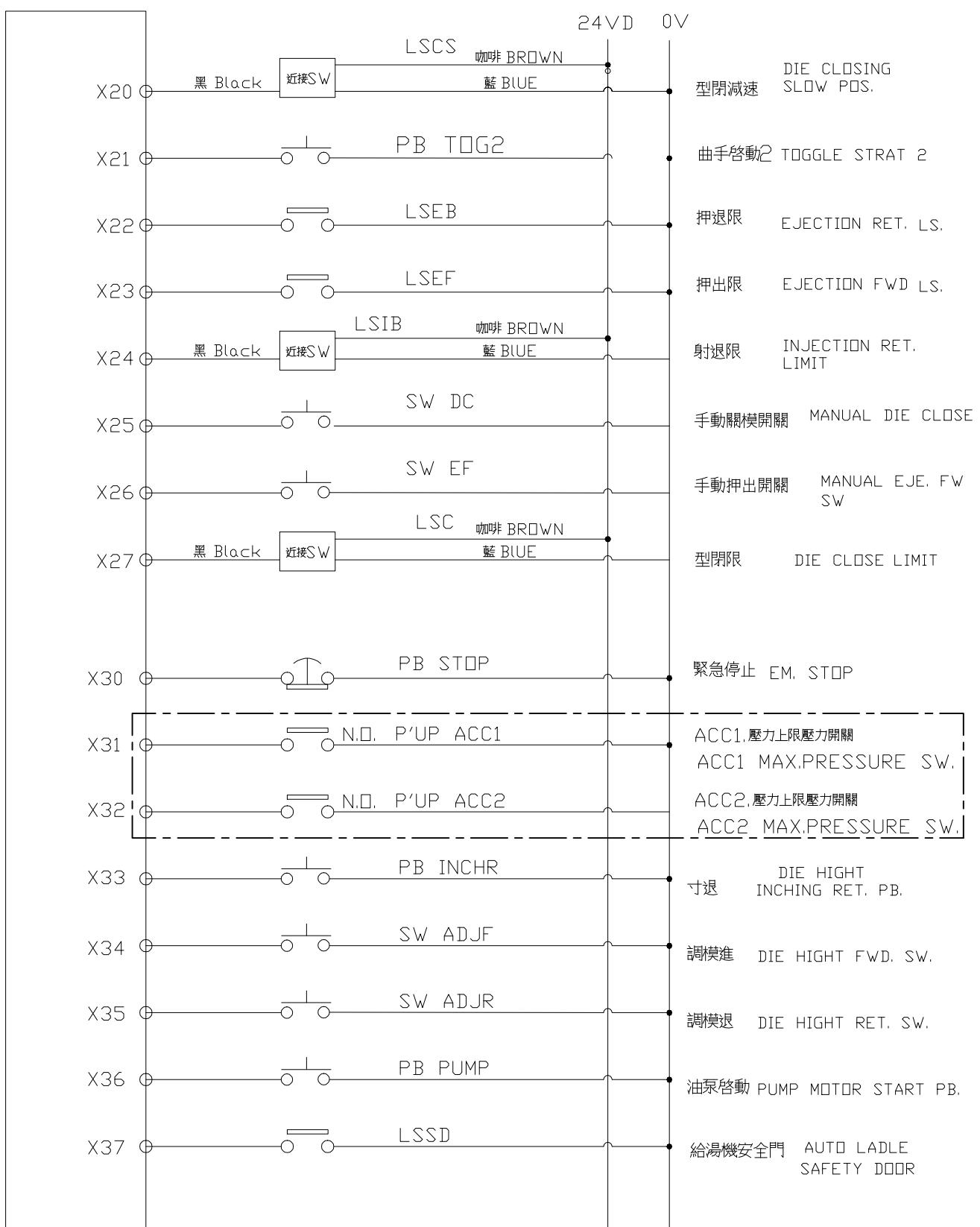


V4N 全配制速調
機型

標準	V4N
檢測	全配制速調
設計	



PLC AX2N-128MT+AX2N-16EX+AX2N-16EX+8EY+AX2N-4DA+AX2N4AD+AX2N-2AD

I.O 表
A-02圖名
圖號永銳機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.V4N 全配制速調
機型標準
檢測
試驗

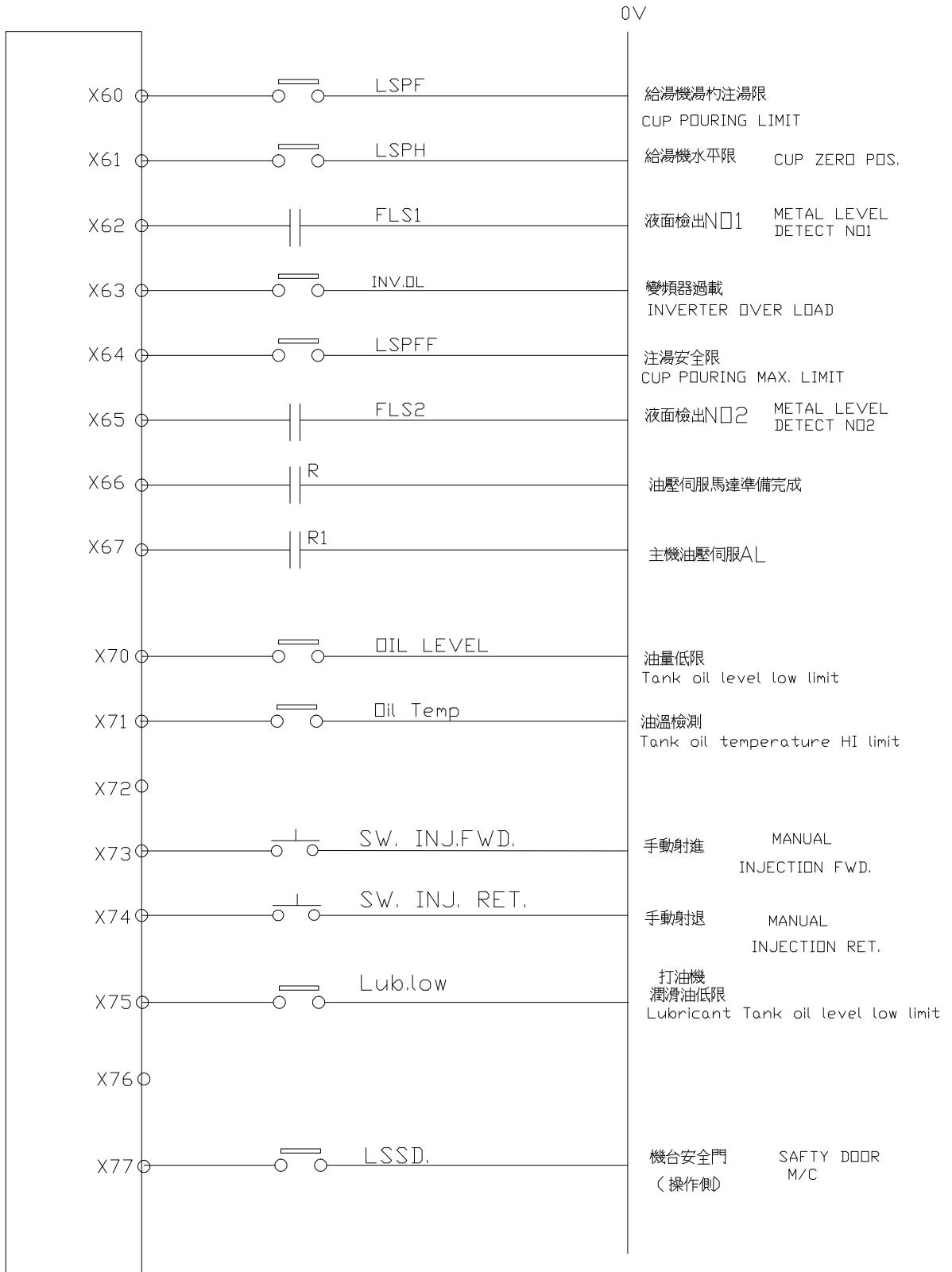
			機型	V4N全配制速調	標準	檢測	試驗
X40	SW LAD'AUTO/MANUAL	給湯機自/手動	LADLE AUTO/MANUAL SW	I.□表	A-03	2011年版	第1頁
X41	PB AL'SRT	給湯機啓動	LADLE START				
X42	SW M/C AUTO/MANUAL	壓鑄機自/手動	M/C AUTO/MANUAL SW				
X43	SW. M/C DIE OPEN	手動開模	MANUAL DIE OPEN				
X44	SW FW	給湯機手臂前進	SW. LADLE ARM FWD SW.				
X45	SW REV	給湯機手臂後退	SW. LADLE ARM RET SW.				
X46	SW PR	給湯機	UNPOURING SW. 汲湯 SW				
X47	SW PF	給湯機	POURING SW. 注湯 SW				
X50	RB	給湯機斷線	ELECTROD WIRE BROKEN				
X51	LSR	給湯機手臂後退限	ARM RET.LIMIT				
X52	LSRF	給湯機手臂後退減速	ARM RET. SLOW POS.				
X53	LSW	給湯機手臂後退	ARM RET. 待機位置				
X54	LSFF	給湯機手臂前進減速	ARM FWD. SLOW LS.				
X55	LSFF	給湯機手臂前進限	AEM FWD LIMIT				
X56	LSF2	給湯機手臂安全限	ARM SAFETY LIMIT				
X57	LSPR	給湯機 湯杓 汲湯限	CUP UNPOURING MAX. LS..				

三德機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



V4N全配制速調

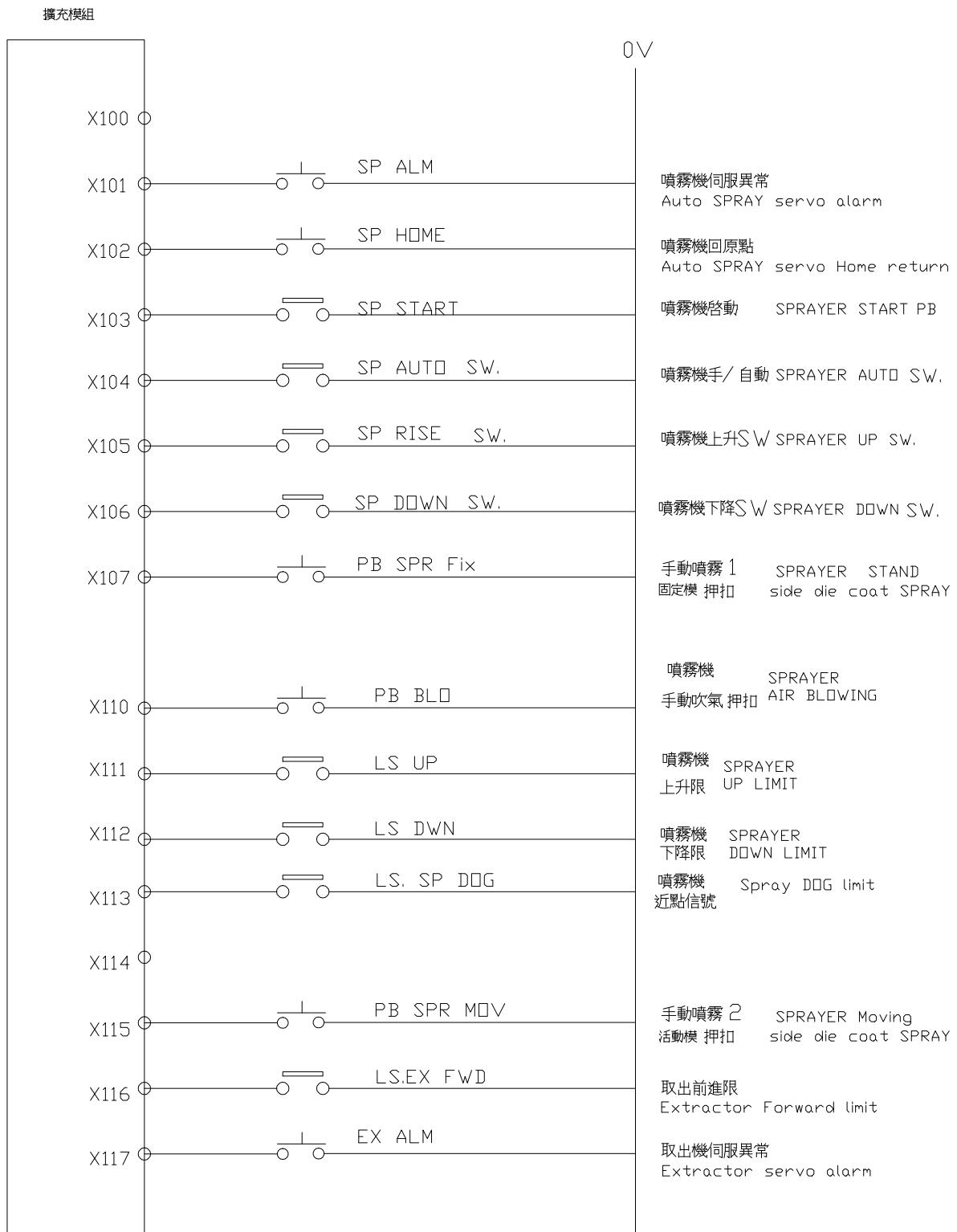
標準		機型	V4N 全配射速電調	I.□表	A-04	2011年版
檢圖						第1頁
設計						



