全角運動量演算子 L^2 with アインシュタインの記法

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1. 概要

全角運動量演算子 L^2 をシュッと表す with アインシュタインの記法。

2. 計算

$$\begin{split} L^2\psi &= \frac{1}{2}g_{km}g_{ln}\Big(X^k\frac{\hbar}{i}\partial^l - X^l\frac{\hbar}{i}\partial^k\Big)\Big(X^m\frac{\hbar}{i}\partial^n - X^n\frac{\hbar}{i}\partial^m\Big)\psi \\ &= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2}g_{km}g_{ln}\Big(X^k\partial^l X^m\partial^n\psi - X^k\partial^l X^n\partial^m\psi - X^l\partial^k X^m\partial^n\psi + X^l\partial^k X^n\partial^m\psi\Big) \\ &= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2}\Big(g_{km}g_{lp}X^k\partial^l X^m\partial^p\psi - g_{kp}g_{ln}X^k\partial^l X^n\partial^p\psi - g_{km}g_{lp}X^l\partial^k X^m\partial^p\psi + g_{kp}g_{ln}X^l\partial^k X^n\partial^p\psi\Big) \\ &= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2}\Big(g_{km}\delta^p_l\Big(X^k\partial^l X^m - X^l\partial^k X^m\Big) + \delta^p_kg_{ln}\Big(X^l\partial^k X^n - X^k\partial^l X^n\Big)\Big)\nabla_p\psi \end{split}$$

ここで

$$X^k \partial^l X^m f = X^k X^m \partial^l f + X^k g^{lm} f$$

なので

$$\begin{split} g_{km}\delta_l^p \Big(X^k \partial^l X^m - X^l \partial^k X^m \Big) + \delta_k^p g_{ln} \Big(X^l \partial^k X^n - X^k \partial^l X^n \Big) \\ &= g_{km}\delta_l^p \Big(X^k X^m \partial^l + X^k g^{lm} - X^l X^m \partial^k - X^l g^{km} \Big) + \delta_k^p g_{ln} \Big(X^l X^n \partial^k + X^l g^{kn} - X^k X^n \partial^l - X^k g^{ln} \Big) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &=g_{km}\delta_l^pX^kX^m\,\partial^l+g_{km}\delta_l^pX^kg^{lm}-g_{km}\delta_l^pX^lX^m\,\partial^k-g_{km}\delta_l^pX^lg^{km}\\ &+\delta_k^pg_{ln}X^lX^n\,\partial^k+\delta_k^pg_{ln}X^lg^{kn}-\delta_k^pg_{ln}X^kX^n\,\partial^l-\delta_k^pg_{ln}X^kg^{ln}\\ &=g_{km}\delta_q^pX^kX^m\,\partial^q+X^p-g_{qm}\delta_l^pX^lX^m\,\partial^q-3X^p+\delta_q^pg_{ln}X^lX^n\,\partial^q+X^p-\delta_k^pg_{qn}X^kX^n\,\partial^q-3X^p\\ &=\left(g_{km}\delta_q^pX^kX^m-g_{qm}\delta_l^pX^lX^m+\delta_q^pg_{ln}X^lX^n-\delta_k^pg_{qn}X^kX^n\right)\partial^q-4X^p \end{split}$$

であり

したがって

$$\begin{split} L^2\psi &= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2} \Big(\Big(g_{km} \delta_q^p X^k X^m - g_{qm} \delta_l^p X^l X^m + \delta_q^p g_{ln} X^l X^n - \delta_k^p g_{qn} X^k X^n \Big) \partial^q - 4X^p \Big) \nabla_p \psi \\ &= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2} \Big(\delta_q^p \Big(g_{km} X^k X^m + g_{ln} X^l X^n \Big) - g_{qm} \delta_l^p X^l X^m - \delta_k^p g_{qn} X^k X^n \Big) \nabla^q \nabla_p \psi + 2\hbar^2 X^p \nabla_p \psi \\ &= -\hbar^2 \Big(\delta_q^p \Big(g_{km} X^k X^m \Big) - \delta_k^p \Big(g_{qm} X^k X^m \Big) \Big) \nabla^q \nabla_p \psi + 2\hbar^2 X^p \nabla_p \psi \\ &= -\hbar^2 \Big(\delta_q^p \Big(g_{km} X^k X^m \Big) - \delta_k^p \Big(g_{qm} X^k X^m \Big) \Big) \nabla^q \nabla_p \psi + 2\hbar^2 X^p \nabla_p \psi \\ &= -\hbar^2 \Big(g_{km} X^k X^m \Big) \nabla^2 \psi + \hbar^2 (X^p X^m) \nabla_m \nabla_p \psi + 2\hbar^2 X^p \nabla_p \psi \end{split}$$

$$L^{2}\psi = -\hbar^{2} |\vec{x}|^{2} \nabla^{2}\psi + \hbar^{2}\vec{x} \cdot ((\vec{x} \cdot \nabla)\nabla\psi) + 2\hbar^{2}\vec{x} \cdot \nabla\psi$$