Java EE7 Web 使用Context共用應用程式資源

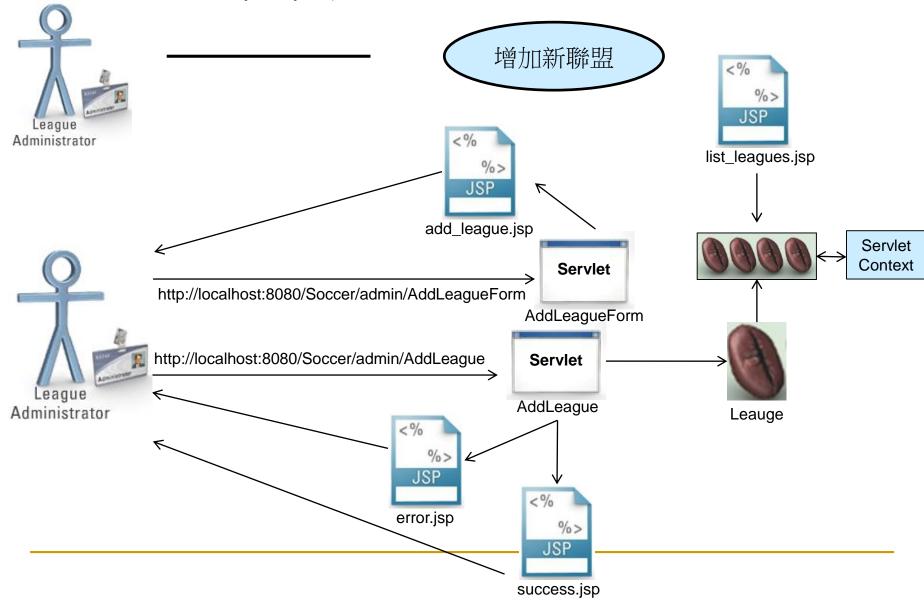
鄭安翔

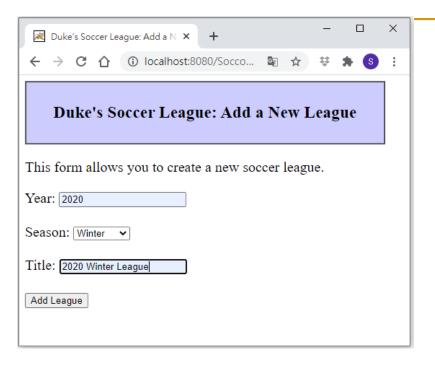
ansel_cheng@hotmail.com

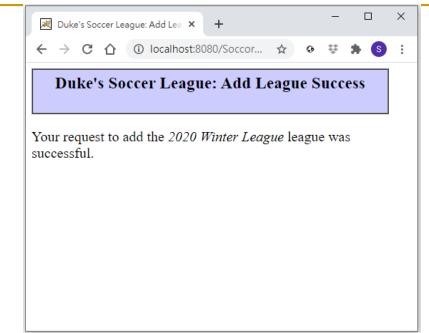
課程大綱

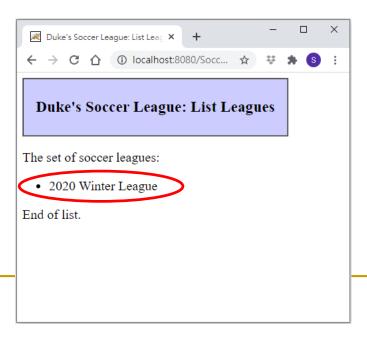
- 1) 應用程式資源在所有元件中共享
 - ServletContext 屬性
 - □ JSP中使用共享資源
- 2) 初始化應用程式資源