三合 永銳機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



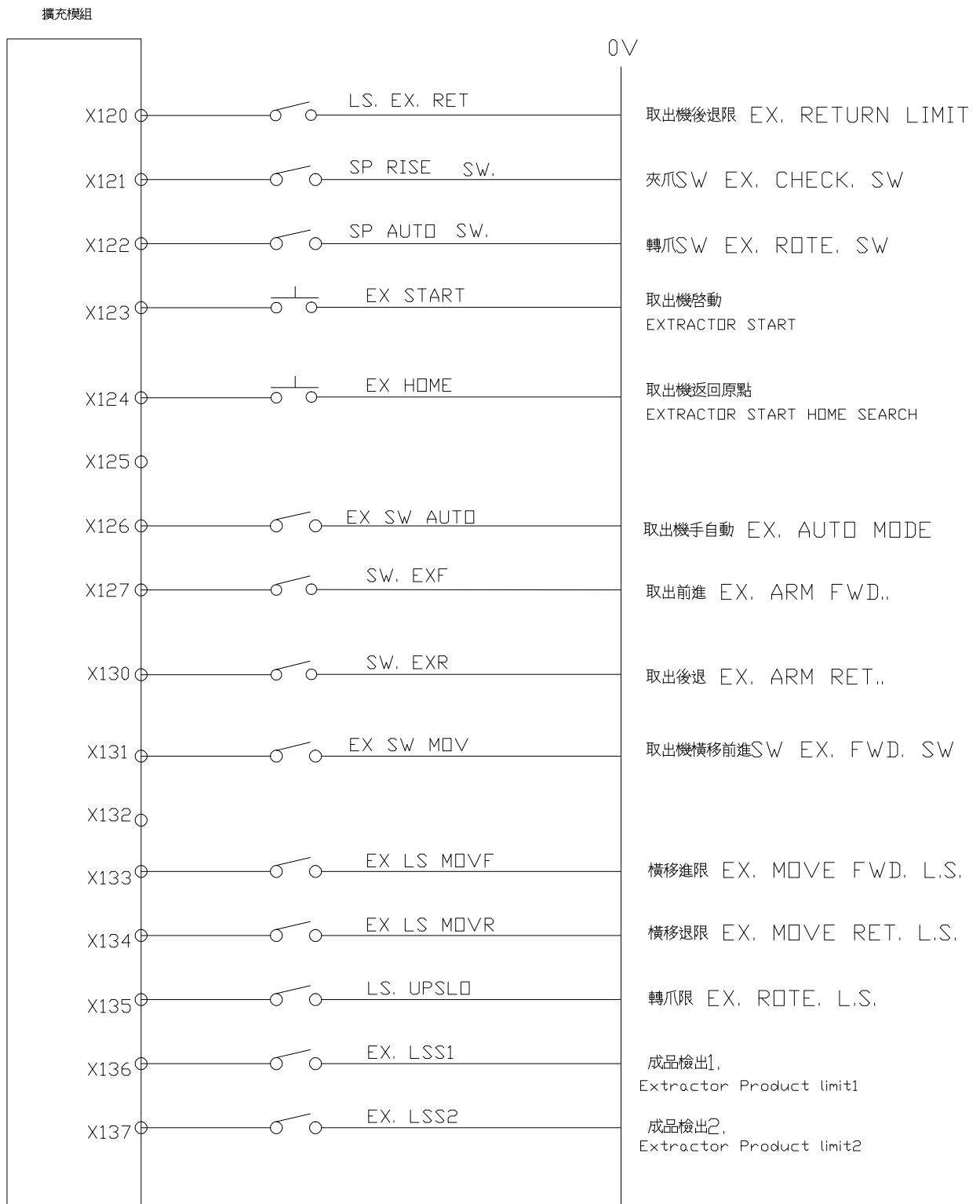
總經理室印製



標準	機型	V4N全配計速調	I.口表	A-05	2011年版	第1頁
檢測						

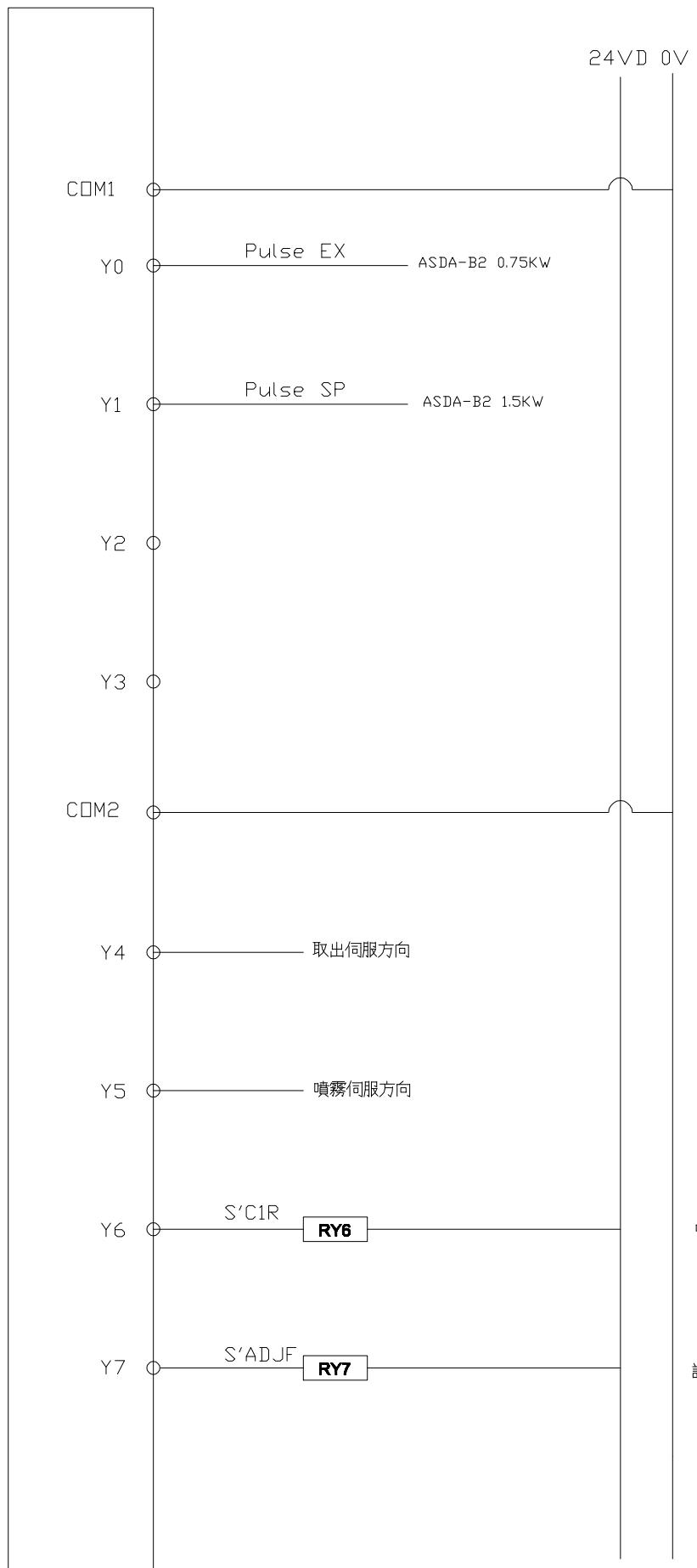
三合一 永銳機械股份有限公司
• EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.

V4N全配計速調



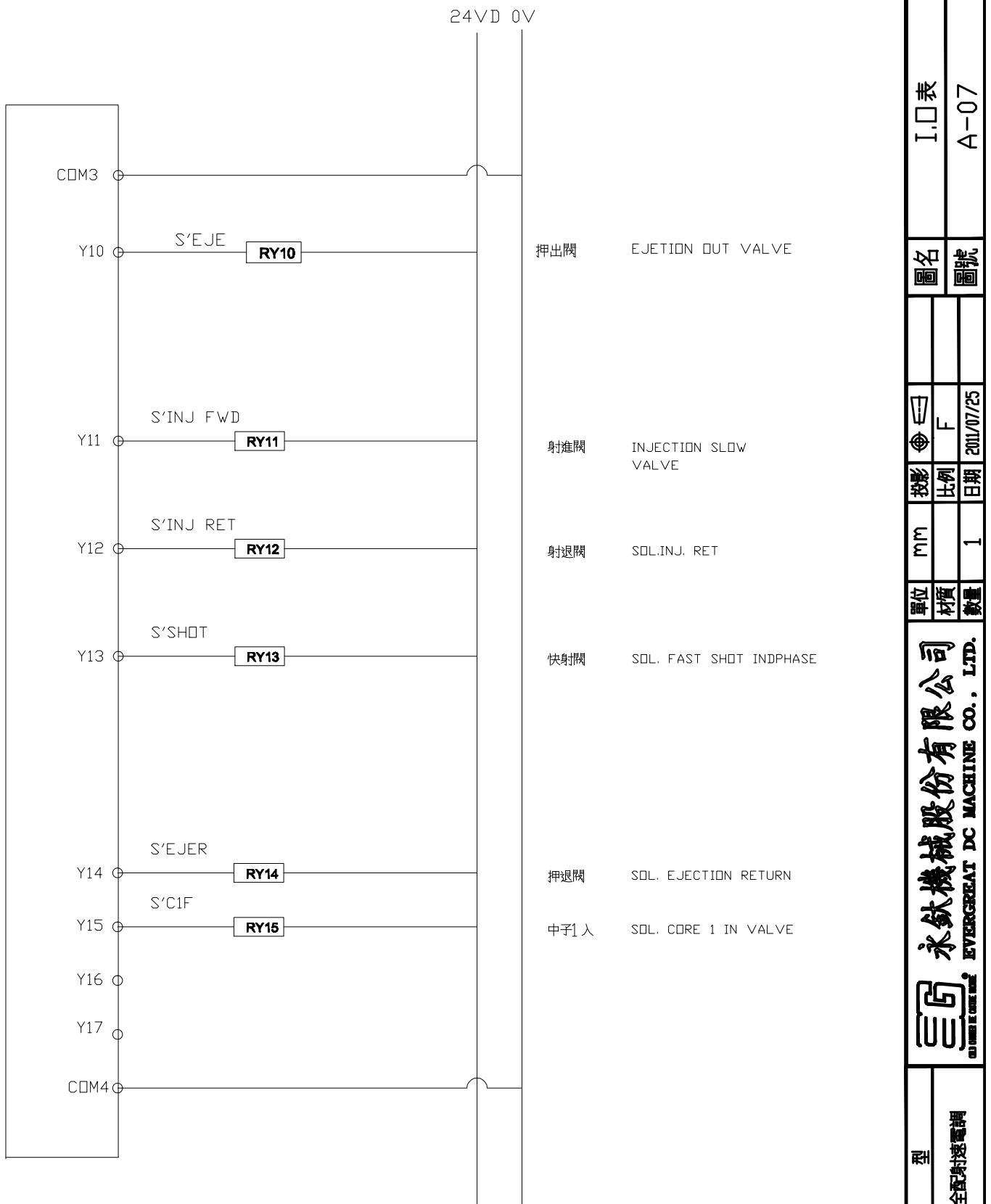
標準	V4N全配計速調	I.□表	2011年版
檢測		圖名	第1頁
設計		圖號	A-05A

永銳機械股份有限公司 EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.

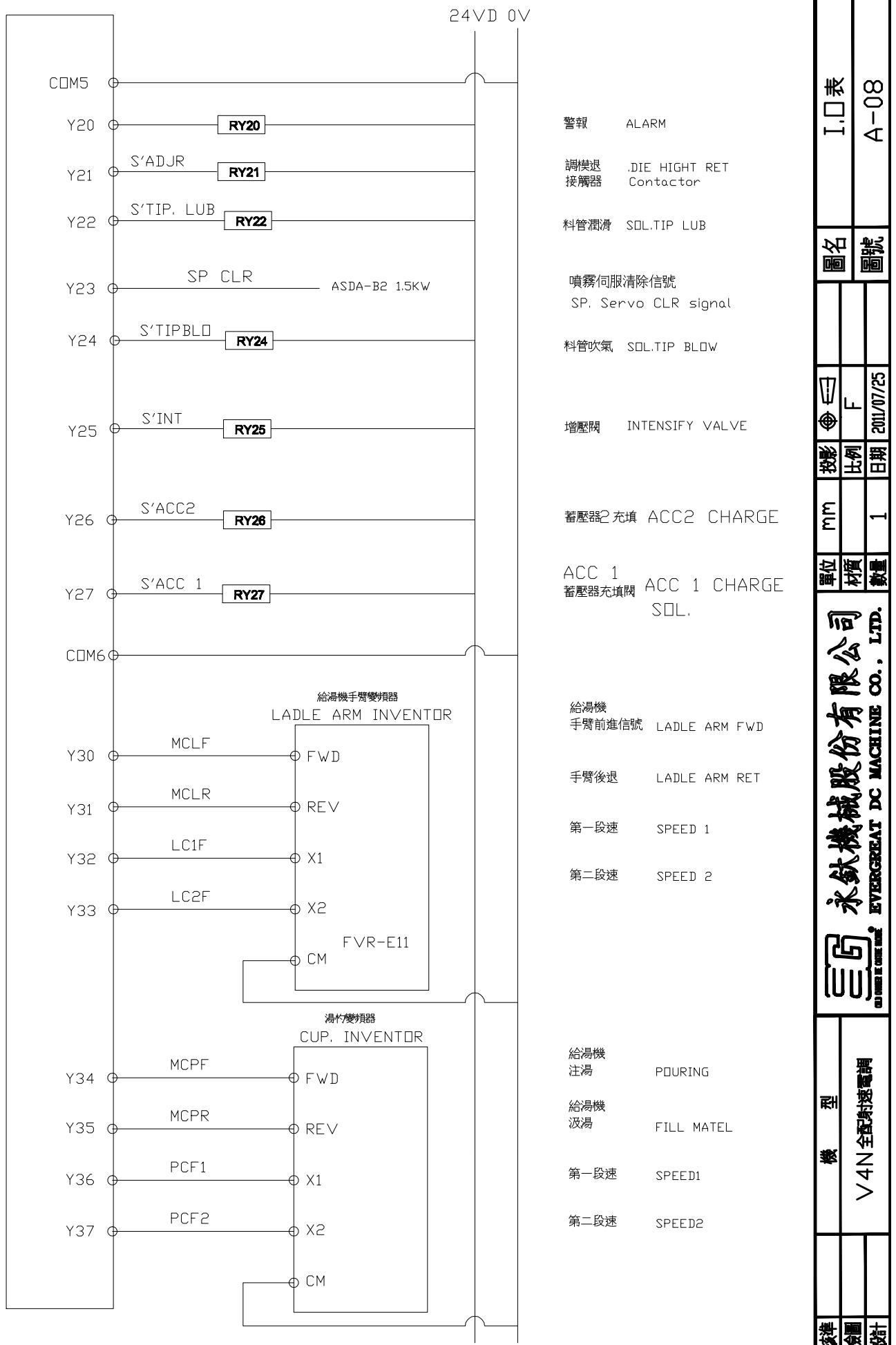


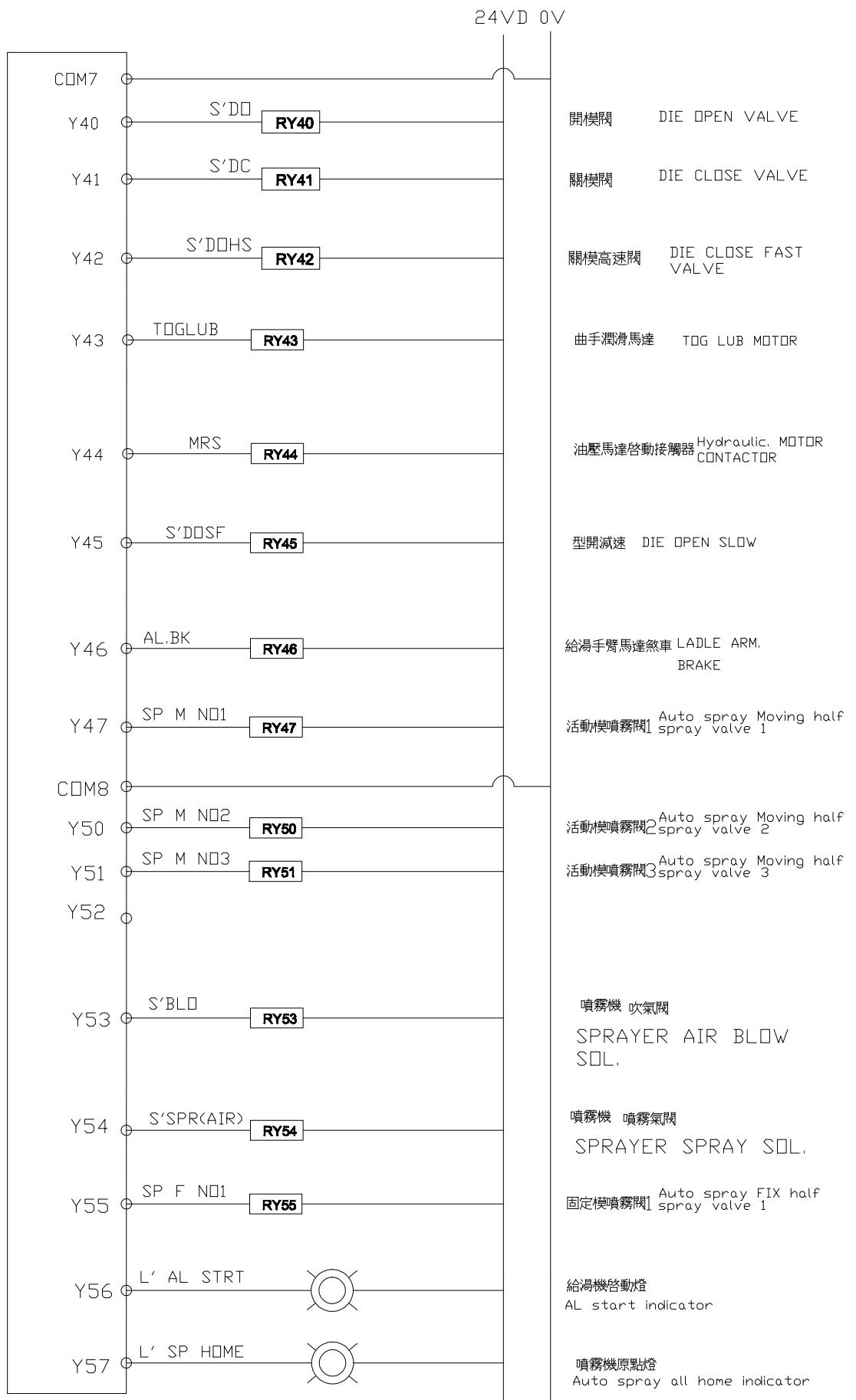
標準	V4	機型	DIE HEIGHT ADJUST FWD. Connector	I.□表	A-06	2011年版
檢圖	V4	全配制速調				
設計						第1頁

