

1 Assignment: SQL Notebook for Peer Assignment

Estimated time needed: 60 minutes.

1.1 Introduction¶

Using this Python notebook you will:

1. Understand the SpaceX DataSet
2. Load the dataset into the corresponding table in a Db2 database
3. Execute SQL queries to answer assignment questions

1.2 Overview of the DataSet¶

SpaceX has gained worldwide attention for a series of historic milestones.

It is the only private company ever to return a spacecraft from low-earth orbit, which it first accomplished in December 2010. SpaceX advertises Falcon 9 rocket launches on its website with a cost of 62 million dollars whereas other providers cost upward of 165 million dollars each, much of the savings is because Space X can reuse the first stage.

Therefore if we can determine if the first stage will land, we can determine the cost of a launch.

This information can be used if an alternate company wants to bid against SpaceX for a rocket launch.

This dataset includes a record for each payload carried during a SpaceX mission into outer space.

1.2.1 Download the datasets¶

This assignment requires you to load the spacex dataset.

In many cases the dataset to be analyzed is available as a .CSV (comma separated values) file, perhaps on the internet. Click on the link below to download and save the dataset (.CSV file):

[Spacex DataSet](#)

```
In [2]: !pip install sqlalchemy==1.3.9

Collecting sqlalchemy==1.3.9
  Using cached SQLAlchemy-1.3.9-cp39-cp39-macosx_10_9_x86_64.whl
Installing collected packages: sqlalchemy
  Attempting uninstall: sqlalchemy
    Found existing installation: SQLAlchemy 2.0.29
    Uninstalling SQLAlchemy-2.0.29:
      Successfully uninstalled SQLAlchemy-2.0.29
ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all the packages that are installed. This behavior is the source of the following dependency conflicts.
ipython-sql 0.5.0 requires sqlalchemy>=2.0, but you have sqlalchemy 1.3.9 which is incompatible.
Successfully installed sqlalchemy-1.3.9
```

1.2.2 Connect to the database¶

Let us first load the SQL extension and establish a connection with the database

```
In [3]: #Please uncomment and execute the code below if you are working locally.

!pip install ipython-sql

Requirement already satisfied: ipython-sql in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (0.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: ipython in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (7.29.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: ipython-genutils in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: prettytable in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython-sql) (3.10.0)
Collecting sqlalchemy==2.0
  Using cached SQLAlchemy-2.0.29-cp39-cp39-macosx_10_9_x86_64.whl (2.1 MB)
Requirement already satisfied: greenlet==0.4.17 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from sqlalchemy==2.0->python-sql) (1.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions==4.6.0 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from sqlalchemy==2.0->python-sql) (4.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: backcall in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (0.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib-inline in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (0.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pickleshare in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (0.7.5)
Requirement already satisfied: decorator in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (5.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jedi>=0.16 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (0.18.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pexpect>4.3 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (4.8.0)
Requirement already satisfied: appnope in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (0.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.2 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (5.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pygments in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (2.17.2)
Requirement already satisfied: prompt-toolkit==3.0.0, <3.0.1, <3.1.0, >=2.0.0 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (3.0.20)
Requirement already satisfied: setuptools==18.5 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from ipython->python-sql) (58.0.4)
Requirement already satisfied: parso<0.9.0, >=0.8.0 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from jedi==0.16->python->python-sql) (0.8.2)
Requirement already satisfied: ptyprocess==0.5 in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from pexpect>4.3->python->python-sql) (0.7.0)
Requirement already satisfied: wcwidth in /Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages (from prompt-toolkit==3.0.0, <3.0.1, <3.1.0, >=2.0.0->python->python-sql) (0.2.5)
Installing collected packages: sqlalchemy
  Attempting uninstall: sqlalchemy
    Found existing installation: SQLAlchemy 1.3.9
    Uninstalling SQLAlchemy-1.3.9:
      Successfully uninstalled SQLAlchemy-1.3.9
Successfully installed sqlalchemy-2.0.29
```

```
In [4]: %load_ext sql
```

```
In [5]: import csv, sqlite3

con = sqlite3.connect("my_data1.db")
#This line establishes a connection to an SQLite database named "my_data1.db". If the database file does not exist, it will be created. The connect() function returns a connection object (con).
cur = con.cursor()
# Cursors are used to execute SQL commands and navigate the database. i.e. cur.execute("SELECT * FROM my_table")
```

```
In [6]: !pip install -q pandas==1.1.5

ERROR: pip's dependency resolver does not currently take into account all the packages that are installed. This behavior is the source of the following dependency conflicts.
seaborn 0.13.0 requires pandas==1.2, but you have pandas 1.1.5 which is incompatible.
pdpbox 0.3.0 requires pandas==1.4.4, but you have pandas 1.1.5 which is incompatible.
```

```
In [10]: %sql sqlite:///my_data1.db
#This line tells the %sql magic command to connect to the SQLite database file named my_data1.db.
#After running this command, you can execute SQL statements directly in subsequent cells using %sql followed by your SQL query
```

```
In [7]: import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv("https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-DS0321EN-SkillsNetwork/lab_s/module_2/data/Spacex.csv")
df.to_sql("SPACEXTBL", con, if_exists='replace', index=False, method="multi")

/Users/kexuanren/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pandas/core/generic.py:2605: UserWarning: The spaces in these column names will not be changed. In pandas versions < 0.14, spaces were converted to underscores.
  sql.to_sql(
```