Soccer 範例









使用servlet context 物件來儲存 所有servlet共享的聯盟清單

javax.servlet.ServletContext

- 用來代表Web Application網路應用程式執行環境的物件
- 主要功能
 - □ 存取網路應用程式中所有Servlet共享的資源
 - Context Scope Attributes
 - 屬性資料為物件型態
 - □設定網路應用程式初始參數
 - □讀取網路應用程式中所有Servlet共享的檔案
 - URL
 - InputStream
 - □ 寫出訊息至日誌檔(Log Files)

javax.servlet.ServletContext

<<interface>> ServletConfig

getInitParameter(name : String) : String
getInitParameterNames() : Enumeration
getServletContext() : ServletContext

getServletName(): String

<<abstract>> GenericServlet

- config : ServletConfig

destroy()

getInitParameter(name : String) : String

getInitParameterNames(name : String) : String

getServletConfig() : ServletConfig
getServletContext() : ServletContext

getServletInfo() : String
getServletName() : String

init()

init(config : ServletConfig)

log(msg : String)

log(msg : String, excp : Throwable)

service(ServletRequest req, ServletResponse res)

<<interface>> ServletContext

setAttribute(name : String, object : Object)

getAttribute(name : String) : Object getAttributeNames() : Enumeration removeAttribute(name : String)

getContext(uripath : String) : Object

getMajorVersion() : int
getMimeType() : int

getNameDispatcher(name : String) : RequestDispatcher

getInitParameter(name : String) : String getInitParameterNames() : Enumeration

getResource(path: String): URL

getResourceAsStream(path : String) : InputStream

getResourcePaths(): java.util.Set

getServletInfo(): String

getServletContextName() : String

log(msg : String)

log(msg : String, excp Throwable)

<<abstract>> HttpServlet

.....

JSP 中使用應用程式共享資源

- JSP Expression / Scriptlet Tag +
 - □ 使用隱含變數Implicit Variables

變數名稱	型別	用途	Scope
application	javax.servlet. ServletContext	網路應用程式的組態訊息 應用程式共享屬性 應用程式初始參數	application

```
<%= application.getAttribute("attributeName") %>
</w
    Type obj = (Type) application.getAttribute("attributeName");
.....
%>
```

JSP 中使用應用程式共享資源

- 使用表示式語言 (EL)
 - □ 未指定變數範圍時,自動尋找變數
 - ■自動轉變資料型態
 - **\$**{attributeName}
 - \${applicationScope.attributeName}

Soccer 範例 - 修改 AddLeague.java

```
package controller;
@WebServlet(name = "AddLeague", urlPatterns = {"/admin/AddLeague"})
public class AddLeague extends HttpServlet {
  protected void processRequest(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse
                                  response) throws ServletException, IOException {
    // Keep a set of strings to record form processing errors.
    // Store this set in the request scope, in case we need to send the ErrorPage.
    try {
       // Retrieve form parameters and Verify form parameters
       // Send the ErrorPage view if there were errors or Perform business logic
       League league = new League(year, season, title);
       // Store the new league in the leagueList context-scope attribute
        ServletContext context = getServletContext();
        List leagueList = (List) context.getAttribute("leagueList");
        if(leagueList==null) {
           leagueList = new LinkedList();
           context.setAttribute("leagueList", leagueList);
        leagueList.add(league);
       // Store the new league in the request-scope
       // Send the Success view
    } catch (RuntimeException e) {
```

Soccer 範例

- 移除 ListLeagues.java
- 修改index.html



Duke's Soccer League: Home X

X

Soccer 範例 - 修改list_league.jsp

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<%@ page contentType="text/html"%>
< @ page import="model.*" %>
<%@ page import="java.util.*" %>
<%@ page import="model.*" %>

    ■ Duke's Soccer League: Li ×

<html>
 <head>
                                                          → C ↑ localhost:8084/Soccer/list_league ☆ =
    <title>Duke's Soccer League: List Leagues</title>
                                                       🖺 Gmail 收件匣 🦰 Yahoo!奇摩電子信箱
                                                                                              » | 🛅 其他書籤
 </head>
 <body bacolor='white'>
 <!-- Page Heading -->
 <table border='1' cellpadding='5' cellspacing='0' width='40
                                                             Duke's Soccer League: List Leagues
    <h3>Duke's Soccer League: List Leagues</h3></
    The set of soccer leagues:
 The set of soccer leagues:

    Soccer League (Spring '03)

 ul>

    Summer Soccer Fest 2003

 <%

    Autumn Soccer League (2003)

   List <League> leagueList = (List<League>) application.g

    Soccer League (Spring '04)