永銕機械股份有限公司
EVERGREAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



標準	機型	V4N全配射速電調	永銳機械股份有限公司 EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	2011年版
檢圖				A-07
設計				第1頁

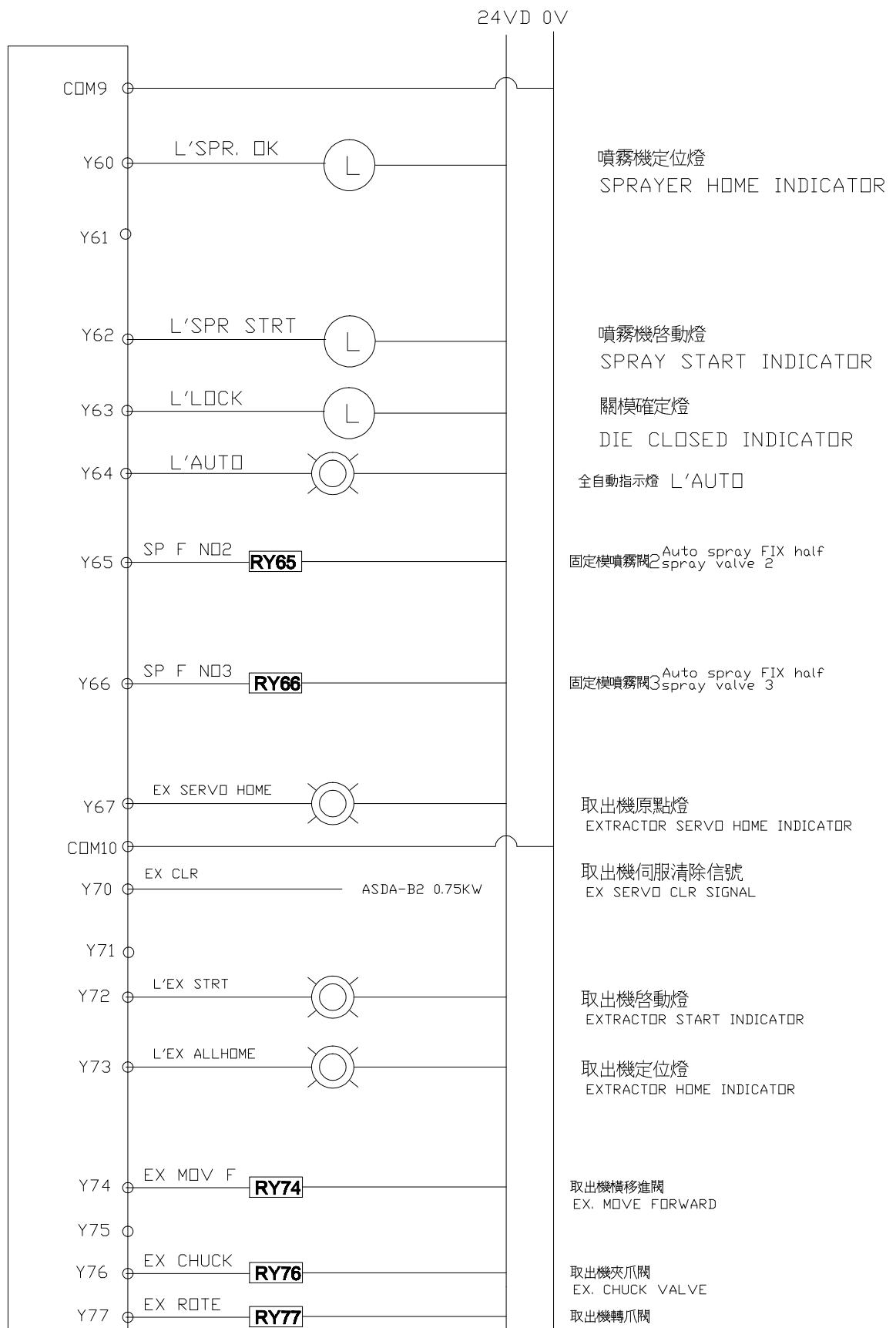




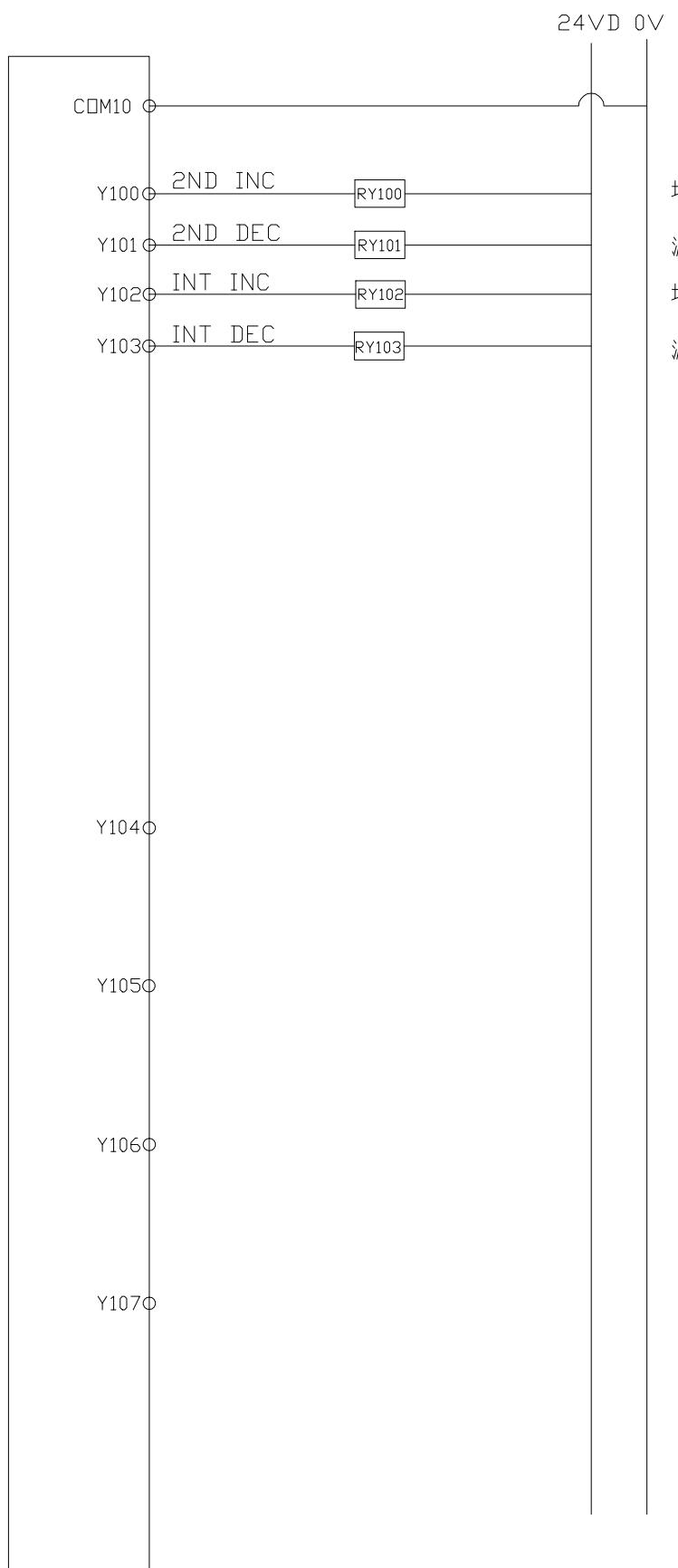
標準	機型	V4N 全配制速調	A-09	2011年版	第1頁
檢圖					
設計					

三合一
永銳機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.

總經理
林國慶
總工程師
黃志強
總設計師
陳志鴻



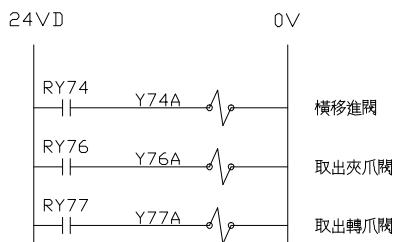
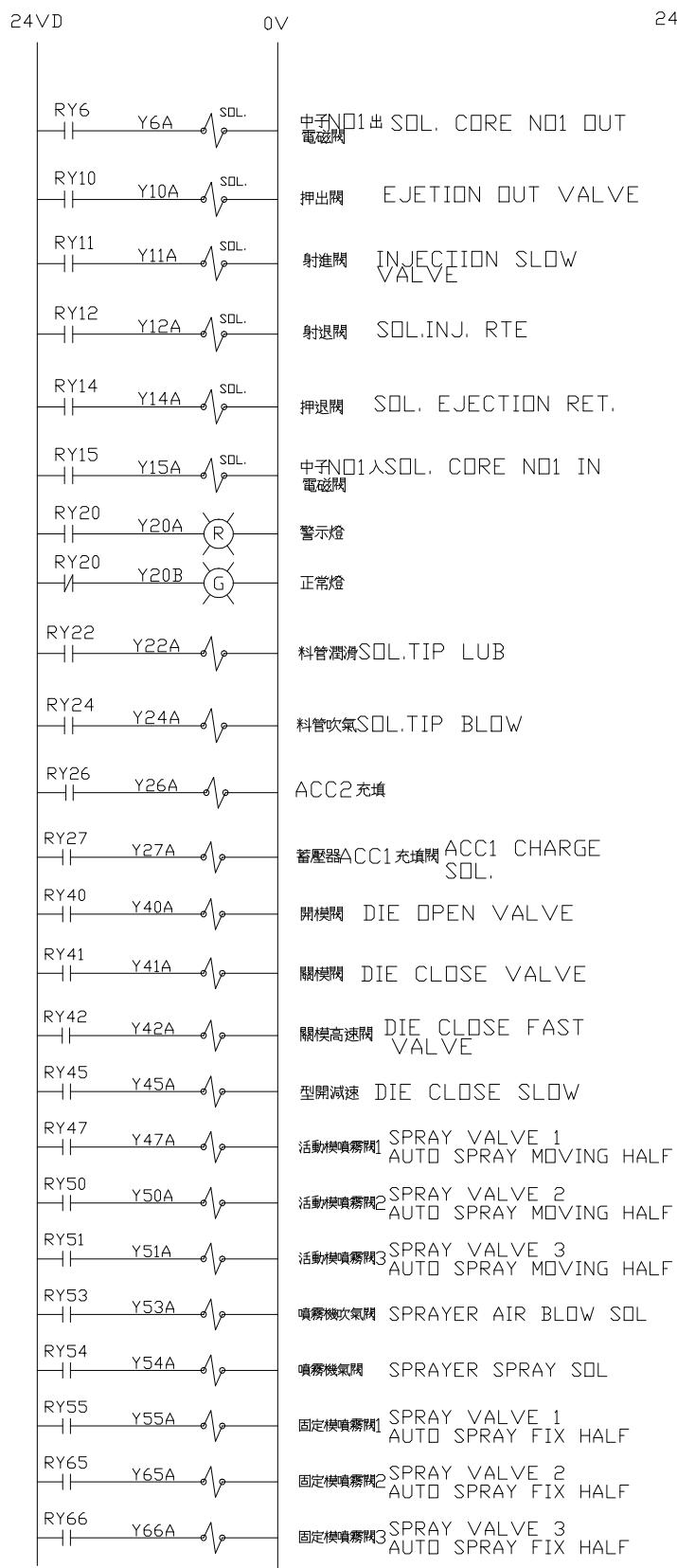
標準	機型	V4N 全配制速調	I.□表	2011年版
檢圖			圖名	圖號
設計			A-110	第1頁
EMERGECAT DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	永銳機械股份有限公司			



增加 快射閥 2nd phase
減少 調壓馬達 Adjust motor

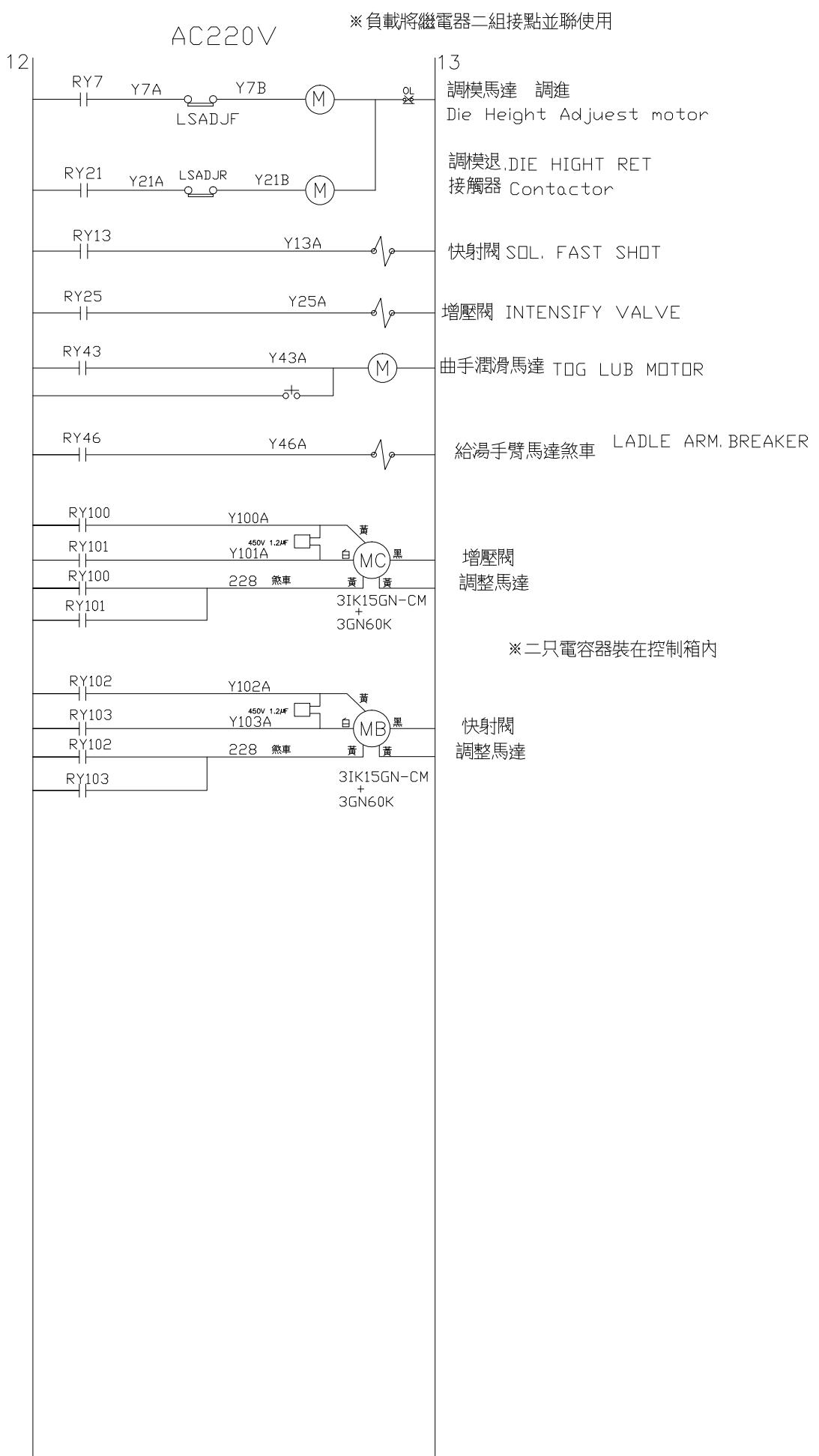
增加 增壓閥 Intensify
減少 調壓馬達 Adjust motor

標準	機型	三工 永銳機械股份有限公司	I.□表	2011年版
檢圖	V4N全配制速調	EVERSHINET DC MACHINE CO., LTD.	A-10A	第1頁
設計				



