Supplementary Notes

Supplementary Note 1: Distance metric for clustering algorithm

Assume there are 2 Poisson distributions P_1 and P_2 with density functions

$$p_1(x, \lambda_1) = \frac{e^{-\lambda_1} \lambda_1^x}{\Gamma(x+1)}$$

and

$$p_2(x, \lambda_2) = \frac{e^{-\lambda_2} \lambda_2^x}{\Gamma(x+1)}$$

The Kullback-Leibner divergence from P_2 to P_1 is defined as:

$$D_{KL}(P_1||P_2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} p_1(x) \log \frac{p_1(x)}{p_2(x)} dx$$

or in other words, it is the expectation of the logarithmic difference between the probabilities P_1 and P_2 , where the expectation is taken with regard to P_1 .

The log ratio of the density functions is

$$\log \frac{p_1(x)}{p_2(x)} = x \log \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2} + \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$$

take expectation of this expression with regard to P_1 with mean λ_1 we have

$$D_{KL}(P_1||P_2) = \lambda_1 \log \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2} + \lambda_2 - \lambda_1$$

The metric we used is the distance defined as

$$D(P_1, P_2) = \frac{D_{KL}(P_1||P_2) + D_{KL}(P_2||P_1)}{2} = \frac{1}{2}(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)(\log \lambda_1 - \log \lambda_2)$$

Supplementary Note 2: Coverage re-estimation

The re-estimation is basically carried out by following two steps.

1. From nodes coverage, estimate edges' value by quadratic unconstrained optimization of the least-square function:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} l_{i} ((\sum_{i} e_{i}^{+} - c_{i})^{2} + (\sum_{i} e_{i}^{-} - c_{i})^{2}$$

where l_i and c_i is the length and coverage of a node i in the graph;

 $\sum e_i^+$ and $\sum e_i^-$ indicates sum of the values of incoming and outgoing edges from i respectively. The above function and be rewritten as:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^T Q x + b^T x + r$$

and then being minimized by using gradient-based method.

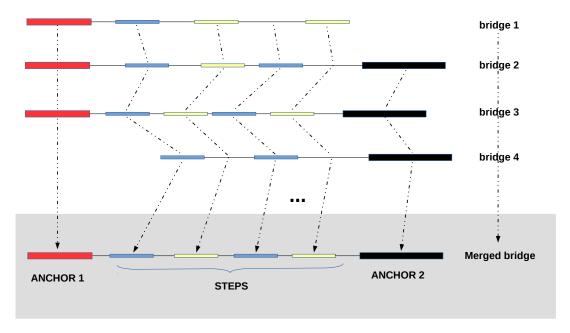
2. Update nodes' coverage based on itself and its neighbor edges' measures.

The calibration is iterative until no further improvements are made or a threshold loop count is reached.

Supplementary Note 3: Constructing bridges in real-time

We implemented a data structure to represent the connection between two unique contigs in the assembly graph, namely bridge. A bridge has 4 levels of completion, ranging from 1 to 4 depends on how close to finish it is. When a new bridge is built with only one anchor (unique ending), it has level 1. If both anchor nodes are identified, its completion level is 2. Only then, a path finding algorithm is applied to find candidate paths of this bridge. When potential paths (more than 1) are listed successfully, the completion level is increased to 3. Finally, when the only path solution is determined out of all candidates, the bridge is assigned as complete-built with level 4.

At early stages (level 1 or 2), a bridge is constructed progressively by alignments from long reads that spanning its corresponding anchor(s). In an example from Figure 1, bridges from a certain anchor (highlighted in red) are created by extracting appropriate alignments from incoming long reads to the contigs. Each of the steps therefore is assigned a weighing score based on its alignment quality. Due to the error rate of long reads, there should be deviations in terms of steps found and spans measured between these bridges, eventhough they represent the same connection. A continuous merging phase, as shown in the figure, takes advantage of a pairwise Needleman-Wunsch dynamic programming to generate a consensus list based on weight and position of each of every stepping nodes. The spans are calibrated accordingly by averaging out the distances. On the other hand, the score of the merged steps are accumulated over time as well. Whenever a consensus bridge is anchored by 2 unique contigs at both ends and hosting a list of steps with sufficient coverage, it is ready for a path finding in the next step.