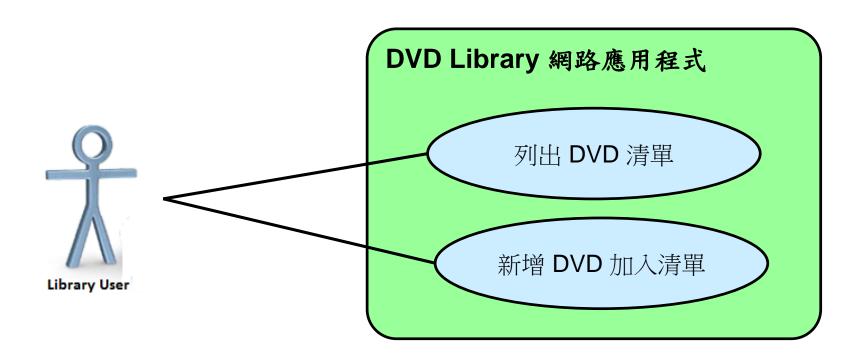
   for(League league : leagueList) {
                                                           The Summer of Soccer Love 2004
 %>
                                                           Autumn Soccer League (2006)

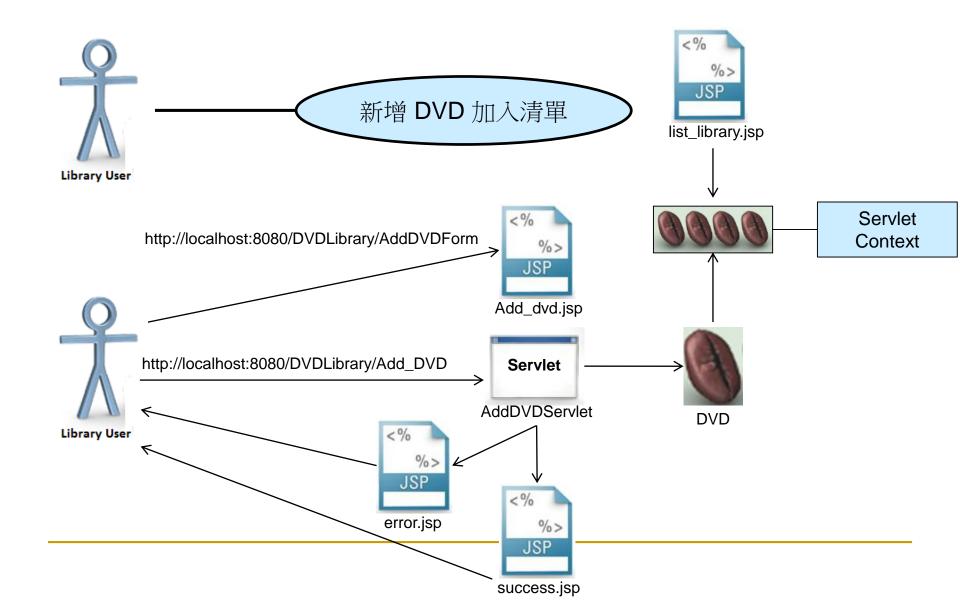
    NBA Playoff (2013)