Note:This below code is added to remove blank rows from table

```
In [9]: %sql create table SPACEXTABLE as select * from SPACEXTBL where Date is not null

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
(sqlite3.OperationalError) table SPACEXTABLE already exists
[SQL: create table SPACEXTABLE as select * from SPACEXTBL where Date is not null]
(Background on this error at: https://sqlalche.me/e/20/e3q8)
```

1.3 Tasks¶

Now write and execute SQL queries to solve the assignment tasks.

Note: If the column names are in mixed case enclose it in double quotes For Example "Landing_Outcome"

1.3.1 Task 1¶

Display the names of the unique launch sites in the space mission

```
In [13]: %sql SELECT * FROM SPACEXTABLE LIMIT 10

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_	Orbit	Customer	Mission_Outcome	Landing_Outcome
2010-06-04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit	0	LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute)
2010-12-08	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese	0	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachute)
2012-05-22	7:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC-40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
2012-10-08	0:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
2013-03-01	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
2013-09-29	16:00:00	F9 v1.1 B1003	VAFB SLC-4E	CASSIOPE	500	Polar LEO	MDA	Success	Uncontrolled (ocean)
2013-12-03	22:41:00	F9 v1.1	CCAFS LC-40	SES-8	3170	GTO	SES	Success	No attempt
2014-01-06	22:06:00	F9 v1.1	CCAFS LC-40	Thaicom 6	3325	GTO	Thaicom	Success	No attempt
2014-04-18	19:25:00	F9 v1.1	CCAFS LC-40	SpaceX CRS-3	2296	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	Controlled (ocean)
2014-07-14	15:15:00	F9 v1.1	CCAFS LC-40	OG2 Mission 16 Orbcomm-OG2 satellites	1316	LEO	Orbcomm	Success	Controlled (ocean)

```
In [15]: %sql SELECT DISTINCT(Launch_Site) FROM SPACEXTABLE

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[15]: Launch_Site
CCAFS LC-40
VAFB SLC-4E
KSC LC-39A
CCAFS SLC-40
```

1.3.2 Task 2¶

Display 5 records where launch sites begin with the string 'CCA'

```
In [16]: %sql SELECT * FROM spacetable WHERE Launch_Site LIKE 'CCA%' LIMIT 5

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[16]: Date      Time (UTC)  Booster_Version  Launch_Site  Payload  PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_  Orbit  Customer  Mission_Outcome  Landing_Outcome
2010-06-04  18:45:00  F9 v1.0 B0003   CCAFS LC-40  Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit  0  LEO  SpaceX  Success  Failure (parachute)
2010-12-08  15:43:00  F9 v1.0 B0004   CCAFS LC-40  Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese  0  LEO (ISS)  NASA (COTS) NRO  Success  Failure (parachute)
2012-05-22  7:44:00  F9 v1.0 B0005   CCAFS LC-40  Dragon demo flight C2  525  LEO (ISS)  NASA (COTS)  Success  No attempt
2012-10-08  0:35:00  F9 v1.0 B0006   CCAFS LC-40  SpaceX CRS-1  500  LEO (ISS)  NASA (CRS)  Success  No attempt
2013-03-01  15:10:00  F9 v1.0 B0007   CCAFS LC-40  SpaceX CRS-2  677  LEO (ISS)  NASA (CRS)  Success  No attempt
```

1.3.3 Task 3¶

Display the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA (CRS)

```
In [18]: %sql SELECT customer, SUM(payload_mass_kg_) AS total_payload_mass_NASA FROM spacetable WHERE customer = 'NASA (CRS)'

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[18]: Customer  total_payload_mass_NASA
NASA (CRS)      45596
```

1.3.4 Task 4¶

Display average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1

```
In [19]: %sql SELECT booster_version, AVG(payload_mass_kg_) AS avg FROM spacetable WHERE booster_version = 'F9 v1.1'