Supplementary Figure 1: Bridge merging progressively in real-time. Sequencing long reads induce alignments to the contigs where new bridges are created respectively. Bridges sharing same anchors can be merged together to form the ultimate, more comprehensive bridge (with more spans and better approximation about distances between them).

Supplementary Note 4: Path finding algorithm

However, due to false alignments from shorter contigs to the long reads, not all of the reported step nodes are neccessary to be appeared in the ultimate path resolved by the bridge. In most cases, the accumulated score of each step indicates its likelihood to be the true component of the final solution. For that reason, a strategy similar to binary searching is employed to find a path across 2 anchors of a bridge.

Algorithm 1 demonstrates the path finding module in general. In which, function $\mathtt{shortestTree}(\overrightarrow{vertex}, distance) : (V, Z) \to V^n$

from line 3 of the algorithm's pseudo code builds a shortest tree rooted from \overrightarrow{v} , following its direction until a distance of approximately d (with a tolerance regarding nanopore read error rate) is reached. This task is implemented based on Dijkstra algorithm. This tree is used on line 4 and in function includedIn() on line 19 to filter out any node or edge with ending nodes that do not belong to the tree.

Basically, the algorithm keeps track of a stack that contains sets of candidate edges to discover. During the traversal, a variable d is updated as an estimation for the distance to the target. A hit is reported if the target node is reached with a reasonable distance i.e. close to zero, within a given tolerance (line 21). A threshold for the traversing depth is set (150) to ignore too complicated and time-consuming path searching.

It is worth to mention that the length() functions for node and edge are totally different. While the former returns the length of the sequence represented by the node, *i.e.* contig from short-read assembly, the latter is usually negative because an edge models a link between two nodes, which is normally an overlap (except for composite edges). For example, in a k-mers SPAdes assembly graph, the value of an edge is -k + 1.

On the other hand, if external binning algorithm is employed, the resulting output must be converted into a text file that specifies the corresponding bin of every contigs. By that, each line of the file would be: $< contig_ID > < bin_ID >$ where $bin_ID = 0$ indicates unspecified binned contigs.

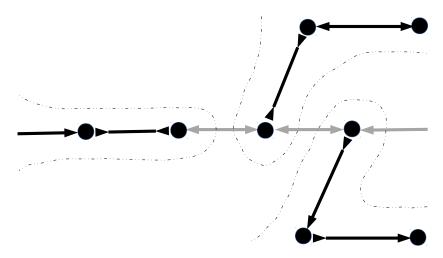
Supplementary Note 5: Graph decomposing for output report

A path $p = \{v_0, e_1, v_1, \dots, v_{k-1}, e_k, v_k\}$ of size k is considered as straight if every edge along the path, $e_i, \forall i = 1, \dots, k$, must be the only option to traverse from either v_{i-1} or v_i following the transition rule. To decompose the graph, we can just simply mask out all incoming/outgoing edges rooted from any node with in/out degree greater than 1 as demonstrated in Figure 2. These edges are defined as branching edges which stop straight paths from further extending.

The decomposed graph is only used to report the contigs that can be extracted from an assembly graph at certain time point. For that reason, the branching edges are only masked but not removed from the original graph as they would be used for further bridging.

