

LDAP

Waldur allows you to authenticate using identities from a LDAP server.

Prerequisites

- Below it is assumed that LDAP server is provided by FreeIPA. Although LDAP authentication would work with any other LDAP server as well, you may need to customize configuration for Waldur MasterMind.
- Please ensure that Waldur Mastermind API server has access to the LDAP server. By default LDAP server listens on TCP and UDP port 389, or on port 636 for LDAPS (LDAP over SSL). If this port is filtered out by firewall, you wouldn't be able to authenticate via LDAP.
- You should know LDAP server URI, for example, FreeIPA demo server has `ldap://ipa.demo1.freeipa.org`.
- You should know username and password of LDAP admin user. For example, FreeIPA demo server uses username=admin and password=Secret123.

Add LDAP configuration to Waldur Mastermind configuration

Example configuration is below, please adjust to your specific deployment.

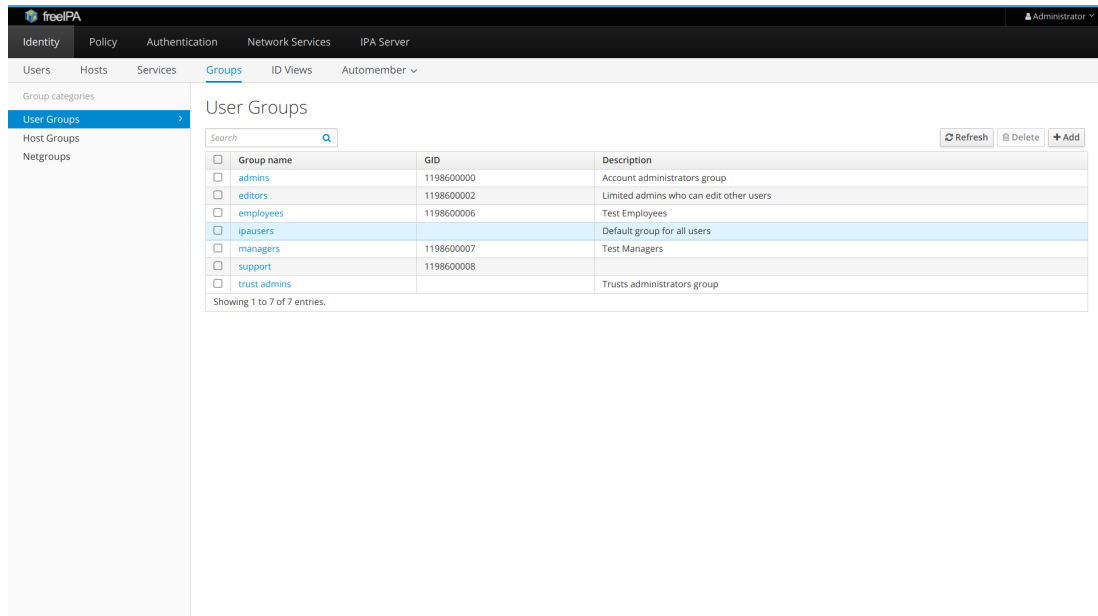
```

1  import ldap
2  from django_auth_ldap.config import LDAPSearch, GroupOfNamesType
3
4  # LDAP authentication.
5  # See also: https://django-auth-ldap.readthedocs.io/en/latest/authentication.html
6
7  AUTHENTICATION_BACKENDS += (
8      'django_auth_ldap.backend.LDAPBackend',
9  )
10
11  AUTH_LDAP_SERVER_URI = 'ldap://ipa.demo1.freeipa.org'
12
13  # Following variables are not used by django-auth-ldap,
14  # they are used as templates for other variables
15  AUTH_LDAP_BASE = 'cn=accounts,dc=demo1,dc=freeipa,dc=org'
16  AUTH_LDAP_USER_BASE = 'cn=users,' + AUTH_LDAP_BASE
17
18  # Format authenticating user's distinguished name using template
19  AUTH_LDAP_USER_DN_TEMPLATE = 'uid=%(user)s,' + AUTH_LDAP_USER_BASE
20
21  # Credentials for admin user
22  AUTH_LDAP_BIND_DN = 'uid=admin,' + AUTH_LDAP_USER_BASE
23  AUTH_LDAP_BIND_PASSWORD = 'Secret123'
24
25  # Populate the Django user from the LDAP directory.
26  AUTH_LDAP_USER_ATTR_MAP = {
27      'full_name': 'displayName',
28      'email': 'mail'
29  }
30
31  # Set up the basic group parameters.
32  AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_BASE = "cn=groups," + AUTH_LDAP_BASE
33  AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_FILTER = "(objectClass=groupOfNames)"
34  AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_SEARCH = LDAPSearch(AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_BASE,
35      ldap.SCOPE_SUBTREE, AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_FILTER)
36  AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_TYPE = GroupOfNamesType(name_attr="cn")
37
38  AUTH_LDAP_USER_FLAGS_BY_GROUP = {
39      'is_staff': 'cn=admins,' + AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_BASE,
40      'is_support': 'cn=support,' + AUTH_LDAP_GROUP_BASE,
41  }

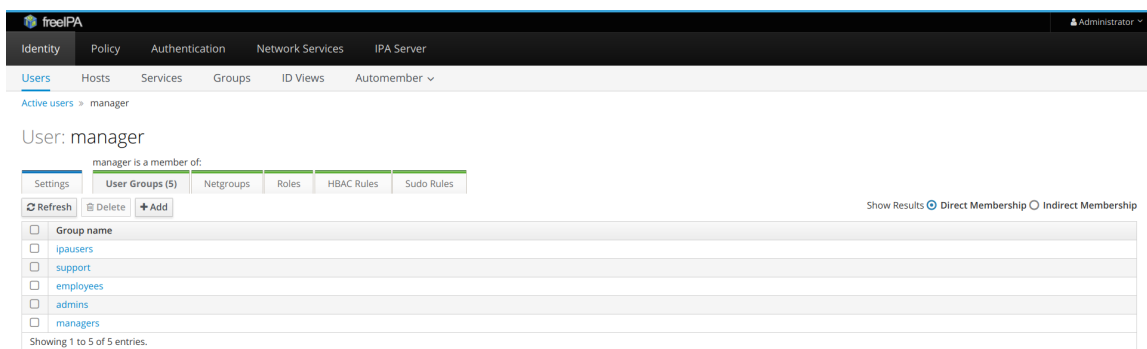
```