標準	機型	V4N全配射速調	I.□表	2011年版
檢圖			圖名	第1頁
設計			圖號	A-11

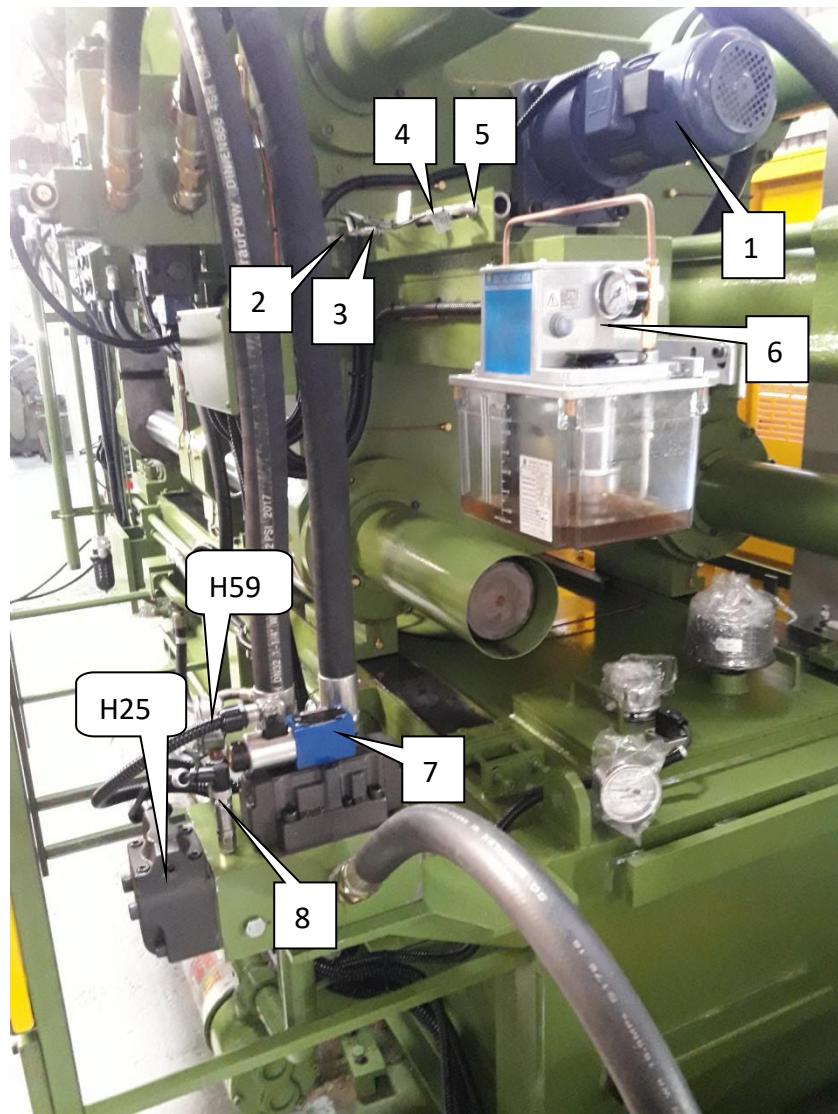
三G 永銳機械股份有限公司 EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.



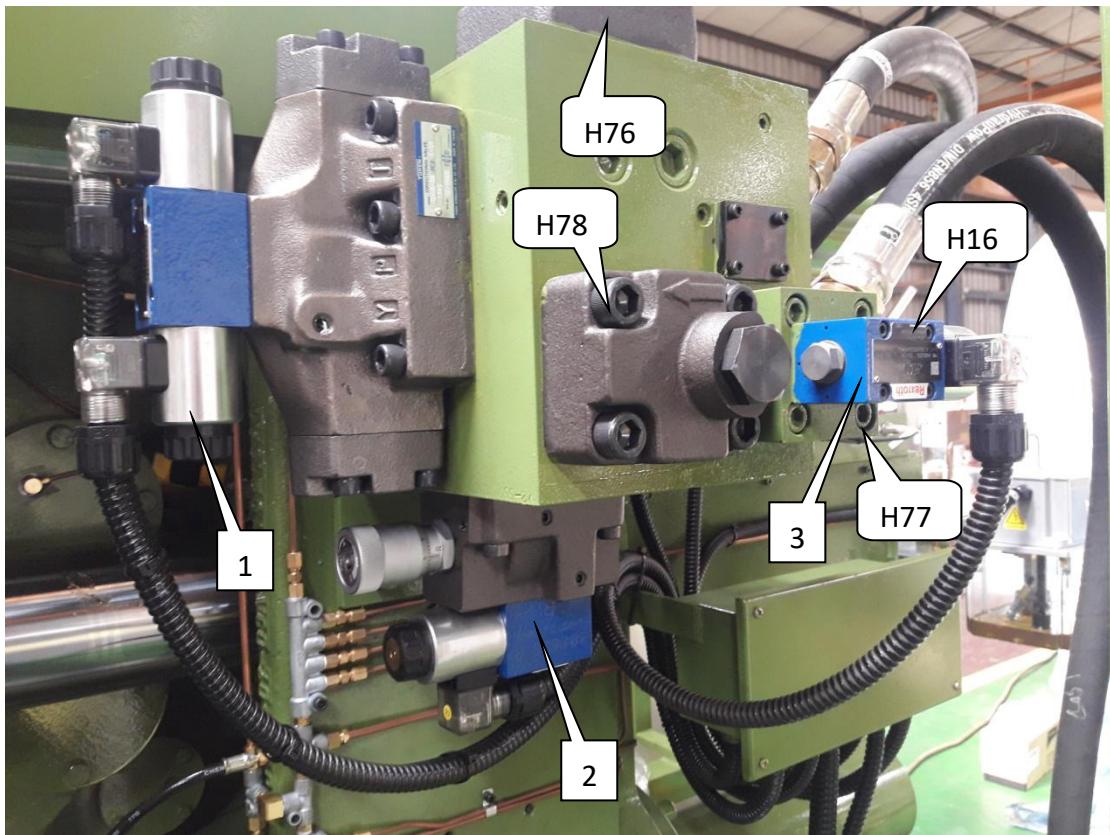
標準	機型	V4N全配制速調	I.□表	2011年版
檢圖			A-12	第1頁
設計				

三碩 永銳機械股份有限公司
EVERGREEN DC MACHINE CO., LTD.

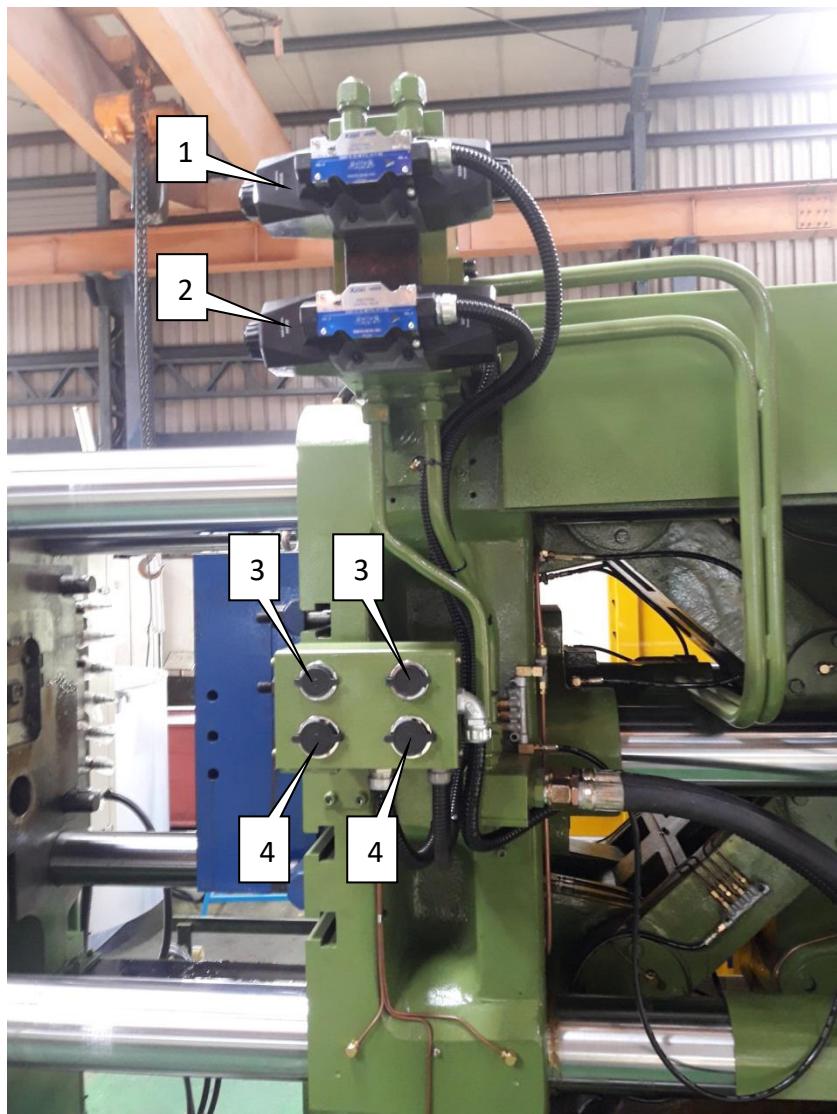
中華人民共和國
製造商



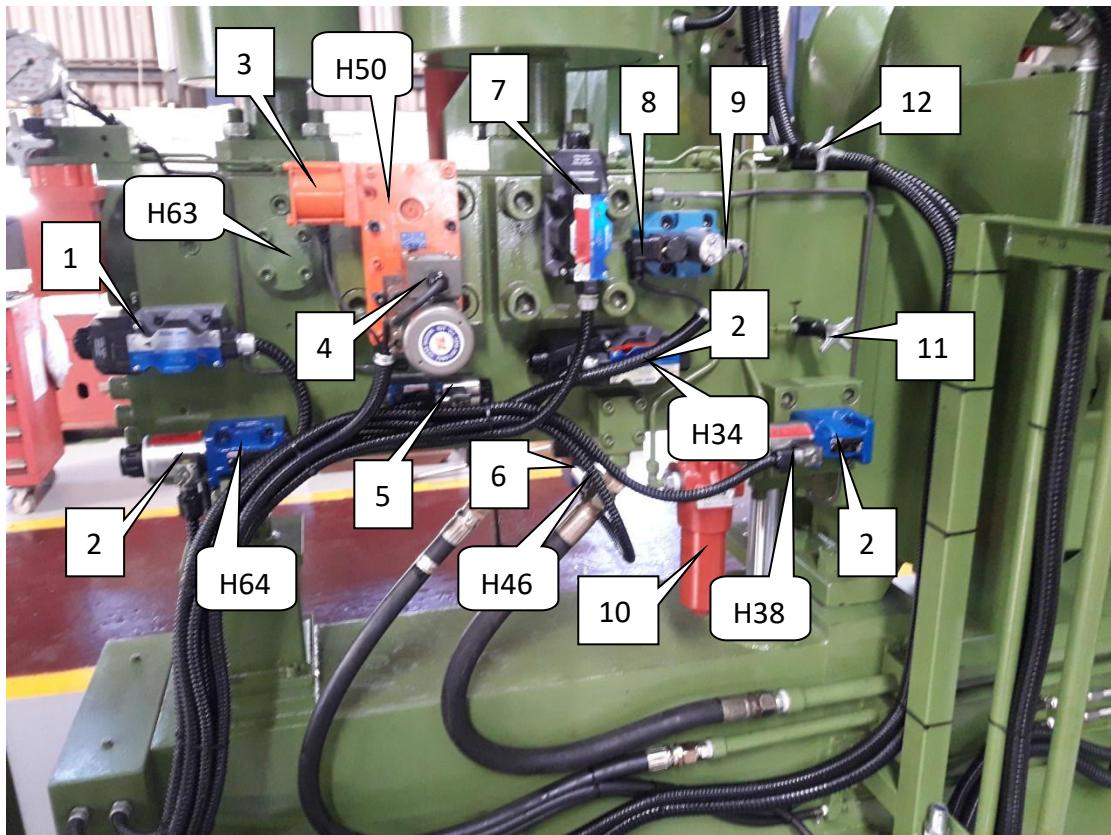
1. 調模馬達 U5 V5 W5 Die height adjust motor
2. 型閉限 X27 24VD 0V Die close limit sw
3. 型閉減速 X20 24VD 0V Die close slow limit sw
4. 型開減速 X17 24VD 0V Die open slow limit sw
5. 型開限 X16 24VD 0V Die open limit sw
6. 曲手潤滑打油機 Y43A 12 13 X75 0V Toggle lubrication pump
7. ACC2 充填閥 Y26A 0V (H26) Acc2 charging valve
8. 壓力感應器 X32.4 X32.5 24VD Pressure sensor(servo motor)



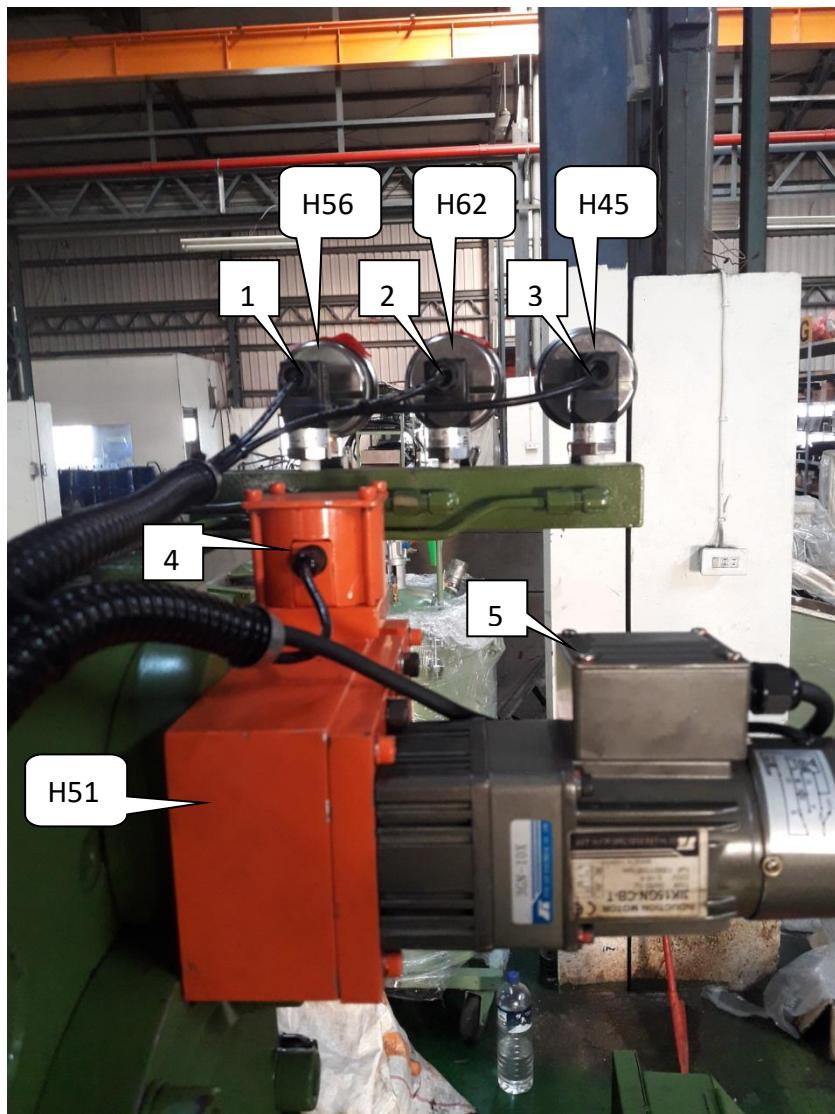
- 1.開關模電磁閥 Y40A Y41A 0V (H15) Die close/open valve
- 2.型開減速電磁閥 Y45A 0V (H79) Die open slow speed valve
- 3.關模高速電磁閥 Y42A 0V (H16) Die closing hight speed valve