Algorithm 1: Pseudo-code for finding paths connecting 2 nodes given their estimated distance.

```
Data: Assembly graph G\{V, E\}
    Input: Pair of bidirected nodes \overrightarrow{v_1}, \overrightarrow{v_2} and estimated distance d between them
    Output: Set of candidate paths connecting \overrightarrow{v_1} to \overrightarrow{v_2} with reasonable distances compared to d
 1 Function DFS (\overrightarrow{v_1}, \overrightarrow{v_2}, d):
 2
         P := \text{new List}()
         M:=shortestTree(\overrightarrow{v_2}, d)
                                                                                                  // build shortest tree from \overrightarrow{v_2} with range d
 3
         if M.contain(\overrightarrow{v_1}) then
 4
             S:=\text{new } Stack()
                                                                                                          // stack of sets of edges to traverse
 5
             edgesSet := getEdges(\overrightarrow{v_1})
 6
                                                                                                     // get all bidirected edges going from \overrightarrow{v_1}
             S.push(edgesSet)
 7
             p := \text{new } Path(\overrightarrow{v_1})
                                                                                                             // init a path that has \overrightarrow{v_1} as root
             while true do
 9
                  edgesSet := S.peek()
10
                  if edgesSet.isEmpty() then
11
                      if p.size() \leq 1 then
12
                          break
                                                                                  // stop the loop when there is no more edge to discover
13
                      S.pop()
                      d+=p.peekNode.length()+p.popEdge().length()
15
16
                      curEdge := edgesSet.remove()
17
                      \overrightarrow{v} := curEdge.getOpposite(p.peekNode())
18
                      S.push(getEdges(\overrightarrow{v}).includedIn(M))
19
                      p.add(curEdge)
20
                      if reach \overrightarrow{v_2} with reasonable d then
                          P.add(p)
22
                      d = \overrightarrow{v}.length() + curEdge.length()
23
         return P
24
```



Supplementary Figure 2: Example of graph decomposition into longest straight paths. Branching edges are masked out (shaded) leaving only straight paths (bold colored) to report. There would be 3 contigs extracted by traversing along the straight paths here.

Supplementary Figures and Tables

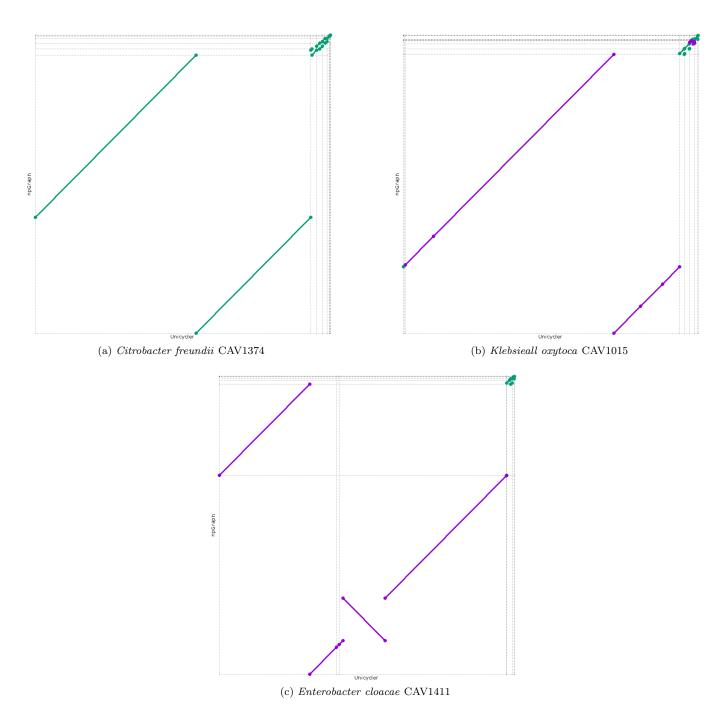
Supplementary Table 1: Benchmarking npGraph against npScarf versions, hybridSPAdes and Unicycler hybrid assembler with the synthetic data set.