Configuration above is based on LDAP server exposed by FreeIPA. To make it work, there are some things that need to be verified in FreeIPA:

1. Ensure that admins and support groups exist in LDAP server. You may do it using FreeIPA admin UI.



2. If user is assigned to admins group in LDAP, he becomes staff in Waldur. If user is assigned to support group in LDAP, he becomes support user in Waldur. For example, consider the manager user which belong to both groups:



Field mapping

`displayName` attribute in LDAP is mapped to `full_name` attribute in Waldur. `mail` field in LDAP is mapped to `email` attribute in Waldur.

Consider for example, the following user attributes in LDAP:

The screenshot shows the LDAP Browser interface. On the left, a tree view shows the directory structure. The main pane displays the attributes and values for the entry `uid=manager`. The attributes include `uid`, `uidNumber`, `displayName`, `gecos`, `givenName`, `initials`, `krbCanonicalName`, `krbExtraData`, `krbLastPwdChange`, `krbLoginFailedCount`, `krbPasswordExpiration`, `krbPrincipalName`, `krbTicketFlags`, `loginShell`, `mail`, and a list of `memberOf` groups. The `mail` attribute is highlighted, showing the value `manager@demo1.freeipa.org`. The `memberOf` attribute lists 23 groups, including `cn=admins`, `cn=employees`, `cn=ipusers`, `cn=managers`, `cn=modifydna`, `cn=modifyldb`, `cn=modifyrep`, `cn=removeagreements`, `cn=replicationadmins`, and `cn=support`.

Here's how it is mapped in Waldur:

The screenshot shows the Waldur user management interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links like `DASHBOARD`, `USERS`, `STRUCTURE`, `ACCOUNTING`, `PROVIDERS`, `APPLICATIONS`, `SUPPORT`, and `UTILITIES`. Below the navigation bar, the `USERS` section is active. A search bar contains the text `manager`, and a button labeled `Search` is next to it. Below the search bar, there's a table with columns: `USERNAME`, `UUID`, `EMAIL ADDRESS`, `FULL NAME`, `NATIVE NAME`, `ACTIVE`, `STAFF STATUS`, and `SUPPORT STATUS`. The table contains one row for the user `manager`. To the right of the table, there's a `FILTER` section with three filters: `By active`, `By staff status`, and `By support status`. Each filter has three options: `All`, `Yes`, and `No`.

And here's how it is displayed when user initially logs into Waldur via HomePort:

Welcome to Waldur!

To get your clouds under control, please fill in your data.



Manage at
gravatar.com

Full name *

E-mail *

User status

ID code

Description

By submitting the form you are agreeing to the [Terms of Service](#).

[Let's get started](#)

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