

CS 334 Fall 2021: Problem Set 5.

Problem 1. (15 points)

- a) (5 points) If G is a CFG in Chomsky Normal Form, prove that $2n - 1$ rule applications are necessary and sufficient to derive any string of length n , $n \geq 1$.
- b) (10 points) Convert the following CFG into an equivalent grammar in Chomsky Normal Form using the procedure described in the textbook. Show all steps of the conversion process.

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow aAa \mid bBb \mid \epsilon \\ A &\rightarrow C \mid a \\ B &\rightarrow C \mid b \\ C &\rightarrow CDA \mid \epsilon \\ D &\rightarrow A \mid B \mid ab \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2. (15 points) Let $G = (V, \Sigma, R, S)$ be a CFG where $V = \{S, T, U\}$, $\Sigma = \{0, \#\}$, and R is the set of rules:

$$\begin{aligned} S &\rightarrow TT \mid U \\ T &\rightarrow 0T \mid T0 \mid \# \\ U &\rightarrow 0U00 \mid \# \end{aligned}$$

Describe the language $L(G)$ in English and prove that it is not regular.

Problem 3. (15 points) Let $L_{add} = \{a^i b^{i+j} c^j : i, j \geq 0\}$ and $L_{mult} = \{a^i b^{ij} c^j : i, j \geq 0\}$. For each language, either give a CFG for it, or prove that it is not a CFL.