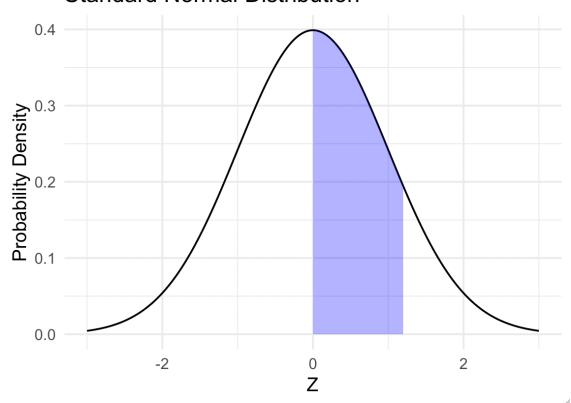
數理統計自主學習作業

```
4.58
> library(ggplot2)
> lower_bound <- 0
> upper_bound <- 1.2
> probability <- pnorm(upper_bound) - pnorm(lower_bound)</pre>
> cat("P(0 \le Z \le 1.2) =", round(probability, 4), "\n")
P(0 \le Z \le 1.2) = 0.3849
> x <- seq(-3, 3, length.out = 1000)
> y <- dnorm(x)</pre>
> df <- data.frame(x, y)</pre>
> ggplot(df, aes(x, y)) +
    geom_line() +
    geom\_ribbon(data = df[df$x >= lower\_bound & df$x <= upper\_bound, ],
                 aes(ymax = y, ymin = 0), fill = "blue", alpha = 0.3) +
    labs(title = "Standard Normal Distribution",
         x = "Z",
         y = "Probability Density") +
    theme_minimal()
```

Standard Normal Distribution



```
(a)(b)(c)(d)(e)
> pnorm(1.2, lower.tail = TRUE)-pnorm(0, lower.tail = TRUE)
[1] 0.3849303
> pnorm(0, lower.tail = TRUE)-pnorm(-0.9, lower.tail = TRUE)
[1] 0.3159399
> pnorm(1.56, lower.tail = TRUE)-pnorm(0.3, lower.tail = TRUE)
[1] 0.3227086
> pnorm(0.2, lower.tail = TRUE)-pnorm(-0.2, lower.tail = TRUE)
[1] 0.1585194
> pnorm(-0.2, lower.tail = TRUE)-pnorm(-1.56, lower.tail = TRUE)
[1] 0.3613603
4.86
(a)(b)
> pgamma(3.5, shape=1.5, rate=1/4, lower.tail= TRUE )
[1] 0.3741245
> pgamma(1.75,shape=1.5,rate=1/2, lower.tail= TRUE )
[1] 0.3741245
(c)輸出值相同
4.123
(a)(b)
> qbeta(0.95,4,3,lower.tail = TRUE)
[1] 0.8468389
> round(qbeta(0.95,4,3,lower.tail = TRUE),5)
[1] 0.84684
```