

服务配置





扫码试看/订阅 《玩转 Spring 全家桶》



基于 Git 的配置中心



Spring Cloud Config Server

目的

• 提供针对外置配置的 HTTP API 默认localhost:8888

依赖

- spring-cloud-config-server
 - @EnableConfigServer 表示这个程序就是一个config-server
 - 支持 Git / SVN / Vault / JDBC ...



使用 Git 作为后端存储

配置

- MultipleJGitEnvironmentProperties
 - spring.cloud.config.server.git.uri 告诉config server git的URI是什么

配置文件的要素

bootstrap.properties里面配置 spring.application.name=configserver 客户端起个名字

- {application}, 即客户端的 spring.application.name
- {profile}, 即客户端的 spring.profiles.active 不同Profile逗号分割
- {label}, 配置文件的特定标签,默认 master 访问localhost:8888/waiter-service/dev 访问localhost:8888/waiter-service/dev/master

比如配置了waiter-service-dev.yml



使用 Git 作为后端存储

比如配置了一份waiter-service.yml在Git里面,启动后访问localhost:8888/waiter-service.yml即可。

访问配置内容

如果再添加了一份waiter-service-dev.yml,访问localhost:8888/waiter-service-dev.yml会把两份配置合并,相同项以dev配置数据为准

- HTTP 请求
 - GET /{application}/{profile}[/{label}] 获得不同branch下面
 - GET /{application}-{profile}.yml
 - GET /{label}/{application}-{profile}.yml 这个配置文件放到Git仓库里面
 - GET /{application}-{profile}.properties
 - GET /{label}/{application}-{profile}.properties

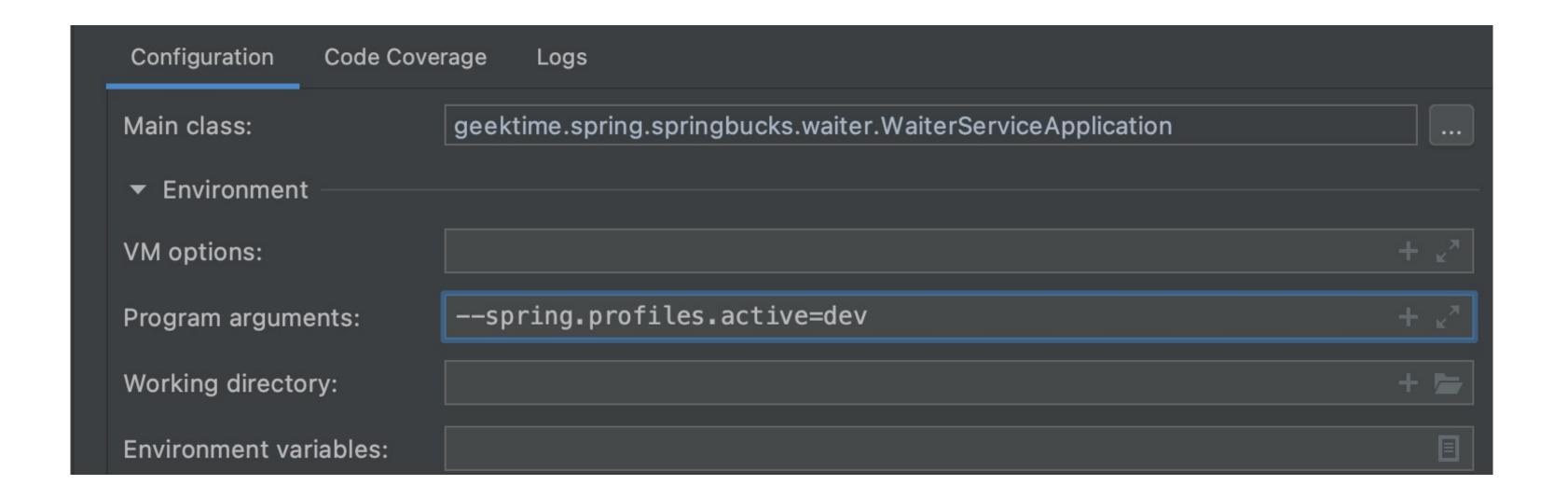


"Talk is cheap, show me the code."