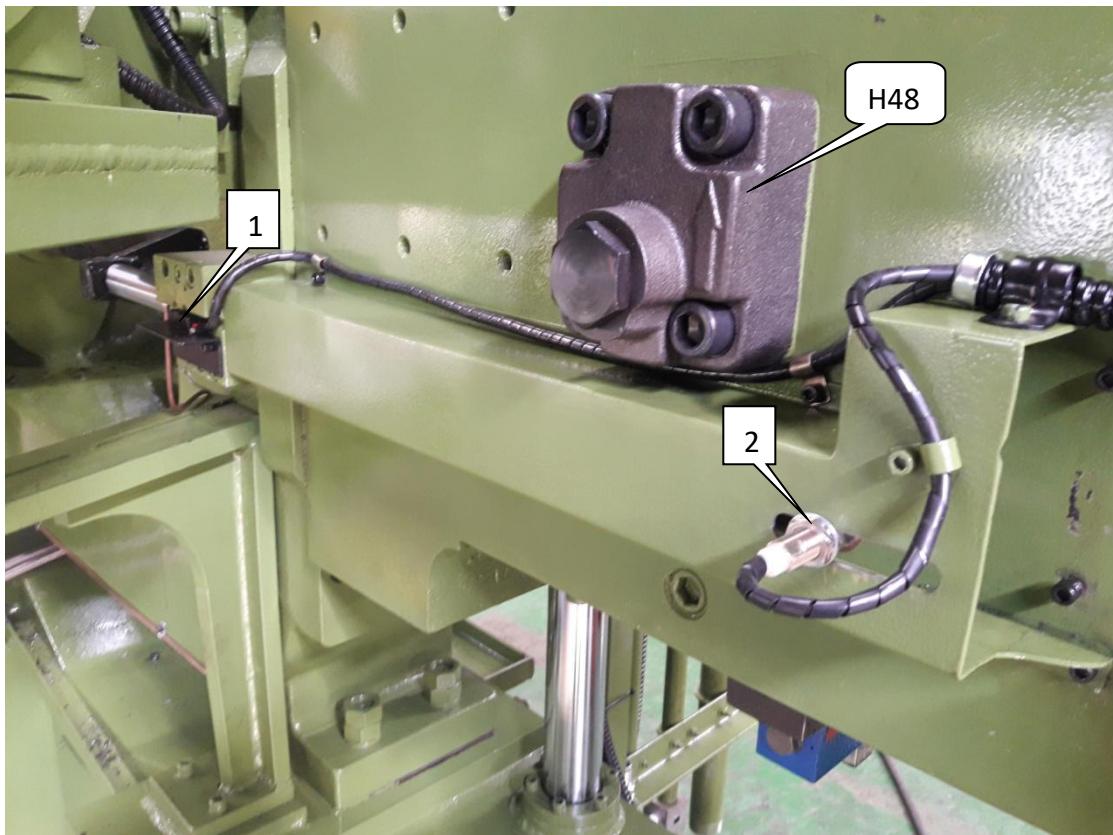
- 1.中子電磁閥 Y6A Y15A 0V (H33) Hydraulic core valve
- 2.押出退電磁閥 Y10A Y14A 0V (H31) Ejection core valve
- 3.中子入限 X14 0V Core in limit sw plug socket
- 4.中子出限 X15 0V Core out limit sw plug socket



1. 增壓電磁閥(AC220V) Y25A 13 (H54) Intensify pressure valve
2. 射退電磁閥 Y12A 0V (H64) Injection return valve
3. 快射閥電位計 82 +10V 0V Second phase(shot) valve opening sensor
4. 快射閥調整馬達 Y102A Y103A 13 229 Second phase(shot) valve adjust motor
5. 射進電磁閥 Y11A 0V (H69) Injection FWD solenoid valve
6. ACC1 蓄壓器填充電磁閥 Y27A 0V (H46) Acc1 main Aecumulator charging ON/OFF valve
7. 快射電磁閥(AC220V) Y13A 13 (H39) Second phase Injection valve
8. 射出比例控制閥 Z26 Z28 (H36) Slow speed Injection valve
9. 射出比例控制閥(反饋) B14 Z22 B16 Slow speed Injection valve
10. 高壓過濾器(DFON110TC10B1.0/-B6) Filter
11. ACC 洩壓閥 Acc drain valve
12. ACC 洩壓閥 Acc drain valve



- 1.射出壓力感應器 79 24VD 0V Injection pressure sensor
- 2.ACC2 增壓蓄壓器壓力感應器 80 24VD 0V Acc2 Intensify pressure Accumulaton sensor
- 3.ACC1 主蓄壓器壓力感應器 78 24VD 0V Acc1 main Accumulaton pressor sensor
- 4.增壓閥電位計 83 +10V 0V Intensify valve opening sensor
- 5.增壓閥調整馬達 Y100A Y101A 13 228 Intensify valve adjust motor



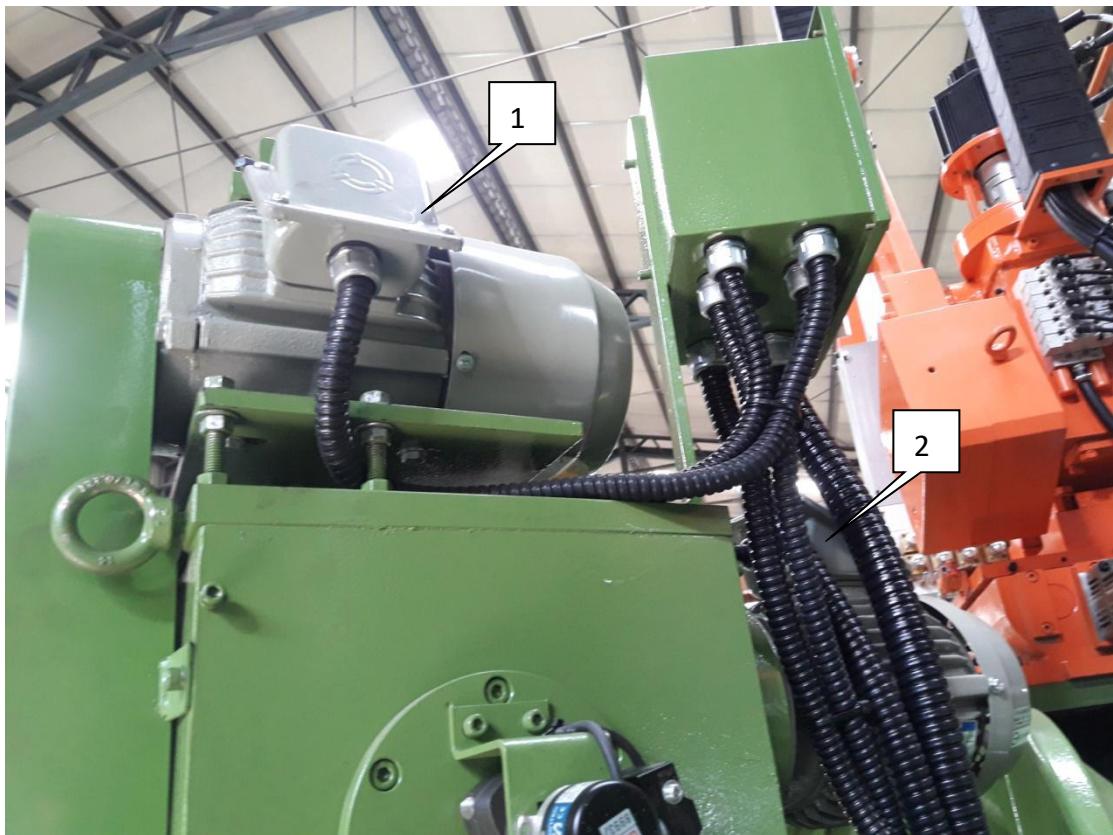
- 1.射出行程譯碼器 X0 X1 24VD 0V Injection stroke encoder
- 2.射退限 X24 24VD 0V Injection return limit sw



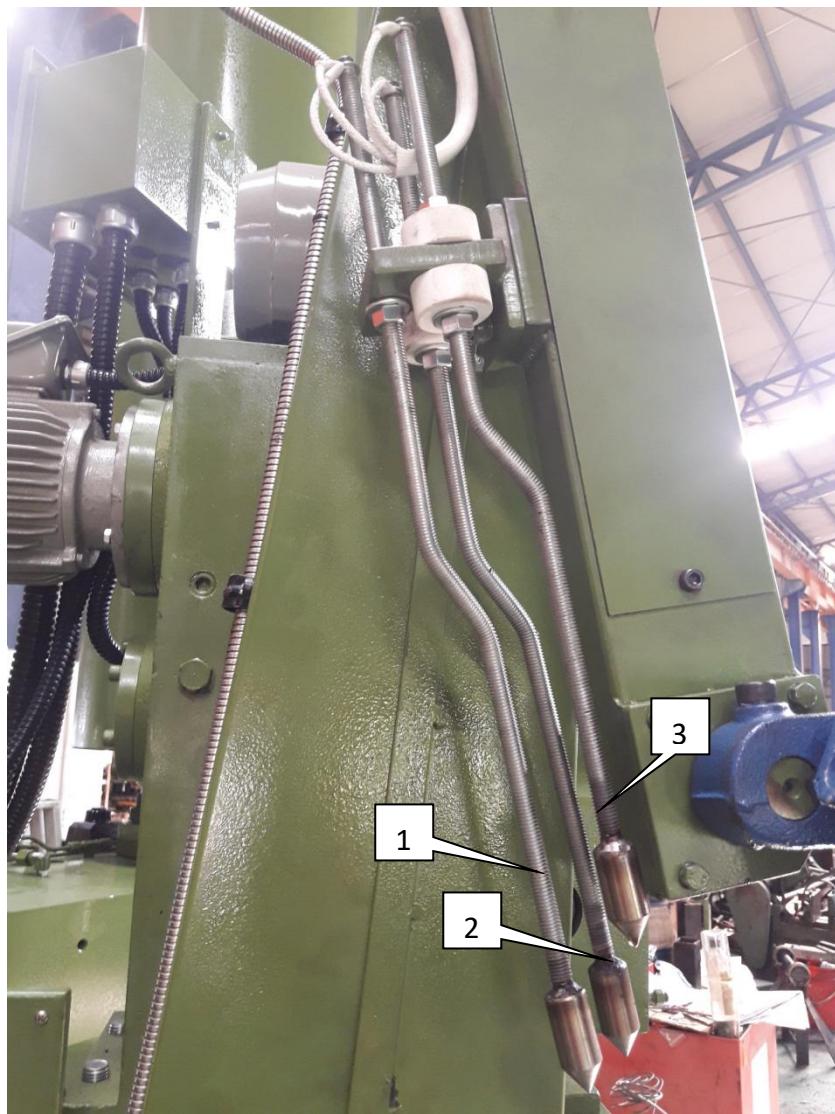
- 1.給湯機手臂後退限 X51 0V Ladle arm backward limit sw
- 2.給湯機手臂後退減速 X52 0V Ladle arm backward slow speed
- 3.給湯機手臂後退待機位置 X53 0V Ladle arm backward standby position
- 4.給湯機手臂前進減速 X54 0V Forward slow speed
- 5.給湯機手臂前進限 X55 0V Forward Limit sw
- 6.給湯機手臂前進安全限 X56 0V Forward safety limit sw



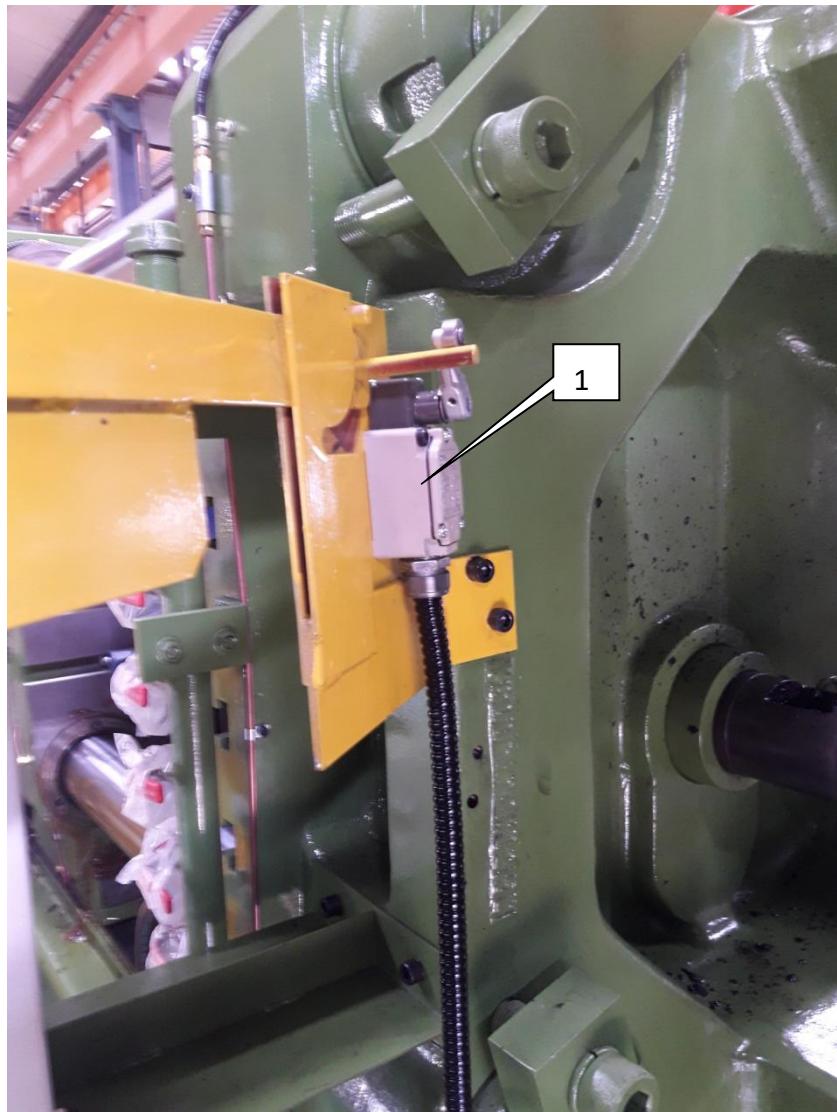
- 1.給湯機湯量調整 X2 24VD 0V Metal amount encoder
- 2.給湯機注湯安全限 X64 0V Pour safety limit sw
- 3.給湯機湯杓水平限 X61 0V Cup horizontal position limit sw
- 4.給湯機湯杓注湯限 X60 0V Cup pouring position limit sw



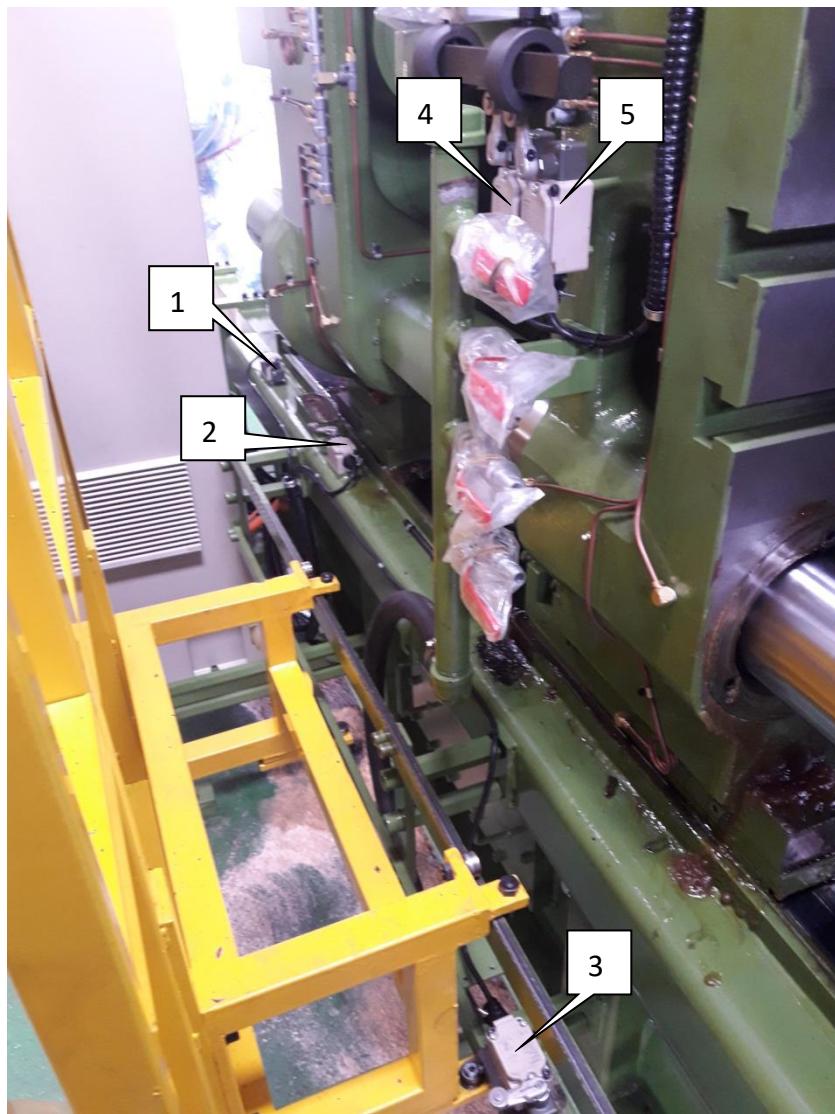
- 1.給湯機手臂馬達 U1 V1 W1 Auto ladle arm drive motor
- 2.給湯機湯杓馬達 U2 V2 W2 Auto ladle cup drive motor