 <%
                                                       End of list.
 %>
 End of list.
 </body>
```

</html>

Lab - DVDLibrary 應用程式





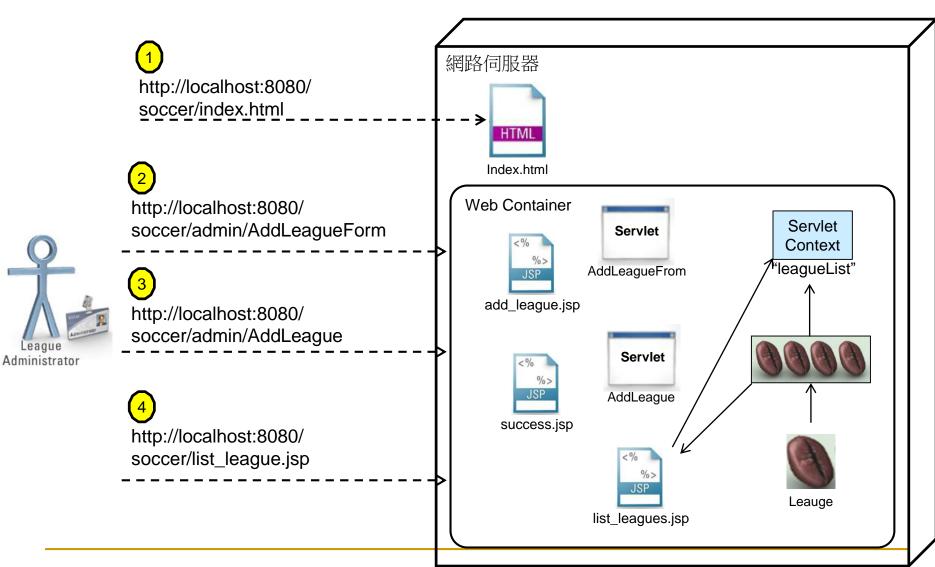
- 修改 controller.AddDVDServlet.java
 - □ 表單驗證成功
 - 以title, year, genre建立DVDItem物件
 - 將DVDItem物件加入請求屬性dvdItem
 - 取得應用程式共用之DVD清單
 - DVD清單儲存於ServletContext 屬性 "DVDList"
 - □ 取得之物件轉型為List
 - □ 如果DVDList屬性不存在,新增一個LinkedList加入ServletContext屬性
 - 將DVDItem物件加入DVD清單
 - 將請求轉送至success.jsp

- 修改index.html
 - □ 修改List_Library連結至list_library.jsp
- 刪除 controller.ListLibraryServlet.java
- 修改 list_library.jsp
 - □ 取得應用程式共用之DVD清單
 - 使用隱含變數application取得ServletContext屬性 "DVDList"
 - □ 將DVD清單資訊顯示於網頁
- 測試、執行

課程大綱

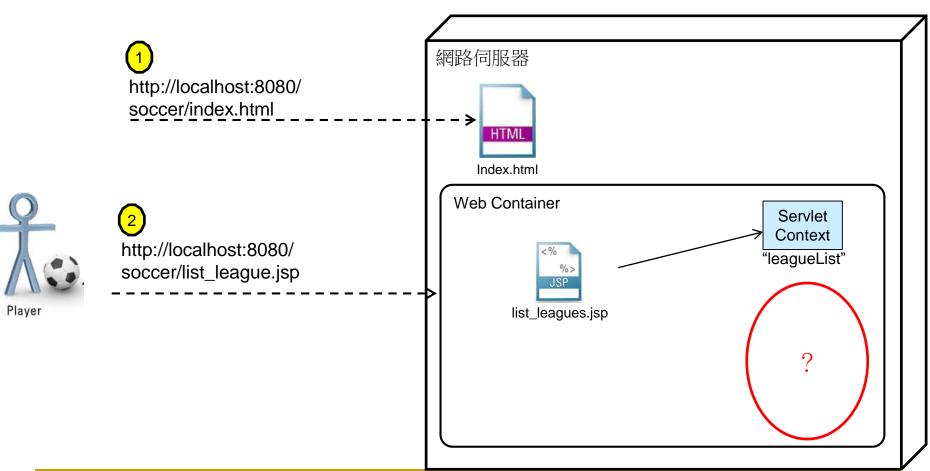
- 1) 應用程式資源在所有元件中共享
- 2) 初始化應用程式資源
 - □ 使用Servlet Context Listener
 - □ 設定網路應用程式初始屬性

應用程式資源初始化



應用程式資源初始化

網路應用程式在HTTPRequest 執行之前 共享的應用程式資料就必須存在記憶體中

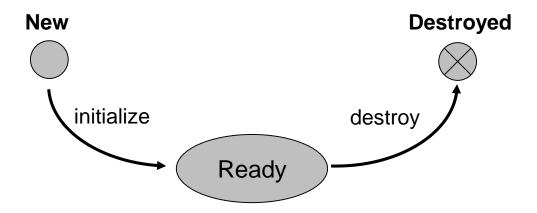


Web Application Life Cycle

■ 網路應用程式生命週期