Chapter 14 / config-server

把config-server作为服务注册到consul里面:

切换active环境:



client获取server的配置



Spring Cloud Config Client

依赖

spring-cloud-starter-config

发现配置中心

两种方式发现配置中心:

- 1.配置死地址
- nortice Lyml 2.服务注册发现
- bootstrap.properties | yml
- spring.cloud.config.fail-fast=true 如果访问不上,做一个快速失败
- 通过配置 指定配置中心的URL
 - spring.cloud.config.uri=http://localhost:8888



Spring Cloud Config Client

发现配置中心

- bootstrap.properties | yml
- 通过服务发现
 - spring.cloud.config.discovery.enabled=true 就是server中起的名字
 - spring.cloud.config.discovery.service-id=configserver

配置刷新

- @RefreshScope 希望配置项可以刷新的话,把配置项写到bean里面,然后加上该注解
- Endpoint /actuator/refresh 访问这个endpoint的时候,spring-cloud会刷新配置 curl -X POST http://localhost:8080/actuator/refresh



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Chapter 14 / git-config-waiter-service



基于 Zookeeper 的配置中心



Spring Cloud Zookeeper Config

依赖

- spring-cloud-starter-zookeeper-config
- 注意 Zookeeper 版本

启用

- bootstrap.properties | yml 配置zk注册信息
 - spring.cloud.zookeeper.connect-string=localhost:2181 zk地址
 - spring.cloud.zookeeper.config.enabled=true 默认就是true



Zookeeper 中的数据怎么存

配置项 根节点创建/config节点

create /config

- /config/应用名,profile/key=value create /config/waiter-service/order.discount 60
- /config/application, profile/key=value 默认名

如何定制

• spring.cloud.zookeeper.config.root=config

配置默认上下文

- spring.cloud.zookeeper.config.default-context=application
- spring.cloud.zookeeper.config.profile-separator=','

应用名跟profile分隔符,默认是逗号

zk本身有节点更新功能,如果变化了可以推送到zk客户端,这样应用不用强制refresh也可以变化

"Talk is cheap, show me the code."

Chapter 14 / zk-config-waiter-service



深入理解 Spring Cloud 的配置抽象



Spring Cloud Config

目标

• 在分布式系统中,提供外置配置支持

实现

- 类似于 Spring 应用中的 Environment 与 Property Source
- 在上下文中增加 Spring Cloud Config 的 PropertySource

增加了propertySource抽象



Spring Cloud Config 的 PropertySource

PropertySource

- Spring Cloud Config Client CompositePropertySource
- Zookeeper ZookeeperPropertySource
- Consul Consul Property Source / Consul Files Property Source

PropertySourceLocator

配置中心的PropertySource优先级大于Spring本身的PropertySource

• 通过 PropertySourceLocator 提供 PropertySource 同构Locator找PropertySource

接口定义

- ✓ Maven: org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-context: 2.1.1.RELEASE
 - ✓ I spring-cloud-context-2.1.1.RELEASE.jar library root
 - > META-INF
 - ✓ org.springframework.cloud
 - > **autoconfigure**
 - ✓ bootstrap
 - ✓ config
 - PropertySourceBootstrapConfiguration
 - PropertySourceBootstrapProperties
 - PropertySourceLocator
 - > encrypt
 - > <a BootstrapApplicationListener
 - BootstrapConfiguration
 - > <a BootstrapImportSelector
 - BootstrapImportSelectorConfiguration
 - Control Logging System Shutdown Listener

服务端接口实现

- Maven: org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-config-client:2.1.1.RELEASE
 - spring-cloud-config-client-2.1.1.RELEASE.jar library root
 - > META-INF
- ✓ org.springframework.cloud.config
 - ✓ client
 - > <a>ConfigClientAutoConfiguration
 - ConfigClientHealthProperties
 - > <a ConfigClientProperties
 - ConfigClientStateHolder
 - ConfigClientWatch
 - ConfigServerHealthIndicator
 - ConfigServerInstanceProvider
 - > <a>ConfigServiceBootstrapConfiguration
 - > ConfigServicePropertySourceLocator
 - DiscoveryClientConfigServiceBootstrapConfiguration
 - RetryProperties



Spring Cloud Config Server

EnvironmentRepository 支持多个backened

• Git / SVN / Vault / JDBC ... Spring cloud Config server 文档观看

功能特性

• SSH、代理访问、配置加密 ...