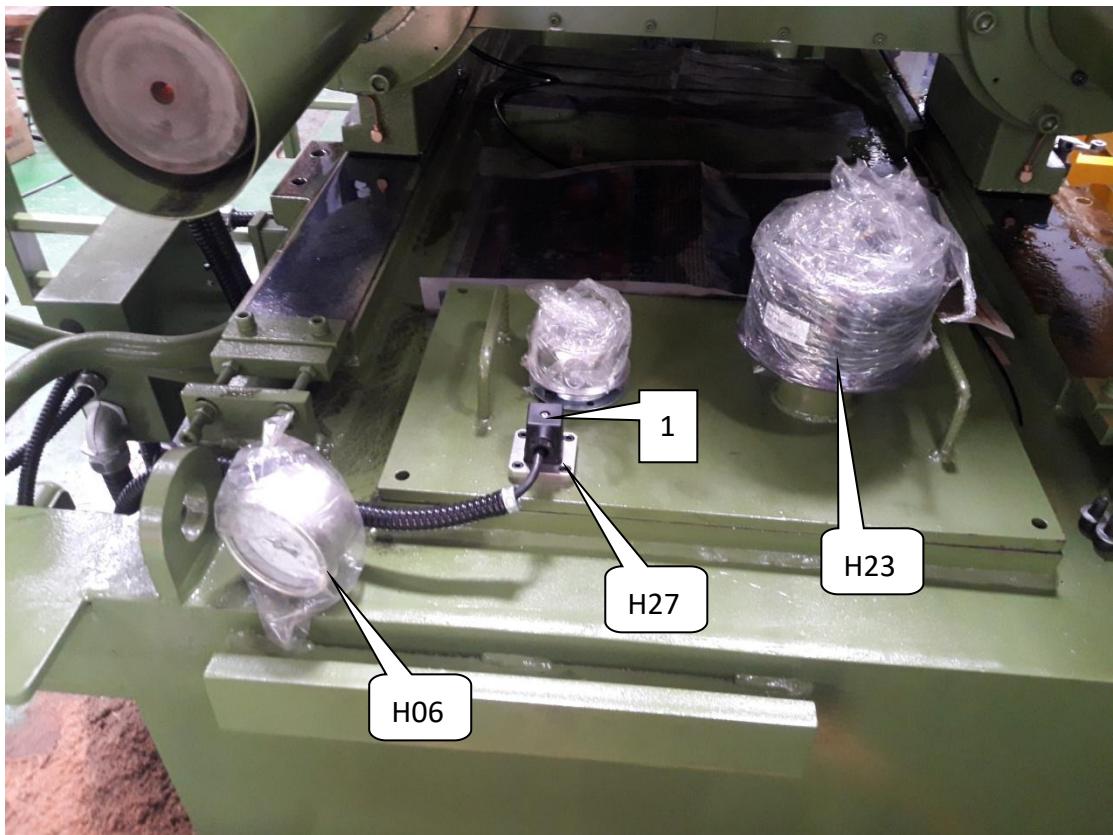
- 1.斷線檢出 9 10 Cable broken alarm
- 2.湯面檢出 1 8 Level detect bar1
- 3.湯面檢出 2 11 Level detect bar2



1. 給湯機安全門限動開關 X37 OV Auto lable safety door limit sw



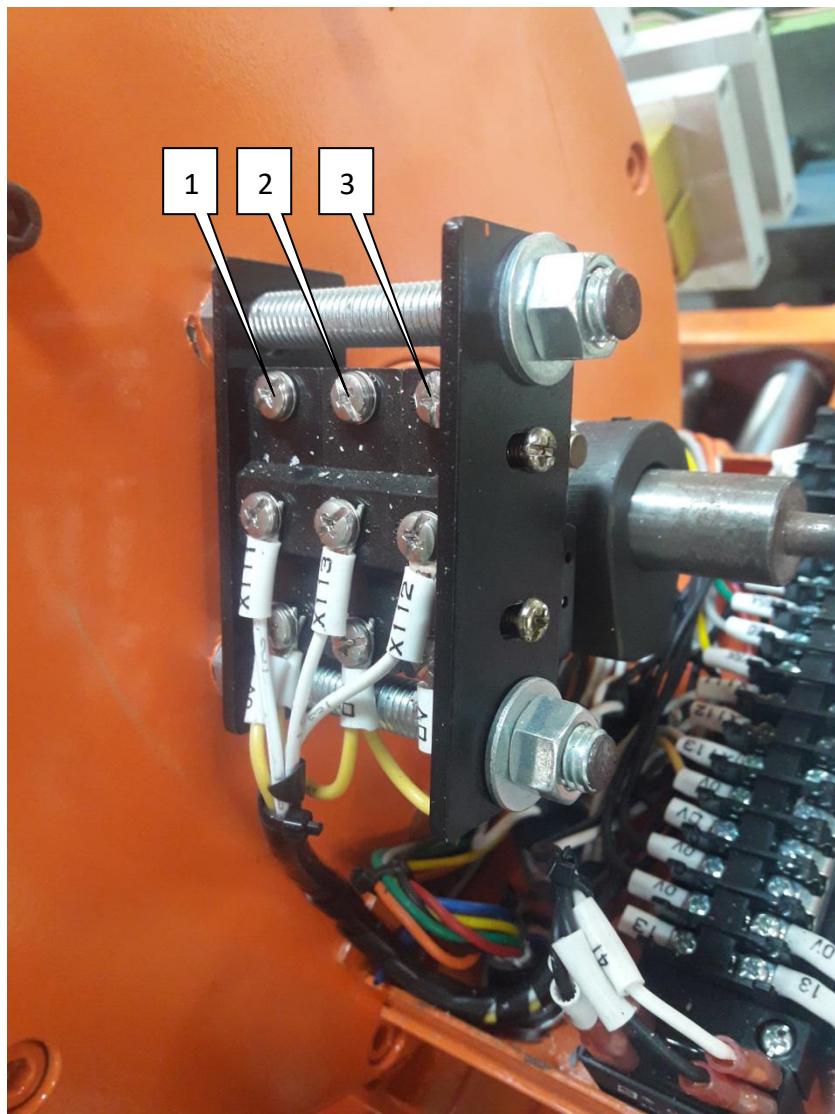
1. 調模退限動開關 Y21A Y21B Die height adjust back limit switch
2. 調模進限動開關 Y7A Y7B Die height adjust FWD limit switch
3. 機台安全門限動開關 X77 0V safety door limit switch
4. 押出限動開關 X23 0V Eject FWD limit switch
5. 押退限動開關 X22 0V Eject Ret limit switch



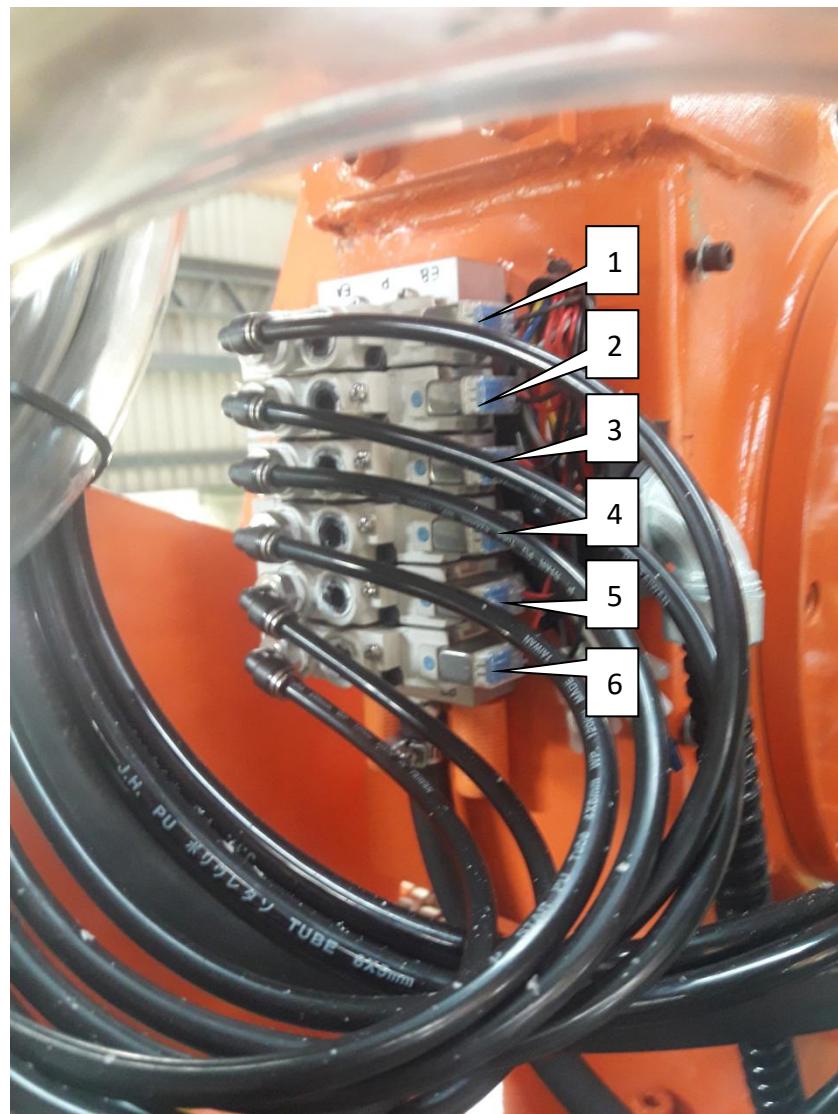
1. 機台油量液位開關 X70 0V Tank oil lev'd switch



1. 噴霧機伺服馬達 U3 V3 W3 E Auto spray servo motor
2. 噴霧機噴霧氣閥 Y54A 0V Air valve with spray
3. 噴霧機吹氣電磁閥 Y53A 0V Air blow valve
4. 噴霧機右移限 38 40 Adjust back limit switch
5. 噴霧機左移限 39 41 Adjust FWD limit switch



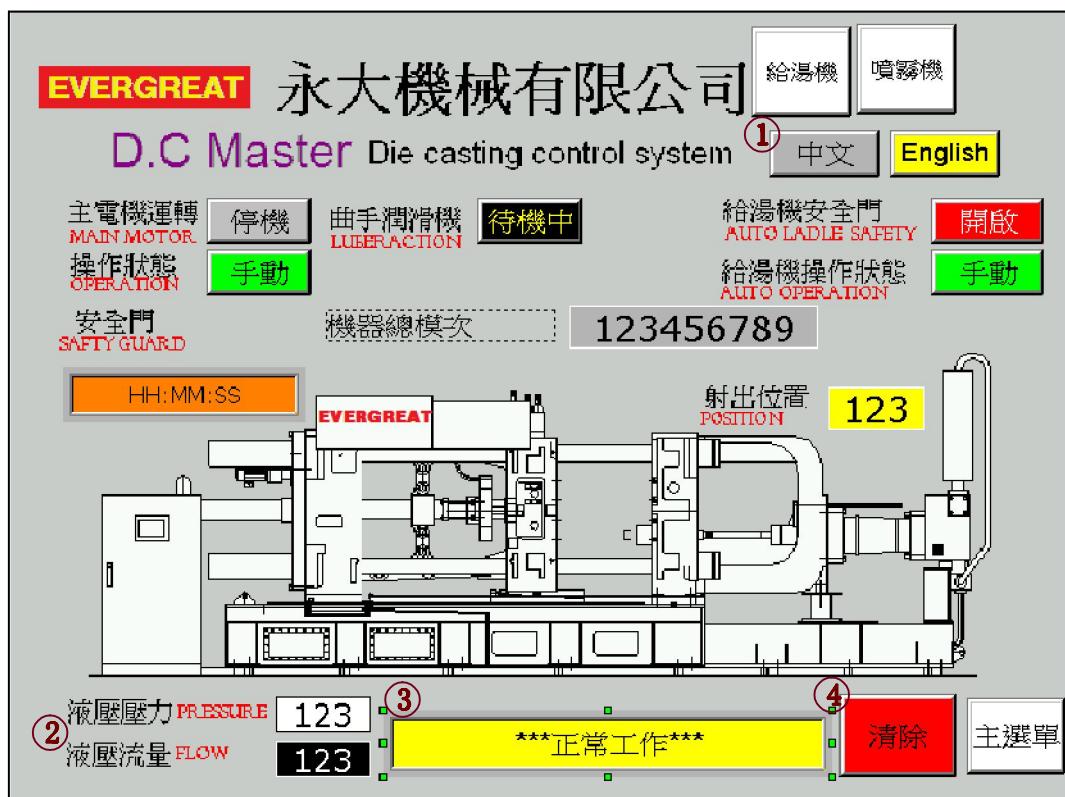
1. 噴霧機上升限 X111 0V Auto spray up limit switch
2. 噴霧機近點信號 X113 0V Servo motor DOG point limit switch
3. 噴霧機下降限 X112 0V Auto spray down limit switch



1. 噴霧機活動模噴霧電磁閥 1 Y47A 0V Moving half spray die coot valve1
2. 噴霧機活動模噴霧電磁閥 2 Y50A 0V Moving half spray die coot valve2
3. 噴霧機活動模噴霧電磁閥 3 Y51A 0V Moving half spray die coot valve3
4. 噴霧機固定模噴霧電磁閥 1 Y55A 0V Fix half spray die coot valve1
5. 噴霧機固定模噴霧電磁閥 2 Y65A 0V Fix half spray die coot valve2
6. 噴霧機固定模噴霧電磁閥 3 Y66A 0V Fix half spray die coot valve3