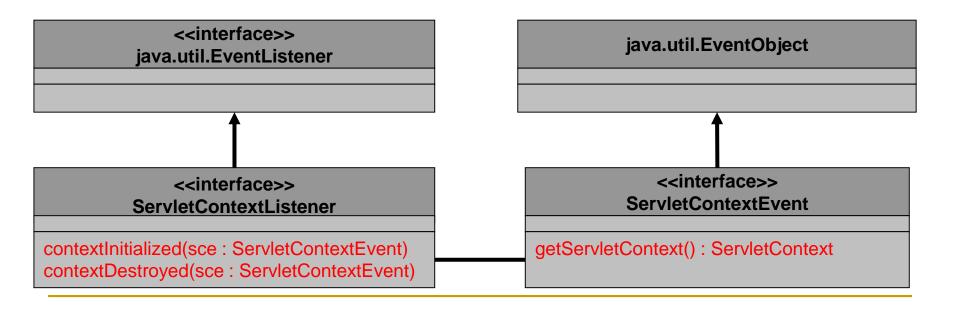
生命週期階段	說明		
初始階段	當Web Server啟動時,每個網路應用程式都會被初始化		
執行階段	根據客戶端請求,呼叫適當Servlet予以處理,並產生回應		
結束階段	當Web Server關閉時,釋放網路應用程式佔用之系統資源		

□ Servlets 操控都在執行階段



javax.servlet.ServletContextEvent

- ■初始階段及結束階段操控
 - 採用事件委任模型(Event Delegation Model)
 - 網路應用程式初始及結束時,容器產生 ServletContextEvent
 - 實作ServletContextListener interface來處裡事件
 - 使用web.xml或annotation進行委派(delegate)



Deployment Descriptor – ServletContext ServletContextEvent

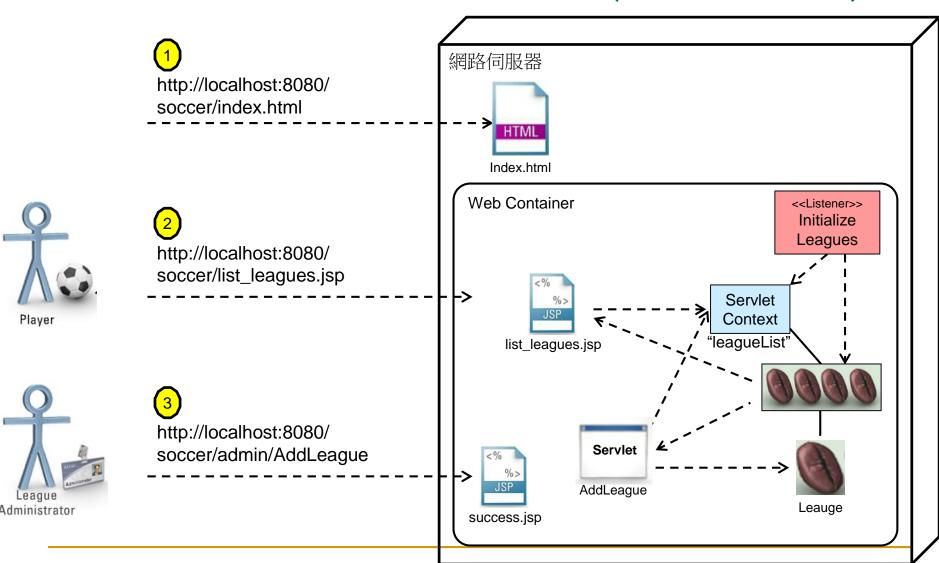
```
<web-app>
  <display-name> Web application 名稱. </display-name>
 <description> Web application 說明. </description>
  <context-param>
    <param-name> Context初始參數名稱 . </param-name>
    <param-value> Context初始參數值 . </param-value>
  </context-param>
  <listener>
    listener-class> Context事件處理類別 . </listener-class>
 </listener>
  <servlet>
              網路應用程式啟動時,呼叫此類別之contextInitialized()
              網路應用程式關閉時,呼叫此類別之contextDestroyed()
</web-app>
```

使用 Annotation 標註

Annotation 標註描述作部署描述