配置刷新

- /actuator/refresh 如果集群很大,每台机器刷新不现实
- Spring Cloud Bus RefreshRemoteApplicationEvent 这个事件可以对整个集群刷新



Spring Cloud Config Zookeeper

ZookeeperConfigBootstrapConfiguration

- 注册 ZookeeperPropertySourceLocator
 - 提供 ZookeeperPropertySource

ZookeeperConfigAutoConfiguration

• 注册 ConfigWatcher 监听配置节点,配置项发生变化通过这个刷新

✓ ■ Maven: org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-zookeeper-config:2.1.1.RELEASE

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- spring-cloud-zookeeper-config-2.1.1.RELEASE.jar library root
 - > META-INF
 - ✓ org.springframework.cloud.zookeeper.config
 - AbstractZookeeperPropertySource
 - ConfigWatcher
 - ZookeeperConfigAutoConfiguration

```
@PostConstruct
public void start() {
   this.caches = new HashMap();
      Iterator var1 = this.contexts.iterator();
      while(var1.hasNext()) {
          String context = (String)var1.next();
          if (!context.startsWith("/")) {
              context = "/" + context;
          try {
              TreeCache cache = TreeCache.newBuilder(this.source, context).build();
              cache.getListenable().addListener( t: this);
              cache.start();
              this.caches.put(context, cache);
          } catch (NoNodeException var4) {
          } catch (Exception var5) {
              log.error( message: "Error initializing listener for context " + context, var5);
```

收到信息后

```
public void childEvent(CuratorFramework client, TreeCacheEvent event) throws Exception {
    Type eventType = event.getType();
    if (eventType == Type.NODE_ADDED || eventType == Type.NODE_REMOVED || eventType == Type.NODE_UPDATED) {
        this.publisher.publishEvent(new RefreshEvent( source: this, event, this.getEventDesc(event)));
    }
}
```

```
public void handle(RefreshEvent event) {
    if (this.ready.get()) { // don't handle events before app is ready
        log.debug("Event received " + event.getEventDesc());
        Set<String> keys = this.refresh.refresh();
        log.info("Refresh keys changed: " + keys);
    }
}
```



配置的组合顺序

以yml为例

配置加载顺序

- 应用名-profile.yml
- 应用名.yml
- application-profile.yml
- application.yml



基于 Consul 的配置中心



Spring Cloud Consul Config

依赖

spring-cloud-starter-consul-config

启用

- bootstrap.properties | yml
 - spring.cloud.consul.host=localhost
 - spring.cloud.consul.port=8500
 - spring.cloud.consul.config.enabled=true 默认就是true



Consul 中的数据怎么存

配置项

- spring.cloud.consul.config.format= 数据存储形式 KEY_VALUE | YAML | PROPERTIES | FILES
- /config/应用名,profile/data 优先加载应用名对应的,比如config/waiter-service/data
- /config/application, profile/data

启动后点击consul前台Key/Value,直接配置数据



Consul 中的数据怎么存

如何定制

- spring.cloud.consul.config.data-key=data
- spring.cloud.consul.config.root=config
- spring.cloud.consul.config.default-context=application
- spring.cloud.consul.config.profile-separator=',' 分隔符



配置项变更

自动刷新配置 zk有监听配置, consul没有

- spring.cloud.consul.config.watch.enabled=true
- spring.cloud.consul.config.watch.delay=1000

一秒检测一次有无变化,有变化就发出一个event

实现原理

- 单线程 ThreadPoolTaskScheduler
- ConsulConfigAutoConfiguration.CONFIG_WATCH_TASK_SCHEDULER_NAME



"Talk is cheap, show me the code."