	Assembly		N50	Mis-	Mismatch	Indel	
Method	size (bp)	#Contigs	(bp)	assemblies	(per 100Kbp)	(per 100Kbp)	
random sequences	· - /	#Contrigs	(pp)	assembnes	(per roorrop)	(per 1001xbp)	
npScarf	4110000	3	4000000	0	0.00	0.00	
npScarf_wag	4109516	3	4000000	0	0.00	0.00	
npGraph-bwa	4110000	3	4000000	0	0.00	0.00	
npGraph-mm2	4110000	3	4000000	0	0.00	0.00	
hybridSPAdes	4110231	3	4000077	0	0.00	0.07	
Unicycler	4110231	3	40000077	0	0.00	0.00	
random sequences			4000000	0	0.00	0.00	
npScarf	4110940	3	4002715	0	0.00	0.66	
npScarf_wag	4110940 4437094	3 7	$\frac{4002713}{2795129}$	0	0.00	1.07	
		$\frac{\iota}{3}$	4000000	0	0.00	0.00	
npGraph-bwa	4110000	ა 3	4000000	_	0.00	0.00	
npGraph-mm2	4110000			0			
hybridSPAdes	4107566	3	3999364	0	0.02	0.02	
Unicycler	4110000	3	4000000	0	0.00	0.00	
random sequences			0000405	2.4	11 FF	0.4.5.4	
npScarf	4316934	8	3963485	24	11.55	34.54	
npScarf_wag	5215965	16	1515563	37	0.32	7.22	
npGraph-bwa	4110000	3	4000000	0	0.32	0.15	
npGraph-mm2	4110000	3	4000000	0	0.32	0.15	
hybridSPAdes	4108190	3	3999621	0	0.68	0.15	
Unicycler	4110000	3	4000000	0	0.32	0.15	
Acinetobacter A1			20-222				
npScarf	3912299	3	3870269	4	4.74	13.02	
$npScarf_wag$	3945166	3	3906368	1	7.00	14.02	
npGraph-bwa	3918374	2	3909643	0	16.34	0.61	
npGraph-mm2	3885898	2	3877167	1	18.05	1.03	
hybridSPAdes	3929948	53	3353679	0	35.48	3.22	
Unicycler	3917745	2	3909014	0	2.50	0.13	
Acinetobacter AB30							
npScarf	4512464	7	4304628	35	57.95	72.87	
$npScarf_wag$	5315235	13	1267710	136	73.55	8.15	
npGraph-bwa	4335342	2	4148952	1	16.93	1.45	
npGraph-mm2	4335790	1	4335790	0	6.97	0.25	
hybridSPAdes	4337369	3	2701005	0	12.80	1.39	
Unicycler	4333041	1	4333041	1	6.42	0.53	
E. coli K12 MG16							
npScarf	4649902	2	4641702	4	14.94	34.35	
$npScarf_wag$	4687952	3	4641732	0	6.55	1.96	
npGraph-bwa	4641743	1	4641743	0	4.50	0.43	
npGraph-mm2	4641820	1	4641820	0	3.88	0.26	
hybridSPAdes	4644555	1	4641036	0	0.62	0.09	
Unicycler	4641650	1	4641650	0	3.43	0.26	
E. coli O25b H4-ST131							
npScarf	5245913	3	5095571	7	7.05	18.81	
$npScarf_wag$	5292700	3	3469617	9	9.03	1.55	
npGraph-bwa	5237821	7	4049493	1	3.38	0.31	
npGraph-mm2	5249799	3	5110117	0	2.40	0.15	
hybridSPAdes	5252762	8	4258948	2	5.43	0.57	
Unicycler	5249442	3	5109760	0	4.02	0.27	
					0	ad on next nage	

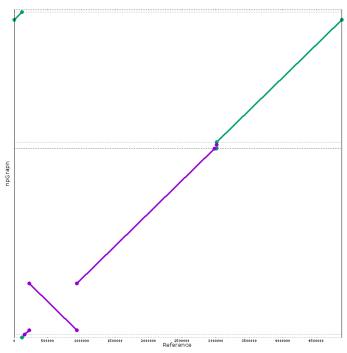
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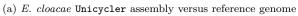
Supplementary Table 1 - Continued from previous page

