Testing Strategy Step1) Test for every possible error first.

- If the code runs as expected.
- Step 2) Test for the easiest case, (upper triangular input.).
 - If the code runs as expected.
- Step 3) Test a avg/worst case, ie (matrix with all inputs nonzero, + large matrix)
 - If the code runs as expected.

Good chance it works as intended.

Test verifications

Test 1

>> guass_elim([1,1,1;0,1,1;0,0,1], 1:3);

A =

1 1 1 1 0 1 1 2

A =

result =

-1 -1 3 Toct 4

1 1 1 4 0 0 -1 -2

result =

"No unique solution exists"

ans =

"No unique solution exists"

Test 2

>> guass_elim([1], [0]);
result =

0

Test 3

>> guass_elim([1,1;1,1], [1,2]);

A =

1 1 1 0 0 1

result =

"No unique solution exists"

Test 5

>> guass_elim([2,3,3;1,2,3], [1,2])
Error using guass_elim (line 17)
Error: A is not a square matrix!

Extra test 7

Test G

```
>> guass_elim([1,1;1,2], [1:10]
ans =
                      result =
    0.5086
                           0.5086
                           1.4268
    1.4268
   -0.9873
                          -0.9873
                          -0.2235
   -0.2235
                          -2.1706
    -2.1706
                           0.0296
    0.0296
                           1.1971
    1.1971
                           -0.1883
    -0.1883
                            0.4940
     0.4940
                            0.1837
```

I modified the code to produce a random 10 by 10 matrix & compare the result of my function with the result of inv(A)*x.

>> Since they equal, strong suggestion that main algorithm works.