1.噴霧機座台馬達 40 41 13 Adjust motor

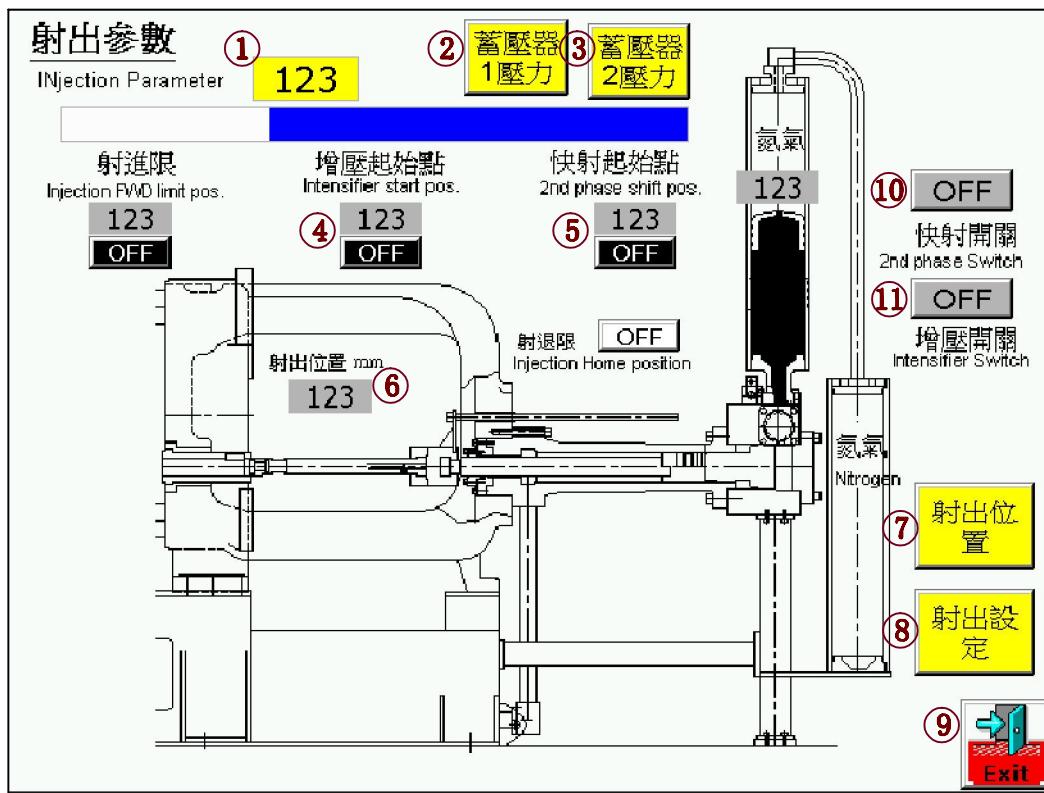


1. 語言設定按鈕
2. 現在的壓力和流量
3. 異常信號，觀看目前異常狀況
4. 清除異常信號按鈕

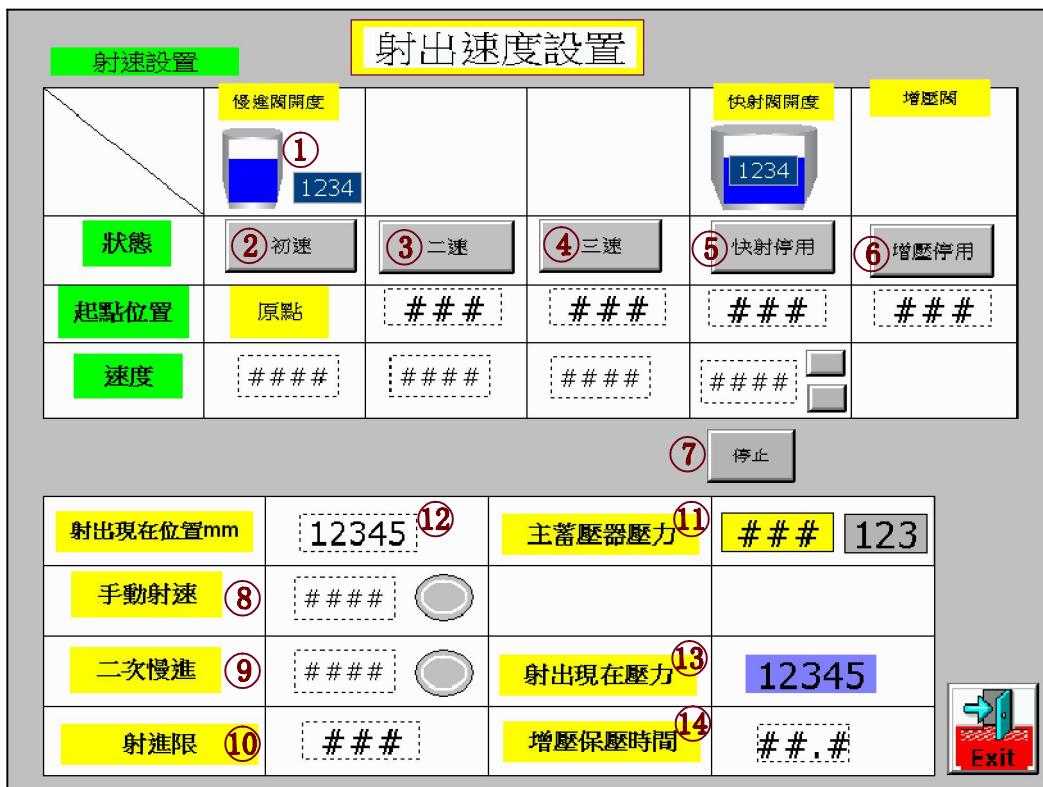
主選單



1. 快速設定按鈕
2. 射出設定按鈕
3. 開關模設定按鈕
4. 自動給湯機按鈕
5. 噴霧機按鈕
6. 生產管理按鈕
7. 保養設定按鈕
8. 錯誤信號清除
9. 切換到主目錄



1. 射出目前位置顯示
2. 蓄壓器壓力1監看設置按鈕
3. 蓄壓器壓力2監看設置按鈕
4. 增壓啟動位置點設置
5. 快射啟動位置點設置
6. 射出位置(目前)
7. 射出位置設定按鈕
8. 換頁至射出設定頁
9. 切換到主目錄
10. 快射功能 使用/不使用 切換開關
11. 增壓功能 使用/不使用 切換開關



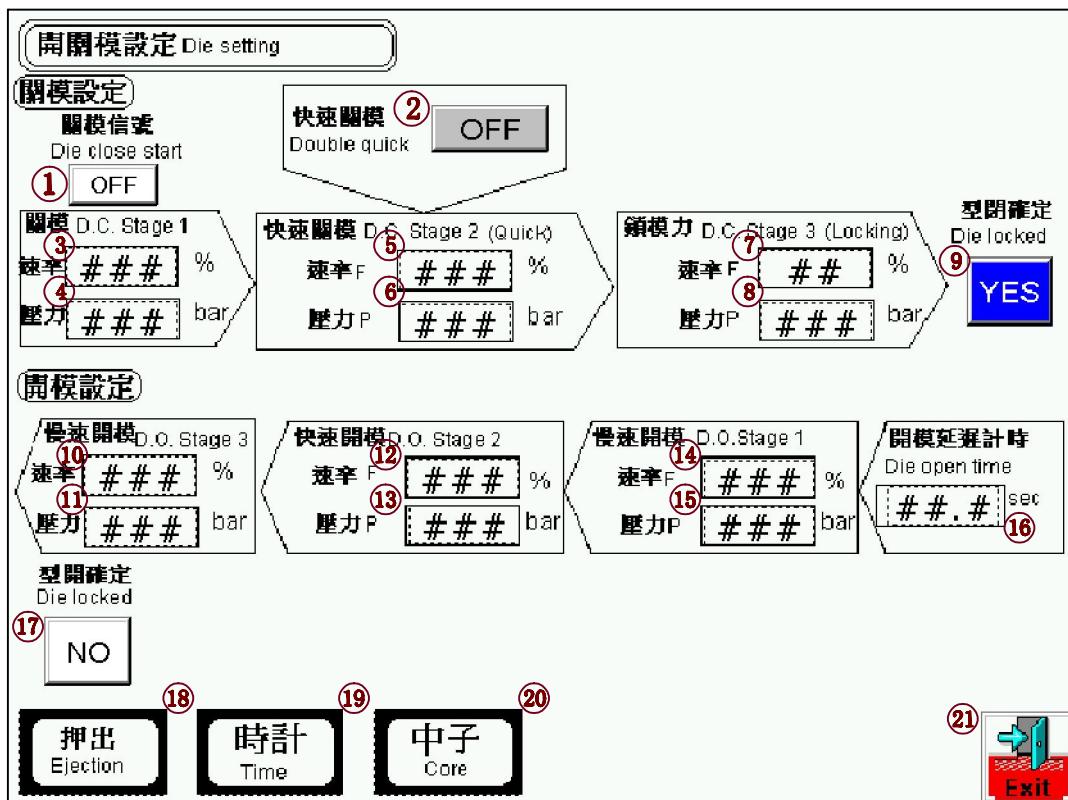
1. 慢進閥設置位置值
2. 初段的速度設置, 可以設慢點, 使射出啟動振動減小
3. 二段的速度設置, 這是推料進入模腔的速度
4. 第三段速度, 這段速度是切換到高速射料的前段速度, 可以稍微快些, 增加快射的加速性
5. 7. 快射啟始點以及快射速度調整, 設入數值後按壓 (7) 鍵, 電子控制閥自動調整到所需速度, 指示燈會熄滅
6. 增壓位置點設置
8. 手動射進速度設置
9. 二次慢進速度設置, 射出後完成冷卻, 模具打開時柱塞頭 (plunger) 會跟開模同步推出料餅, 這個速度由這裡調整
10. 射進限, 射出最突出點, 亦即自動模式下, 柱塞頭跟出的最外點
11. 主蓄壓器壓力, 設置最高140kg/cm²
12. 現在位置, 作為參數目前柱塞頭推進的當前位置
13. 射出進行時, 偵測油缸內的壓力
14. 增壓射出時, 高壓保持壓力的時間

模選單

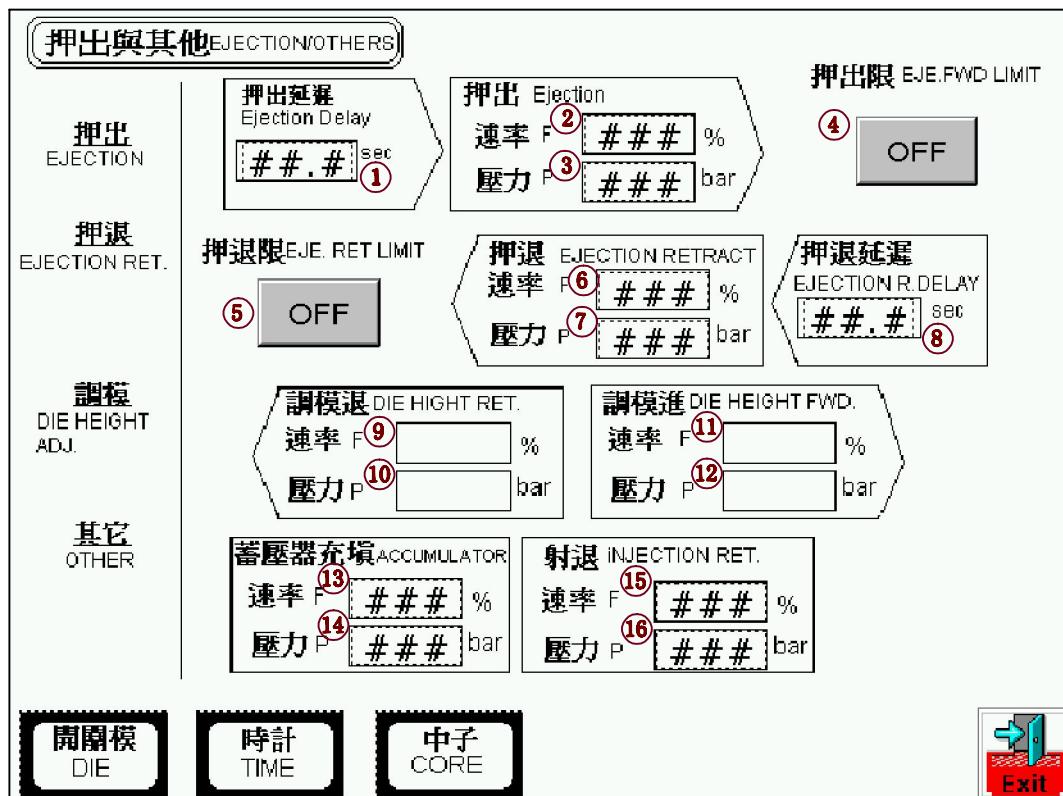
- ① 開關模設定
- ② 托模與其他
- ③ 時計設定
- ④ 中子設定
- ⑤ 壓力計



1. 換頁面到開關模設定頁
2. 換頁面到脫模與其他設定頁
3. 換頁面到時計設定頁
4. 換頁面到中子設定頁
5. 換頁面到壓力計設定頁
6. 切換到主目錄



1. 關模信號指示燈
2. 快速關模使用開關切換
3. 4. 關模動作第一段啟動的壓力、流量
5. 6. 關模動作第二段啟動的壓力、流量
7. 8. 關模鎖緊的壓力、流量
9. 型開確定指示燈
10. 11. 關模末段的壓力、流量，此項數值不宜設置過大，避免開模震動過大
12. 13. 關模中斷的壓力、流量
14. 15. 模初段的壓力、流量，開模初始時要考慮柱塞頭跟出力此項不宜設置過大，避免震動
16. 關模延遲計時，亦即冷卻計時，射出完了延遲冷卻計時到了再開模
17. 型開確定指示燈
18. 換頁面到押出設定頁
19. 換頁面到時計設定頁
20. 換頁面到中子設定頁
21. 切換到主目錄



1. 押出延遲: 當在自動模式下機台開模到位後，會開始計算此時間，才進行押出
2. 3. 設定押出的速率值跟壓力值
4. 押出限指示燈
5. 押退限指示燈
6. 7. 設定押退時的速率值跟壓力值
8. 押退延遲: 當押出限碰到後，開始計算此時間，計時到才開始押出退回
9. 10. 設定調模退時的速率值跟壓力值 (通常不調)
11. 12. 設定調模進時的速率值跟壓力值 (通常不調)
13. 14. 蓄壓器充填速率值跟壓力值，注意此壓力值需大於欲設定的蓄壓器壓力值 10kg-cm^2 以上
15. 16. 射桿射退的速率值跟壓力值



1. 開模計時:使產品於模內冷卻之時間
2. 射退延遲:設定射桿在退出後到射退的延遲時間
3. 押出延遲:開模到位後押出閥延遲的時間
4. 押退延遲:押退閥延遲之時間
5. 現在模數:顯示現在工作模數值
6. 模數設定:預設模數到位後，機器會暫停並發出“生產數已到”的警報
7. 料管潤滑模數:設定料管潤滑打油幾模作動一次
8. 料管吹氣計時:料管作動時吹氣的時間
9. 週期計時:顯示當前生產一模的時間值
10. 曲手潤滑間隔:設定曲手潤滑所需的模數，亦即在設定模數達到同時開始曲手潤滑打油
11. 打油潤滑的時間，需注意供油需能完全到達每一個潤滑點

中子設定 CORE

設定項目 ITEM	中子NO.1 CORE1	中子NO.2 CORE2	中子NO.3 CORE3
使用情形 SWITCH ①	X		
中子入 CORE IN SEQUENCE ②	關模後		
中子出 CORE OUT SEQUENCE ③	開模後		
中子入限 CORE IN LIMIT SWITCH ④	到位		
中子出限 CORE OUT LIMIT SWITCH ⑤	到位		
作動壓力(bar) P ⑥	# # #		
作動流量(%) F ⑦	# # #		
射出時壓力保持ON HOLDING PRESSURE ⑧	X		
控制模式 MODE ⑨	行程開關		
中子入計時 CORE IN TIMING ⑩	# #, #		
中子出計時 CORE OUT TIMING ⑪	# #, #		

開關模
DIE

時計
TIME

押出
EJECTION



1. 中子使用與不使用切換開關
2. 中子入順序選項擇，分關模前與關模後入中子，“關模前”模式是中子先插入，到位後再進行關模，“關模後”則是完成關模後再插入中子
3. 中子出順序選項擇，分“開模前”與“開模後”兩種模式，“開模前”是中子先抽出再接開模動作，“開模後”是開模完成後再中子抽出
4. 5. 中子入限、中子出限到位指示，中子限位元開關接線須接在常閉接點上，即中子開關到位即斷電，到位指示會顯示，
6. 7. 中子抽插的作動壓力與流量（速度）設置
8. 射出時若中子需保壓請選擇ON，但注意中子油缸是無法完全抵擋射出力的反壓，會有退後的情況發生
9. 控制模式選擇：提供“行程開關”與“時間控制”兩種模式，注意：“時間”模式只應用在短期試模時使用，因為時間控制中子油缸動作無法檢出是否有確實作動到位，易發生誤動作。相對的“行程開關”較為安全，開關未到位，不會接續到下一次動作。
10. 11. 中子入、出時間，選擇“時間”模式時，中子出與入的作動時間



1. 給湯待機計時，料杓汲湯之後若機器完成開模與射退限到位就會注湯，但等待這個時間設定到達，就返回爐上換料
2. 連動計時，與機器作動及操作者的作業速度作協調而調整，時間越短，給湯頻數越快
3. 爐內計時，在爐內舀湯停留的時間，做為與大、小料杓進料時間不同的設置
4. 上升計量，舀完湯後於爐內傾杓上升，保持料量一致
5. 射出延遲，在料管處注湯完成轉接到射出信號的間隔時間
6. 探針線狀態指示
7. 湯量角度設置，角度愈大，取料愈大
8. 給湯待機選擇，爐上待機跟料管待機，“ON”狀態為爐口待機，給湯機取湯後在爐口等待關模完成信號即前進倒料，“OFF”狀態為取湯後，前進到料管邊等待關模完成的信號