```
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebListener
.....
@WebListener
public class MyListener implements ServletContextListener {
.....
}
```

應用程式資源初始化 (再次回顧)



context-scope 屬性初始化

- leagueList context-scope 屬性初始化:
 - 1. 决定leagues.txt 檔案位置。
 - 2. 讀取leagues.txt 檔案。
 - a. 在leagues.txt 檔案裡每一列建立League 物件,並存到List 物件中。
 - 4. 在leagueList 環境屬性中存放聯盟清單。
 - 5. 記錄清單被初始化或任何被程式碼丟出的例外事件

/WEB-INF/data/leagues.txt			
2019	Spring	Soco	er League (Spring '19)
2019	Summer	Summer Soccer Fest 2019	
2019	Autumn	Autumn Soccer League (2019)	
2020	Spring	Soccer League (Spring '20)	
2020	Summer	The Summer of Soccer Love 2020	
2020	Autumn	Autu	mn Soccer League (2020)

javax.servlet.ServletContext

<<interface>> ServletConfig

getInitParameter(name : String) : String getInitParameterNames() : Enumeration

getServletContext(): ServletContext

getServletName(): String

<<abstract>> GenericServlet

- config : ServletConfig

destroy()

getInitParameter(name : String) : String

getInitParameterNames(name : String) : String

getServletConfig() : ServletConfig
getServletContext() : ServletContext

getServletInfo() : String
getServletName() : String

init()

init(config : ServletConfig)

log(msg : String)

log(msg : String, excp : Throwable)

service(ServletRequest reg, ServletResponse res)

<<interface>> ServletContext

setAttribute(name : String, object : Object)

getAttribute(name : String) : Object getAttributeNames() : Enumeration

removeAttribute(name : String) getContext(uripath : String) : Object

getMajorVersion() : int getMimeType() : int

getNameDispatcher(name: String): RequestDispatcher

getInitParameter(name : String) : String getInitParameterNames() : Enumeration

getResource(path: String): URL

getResourceAsStream(path : String) : InputStream

getResourcePaths(): java.util.Set

getServletInfo(): String

getServletContextName() : String

log(msg : String)

log(msg : String, excp Throwable)

<<abstract>> HttpServlet

.....

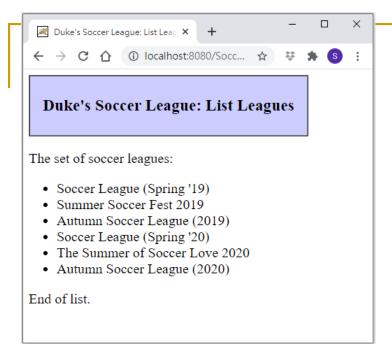
Deployment Descriptor – ServletContext ServletContextEvent

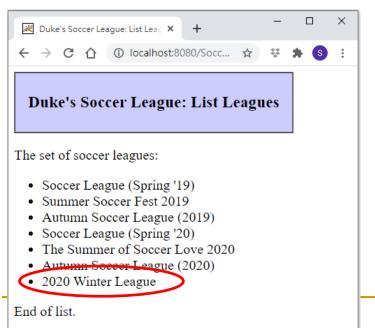
```
<web-app>
          <display-name> Web application 名稱. </display-name>
          <description> Web application 說明. </description>
          <context-param>
            <param-name> Context初始參數名稱 . </param-name>
            <param-value> Context初始參數值 . </param-value>
  包裝為
          </context-param>
ServletContext < listener>