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[19]: Booster_Version  avg
F9 v1.1      2928.4
```

1.3.5 Task 5¶

List the date when the first successful landing outcome in ground pad was achieved.

Hint: Use min function

```
In [22]: %sql SELECT DISTINCT(landing_outcome) FROM spacetable

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[22]: Landing_Outcome
Failure (parachute)
No attempt
Uncontrolled (ocean)
Controlled (ocean)
Failure (drone ship)
Precluded (drone ship)
Success (ground pad)
Success (drone ship)
Success
Failure
No attempt
```

```
In [23]: %sql SELECT MIN(date) FROM spacetable WHERE landing_Outcome = 'Success (ground pad)'

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[23]: MIN(date)
2015-12-22
```

1.3.6 Task 6¶

List the names of the boosters which have success in drone ship and have payload mass greater than 4000 but less than 6000

```
In [25]: %sql SELECT booster_version, landing_outcome, payload_mass_kg_ FROM spacetable WHERE (landing_Outcome = 'Success (drone ship)') AND (payload_mass_kg_ between 4000 and 6000)

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[25]: Booster_Version  Landing_Outcome  PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_
F9 FT B1022  Success (drone ship)      4690
F9 FT B1026  Success (drone ship)      4600
F9 FT B1021.2  Success (drone ship)      5300
F9 FT B1031.2  Success (drone ship)      5200
```

1.3.7 Task 7¶

List the total number of successful and failure mission outcomes

```
In [27]: %sql SELECT mission_outcome, COUNT(*) AS NUM_mission_outcomes FROM spacetable GROUP BY mission_outcome

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[27]: Mission_Outcome  NUM_mission_outcomes
Failure (in flight)      1
Success                  98
Success (payload status unclear)  1
```

1.3.8 Task 8¶

List the names of the booster_versions which have carried the maximum payload mass. Use a subquery

```
In [29]: %sql SELECT booster_version, payload_mass_kg_ FROM spacetable WHERE payload_mass_kg_ == (SELECT MAX(payload_mass_kg_) FROM spacetable)

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[29]: Booster_Version  PAYLOAD_MASS_KG_
F9 B5 B1048.4      15600
F9 B5 B1049.4      15600
F9 B5 B1051.3      15600
F9 B5 B1056.4      15600
F9 B5 B1048.5      15600
F9 B5 B1051.4      15600
F9 B5 B1049.5      15600
F9 B5 B1060.2      15600
F9 B5 B1058.3      15600
F9 B5 B1051.6      15600
F9 B5 B1060.3      15600
F9 B5 B1049.7      15600
```

1.3.9 Task 9¶

List the records which will display the month names, failure landing, outcomes in drone ship, booster versions, launch_site for the months in year 2015.

Note:SQLite does not support monthnames. So you need to use substr(Date, 6,2) as month to get the months and substr(Date,0,5)='2015' for year.

```
In [32]: %sql SELECT landing_outcome, substr(Date, 6,2) as month, booster_version, launch_site FROM spacetable WHERE landing_outcome = 'Failure (drone ship)' AND substr(Date,0,5)='2015'

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[32]: Landing_Outcome  month  Booster_Version  Launch_Site
Failure (drone ship)      01  F9 v1.1 B1012  CCAFS LC-40
Failure (drone ship)      04  F9 v1.1 B1015  CCAFS LC-40
```

1.3.10 Task 10¶

Rank the count of landing outcomes (such as Failure (drone ship) or Success (ground pad)) between the date 2010-06-04 and 2017-03-20, in descending order.

```
In [33]: %sql SELECT landing_outcome, COUNT(*) AS count FROM spacetable WHERE Date BETWEEN 20100604 AND 20170320 GROUP BY landing_outcome ORDER BY count DESC

* sqlite:///my_data1.db
Done.
```

```
Out[33]: Landing_Outcome  count
Success (drone ship)      12
No attempt               12
Success (ground pad)      8
Failure (drone ship)      5
Controlled (ocean)        4
Uncontrolled (ocean)      2
Precluded (drone ship)    1
```

1.3.11 Reference Links¶

- [Hands-on Lab - String Functions, Sorting and Grouping](#)
- [Hands-on Lab - Built-in Functions](#)
- [Hands-on Lab - Sub-queries and Nested SELECT Statements](#)
- [Hands-on Tutorial: Accessing Databases with SQL magic](#)
- [Hands-on Lab: Analyzing a real World Data Set](#)

1.4 Author(s)¶

Lakshmi Holla

1.5 Other Contributors¶

Rav Ahuja

1.6 Change log¶

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2021-07-09	0.2	Lakshmi Holla	Changes made in magic sql
2021-05-20	0.1	Lakshmi Holla	Created Initial Version

1.7

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1.7.2