Chapter 14 / consul-config-waiter-service

- ✓ Maven: org.springframework.cloud:spring-cloud-consul-config:2.1.1.RELEASE
 ✓ I spring-cloud-consul-config-2.1.1.RELEASE.jar library root
 > META-INF
 - ✓ org.springframework.cloud.consul.config
 - > 👊 ConfigWatch
 - ConsulConfigAutoConfiguration
 - > <a>ConsulConfigBootstrapConfiguration
 - > <a>ConsulConfigProperties
 - ConsulFilesPropertySource
 - ConsulPropertySource
 - ConsulPropertySourceLocator
 - PropertySourcesLocatedEvent

```
public class ConsulConfigBootstrapConfiguration {
    public ConsulConfigBootstrapConfiguration() {
    @Configuration
    @EnableConfigurationProperties
    @Import({ConsulAutoConfiguration.class})
    @ConditionalOnProperty(
        name = {"spring.cloud.consul.config.enabled"},
        matchIfMissing = true
    protected static class ConsulPropertySourceConfiguration {
        @Autowired
        private ConsulClient consul;
        protected ConsulPropertySourceConfiguration() {
        @Bean
        @ConditionalOnMissingBean
        public ConsulConfigProperties consulConfigProperties() { return new ConsulConfigProperties(); }
        @Bean
        public ConsulPropertySourceLocator consulPropertySourceLocator(ConsulConfigProperties consulConfigProperties) {
            return new ConsulPropertySourceLocator(this.consul, consulConfigProperties);
```

```
public class ConsulConfigAutoConfiguration {
    public static final String CONFIG_WATCH_TASK_SCHEDULER_NAME = "configWatchTaskScheduler";
    public ConsulConfigAutoConfiguration() {
    @Configuration
    @ConditionalOnClass({RefreshEndpoint.class})
    protected static class ConsulRefreshConfiguration {
        protected ConsulRefreshConfiguration() {
        @Bean
        @ConditionalOnProperty(
            name = {"spring.cloud.consul.config.watch.enabled"},
            matchIfMissing = true
        public ConfigWatch configWatch(ConsulConfigProperties properties, ConsulPropertySourceLocator locator, ConsulClient consul, @Qualifier("configWatchTaskSchedu"
            return new ConfigWatch(properties, consul, locator.getContextIndexes(), taskScheduler);
        @Bean(
                      onfigWatchTaskScheduler<mark>"}</mark>
        @ConditionalOnProperty(
            name = {"spring.cloud.consul.config.watch.enabled"},
            matchIfMissing = true
```



基于 Nacos 的配置中心



Spring Cloud Alibaba Nacos Config

依赖

- spring-cloud-starter-alibaba-nacos-config
- spring-cloud-alibaba-dependencies:0.9.0
 - 注意 Spring Cloud 与 Spring Boot 的对应版本

启用

- bootstrap.properties | yml
 - spring.cloud.nacos.config.server-addr=127.0.0.1:8848
 - spring.cloud.nacos.config.enabled=true



Nacos 中的数据怎么存

配置项

- dataId
 - \${prefix}-\${spring.profile.active}.\${file-extension}
 - spring.cloud.nacos.config.prefix
 - spring.cloud.nacos.config.file-extension
- spring.cloud.nacos.config.group



"Talk is cheap, show me the code."

Chapter 14 / nacos-config-waiter-service



SpringBucks 实战项目进度小结



本章小结

几种不同的配置中心

- Spring Cloud Config Server
 - Git / SVN / RDBMS / Vault
- Zookeeper
- Consul
- Nacos



SpringBucks 进度小结

waiter-service

- 增加了订单金额与折扣
- 增加了 Waiter 名称
- 使用了不同的配置中心
 - Spring Cloud Config Client
 - 使用 Zookeeper
 - 使用 Consul
 - 使用 Nacos



携程 Apollo

官方地址

• https://github.com/ctripcorp/apollo

特性

- 统一管理不同环境、不同集群的配置
- 配置修改实时生效(热发布)
- 版本发布管理
- 灰度发布
- 权限管理、发布审核、操作审计
- 客户端配置信息监控
- 提供开放平台API







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