                         取得網路應用程式初始參數值
   物件
            listener-class> Context事件處理類別 . </listener-class>
          </listener>
          <servlet>
        </web-app>
```

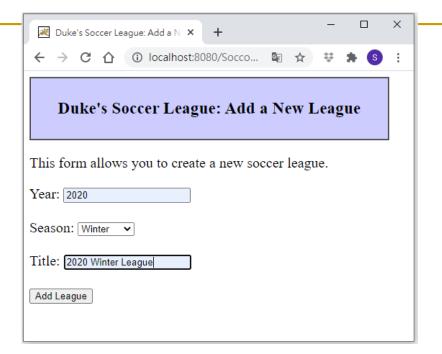


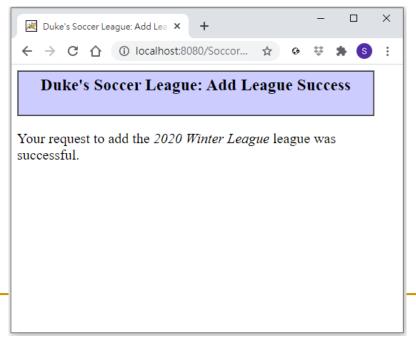
```
package web;
import javax.servlet.*, java.util.*, java.io.*, javax.servlet.annotation.*, model.League;
@WebListener
public class InitializeLeagues implements ServletContextListener {
  @Override
  public void contextInitialized(ServletContextEvent sce) {
    ServletContext context = sce.getServletContext();
    List<League> leagueList = new LinkedList<League>();
    String leaguesFile = context.getInitParameter("leaguesFile");
    InputStream is = null;
                               BufferedReader reader = null;
    try {
       is = context.getResourceAsStream(leaguesFile);
       reader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(is));
       String record:
       while ( (record = reader.readLine()) != null ) {
         String[] fields = record.split("\t");
         int year = Integer.parseInt(fields[0]);
         String season = fields[1];
         String title = fields[2];
         League item = new League(year, season, title);
         leagueList.add(item);
       context.setAttribute("leagueList", leagueList);
       context.log("The league list has been loaded.");
    } catch(Exception e){
       context.log("Exception occured while processing the leagues file.", e);
    } finally {
       if ( is != null ) { try { is.close(); } catch (Exception e) {}
       if ( reader != null ) { try { reader.close(); } catch (Exception e) {} }
  @Override
  public void contextDestroyed(ServletContextEvent sce) {    context.log(....);  }
```

Soccer 範例

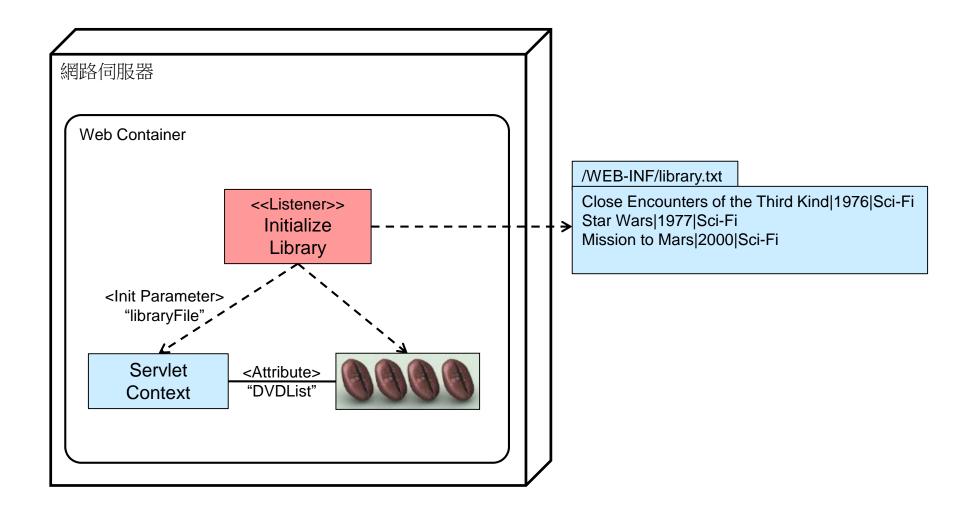








Lab 2 應用程式資源初始化



- 新增Context Listener
 - □ 新增一個Context Listener 檔 web.InitializeLibrary.java
 - □ 修改 contextInitialized(ServletContextEvent sce)
 - 由 ServletContextEvent 取得 ServletContext 物件
 - 由 ServletContext 取得應用程式初始參數 "libraryFile"
 - □ Library資料檔所在位置
 - 建立一個LinkedList儲存DVD清單
 - 由 ServletContext物件建立讀取資料檔的InputStream物件
 - getResourceAsStream()
 - □ 再包裝為BufferedReader物件
 - 讀取資料檔資料
 - □ 讀取每一行資料
 - □ 使用字串的split()切割
 - □ 建立對應之DVDItem物件
 - □ 將DVDItem物件加入DVD清單
 - 將DVD清單加入ServletContext 屬性 "DVDList"

- 建立Library資料檔
 - □ 複製 library.txt 至 <專案路徑>\web\WEB-INF 資料夾之下
- 網路應用程式設定資料
 - □ 新增 web.xml
 - □ 加入初始參數 "libraryFile"
 - □ 參數值為/WEB-INF/library.txt
- 測試、執行