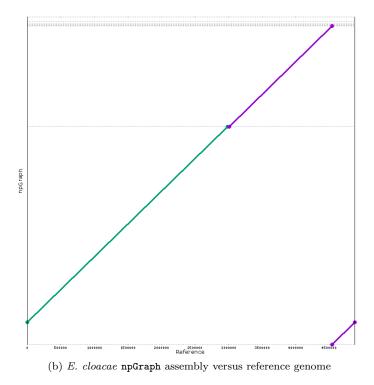
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Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv npScarf 4498245 4 4402238 8 5.1 npScarf_wag 4506056 4 4410942 3 6.8 npGraph-bwa 4411406 1 4411406 0 1.8 npGraph-mm2 4411532 1 4411532 0 0.6 hybridSPAdes 4413942 1 4410519 0 0.7 Unicycler 4411538 1 4411538 0 2.2 Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288c npScarf 11986800 24 796769 51 62.1 npScarf_wag 12003203 21 917017 21 69.1 npGraph-bwa 11921736 40 913090 3 38.0 npGraph-mm2 11920984 38 913198 2 20.6 hybridSPAdes 12027533 45 770543 5 32.5 Unicycler 11847655 72 909114 0 21.8	0.35
npScarf 4498245 4 4402238 8 5.1 npScarf_wag 4506056 4 4410942 3 6.8 npGraph-bwa 4411406 1 4411406 0 1.8 npGraph-mm2 4411532 1 4411532 0 0.6 hybridSPAdes 4413942 1 4410519 0 0.7 Unicycler 4411538 1 4411538 0 2.2 Saccharomyces cerevisiae S288c npScarf_wag 12003203 21 917017 21 69.1 npGraph-bwa 11921736 40 913090 3 38.0 npGraph-mm2 11920984 38 913198 2 20.6 hybridSPAdes 12027533 45 770543 5 32.5 Unicycler 11847655 72 909114 0 21.8	
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npScarf_wag 12003203 21 917017 21 69.1 npGraph-bwa 11921736 40 913090 3 38.0 npGraph-mm2 11920984 38 913198 2 20.6 hybridSPAdes 12027533 45 770543 5 32.5 Unicycler 11847655 72 909114 0 21.8	21.40
npGraph-bwa 11921736 40 913090 3 38.0 npGraph-mm2 11920984 38 913198 2 20.6 hybridSPAdes 12027533 45 770543 5 32.5 Unicycler 11847655 72 909114 0 21.8	
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Unicycler 11847655 72 909114 0 21.8	
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	1.04
Shigella dysenteriae Sd197	
npScarf 4586075 173 36560 55 120.1	4 111.59
npScarf_wag 5462918 92 98791 105 147.4	8 79.28
npGraph-bwa 4564058 6 4369264 5 80.6	11.16
npGraph-mm2 4558920 6 4364264 7 75.5	10.98
hybridSPAdes 4519131 23 821249 96 9.5	
Unicycler 4560901 3 4369231 0 11.8	
Shigella sonnei 53G	1,00
npScarf 6441461 20 1953896 82 164.0	219.52
	2 219.52
-	9 0.91
npGraph-bwa 5211544 4 4988532 0 14.5	
npGraph-mm2 5211527 4 4988519 0 8.5	
hybridSPAdes 5223875 8 2195455 2 41.9	
Unicycler 5220517 5 4988548 0 7.3	39 0.52
Streptococcus suis BM407	
npScarf 2183951 $3 2146594$ $0 21.5$	
$npScarf_wag$ 2289880 3 1493189 1 3.1	7 1.96
npGraph-bwa 2154623 6 2131479 1 5.2	
npGraph-mm2 2149876 6 2146774 0 1.4	0.28
hybridSPAdes 2172703 2 2146237 0 6.8	
Unicycler 2170829 2 2146250 0 2.6	0.28
	0.28 0.09



Supplementary Figure 1: Dotplot generated by MUMmer for assembly results of Unicycler versus npGraph. Structural agreements between two methods were found in (a) *C.freundii* and (b) *K.oxytoca* assembly contigs. On the other hand, for (c) *E.cloacae* sample, there was a disagreement detected between 2 largest contigs given by two assembly algorithms. This case is investigated more thoroughly by using a reference from a same bacterial strain in Figure 2.







Supplementary Figure 2: Alignments of an *Enterobacter cloacae* reference genome to assembly sequences generated by (a) Unicycler and (b) npGraph. While the former presents a structural variant, the latter is virtually an 1-to-1 mapping.