伺服噴霧機的噴霧方式為定點定量噴灑離型劑及吹氣，可以設定順序位置（共有四段）對設入的位置進行噴霧及吹氣動作，並且也可以在任一節點位置”設置擺動”讓噴嘴進行上下游移可以均勻噴塗及吹散水分

0. 吹氣1：到定位後進行的吹氣動作

1. 2. 3. 活動模噴霧
 4. 5. 6. 固定模噴霧
- 噴嘴分三個部分控制其噴霧時間，並且可以調節閥門控制離型劑量

7. 吹氣2：噴霧後再吹氣使水氣擴散

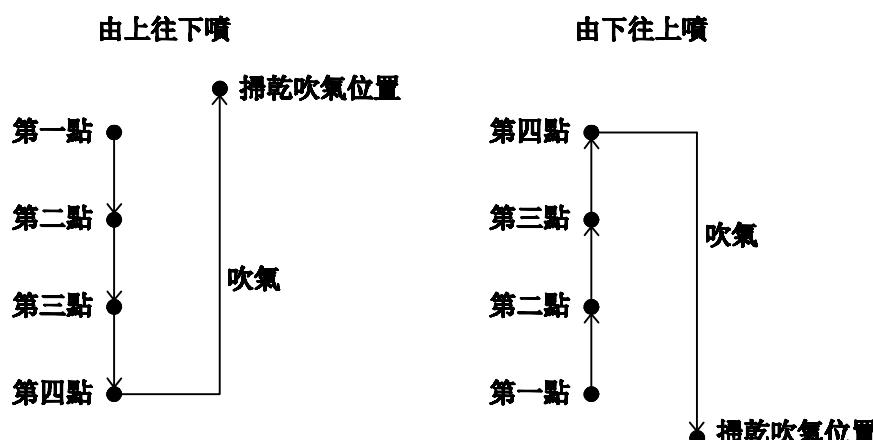
8. 摆動：勾選後噴嘴在這段位會上下往覆作動

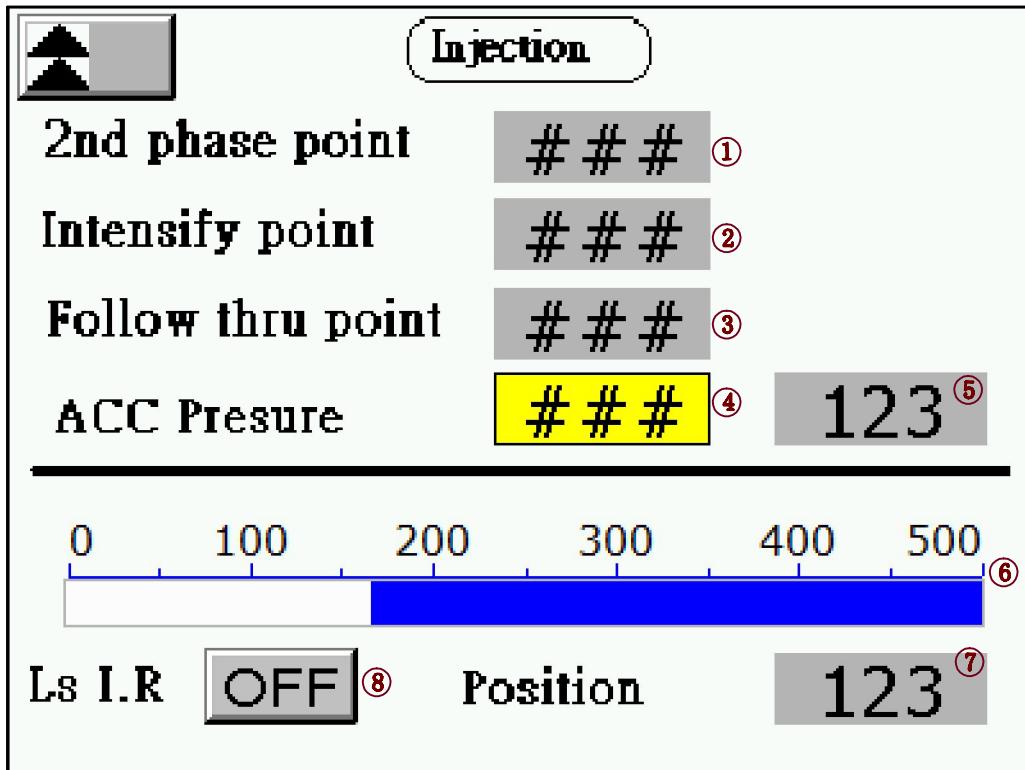
9. 15. 位置：噴霧方式可以由上往下順序設點位置，亦可由下往上設置，可以手動移噴嘴到需要噴霧位置，然後按下”寫入”系統便會將目前位置抓入

10. 狀態：設置段位開啟或關閉

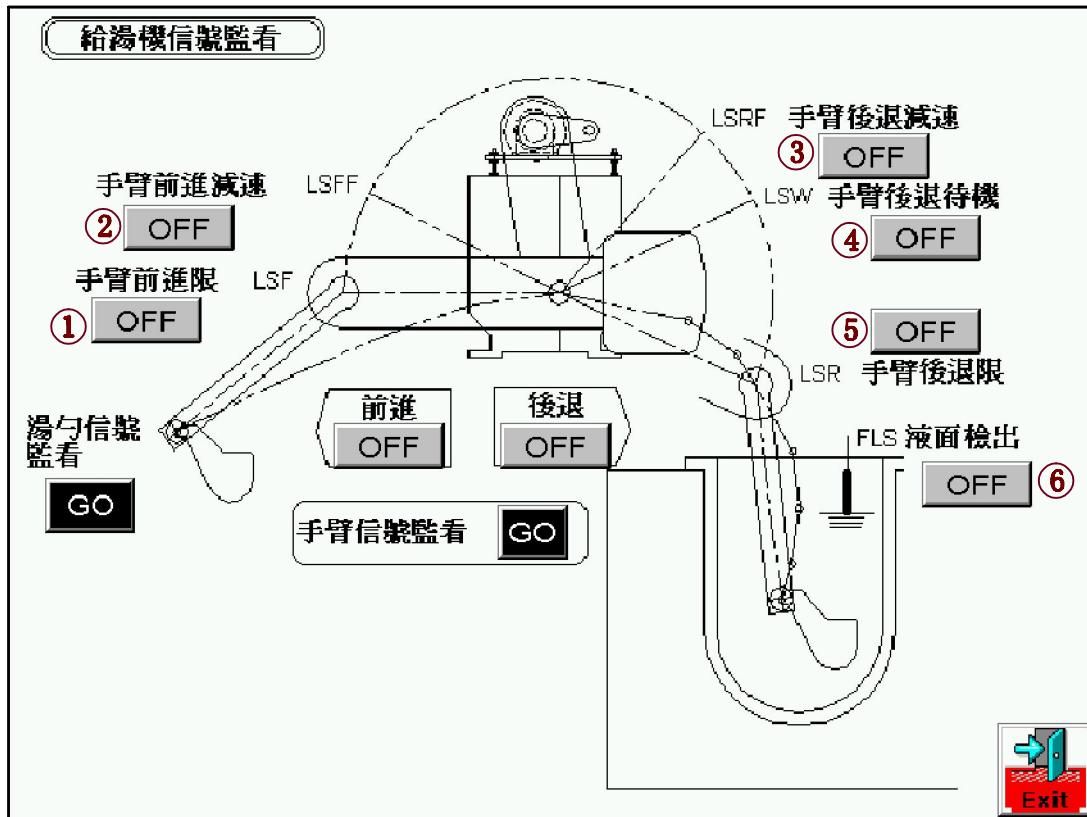
11. 現在位置：顯示噴嘴目前位置，噴嘴在上升限的位置為零點

12. 掃乾吹氣位置：這個位置配合1~4的位置使用，如果由上往下噴霧，則這項位置應設置在上方第一點，更上方的位置，如果是由下往上噴，則這項位置可設在取下點再下方一點的位置

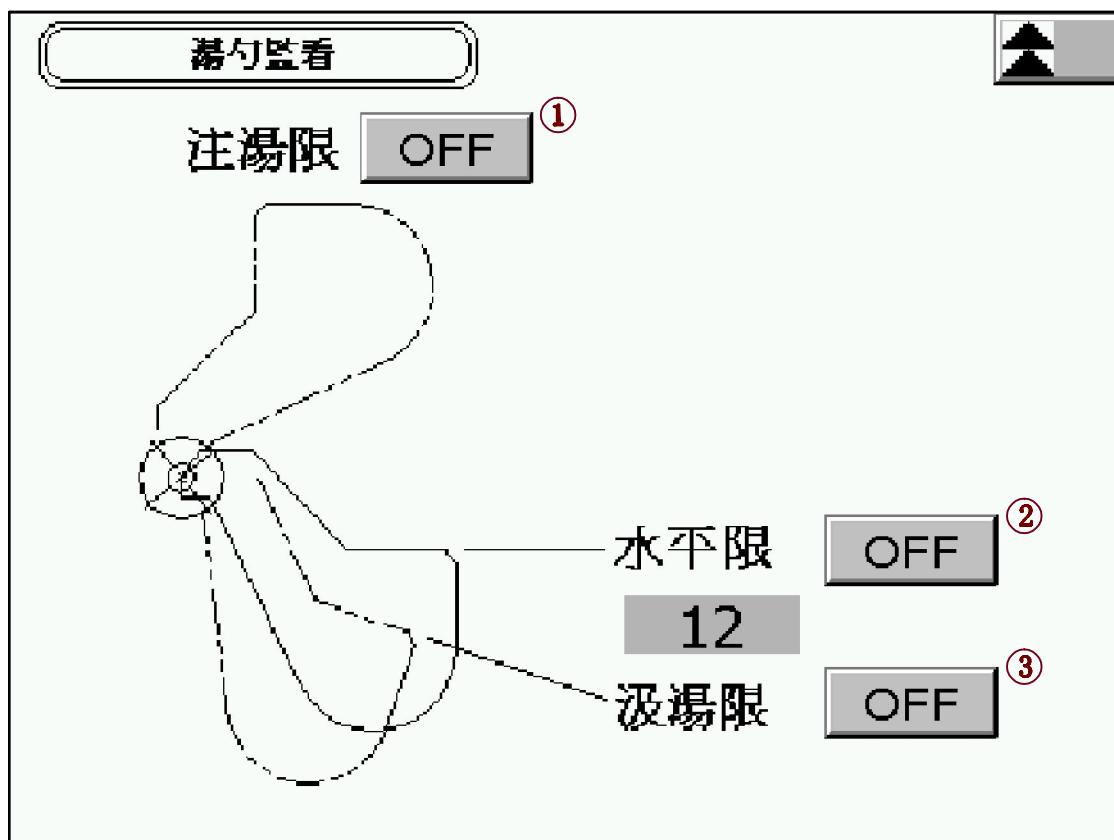




1. 快射起始點：此為慢射進的終點，轉接到快速射出切換為快射閥啟動，進行高速射出
2. 增壓起始點：射出末端點提高壓力2.1倍，提升模腔內的壓力，使鑄件密緻度更高，此位置最佳位於射出完了終點40~70mm
3. 射出跟出限：射出後，冷卻完成，開模時射桿同步往前推進，以同步推出進料口，往前行進的限制點
4. 5. 蓄壓器壓力：目前蓄壓器的壓力值及設置值
6. 7. 目前射出的位置顯示
8. 射退限位開關狀態顯示，射退限到位“ON”時，射出位置值會歸零，並且同時吹氣及料管潤滑供油

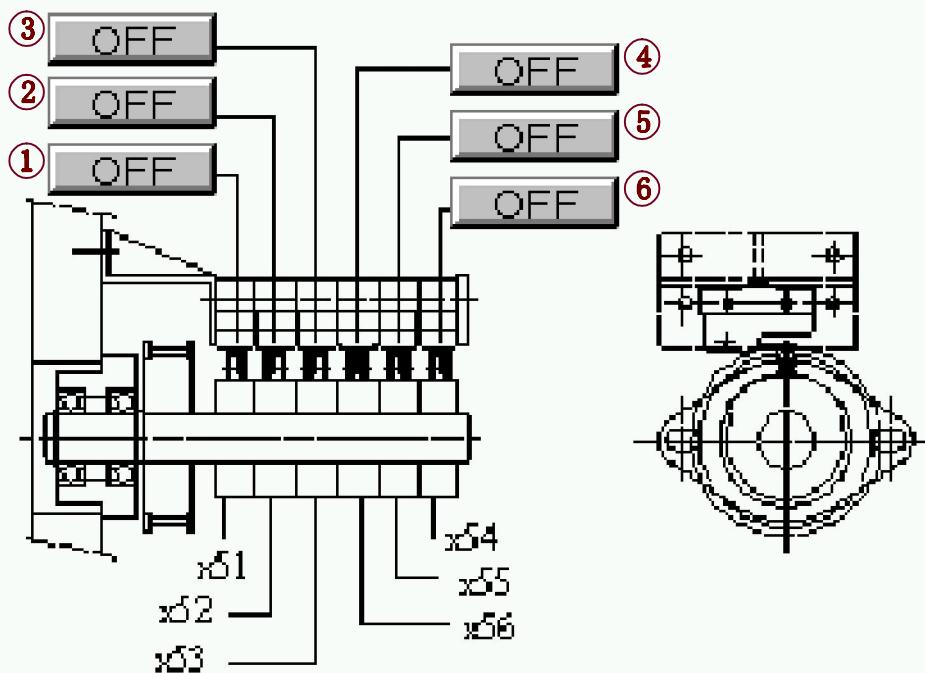


1. 前進限指示燈,手臂達前進限時手臂停止
2. 前進減速指示燈,手臂達前進減速限時手臂開始前進減速
3. 手臂後退減速指示燈,手臂達後退減速限時手臂開始後退減速
4. 後退待機位置指示燈,手臂達待機位置即停止,湯杓作動
5. 後退限指示燈,手臂達後退限時手臂停止
6. 液面檢出指示燈



1. 注湯限指示燈, 湯杓達注湯限時停止
2. 水平限指示燈, 湯杓達水平限時停止
3. 汲湯限指示燈, 湯杓達汲湯限時停止

手臂信號監看



1. 手臂後退限信號監看
2. 手臂後退減速限信號監看
3. 手臂後退待機位置信號監看
4. 手臂前進減速限信號監看
5. 手臂前進限信號監看
6. 手臂前進安全限信號監看

蓄壓器1		
蓄壓器現在壓力	123	①
上限設置值	###	② OFF ④
下限值	123	③ OFF ⑤
沖填狀態	停止	⑥
儲壓狀態	超壓	⑦

1. 主蓄壓器現在壓力顯示

2. 設置的主蓄壓器壓力，設入壓力值，蓄壓器即補壓到設置值

3. 下限值是系統自動根據上限值設置的，無法設入

4. 顯示上下限目前的狀態

6. 蓄壓器現在值低於下限值時，系統會開始補壓，會顯示“補壓中”，如果“補壓中”時間超過30秒，則系統會有“補壓異常”的警報，此時則需降低上限的設置，或提高“押出與其他”以確保能正常補壓，中的“蓄壓器充填”中的壓力值大於“上限設置值”

7. 補壓異常導致“壓力安全開關”動作時，會顯示“超壓”並且警報

循環 計時	123.4^①	
生產 計數	12345^②	計數中 ^③ 清零 ^④
預設模數	# ##### 模 ^⑤	曲手潤滑周期(模) # ## ⑪123
上次時間	12.3 秒 ^⑥	曲手潤滑時間(秒) # ##. # ⑫123.4
週期時間	12.3 秒 ^⑦	
每小時產量預報	123 模 ^⑧	
10小時產量預報	1234 模 ^⑨	
機器總使用模數	12345678 ⑩	HH:MM:SS
正常工作 ⑬		
⑭清除 		

1. 顯示目前的每模次週期時間
2. 3. 4. 生產數量的計數，每次關模即計數一次，亦可“中斷”計數或“清零”計數值
5. 預設模數值：達到設置數值時，會有“產量已到達”的警示
6. ~9. 目前的生產速度，預測未來時間的產出量
10. 機器總使用模次，這計數值持續累積，無法歸零
11. 12. 曲手打油機間歇模次及每次注油作動時間
13. 14. 異常狀態顯示並且可復歸